State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-fourth Legislature First Regular Session 2019

CHAPTER 228

HOUSE BILL 2266

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 31-281 AND 41-1604.07, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO PRISONERS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Section 31-281, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

31-281. Transition program: report: definition

- A. The department shall establish a transition program that provides eligible inmates with transition services in the community for up to ninety days. The department shall administer the transition program and contract with private or nonprofit entities to provide eligible inmates with transition services and shall procure transition services pursuant to title 41, chapter 23.
- B. The director shall adopt rules to implement this article. The rules shall include:
- 1. Eligibility criteria for receiving a contracted entity's transition services. To be eligible, at a minimum, an inmate shall:
- (a) Not have been convicted of a sexual offense pursuant to title 13, chapter 14 or a violation of title 13, chapter 17.
- (b) Be classified by the state department of corrections as a low violence risk to the community.
- (c) Not have been convicted of a violent crime as defined in section 13-901.03 or a domestic violence offense pursuant to section 13-3601.
 - (d) Not have any felony detainers.
- (e) Agree in writing to provide specific information after the inmate is released. The department shall use the information to prepare the report prescribed by subsection D, paragraph 3 of this section.
- (f) Have made satisfactory progress by complying with all programming on the inmate's individualized corrections plan as determined by the department.
- (g) Be classified by the department as minimum or medium custody as determined by an objective risk assessment.
- (h) Not have been found in violation of any major violent rule during the inmate's current period of incarceration or in violation of any other major rule within the previous six months. For the purposes of this subdivision, an accumulation of minor rule violations does not equal a major rule violation.
- 2. A requirement that each contracted entity train mentors or certify that mentors are trained.
- 3. A requirement that the services offered to an inmate include psychoeducational counseling and case management services as determined by the department. The counseling and services may include substance abuse treatment, anger management, cognitive behavioral therapy, parenting skills and family reunification training, further education and job placement.

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- 4. A requirement that an inmate may be released pursuant to this article only after the victim has been provided notice and an opportunity to be heard. The department shall provide notice to a victim who has provided a current address or other contact information. The notice shall inform the victim of the opportunity to be heard on the early release. Any objection to the inmate's early release must be made within twenty days after the department has mailed the notice to the victim.
- C. In awarding contracts under this section the department shall comply with section 41-3751.
 - D. The department shall:
- 1. Conduct an annual study to determine the recidivism rate of inmates who receive a contracted entity's services pursuant to this article. The study shall include the recidivism rate of inmates who have been released from incarceration for a minimum of three years after release.
- 2. Evaluate the inmate and provide the information to the contracted entity.
- 3. Submit a written report to the governor, the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives on or before July 31 of each year and provide a copy of this report to the secretary of state. The report may be submitted electronically. The report shall contain the following information:
- (a) The recidivism rate of inmates who receive services pursuant to this article, including the recidivism rate of inmates who have been released from incarceration for a minimum of three years after release.
- (b) The number of inmates who received services pursuant to this article.
- (c) The number of inmates who were not provided services pursuant to this article and who were on a list waiting to receive services.
 - (d) The types of services provided.
- (e) The number of inmates who received each type of service provided.
- 4. Provide information about the transition program to all inmates who are not serving a life sentence on admission to prison and to any inmate who is potentially eligible for the transition program six months before the inmate's eligibility date. The information must include all of the admission requirements to the transition program, including the disqualifying factors under this section.
- E. Notwithstanding subsection B, paragraph 1 of this section, if an inmate AGREES TO COMPLY WITH ANY CONDITION THAT IS ESTABLISHED AND REQUIRED BY SECTION 41-1604.07, SUBSECTION F, has been convicted of the possession or use of marijuana pursuant to section 13-3405, subsection A, paragraph 1, possession or use of a dangerous drug pursuant to section 13-3407, subsection A, paragraph 1, possession or use of a narcotic drug pursuant to section 13-3408, subsection A, paragraph 1 or possession or

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 use of drug paraphernalia pursuant to section 13-3415, subsection A and the inmate is not concurrently serving another sentence for an offense that is not listed in this subsection, the inmate is eligible for and shall be released to enter the transition program. The director may not exclude an inmate who is eligible for the transition program pursuant to this subsection because the inmate does not have a place to reside before being released, except that the director shall exclude an inmate who has any of the following:

- 1. Previously been convicted of a violent crime as defined in section 13-901.03 or an offense listed in title 13, chapter 14 or 35.1.
 - 2. A felony detainer.
- 3. Been found to be in violation of a major violent rule during the inmate's current period of incarceration or to be in violation of any other major rule within the previous six months. For the purposes of this paragraph, an accumulation of minor rule violations does not equal a major rule violation.
- 4. Previously been released pursuant to this section and violated a term of the inmate's release.
- 5. FAILED TO ACHIEVE FUNCTIONAL LITERACY AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 41-1604.07, SUBSECTION E, UNLESS THE INMATE IS ENROLLED IN A PROGRAM THAT PREPARES THE INMATE TO ACHIEVE FUNCTIONAL LITERACY.
- 6. BEEN CLASSIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT AS CLOSE OR MAXIMUM CUSTODY AS DETERMINED BY A CURRENT AND OBJECTIVE RISK ASSESSMENT.
- 7. REFUSED ENROLLMENT IN OR BEEN REMOVED FOR POOR BEHAVIOR FROM A MAJOR SELF-IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM WITHIN THE PREVIOUS EIGHTEEN MONTHS UNLESS THE INMATE HAS SUBSEQUENTLY ENROLLED IN AND COMPLETED THE MAJOR SELF-IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM.
- F. For the purposes of this section, "recidivism" means reincarceration in the department for any reason.
- Sec. 2. Section 41-1604.07, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

41-1604.07. <u>Earned release credits: forfeiture: restoration:</u> released prisoner health care

- A. Pursuant to rules adopted by the director, each prisoner who is in the eligible earned release credit class shall be allowed an earned release credit of one day for every six days served, including time served in county jails, except for those prisoners who are sentenced to serve the full term of imprisonment imposed by the court.
- B. Release credits earned by a prisoner pursuant to subsection A of this section shall not reduce the term of imprisonment imposed by the court on the prisoner.
- C. On reclassification of a prisoner resulting from the prisoner's failure to adhere to the rules of the department or failure to demonstrate a continual willingness to volunteer for or successfully participate in a work, educational, treatment or training program, the director may declare

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all release credits earned by the prisoner forfeited. In the discretion of the director, forfeited release credits may subsequently be restored. The director shall maintain an account of release credits earned by each prisoner.

- D. A prisoner who has reached the prisoner's earned release date or sentence expiration date shall be released to begin the prisoner's term of community supervision imposed by the court or term of probation if the court waived community supervision pursuant to section 13-603, except that the director may deny or delay the prisoner's release to community supervision or probation if the director believes the prisoner may be a sexually violent person as defined in section 36-3701 until the screening process is complete and the director determines that the prisoner will not be referred to the county attorney pursuant to section 36-3702. If the term of community supervision is waived, the state department of corrections shall provide reasonable notice to the probation department of the scheduled release of the prisoner from confinement by the department. If the court waives community supervision, the director shall issue the prisoner an absolute discharge on the prisoner's earned release credit date. A prisoner who is released on the earned release credit date to serve a term of probation is not under the control of the state department of corrections when community supervision has been waived and the state department of corrections is not required to provide parole services.
- E. Notwithstanding subsection D of this section, a prisoner who fails to achieve functional literacy at an eighth grade literacy level shall not be released to begin the prisoner's term of community supervision until either the prisoner achieves an eighth grade functional literacy level as measured by standardized assessment testing, THE PRISONER IS RELEASED TO ENTER THE TRANSITION PROGRAM ESTABLISHED BY SECTION 31-281 AND IS ENROLLED IN A PROGRAM THAT PREPARES THE PRISONER TO ACHIEVE FUNCTIONAL LITERACY or the prisoner serves the full term of imprisonment imposed by the court, whichever first occurs. This subsection does not apply to inmates who either:
- 1. Are unable to meet the functional literacy standard required by section 31-229.02, subsection A due to a medical, developmental or learning disability as described in section 31-229, subsection C.
 - 2. Are classified as level five offenders.
 - 3. Are foreign nationals.
- 4. Have less than six months of incarceration to serve or commitment to the department.
- F. The department shall establish conditions of community supervision it deems appropriate in order to ensure that the best interests of the prisoner and the citizens of this state are served. As a condition of community supervision, the director:

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- 1. May order a released prisoner to participate in an appropriate drug treatment or education program that is administered by a qualified agency, organization or individual approved by the department of health services and that provides treatment or education to persons who abuse controlled substances. Each person who is enrolled in a drug treatment or education program shall pay for the cost of participation in the program to the extent of the person's financial ability.
- 2. May order additional conditions, including participation in a rehabilitation program or counseling and performance of community restitution work.
- 3. May order a prisoner to apply for health care benefits through Arizona health care cost containment system before released. The state department of corrections shall enter into suspense agreement with the Arizona health care containment system to reinstate benefits for prisoners who were sentenced to twelve months or less and who were previously enrolled in the Arizona health care cost containment system immediately before incarceration. For all other prisoners, the state department of corrections shall submit a prerelease application to the Arizona health care cost containment system at least thirty days before the prisoner's release date. The state of corrections may coordinate with community-based organizations or the department of economic security to assist prisoners in applying for enrollment in the Arizona health care cost containment
- 4. Shall impose, if the prisoner was convicted of a violation of sexual conduct with a minor under fifteen years of age or molestation of a child under fifteen years of age, a prohibition on residing within four hundred forty feet of a school or its accompanying grounds. For the purposes of this paragraph, "school" means any public, charter or private school where children attend classes.
- G. The director may exchange a prisoner's health care information with the regional behavioral health authority or Arizona health care cost containment system justice system contact to facilitate the transition to care for released prisoners to access the full array of behavioral and physical health care services, including medication, counseling, case management, substance abuse treatment, and parenting skills and family reunification training. The director shall adopt policies and procedures that establish a care team to convene and discuss the services and resources, including housing and employment supports, that may be needed for the released prisoner to safely transition into the community. The care team shall be managed by the regional behavioral health authority or Arizona health care cost containment system contractor and may include the health care provider that is identified by and has a contract with the regional behavioral health authority or Arizona health care cost containment system contractor. The care team may also include

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 representatives of nonprofit organizations that specialize in assisting prisoners who are transitioning back into the community and other organizations that link prisoners to additional services, including housing and employment.

- H. If a prisoner who reaches the prisoner's earned release credit date refuses to sign and agree to abide by the conditions of supervision before release on community supervision, the prisoner shall not be released. When the prisoner reaches the sentence expiration date, the prisoner shall be released to begin the term of community supervision. If the prisoner refuses to sign and agree to abide by the conditions of release, the prisoner shall not be released on the sentence expiration date and shall serve the term of community supervision in prison. The department is required to supervise any prisoner on community supervision until the period of community supervision expires. The department may bring a prisoner who is in violation of the prisoner's terms and conditions before the board of executive clemency.
- I. The director, pursuant to rules adopted by the department, shall authorize the release of any prisoner on the prisoner's earned release credit date to serve any consecutive term imposed on the prisoner. The release shall be for the sentence completed only. The prisoner shall remain under the custody and control of the department. The director may authorize the rescission of the release to any consecutive term if the prisoner fails to adhere to the rules of the department.
- J. If a prisoner absconds from community supervision, any time spent before the prisoner is returned to custody is excluded in calculating the remaining period of community supervision.
- K. A prisoner shall forfeit five days of the prisoner's earned release credits:
- 1. If the court finds or a disciplinary hearing held after a review by and recommendations from the attorney general's office determines that the prisoner does any of the following:
 - (a) Brings a claim without substantial justification.
 - (b) Unreasonably expands or delays a proceeding.
- (c) Testifies falsely or otherwise presents false information or material to the court.
- (d) Submits a claim that is intended solely to harass the party it is filed against.
- 2. For each time the prisoner tests positive for any prohibited drugs during the period of time the prisoner is incarcerated.
- L. If the prisoner does not have five days of earned release credits, the prisoner shall forfeit the prisoner's existing earned release credits and shall be ineligible from accruing earned release credits until the number of earned release credits the prisoner would have otherwise accrued equals the difference between five days and the number of existing earned release credit days the prisoner forfeits pursuant to this section.

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M. The director may authorize temporary release on inmate status of eligible inmates pursuant to rules adopted by the director within ninety days of any other authorized release date. The release authorization applies to any inmate who has been convicted of a drug offense, who has been determined to be eligible for participation in the transition program pursuant to section 31-281 and who has agreed to participate in the transition program.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR MAY 14, 2019.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY 14, 2019.

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