REFERENCE TITLE: campaign finance; covered transfers; disclosure.

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-third Legislature Second Regular Session 2018

SB 1338

Introduced by Senators Hobbs: Cajero Bedford, Contreras, Dalessandro, Mendez, Miranda, Peshlakai, Quezada

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 16-901, 16-905, 16-906, 16-922 AND 16-926, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS AND EXPENSES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 16-901, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 3 read: 4 16-901. Definitions 5 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: 6 1. "Advertisement" means information or materials, other than 7 nonpaid social media messages, that are mailed, e-mailed, posted, distributed, published, displayed, delivered, broadcasted or placed in a 8 9 communication medium and that are for the purpose of influencing an 10 election. 11 "Affiliate" means any organization that controls, is controlled 2. 12 by or is under common control with a corporation, limited liability company or labor organization. 13 14 3. "AFFILIATED ENTITY": 15 (a) MEANS AN ENTITY TO WHICH ANY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING 16 APPLY: 17 (i) THE GOVERNING INSTRUMENT OF THE ENTITY REQUIRES IT TO BE BOUND 18 BY THE DECISIONS OF THE OTHER ENTITY. 19 (ii) THE GOVERNING BOARD OF THE ENTITY INCLUDES PERSONS WHO ARE SPECIFICALLY DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVES OF THE OTHER ENTITY OR WHO ARE 20 MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNING BOARD OF OR OFFICERS OR PAID EXECUTIVE STAFF 21 22 MEMBERS OF THE OTHER ENTITY OR WHOSE SERVICE ON THE GOVERNING BOARD IS CONTINGENT ON THE APPROVAL OF THE OTHER ENTITY. 23 (iii) THE ENTITY IS CHARTERED BY THE OTHER ENTITY. 24 25 (b) INCLUDES ENTITIES THAT ARE AN AFFILIATE OF THE OTHER ENTITY OR IN WHICH BOTH OF THE ENTITIES ARE AN AFFILIATE OF THE SAME ENTITY. 26 27 3. 4. "Agent" means any person who has actual authority, either 28 express or implied, to represent or make decisions on behalf of another 29 person. 30 4. 5. "Ballot measure expenditure" means an expenditure made by a 31 person that expressly advocates the support or opposition of a clearly 32 identified ballot measure. 5. 6. "Best 33 effort" means that а committee treasurer or treasurer's agent makes at least one written effort, including an attempt 34 35 by e-mail, text message, private message through social media or other 36 similar communication, or at least one oral effort that is documented in 37 writing to identify the contributor of an incomplete contribution. 38 $\overline{\mathbf{6.}}$ 7. "Calendar quarter" means a period of three consecutive calendar months ending on March 31, June 30, September 30 or December 31. 39 40 7. 8. "Candidate" means an individual who receives contributions or makes expenditures or who gives consent to another person to receive 41 contributions or make expenditures on behalf of that individual in 42 connection with the candidate's nomination, election or retention for any 43 44 public office. 45 8. 9. "Candidate committee" includes the candidate.

9. 10. "Clearly identified candidate" means that the name or a
 description, image, photograph or drawing of the candidate appears or the
 identity of the candidate is otherwise apparent by unambiguous reference.

4 10. 11. "Committee" means a candidate committee, a political 5 action committee or a political party.

6 11. 12. "Contribution" means any money, advance, deposit or other 7 thing of value that is made to a person for the purpose of influencing an 8 election. Contribution includes:

9 (a) A contribution that is made to retire campaign debt from a 10 previous election cycle.

(b) Money or the fair market value of anything that is directly or indirectly provided to an elected official for the specific purpose of defraying the expense of communications with constituents.

14

(c) The full purchase price of any item from a committee.

15 (d) A loan that is made to a committee for the purpose of 16 influencing an election, to the extent the loan remains outstanding.

17 12. 13. "Control" means to possess, directly or indirectly, the 18 power to direct or to cause the direction of the management or policies of 19 another organization, whether through voting power, ownership, contract or 20 otherwise.

21 13. 14. "Coordinate", "coordinated" or "coordination" means the 22 coordination of an expenditure as prescribed by section 16-922.

23 14. 15. "Coordinated party expenditures" means expenditures that 24 are made by a political party to directly pay for goods or services on 25 behalf of its nominee.

16. "COVERED TRANSFER" MEANS A DONATION, TRANSFER OR PAYMENT OF
MONIES BY A PERSON TO ANOTHER PERSON IF THE PERSON RECEIVING THE MONIES
MAKES AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE OR TRANSFERS MONIES TO ANOTHER PERSON WHO
MAKES AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE. COVERED TRANSFER DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY
OF THE FOLLOWING:

31 (a) A DONATION, TRANSFER OR PAYMENT MADE BY A PERSON IN THE 32 ORDINARY COURSE OF A TRADE OR BUSINESS.

(b) A DONATION, TRANSFER OR PAYMENT OF MONIES MADE BY A PERSON IF
THE PERSON MAKING THE DONATION, TRANSFER OR PAYMENT PROHIBITED THE USE OF
THOSE MONIES FOR AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE OR A COVERED TRANSFER AND THE
RECIPIENT OF THE MONIES AGREED WITH THE TERMS OF THE PROHIBITION AND
DEPOSITED THE MONIES IN AN ACCOUNT THAT IS SEGREGATED FROM ANY ACCOUNT
USED TO MAKE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURES OR COVERED TRANSFERS.

39 (c) DUES, FEES OR ASSESSMENTS THAT ARE TRANSFERRED BETWEEN
40 AFFILIATED ENTITIES AND THAT ARE PAID BY INDIVIDUALS ON A REGULAR PERIODIC
41 BASIS IN ACCORDANCE WITH A PER INDIVIDUAL CALCULATION THAT IS MADE ON A
42 REGULAR BASIS.

43 17. "District office" means an elected office established or 44 organized pursuant to title 15 or 48. 1 16. 18. "Earmarked" means a designation, instruction or 2 encumbrance between the transferor of a contribution and a transferee that 3 requires the transferee to make a contribution to a clearly identified 4 candidate.

5 17. 19. "Election" means any election for any ballot measure in 6 this state or any candidate election during a primary, general, recall, 7 special or runoff election for any office in this state other than a 8 federal office and a political party office prescribed by chapter 5, 9 article 2 of this title.

10 18. 20. "Election cycle" means the two-year period beginning on 11 January 1 in the year after a statewide general election and ending on 12 December 31 in the year of a statewide general election or, for cities and towns, the two-year period beginning on the first day of the calendar 13 14 quarter after the calendar quarter in which the city's or town's second, 15 runoff or general election is scheduled and ending on the last day of the 16 calendar quarter in which the city's or town's immediately following 17 second, runoff or general election is scheduled, however that election is 18 designated by the city or town. For the purposes of a:

19 (a) Recall election, "election cycle" means the period between 20 issuance of a recall petition serial number and the latest of the 21 following:

22 (i) The date of the recall election that is called pursuant to 23 section 19-209.

24 (ii) The date that a resignation is accepted pursuant to section 25 19–208.

26 (iii) The date that the receiving officer provides notice pursuant 27 to section 19-208.01 that the number of signatures is insufficient.

(b) Special election, "election cycle" means the period between the date of issuance of a proclamation or order calling the special election and the last day of the calendar quarter in which the special election is held.

32 19. 21. "Employee" means an individual who is entitled to 33 compensation for labor or services performed for the individual's 34 employer.

35 20. 22. "Employer" means any person that pays compensation to and 36 directs the labor or services of any individual in the course of 37 employment.

21. 23. "Enforcement officer" means the attorney general or the
 county, city or town attorney with authority to collect fines or issue
 penalties with respect to a given election pursuant to section 16-938.

41 22. 24. "Entity" means a corporation, limited liability company, 42 labor organization, partnership, trust, association, organization, joint 43 venture, cooperative, unincorporated organization or association or other 44 organized group that consists of more than one individual.

1 23. 25. "Excess contribution" means a contribution that exceeds the applicable contribution limits for a particular election. 2 insurance 3 24. 26. "Exclusive insurance contract" means an 4 producer's contract with an insurer that does either of the following: 5 (a) Prohibits the producer from soliciting insurance business for 6 any other insurer. 7 (b) Requires a right of first refusal on all lines of insurance 8 business written by the insurer and solicited by the producer. 9 25. 27. "Expenditure" means any purchase, payment or other thing 10 of value that is made by a person for the purpose of influencing an 11 election. 12 26. 28. "Family contribution" means any contribution that is provided to a candidate's committee by the parent, grandparent, aunt, 13 14 uncle, child or sibling of the candidate or the candidate's spouse, including the spouse of any of the listed family members, regardless of 15 16 whether the relation is established by marriage or adoption. 17 27. 29. "Filing officer" means the secretary of state or the 18 county, city or town officer in charge of elections for that jurisdiction 19 who accepts statements and reports for those elections pursuant to section 20 16-928. 21 28. 30. "Firewall" means a written policy that precludes one 22 person from sharing information with another person. 29. 31. "Identification" or "identify" means: 23 24 (a) For an individual. the individual's first and last name. 25 residence location or street address and occupation and the name of the 26 individual's primary employer. 27 (b) For any other person, the person's full name and physical 28 location or street address. 29 30. 32. "Incomplete contribution" means any contribution that is 30 received by committee for which the contributor's complete а identification has not been obtained. 31 32 31. 33. "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure by a person, other than a candidate committee, that complies with both of the 33 34 following: 35 (a) Expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly 36 identified candidate. 37 (b) Is not made in cooperation or consultation with or at the 38 request or suggestion of the candidate or the candidate's agent. 39 32. 34. "In-kind contribution" means a contribution of goods, 40 services or anything of value that is provided without charge or at less than the usual and normal charge. 41 42 33. 35. "Insurance producer" means a person that: 43 (a) Is required to be licensed to sell, solicit or negotiate 44 insurance. 45 (b) Has an exclusive insurance contract with an insurer.

1 34. 36. "Itemized" means that each contribution received or 2 expenditure made is set forth separately.

3 35. 37. "Labor organization" means any employee representation 4 organization that exists for the purpose of dealing with employers 5 concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of 6 employment or other conditions of employment.

7 36. 38. "Legislative office" means the office of representative in
8 the state house of representatives or senator in the state senate.

9 37. 39. "Mega PAC status" means official recognition that a 10 political action committee has received contributions from five hundred or 11 more individuals in amounts of ten dollars or more in the four-year period 12 immediately before application to the secretary of state.

13 38. 40. "Nominee" means a candidate who prevails in a primary 14 election for partisan office and includes the nominee's candidate 15 committee.

16 39. 41. "Person" means an individual or a candidate, nominee, 17 committee, corporation, limited liability company, labor organization, 18 partnership, trust, association, organization, joint venture, cooperative 19 or unincorporated organization or association.

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40. 42. "Personal monies" means any of the following:

(a) Assets to which the individual or individual's spouse has
 either legal title or an equitable interest.

(b) Salary and other earned income from bona fide employment of the individual or individual's spouse.

25 (c) Dividends and proceeds from the sale of investments of the 26 individual or individual's spouse.

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(d) Bequests to the individual or individual's spouse.

(e) Income to the individual or individual's spouse from revocabletrusts for which the individual or individual's spouse is a beneficiary.

30 (f) Gifts of a personal nature to the individual or individual's 31 spouse that would have been given regardless of whether the individual 32 became a candidate or accepted a contribution.

33 (g) The proceeds of loans obtained by the individual or 34 individual's spouse that are secured by collateral or security provided by 35 the individual or individual's spouse.

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(h) Family contributions.

37 41. 43. "Political action committee" means an entity that is 38 required to register as a political action committee pursuant to section 39 16-905.

40 **42.** 44. "Political party" means a committee that meets the 41 requirements for recognition as a political party pursuant to chapter 5 of 42 this title.

43. "Primary purpose" means an entity's predominant purpose.
44 Notwithstanding any other law or rule, an entity is not organized for the

primary purpose of influencing an election if all of the following apply
at the time the contribution or expenditure is made:

3 (a) The entity has tax exempt status under section 501(a) of the 4 internal revenue code.

5 (b) Except for a religious organization, assembly or institution, 6 the entity has properly filed a form 1023 or form 1024 with the internal 7 revenue service or the equivalent successor form designated by the 8 internal revenue service.

9 (c) The entity's tax exempt status has not been denied or revoked 10 by the internal revenue service.

11 (d) The entity remains in good standing with the corporation 12 commission.

13 (e) The entity has properly filed a form 990 with the internal 14 revenue service or the equivalent successor form designated by the 15 internal revenue service in compliance with the most recent filing 16 deadline established by internal revenue service regulations or policies.

17 44. 45. "Retention" means the election process by which a superior 18 court judge, appellate court judge or supreme court justice is retained in 19 office as prescribed by article VI, section 38 or 40, Constitution of 20 Arizona.

21 45. 46."Separate segregated fund" means a fund established by a 22 corporation, limited liability company, labor organization or partnership 23 that is required to register as a political action committee.

24 46. 47. "Social media messages" means forms of communication, 25 including internet sites for social networking or blogging, through which 26 users create a personal profile and participate in online communities to 27 share information, ideas and personal messages.

47. 48. "Sponsor" means any person that establishes, administers
 or contributes financial support to the administration of a political
 action committee or that has common or overlapping membership or officers
 with that political action committee.

32 48. 49. "Standing committee" means a political action committee or 33 political party that is active in more than one reporting jurisdiction in 34 this state and that files a statement of organization in a format 35 prescribed by the secretary of state.

36 49. 50. "Statewide office" means the office of governor, secretary
 37 of state, state treasurer, attorney general, superintendent of public
 38 instruction, corporation commissioner or mine inspector.

39 50. 51. "Surplus monies" means those monies of a terminating 40 committee that remain after all of the committee's expenditures have been 41 made, all debts have been extinguished and the committee ceases accepting 42 contributions.

1 Sec. 2. Section 16-905, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 read: 16-905. Committee qualification; requirements; exemption; 3 4 <u>adjustments</u> 5 A. A candidate for election or retention shall register as a 6 candidate committee if the candidate receives contributions or makes 7 expenditures, in any combination, of at least one thousand dollars in 8 connection with that candidacy. 9 B. An entity shall register as a political action committee if both 10 of the following apply: 11 1. The entity is organized for the primary purpose of influencing 12 the result of an election. 13 2. The entity knowingly receives contributions or makes 14 expenditures, in any combination, of at least one thousand dollars -in 15 connection with any election during a calendar year BEFORE MAKING A 16 CONTRIBUTION OR EXPENDITURE. THE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE MAY ONLY 17 ENTITY'S FROM EITHER THE TREASURY RECEIVE MONIES OR VOLUNTARY 18 CONTRIBUTIONS MADE BY ITS MEMBERS, BUT NOT BOTH, OR MAY RECEIVE MONIES 19 FROM ANOTHER POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE. THE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE 20 IS DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED BY AN ENTITY IF THE INITIAL 21 CONTRIBUTION TO THE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE IS MADE BY THE ENTITY'S 22 TREASURY OR AN OFFICER OR DIRECTOR OF THE ENTITY. AN ENTITY MAY NOT FORM 23 MORE THAN ONE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE. C. A filing officer or enforcement officer shall make a rebuttable 24 presumption that an entity is organized for the primary purpose of 25 26 influencing the result of an election if the entity meets any of the 27 following: 28 1. Except for a religious organization, assembly or institution, 29 claims tax exempt status but had not filed form 1023 or form 1024 with the 30 internal revenue service, or the equivalent successor form designated by the internal revenue service, before making a contribution or expenditure. 31 32 2. Made a contribution or expenditure and at that time had its tax 33 exempt status revoked by the internal revenue service. 34 3. Made a contribution or expenditure and at that time failed to 35 file form 990 with the internal revenue service, or the equivalent 36 successor form designated by the internal revenue service, if required by 37 law. 38 4. At the time of making a contribution or expenditure was not 39 registered with the corporation commission if required by law. 40 5. At the time of making a contribution or expenditure was 41 registered with the corporation commission but was not in good standing. 42 D. A fund that is established by a corporation, limited liability company, labor organization or partnership for the purpose of influencing 43 the result of an election shall register as a political action committee. 44

1 E. An entity may register as a political party committee only as 2 prescribed in chapter 5 of this title. F. A committee is not subject to state income tax and is not 3 4 required to file a state income tax return. 5 G. The dollar amounts AMOUNT prescribed by this section shall be 6 increased every two years pursuant to section 16-931. 7 Sec. 3. Section 16-906, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 8 read: 9 16-906. Committee statement of organization; amendment; 10 committee limitation 11 A. A committee shall file a statement of organization with the 12 filing officer within ten days after qualifying as a committee EXCEPT THAT IF THE COMMITTEE IS FORMED WITHIN TEN DAYS BEFORE THE START OF EARLY 13 14 VOTING, THAT COMMITTEE SHALL FILE ITS STATEMENT OF ORGANIZATION WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER QUALIFYING AS A COMMITTEE. 15 16 statement of organization shall include the following B. A 17 committee information: 18 1. The committee name, mailing address, e-mail address, website, if and telephone number, if any, and the type of committee. The 19 any. 20 committee name shall include: 21 (a) For a candidate committee, the candidate's first or last name 22 and, if the candidate has a candidate committee open for more than one office, the office sought. 23 24 (b) For a political action committee that is sponsored, the 25 sponsor's name or commonly known nickname. 26 2. The name, mailing address, e-mail address, website, if any, and 27 telephone number of any sponsor. 28 3. The name, physical location or street address, e-mail address, 29 telephone number, occupation and employer of the committee's chairperson 30 and treasurer. For a candidate committee, the candidate may serve as both 31 chairperson and treasurer. 32 4. For a candidate committee for a partisan office, the candidate's 33 party affiliation. 34 5. A listing of all banks or other financial institutions used by 35 the committee. 36 6. A statement that the committee chairperson and committee 37 treasurer have read the filing officer's campaign finance and reporting 38 guide, agree to comply with this article and articles 1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 39 1.5, 1.6 and 1.7 of this chapter, and agree to accept all notifications 40 and service of process via the e-mail address provided by the committee. C. A committee shall file an amended statement of organization 41 42 within ten days after any change in committee information. 43 D. On filing a statement of organization, the filing officer shall 44 issue an identification number to the committee.

1 E. A standing committee shall file a statement of organization with the secretary of state and a copy of the statement in each jurisdiction in 2 which the committee is active. Only the secretary of state shall issue an 3 4 identification number.

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F. A candidate may have only one committee in existence for the 6 same office during the same election cycle.

7 G. On filing a statement of organization, a political action 8 committee or political party may perform any lawful activity, including 9 making contributions, making expenditures or conducting issue advocacy, 10 without establishing a separate committee for each activity or specifying 11 each activity in its statement of organization.

12 Sec. 4. Section 16-922, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 13 read:

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16-922. Independent and coordinated expenditures

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A. Any person may make independent expenditures.

16 B. An expenditure is not an independent expenditure if either of 17 the following applies:

18 1. There is actual coordination with respect to an expenditure 19 between a candidate or candidate's agent and the person making the 20 expenditure or that person's agent.

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2. Both of the following apply:

22 (a) The expenditure is based on nonpublic information about a 23 candidate's or candidate committee's plans or needs that the candidate or 24 candidate's agent provides to the person making the expenditure or that 25 person's agent.

26 (b) The candidate or candidate's agent provides the nonpublic 27 information with an intent toward having the expenditure made.

28 C. In evaluating whether an expenditure is an independent 29 expenditure, a filing officer or enforcement officer may consider the 30 following to be rebuttable evidence of coordination:

1. Any agent of the person making the expenditure is also an agent 31 32 of the candidate whose election or whose opponent's defeat is being 33 advocated by the expenditure.

34 2. In the same election cycle, the person making the expenditure or 35 that person's agent is or has been authorized to raise or spend monies on 36 the candidate's behalf.

3. In the same election cycle, the candidate is or has been 37 38 authorized to raise money or solicit contributions on behalf of the person 39 making the expenditure.

40 D. Notwithstanding subsection C of this section, coordination does 41 not exist under either of the following:

42 1. If the person making the expenditure maintains a firewall between the person and that person's agent in compliance with all of the 43 44 following:

1 (a) The person's agent did not participate in deciding to make the expenditure or in deciding the content, timing or targeting of the 2 3 expenditure. 4 (b) The person making the expenditure has a written policy establishing the firewall and its requirements. 5 6 (c) The person making the expenditure and the person's agent 7 followed the written policy regarding the firewall. 8 2. Solely because an agent of a person making the expenditure 9 serves or has served on a candidate's host committee for a fund-raising 10 event.

11 E. An expenditure that is coordinated with a candidate, other than 12 a coordinated party expenditure, is deemed an in-kind contribution to the 13 candidate.

F. An entity that makes an independent expenditure, other than an individual or a committee, shall file independent expenditure reports pursuant to section 16-926, subsection G H.

17 Sec. 5. Section 16-926, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 18 read:

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16-926. <u>Campaign finance reports; contents</u>

A. A committee shall file campaign finance reports with the filing officer. The secretary of state's instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452 shall prescribe the format for all reports and statements.

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B. A campaign finance report shall set forth:

25 1. The amount of cash on hand at the beginning of the reporting 26 period.

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2. Total receipts during the reporting period, including:

(a) An itemized list of receipts in the following categories,
 including the source, amount and date of receipt, together with the total
 of all receipts in each category:

31 (i) Contributions from individuals whose contributions exceed fifty 32 dollars for that election cycle, including identification of the 33 contributor's occupation and employer.

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(ii) Contributions from candidate committees.

35 36 (iii) Contributions from molitical action comm

(iii) Contributions from political action committees.

(iv) Contributions from political parties.(v) Contributions from partnerships.

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(vi) COVERED TRANSFERS.

39 (vi) (vii) For a political action committee or political party, 40 contributions from corporations and limited liability companies, including 41 identification of the corporation's or limited liability company's file 42 number issued by the corporation commission.

43 (vii) (viii) For a political action committee or political party,
44 contributions from labor organizations, including identification of the
45 labor organization's file number issued by the corporation commission.

1 (viii) (ix) For a candidate committee, a candidate's contribution 2 of personal monies. 3 (ix) (x) All loans, including identification of any endorser or 4 guarantor other than a candidate's spouse, and the contribution amount 5 endorsed or guaranteed by each. 6 (x) Rebates and refunds. 7 (xii) Interest on committee monies. 8 (xiii) The fair market value of in-kind contributions 9 received. 10 (xiv) Extensions of credit that remain outstanding. 11 including identification of the creditor and the purpose of the extension. 12 (b) The aggregate amount of contributions from all individuals 13 whose contributions do not exceed fifty dollars for the election cycle. 14 3. An itemized list of all disbursements in excess of two hundred fifty dollars during the reporting period in the following categories, 15 including the recipient, the recipient's address, a description of the 16 17 disbursement and the amount and date of the disbursement, together with 18 the total of all disbursements in each category: 19 (a) Disbursements for operating expenses. 20 (b) Contributions to candidate committees. 21 (c) Contributions to political action committees. 22 (d) Contributions to political parties. 23 (e) Contributions to partnerships. 24 (f) COVERED TRANSFERS. 25 (f) (g) For a political action committee or political party, 26 contributions to corporations and limited liability companies, including 27 identification of the corporation's or limited liability company's file 28 number issued by the corporation commission. 29 (g) (h) For a political action committee or political party, 30 contributions to labor organizations, including identification of the labor organization's file number issued by the corporation commission. 31 32 (h) (i) Repayment of loans. (j) Refunds of contributions. 33 34 (k) Loans made. 35 (t) The value of in-kind contributions provided. 36 (1) (m) Independent expenditures that are made to advocate the 37 election or defeat of a candidate, including identification of the 38 candidate, office sought by the candidate, election date, mode of 39 advertising and distribution or publication date. 40 (m) (n) Expenditures to advocate the passage or defeat of a ballot measure, including identification of the ballot measure, ballot measure 41 serial number, election date, mode of advertising and distribution or 42 43 publication date. 44 (π) (o) Expenditures to advocate for or against the issuance of a 45 recall election order or for the election or defeat of a candidate in a

1 recall election, including identification of the officer to be recalled or 2 candidate supported or opposed, mode of advertising and distribution or 3 publication date.

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(p) Any other disbursements or expenditures.

5 4. The total sum of all receipts and disbursements for the 6 reporting period.

5. A certification by the committee treasurer, issued under penalty of perjury, that the contents of the report are true and correct.

9 C. For the purposes of reporting under subsection B of this 10 section:

11 1. A contribution is deemed to be received either on the date the 12 committee knowingly takes possession of the contribution or the date of 13 the check or credit card payment. For an in-kind contribution of 14 services, the contribution is deemed made either on the date the services 15 are performed or the date the committee receives the services.

16 2. An expenditure or disbursement is deemed made either on the date 17 the committee authorizes the monies to be spent or the date the monies are 18 withdrawn from the committee's account. For a transaction by check, the 19 expenditure or disbursement is deemed made on the date the committee signs 20 the check. For a credit card transaction on paper, the expenditure or 21 disbursement is deemed made on the date the committee signs the 22 authorization to charge the credit card. For an electronic transaction. 23 an expenditure or disbursement is deemed made on the date the committee 24 electronically authorizes the charge. For an agreement to purchase goods 25 or services, the expenditure or disbursement is deemed made either on the 26 date the parties enter into the agreement or the date the purchase order 27 is issued.

3. A committee may record its transactions using any of the methods authorized by this subsection but for each type of contribution, expenditure or disbursement made or received, the committee shall use a consistent method of recording transactions throughout the election cycle.

D. The amount of an in-kind contribution of services shall be equal to the usual and normal charges for the services on the date performed.

E. If any receipt or disbursement is earmarked, the committee shall report the identity of the person to whom the receipt or disbursement is earmarked.

F. Candidate committee reports shall be cumulative for the election cycle to which they relate. Political action committee and political party reports shall be cumulative for a two-year election cycle ending in the year of a statewide general election. If there has been no change during the reporting period in an item listed in the immediately preceding report, only the amount need be carried forward.

G. For a political action committee that receives individual contributions through a payroll deduction plan, that committee is not required to separately itemize each contribution received from the 1 contributor during the reporting period. In lieu of itemization, the 2 committee may report all of the following:

3 1. The aggregate amount of contributions received from the 4 contributor through the payroll deduction plan during the reporting 5 period.

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2. The individual's identity.

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3. The amount deducted per pay period.

8 H. An entity that makes OR OBLIGATES ITSELF TO MAKE independent 9 expenditures or ballot measure expenditures in excess of one thousand 10 dollars IN ANY COMBINATION during a reporting period shall file an 11 expenditure report with the filing officer for the applicable reporting 12 period. Expenditure reports shall identify ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

13 1. THE NAME OF THE PERSON MAKING OR OBLIGATING THE ENTITY TO MAKE 14 THE EXPENDITURE.

15 16 2. THE TAX EXEMPT STATUS OF THAT PERSON OR ENTITY, IF APPLICABLE.

3. THE MAILING ADDRESS OF THE PERSON OR ENTITY.

17 4. THE PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ADDRESS OF THE PERSON OR ENTITY, IF18 DIFFERENT FROM THE MAILING ADDRESS.

THE ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER AND EMAIL ADDRESS OF THE PERSON'S
 OR ENTITY'S AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS IN THIS STATE.

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6. The candidate or ballot measure supported or opposed. —

7. THE office sought by the candidate, if any. —

8. THE election date. ,

24 9. THE mode of advertising and first date of publication, display,
25 delivery or broadcast of the advertisement.

26 10. THE NAME, TELEPHONE NUMBER AND E-MAIL ADDRESS OF THE INDIVIDUAL27 FILING THE REPORT.

I. AN ENTITY THAT MAKES OR OBLIGATES ITSELF TO MAKE INDEPENDENT
 EXPENDITURES OR BALLOT MEASURE EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF FIVE THOUSAND
 DOLLARS IN ANY COMBINATION DURING THE THIRTY DAYS BEFORE THE START OF
 EARLY VOTING SHALL FILE ITS EXPENDITURE REPORT WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS
 AFTER MAKING OR OBLIGATING ITSELF TO MAKE THE EXPENDITURE.