

Senate Engrossed

PSPRS; member contributions

State of Arizona
Senate
Fifty-seventh Legislature
First Regular Session
2025

SENATE BILL 1365

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 38-843, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO THE PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:
2 Section 1. Section 38-843, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
3 read:

4 **38-843. Contributions; employer account asset transfers**

5 A. Each employer that participates in the system on behalf of a
6 group of employees who were covered under a prior public retirement
7 system, other than the federal social security act, shall transfer all
8 securities and monies attributable to the taxes and contributions of this
9 state other than this state's contribution to social security, the
10 employer and the employees for the covered group of employees under the
11 other system, such transfer to be made to the fund subject to all existing
12 liabilities and on or within sixty days following the employer's effective
13 date. All monies and securities transferred to the fund shall be credited
14 to the employer's account in the fund. A record of the market value and
15 the cost value of such transferred contributions shall be maintained for
16 actuarial and investment purposes.

17 B. As determined by actuarial valuations reported to the employer
18 and the local board by the board of trustees, each employer shall make
19 contributions sufficient under such actuarial valuations to meet both the
20 normal cost for members hired before July 1, 2017 plus the actuarially
21 determined amount required to amortize the unfunded accrued liability on a
22 level percent of compensation basis for all employees of the employer who
23 are members of the system or participants as defined in section 38-865,
24 paragraph 7, subdivision (a), item (i) over, beginning July 1, 2017, a
25 closed period of not more than twenty years, except as provided in
26 subsection M of this section, that is established by the board of trustees
27 taking into account the recommendation of the system's actuary. An
28 employer shall have the option of paying a higher level percent of
29 compensation thereby reducing its unfunded past service liability. An
30 employer shall also have the option of increasing its contributions in
31 order to reduce the contributions required from its members under
32 subsection C of this section, except that if an employer elects this
33 option the employer shall pay the same higher level percentage
34 contribution for all members of the eligible group. A county employer
35 that elected to pay a higher level percentage contribution rate may
36 eliminate that higher level percentage contribution rate amount for
37 members who are hired on or after January 1, 2015. During a period when
38 an employee is on industrial leave and the employee elects to continue
39 contributions during the period of industrial leave, the employer shall
40 make the contributions based on the compensation the employee would have
41 received in the employee's job classification if the employee was in
42 normal employment status. All contributions made by the employers and all
43 state taxes allocated to the fund shall be irrevocable and shall be used
44 to pay benefits under the system or to pay expenses of the system and
45 fund. The minimum employer contribution that is paid and that is in

1 excess of the normal cost plus the actuarially determined amount required
2 to amortize the unfunded accrued liability as calculated pursuant to this
3 subsection shall be used to reduce future employer contribution increases
4 and shall not be used to pay for an increase in benefits that are
5 otherwise payable to members. The board shall separately account for
6 these monies in the fund. Forfeitures arising because of severance of
7 employment before a member becomes eligible for a pension or any other
8 reason shall be applied to reduce the cost of the employer, not to
9 increase the benefits otherwise payable to members. After the close of
10 any fiscal year, if the system's actuary determines that the actuarial
11 valuation of an employer's account contains excess valuation assets other
12 than excess valuation assets that were in the employer's account as of
13 fiscal year 2004-2005 and is more than one hundred percent funded, the
14 board shall account for the excess valuation assets up to one hundred
15 percent of the present value of all future benefits of the employer in a
16 stabilization reserve account. After the close of any fiscal year, if the
17 system's actuary determines that the actuarial valuation of an employer's
18 account has a valuation asset deficiency and an unfunded actuarial accrued
19 liability, the board shall use any valuation assets in the stabilization
20 reserve account for that employer, to the extent available, to limit the
21 decline in that employer's funding ratio to not more than two percent.

22 C. Each member who was hired before July 1, 2017, throughout the
23 member's period of service from the member's effective date of
24 participation, shall contribute to the fund an amount equal to the amount
25 prescribed in subsection E of this section, except as provided in
26 subsection B of this section. Each member who was hired on or after
27 July 1, 2017, throughout the member's period of service from the member's
28 effective date of participation, shall contribute to the fund an amount
29 equal to the amount prescribed in subsection H of this section. During a
30 period when an employee is on industrial leave and the employee elects to
31 continue contributions during the period of industrial leave, the employee
32 shall make the employee's contribution based on the compensation the
33 employee would have received in the employee's job classification if the
34 employee was in normal employment status. Contributions of members shall
35 be required as a condition of employment and membership in the system and
36 shall be made by payroll deductions. Every employee shall be deemed to
37 consent to such deductions. Payment of an employee's compensation, less
38 such payroll deductions, shall constitute a full and complete discharge
39 and satisfaction of all claims and demands by the employee relating to
40 remuneration for the employee's services rendered during the period
41 covered by the payment, except with respect to the benefits provided under
42 the system. A member may not, under any circumstance, borrow from, take a
43 loan against or remove contributions from the member's account before the
44 termination of membership in the plan or the receipt of a pension.

1 D. Each employer shall transfer to the board the employer and
2 employee contributions provided for in subsections B, C and H of this
3 section within ten working days after each payroll date. Contributions
4 transferred after that date shall include a penalty of ten percent per
5 annum, compounded annually, for each day the contributions are late, such
6 penalty to be paid by the employer. Delinquent payments due under this
7 subsection, together with interest charges as provided in this subsection,
8 may be recovered by action in a court of competent jurisdiction against an
9 employer liable for the payments or, at the request of the board, may be
10 deducted from any other monies, including excise revenue taxes, payable to
11 such employer by any department or agency of this state.

12 E. The amount contributed by a member who was hired before July 1,
13 2017 pursuant to subsection C of this section is:

14 1. Through June 30, 2011, 7.65 percent of the member's
15 compensation.

16 2. For fiscal year 2011-2012, 8.65 percent of the member's
17 compensation.

18 3. For fiscal year 2012-2013, 9.55 percent of the member's
19 compensation.

20 4. For fiscal year 2013-2014, 10.35 percent of the member's
21 compensation.

22 5. For fiscal year 2014-2015, 11.05 percent of the member's
23 compensation.

24 6. For fiscal year 2015-2016 through fiscal year 2022-2023, 11.65
25 percent of the member's compensation or 33.3 percent of the sum of the
26 member's contribution rate from the preceding fiscal year and the
27 aggregate computed employer contribution rate that is calculated pursuant
28 to subsection B of this section, whichever is lower, except that the
29 member contribution rate shall not be less than 7.65 percent of the
30 member's compensation and the employer contribution rate shall not be less
31 than the rate prescribed in subsection B of this section.

32 7. For fiscal year 2023-2024 and each fiscal year thereafter, 7.65
33 percent of the member's compensation.

34 F. From and after June 30, 2011 through June 30, 2023, the amount
35 of the member's contribution that exceeds 7.65 percent of the member's
36 compensation shall not be used to reduce the employer's contributions that
37 are calculated pursuant to subsection B of this section until the
38 employer's funded ratio, as expressed as a percentage of the employer's
39 actuarial value of assets to accrued actuarial liability as determined by
40 actuarial valuations reported pursuant to subsection B of this section, is
41 at or above one hundred percent.

42 G. From and after June 30, 2023, the amount of the member's
43 contribution that exceeds 7.65 percent of the member's compensation
44 collected pursuant to subsection E of this section and that was
45 accumulated from and after June 30, 2011 through June 30, 2023 may be used

1 in calculating the employer's contributions that are calculated pursuant
2 to subsection B of this section.

3 H. For members hired on or after July 1, 2017, the employer and
4 member contributions are determined as follows:

5 1. For employers and members in the public safety employer risk
6 pool:

7 (a) As determined by the system consolidated actuarial valuation
8 reported to the board of trustees, each employer shall make contributions
9 sufficient under such actuarial valuation to pay fifty percent of both the
10 normal cost plus the actuarially determined amount required to amortize
11 the total unfunded accrued liability within the risk pool for all
12 employers attributable to all members in the risk pool. For each year
13 that new unfunded liabilities are attributable to the public safety
14 employer risk pool, a new amortization base representing the most recent
15 annual gain or loss, smoothed over a period of not more than five years as
16 determined by the board, shall be created on a level-dollar basis over a
17 closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of all
18 members of the risk pool but not more than ten years, as determined by the
19 board.

20 (b) The remaining fifty percent of both the normal cost and
21 actuarially determined amount required to amortize the total unfunded
22 accrued liability within the public safety employer risk pool as
23 determined in subdivision (a) of this paragraph shall be divided by the
24 total number of members in the risk pool such that each member contributes
25 an equal percentage of the member's compensation, EXCEPT THAT A MEMBER MAY
26 NOT BE REQUIRED TO PAY MORE THAN 9.5 PERCENT OF THE MEMBER'S COMPENSATION.
27 IF THE REQUIRED PERCENTAGE OF THE MEMBER'S COMPENSATION TO BE PAID IS MORE
28 THAN 9.5 PERCENT, THE MEMBER'S EMPLOYER SHALL PAY THE DIFFERENCE. Member
29 contributions shall begin simultaneously with membership in the system and
30 shall be made by payroll deduction.

31 2. For employers and members that are not in the public safety
32 employer risk pool:

33 (a) As determined by actuarial valuations reported to the employer
34 and the local board by the board of trustees, each employer shall make
35 contributions sufficient under such actuarial valuations to pay fifty
36 percent of both the normal cost plus the actuarially determined amount
37 required to amortize the total unfunded accrued liability for each
38 employer attributable only to those members hired on or after July 1,
39 2017. For each year that new unfunded liabilities are attributable to the
40 employer's own members hired on or after July 1, 2017, a new amortization
41 base representing the most recent annual gain or loss, smoothed over a
42 period of not more than five years as determined by the board, shall be
43 created on a level-dollar basis over a closed period equal to the average
44 expected remaining service lives of all members but not more than ten
45 years, as determined by the board.

12 I. In any fiscal year, an employer's contribution to the system in
13 combination with member contributions may not be less than the actuarially
14 determined normal cost for that fiscal year. The board may not suspend
15 contributions to the system unless both of the following apply:

16 1. The retirement system actuary, based on the annual valuation,
17 determines the stabilization reserve of an employer's account is funded to
18 one hundred percent of present value of all future benefits of the
19 employer.

20 2. The board determines that suspending, in whole or in part, the
21 normal cost contributions as calculated under subsection B of this section
22 would not be in conflict with its fiduciary responsibility.

23 J. An employer may request that the board transfer excess assets of
24 an employer's account that has no liabilities or beneficiaries to another
25 account of the employer that is managed by the board. The board may
26 authorize the transfer of assets if all of the following apply:

27 1. The board verifies that the employer's liabilities have been
28 reconciled with the administrator and there are no remaining or potential
29 liabilities or beneficiaries of the employer's account.

30 2. The board and the system bear no liability that the proposed
31 transfer conforms with any other restrictions on the use or transfer of
32 the assets of the proposed transfer.

33 3. The transfer does not violate the internal revenue code or
34 threaten to impair the system's status as a qualified plan under the
35 internal revenue code.

36 K. For the purposes of requesting a transfer of assets pursuant to
37 this section, an employer must meet both of the following requirements:

38 1. The governing body of the employer adopts a resolution
39 requesting the transfer of assets in an open session where public comment
40 is allowed.

41 2. The employer submits a written request to the administrator of
42 the board for the transfer of assets along with the adopted resolution.

43 L. For a state employer that meets the requirements of subsection J
44 of this section, the joint legislative budget committee may request from
45 the administrator of the board confirmation that an employer's account

1 meets the requirements to transfer the account assets. The legislature
2 shall pass a bill directing the board to transfer the assets from the
3 eligible employer account to another account of the employer. Before the
4 legislature passes the bill, the joint legislative budget committee shall
5 confirm with the administrator of the board that the assets are eligible
6 for transfer to another employer account and discuss the matter in a
7 scheduled public meeting.

8 M. For the purposes of calculating unfunded liability amortization
9 payments pursuant to subsection B of this section, an employer may make a
10 onetime election to request that the board use a closed period of not more
11 than thirty years if the employer meets both of the following
12 requirements:

13 1. The governing body of the employer adopts a resolution
14 requesting the longer amortization period and specifying the actuarial
15 valuation date for which the new amortization period is to begin. The
16 actuarial valuation date chosen must be the system's fiscal year end
17 either immediately before or immediately after the date of the resolution.

18 2. The employer submits a written request for the longer
19 amortization period along with the adopted resolution to the administrator
20 of the board.

21 N. For the purposes of subsection M of this section, employer does
22 not include this state or any state agency.

23 O. Except as provided in subsection P of this section, if a
24 member's employment is terminated with an employer by either party, the
25 total liability under the system associated with the member's service with
26 the employer remains with the employer.

27 P. If an active or inactive member is reemployed in the same
28 retirement plan under the system with a subsequent employer, assets equal
29 to the actuarially accrued liability earned with the previous employer
30 through the date of reemployment shall transfer to the subsequent
31 employer, and all benefit liabilities for the member are attributed to
32 that employer. Actuarially accrued liability shall be computed using the
33 actuarial methods and assumptions prescribed by the system's actuary and
34 adopted by the board.

35 Sec. 2. Effective date

36 This act is effective from and after June 30, 2026.