House Engrossed

criminal liability; enterprises

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-sixth Legislature First Regular Session 2023

## **HOUSE BILL 2754**

## AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 13-105, 13-305 AND 13-2323, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO CRIMINAL LIABILITY.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 13-105, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 13-105. Definitions 5 In this title, unless the context otherwise requires: 6 1. "Absconder" means a probationer who has moved from the 7 probationer's primary residence without permission of the probation 8 officer, who cannot be located within ninety days of the previous contact 9 and against whom a petition to revoke has been filed in the superior court alleging that the probationer's whereabouts are unknown. A probationer is 10 11 no longer deemed an absconder when the probationer is voluntarily or 12 involuntarily returned to probation service. 13 2. "Act" means a bodily movement. 14 "Benefit" means anything of value or advantage, present or 3. 15 prospective. 16 4. "Calendar year" means three hundred sixty-five days' actual time 17 served without release, suspension or commutation of sentence, probation, 18 pardon or parole, work furlough or release from confinement on any other 19 basis. 20 5. "Community supervision" means that portion of a felony sentence 21 that is imposed by the court pursuant to section 13-603, subsection I and 22 that is served in the community after completing a period of imprisonment or served in prison in accordance with section 41-1604.07. 23 24 6. "Conduct" means an act or omission and its accompanying culpable 25 mental state. 26 7. "Crime" means a misdemeanor or a felony. 27 "Criminal street gang" means an ongoing formal or informal 8. association of persons in which members or associates individually or 28 29 collectively engage in the commission, attempted commission, facilitation 30 or solicitation of any felony act and that has at least one individual who 31 is a criminal street gang member. 9. "Criminal street gang member" means an individual to whom 32 33 at least two of the following seven criteria that indicate criminal street 34 gang membership apply: 35 (a) Self-proclamation. 36 (b) Witness testimony or official statement. 37 (c) Written or electronic correspondence. 38 (d) Paraphernalia or photographs. 39 (e) Tattoos. 40 (f) Clothing or colors. 41 (g) Any other indicia of street gang membership. 42 10. "Culpable mental state" means intentionally, knowingly. 43 recklessly or with criminal negligence as those terms are defined in this

44 paragraph:

1 2 (a) "Intentionally" or "with the intent to" means, with respect to a result or to conduct described by a statute defining an offense, that a person's objective is to cause that result or to engage in that conduct.

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4 (b) "Knowingly" means, with respect to conduct or to a circumstance 5 described by a statute defining an offense, that a person is aware or 6 believes that the person's conduct is of that nature or that the 7 circumstance exists. It does not require any knowledge of the 8 unlawfulness of the act or omission.

9 (c) "Recklessly" means, with respect to a result or to a circumstance described by a statute defining an offense, that a person is 10 11 aware of and consciously disregards a substantial and unjustifiable risk that the result will occur or that the circumstance exists. The risk must 12 13 be of such nature and degree that disregard of such risk constitutes a gross deviation from the standard of conduct that a reasonable person 14 15 would observe in the situation. A person who creates such a risk but who 16 is unaware of such risk solely by reason of voluntary intoxication also 17 acts recklessly with respect to such risk.

(d) "Criminal negligence" means, with respect to a result or to a circumstance described by a statute defining an offense, that a person fails to perceive a substantial and unjustifiable risk that the result will occur or that the circumstance exists. The risk must be of such nature and degree that the failure to perceive it constitutes a gross deviation from the standard of care that a reasonable person would observe in the situation.

25 11. "Dangerous drug" means dangerous drug as defined in section 26 13-3401.

12. "Dangerous instrument" means anything that under the
circumstances in which it is used, attempted to be used or threatened to
be used is readily capable of causing death or serious physical injury.

30 13. "Dangerous offense" means an offense involving the discharge, 31 use or threatening exhibition of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument 32 or the intentional or knowing infliction of serious physical injury on 33 another person.

14. "Deadly physical force" means force that is used with the purpose of causing death or serious physical injury or in the manner of its use or intended use is capable of creating a substantial risk of causing death or serious physical injury.

38 15. "Deadly weapon" means anything designed for lethal use, 39 including a firearm.

40 16. "Economic loss" means any loss incurred by a person as a result 41 of the commission of an offense. Economic loss includes lost interest, 42 lost earnings and other losses that would not have been incurred but for 43 the offense. Economic loss does not include losses incurred by the 44 convicted person, damages for pain and suffering, punitive damages or 45 consequential damages.

1 17. "Enterprise" includes any corporation, association, labor 2 union, NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION or other legal entity. 3 "Felony" means an offense for which a sentence to a term of 18. 4 imprisonment in the custody of the state department of corrections is 5 authorized by any law of this state. 6 19. "Firearm" means any loaded or unloaded handgun, pistol, 7 revolver, rifle, shotgun or other weapon that will or is designed to or 8 may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of expanding 9 gases, except that it does not include a firearm in permanently inoperable 10 condition. 11 20. "Government" means the state, any political subdivision of the 12 state or any department, agency, board, commission, institution or governmental instrumentality of or within the state or 13 political 14 subdivision. 21. "Governmental function" means any activity that a public 15 16 servant is legally authorized to undertake on behalf of a government. 17 "Historical prior felony conviction" means: 22. 18 (a) Any prior felony conviction for which the offense of conviction 19 either: 20 (i) Mandated a term of imprisonment except for a violation of 21 chapter 34 of this title involving a drug below the threshold amount. 22 (ii) Involved a dangerous offense. 23 (iii) Involved the illegal control of a criminal enterprise. 24 (iv) Involved aggravated driving or actual physical control while under the influence. This item applies only if the offense for which the 25 26 historical prior felony conviction is being alleged is a violation of 27 section 28-1383. 28 (v) Involved any dangerous crime against children as defined in 29 section 13-705. (b) Any class 2 or 3 felony, except the offenses listed in 30 31 subdivision (a) of this paragraph, that was committed within the ten years 32 immediately preceding the date of the present offense. Any time spent on 33 absconder status while on probation, on escape status or incarcerated is excluded in calculating if the offense was committed within the preceding 34 35 ten years. If a court determines a person was not on absconder status 36 while on probation or escape status, that time is not excluded. For the 37 purposes of this subdivision, "escape" means: 38 (i) A departure from custody or from a juvenile secure care 39 facility, a juvenile detention facility or an adult correctional facility in which the person is held or detained, with knowledge that the departure 40 41 is not allowed, or the failure to return to custody or detention following 42 a temporary leave granted for a specific purpose or for a limited period.

43 (ii) A failure to report as ordered to custody or detention to 44 begin serving a term of incarceration. 1 (c) Any class 4, 5 or 6 felony, except the offenses listed in subdivision (a) of this paragraph, that was committed within the five 2 3 years immediately preceding the date of the present offense. Any time 4 spent on absconder status while on probation, on escape status or 5 incarcerated is excluded in calculating if the offense was committed 6 within the preceding five years. If a court determines a person was not 7 on absconder status while on probation or escape status, that time is not 8 excluded. For the purposes of this subdivision, "escape" has the same 9 meaning prescribed in subdivision (b) of this paragraph.

10 (d) Any felony conviction that is a third or more prior felony 11 conviction. For the purposes of this subdivision, "prior felony 12 conviction" includes any offense committed outside the jurisdiction of 13 this state that was punishable by that jurisdiction as a felony.

14 (e) Any offense committed outside the jurisdiction of this state that was punishable by that jurisdiction as a felony and that was 15 16 committed within the five years immediately preceding the date of the 17 present offense. Any time spent on absconder status while on probation, 18 on escape status or incarcerated is excluded in calculating if the offense 19 was committed within the preceding five years. If a court determines a 20 person was not on absconder status while on probation or escape status, 21 that time is not excluded. For the purposes of this subdivision, "escape" 22 has the same meaning prescribed in subdivision (b) of this paragraph.

(f) Any offense committed outside the jurisdiction of this state 23 24 that involved the discharge, use or threatening exhibition of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument or the intentional or knowing infliction of 25 26 death or serious physical injury and that was punishable by that jurisdiction as a felony. A person who has been convicted of a felony 27 weapons possession violation in any court outside the jurisdiction of this 28 29 state that would not be punishable as a felony under the laws of this 30 state is not subject to this paragraph.

23. "Human smuggling organization" means an ongoing formal or 32 informal association of persons in which members or associates 33 individually or collectively engage in the smuggling of human beings.

34 24. "Intoxication" means any mental or physical incapacity
35 resulting from use of drugs, toxic vapors or intoxicating liquors.

36 25. "Misdemeanor" means an offense for which a sentence to a term 37 of imprisonment other than to the custody of the state department of 38 corrections is authorized by any law of this state.

39 26. "Narcotic drug" means narcotic drugs as defined in section 40 13-3401.

41 27. "Offense" or "public offense" means conduct for which a 42 sentence to a term of imprisonment or of a fine is provided by any law of 43 the state in which it occurred or by any law, regulation or ordinance of a 44 political subdivision of that state and, if the act occurred in a state 45 other than this state, it would be so punishable under the laws, 1 regulations or ordinances of this state or of a political subdivision of 2 this state if the act had occurred in this state.

28. "Omission" means the failure to perform an act as to which a 4 duty of performance is imposed by law.

5 29. "Peace officer" means any person vested by law with a duty to 6 maintain public order and make arrests and includes a constable.

7 30. "Person" means a human being and, as the context requires, an 8 public private corporation, enterprise, а or an unincorporated 9 association, a partnership, a firm, a society, a government, a governmental authority or an individual or entity capable of holding a 10 11 legal or beneficial interest in property.

12 31. "Petty offense" means an offense for which a sentence of a fine 13 only is authorized by law.

14 32. "Physical force" means force used upon or directed toward the 15 body of another person and includes confinement, but does not include 16 deadly physical force.

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33. "Physical injury" means the impairment of physical condition.

18 34. "Possess" means knowingly to have physical possession or 19 otherwise to exercise dominion or control over property.

20 35. "Possession" means a voluntary act if the defendant knowingly 21 exercised dominion or control over property.

22 36. "Preconviction custody" means the confinement of a person in a 23 jail in this state or another state after the person is arrested for or 24 charged with a felony offense.

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37. "Property" means anything of value, tangible or intangible.

38. "Public servant":

(a) Means any officer or employee of any branch of government,
whether elected, appointed or otherwise employed, including a peace
officer, and any person participating as an advisor or consultant or
otherwise in performing a governmental function.

(b) Does not include jurors or witnesses.

32 (c) Includes those who have been elected, appointed, employed or 33 designated to become a public servant although not yet occupying that 34 position.

35 39. "Serious physical injury" includes physical injury that creates 36 a reasonable risk of death, or that causes serious and permanent 37 disfigurement, serious impairment of health or loss or protracted 38 impairment of the function of any bodily organ or limb.

39 40. "Unlawful" means contrary to law or, where the context so 40 requires, not allowed by law.

41 41. "Vehicle" means a device in, upon or by which any person or 42 property is, may be or could have been transported or drawn upon a 43 highway, waterway or airway, excepting devices moved by human power or 44 used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks.

1 42. "Voluntary act" means a bodily movement performed consciously 2 and as a result of effort and determination. 3 43. "Voluntary intoxication" means intoxication caused by the 4 knowing use of drugs, toxic vapors or intoxicating liquors by a person, 5 the tendency of which to cause intoxication the person knows or ought to 6 know, unless the person introduces them pursuant to medical advice or 7 under such duress as would afford a defense to an offense. 8 Sec. 2. Section 13-305, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 9 read: 13-305. Criminal liability of enterprises; definitions 10 A. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, an enterprise 11 12 commits an offense if ANY OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES: 13 1. The conduct constituting the offense consists of a failure to 14 discharge a specific duty imposed by law. ; or 15 2. The conduct undertaken in behalf of the enterprise and 16 constituting the offense is engaged in, authorized, solicited, commanded 17 or recklessly tolerated by the directors of the enterprise in any manner 18 or by a high managerial agent acting within the scope of employment. ; or 19 3. The conduct constituting the offense is engaged in by an agent 20 of the enterprise while acting <del>within the scope of employment and in</del> ON 21 behalf of the enterprise; and EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES: 22 (a) The offense is a misdemeanor or petty offense. ; or 23 (b) The offense is defined by a statute which THAT imposes criminal 24 liability on an enterprise. B. As used in FOR THE PURPOSES OF this section: 25 26 1. "Agent" means any officer, director, OR employee of an 27 enterprise or any other person who is authorized to act in behalf of the 28 enterprise. 29 2. "High managerial agent" means an officer of an enterprise or any 30 other agent in a position of comparable authority with respect to the 31 formulation of enterprise policy. Sec. 3. Section 13-2323, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 32 33 read: 34 13-2323. Participating in a human smuggling organization or 35 operation; classification 36 A. A person OR ENTERPRISE commits participating in a human smuggling organization or operation by any of the following: 37 38 1. Intentionally or knowingly organizing, managing, directing, supervising, coordinating, facilitating, leading, assisting, participating 39 in or financing a human smuggling organization or operation that furthers 40 41 the criminal objectives of the human smuggling organization or operation. 42 2. Knowingly directing or instructing others to engage in violence 43 or intimidation to promote or further the criminal objectives of a human 44 smuggling organization or operation.

1 3. Furnishing advice or direction in the conduct, financing or 2 management of a human smuggling organization's or operation's affairs with 3 the intent to promote or further the criminal objectives of a human 4 smuggling organization or operation.

5 4. Intentionally promoting or furthering the criminal objectives of 6 a human smuggling organization or operation by inducing or committing any 7 act or omission by a public servant in violation of the public servant's 8 official duty.

9 5. Knowingly assisting a human smuggling organization or operation 10 by transporting a person, or procuring the transportation for a person, 11 with the intent to do either of the following:

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(a) Conceal the person from a peace officer.

13 (b) Assist the person with fleeing from a peace officer who is 14 attempting to lawfully arrest or detain the person.

15 B. Participating in a human smuggling organization or operation is 16 a class 2 felony.

17 C. A person who is convicted of a violation of this section is not 18 eligible for suspension of sentence, probation, pardon or release from 19 confinement on any basis except as specifically authorized by section 20 31-233, subsection A or B until the sentence imposed by the court has been 21 served or commuted.