

State of Arizona
House of Representatives
Fifty-third Legislature
Second Regular Session
2018

HOUSE BILL 2041

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 32-1901, 32-1901.01, 32-1923, 32-1925, 32-1927, 32-1927.02, 32-1931 AND 36-2525, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO THE ARIZONA STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

2 Section 1. Section 32-1901, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
3 read:

4 32-1901. Definitions

5 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

6 1. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled
7 substance, prescription-only drug, dangerous drug or narcotic drug,
8 whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means, to the
9 body of a patient or research subject by a practitioner or by the
10 practitioner's authorized agent or the patient or research subject at the
11 direction of the practitioner.

12 2. "Advertisement" means all representations disseminated in any
13 manner or by any means, other than by labeling, for the purpose of
14 inducing, or that are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the
15 purchase of drugs, devices, poisons or hazardous substances.

16 3. "Advisory letter" means a nondisciplinary letter to notify a
17 licensee or permittee that either:

18 (a) While there is insufficient evidence to support disciplinary
19 action, the board believes that continuation of the activities that led to
20 the investigation may result in further board action against the licensee
21 or permittee.

22 (b) The violation is a minor or technical violation that is not of
23 sufficient merit to warrant disciplinary action.

24 (c) While the licensee or permittee has demonstrated substantial
25 compliance through rehabilitation, remediation or reeducation that has
26 mitigated the need for disciplinary action, the board believes that
27 repetition of the activities that led to the investigation may result in
28 further board action against the licensee or permittee.

29 4. "Antiseptic", if a drug is represented as such on its label,
30 means a representation that it is a germicide, except in the case of a
31 drug purporting to be, or represented as, an antiseptic for inhibitory use
32 as a wet dressing, ointment or dusting powder or other use that involves
33 prolonged contact with the body.

34 5. "Authorized officers of the law" means legally empowered peace
35 officers, compliance officers of the board of pharmacy and agents of the
36 division of narcotics enforcement and criminal intelligence of the
37 department of public safety.

38 6. "Board" or "board of pharmacy" means the Arizona state board of
39 pharmacy.

40 7. "Certificate of composition" means a list of a product's
41 ingredients.

42 8. "Certificate of free sale" means a document that authenticates a
43 product that is generally and freely sold in domestic or international
44 channels of trade.

45 9. "Color additive" means a material that either:

1 (a) Is any dye, pigment or other substance made by a process of
2 synthesis or similar artifice, or extracted, isolated or otherwise
3 derived, with or without intermediate or final change of identity, from
4 any vegetable, animal, mineral or other source.

5 (b) If added or applied to a drug, or to the human body or any part
6 of the human body, is capable of imparting color, except that color
7 additive does not include any material that has been or may be exempted
8 under the federal act. Color includes black, white and intermediate
9 grays.

10 10. "Compounding" means the preparation, mixing, assembling,
11 packaging or labeling of a drug by a pharmacist or an intern or pharmacy
12 technician under the pharmacist's supervision, for the purpose of
13 dispensing to a patient based on a valid prescription order. Compounding
14 includes the preparation of drugs in anticipation of prescription orders
15 prepared on routine, regularly observed prescribing patterns and the
16 preparation of drugs as an incident to research, teaching or chemical
17 analysis or for administration by a medical practitioner to the medical
18 practitioner's patient and not for sale or dispensing. Compounding does
19 not include the preparation of commercially available products from bulk
20 compounds or the preparation of drugs for sale to pharmacies,
21 practitioners or entities for the purpose of dispensing or distribution.

22 11. "Compressed medical gas distributor" means a person who holds a
23 current permit issued by the board to distribute compressed medical gases
24 pursuant to a compressed medical gas order to compressed medical gas
25 suppliers and other entities that are registered, licensed or permitted to
26 use, administer or distribute compressed medical gases.

27 12. "Compressed medical gases" means gases and liquid oxygen that a
28 compressed medical gas distributor or manufacturer has labeled in
29 compliance with federal law.

30 13. "Compressed medical gas order" means an order for compressed
31 medical gases that is issued by a medical practitioner.

32 14. "Compressed medical gas supplier" means a person who holds a
33 current permit issued by the board to supply compressed medical gases
34 pursuant to a compressed medical gas order and only to the consumer or the
35 patient.

36 15. "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance or immediate
37 precursor that is identified, defined or listed in title 36, chapter 27,
38 article 2.

39 16. "Corrosive" means any substance that when it comes in contact
40 with living tissue will cause destruction of tissue by chemical action.

41 17. "Counterfeit drug" means a drug that, or the container or
42 labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name
43 or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness of
44 these, of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the person
45 who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed that drug.

- 1 18. "Dangerous drug" has the same meaning prescribed in section
2 13-3401.
- 3 19. "Decree of censure" means an official action that is taken by
4 the board and that may include a requirement for restitution of fees to a
5 patient or consumer.
- 6 20. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or
7 attempted transfer from one person to another whether or not there is an
8 agency relationship.
- 9 21. "Deputy director" means a pharmacist who is employed by the
10 board and selected by the executive director to perform duties as
11 prescribed by the executive director.
- 12 22. "Device", except as used in paragraph 17 of this section,
13 section 32-1965, paragraph 4 and section 32-1967, subsection A, paragraph
14 15 and subsection C, means instruments, ~~apparatus~~ APPARATUSES and
15 contrivances, including their components, parts and accessories, including
16 all such items under the federal act, intended either:
- 17 (a) For use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or
18 prevention of disease in the human body or other animals.
- 19 (b) To affect the structure or any function of the human body or
20 other animals.
- 21 23. "Director" means the director of the division of narcotics
22 enforcement and criminal investigation of the department of public safety.
- 23 24. "Direct supervision of a pharmacist" means the pharmacist is
24 present. If relating to the sale of certain items, direct supervision of
25 a pharmacist means that a pharmacist determines the legitimacy or
26 advisability of a proposed purchase of those items.
- 27 25. "Dispense" means to deliver to an ultimate user or research
28 subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including
29 the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling or compounding
30 necessary to prepare for that delivery.
- 31 26. "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.
- 32 27. "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by administering or
33 dispensing.
- 34 28. "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- 35 29. "Drug" means:
- 36 (a) Articles recognized, or for which standards or specifications
37 are prescribed, in the official compendium.
- 38 (b) Articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
39 treatment or prevention of disease in the human body or other animals.
- 40 (c) Articles other than food intended to affect the structure or
41 any function of the human body or other animals.
- 42 (d) Articles intended for use as a component of any articles
43 specified in subdivision (a), (b) or (c) of this paragraph but does not
44 include devices or their components, parts or accessories.

1 30. "Drug enforcement administration" means the drug enforcement
2 administration of the United States department of justice or its successor
3 agency.

4 31. "Drug or device manufacturing" means the production,
5 preparation, propagation or processing of a drug or device, either
6 directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin or
7 independently by means of chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or
8 repackaging of substances or labeling or relabeling of its container and
9 the promotion and marketing of the same. Drug or device manufacturing
10 does not include compounding.

11 32. "Economic poison" means any substance that alone, in chemical
12 combination WITH or in formulation with one or more other substances is a
13 pesticide within the meaning of the laws of this state or the federal
14 insecticide, fungicide and rodenticide act and that is used in the
15 production, storage or transportation of raw agricultural commodities.

16 33. "Enteral feeding" means nourishment provided by means of a tube
17 inserted into the stomach or intestine.

18 34. "Established name", with respect to a drug or ingredient of a
19 drug, means any of the following:

20 (a) The applicable official name.

21 (b) If there is no such name and the drug or ingredient is an
22 article recognized in an official compendium, the official title in an
23 official compendium.

24 (c) If neither subdivision (a) nor (b) of this paragraph applies,
25 the common or usual name of ~~such~~ THE drug.

26 35. "Executive director" means the executive director of the board
27 of pharmacy.

28 36. "Federal act" means the federal laws and regulations that
29 pertain to drugs, devices, poisons and hazardous substances and that are
30 official at the time any drug, device, poison or hazardous substance is
31 affected by this chapter.

32 37. "Full service wholesale permittee":

33 (a) Means a permittee who may distribute prescription-only drugs
34 and devices, controlled substances and over-the-counter drugs and devices
35 to pharmacies or other legal outlets from a place devoted in whole or in
36 part to wholesaling these items.

37 (b) Includes a virtual wholesaler as defined in rule by the board.

38 38. "Good manufacturing practice" means a system for ensuring that
39 products are consistently produced and controlled according to quality
40 standards and covering all aspects of design, monitoring and control of
41 manufacturing processes and facilities to ensure that products do not pose
42 any risk to the consumer or public.

43 ~~39. "Graduate intern" means a person who has graduated from a~~
44 ~~college, school or program of pharmacy approved by the board and who meets~~

1 ~~the qualifications and experience for a pharmacy intern as provided in~~
2 ~~section 32-1923.~~

3 ~~40.~~ 39. "Highly toxic" means any substance that falls within any
4 of the following categories:

5 (a) Produces death within fourteen days in half or more than half
6 of a group of ten or more laboratory white rats each weighing between two
7 hundred and three hundred grams, at a single dose of fifty milligrams or
8 less per kilogram of body weight, when orally administered.

9 (b) Produces death within fourteen days in half or more than half
10 of a group of ten or more laboratory white rats each weighing between two
11 hundred and three hundred grams, if inhaled continuously for a period of
12 one hour or less at an atmospheric concentration of two hundred parts per
13 million by volume or less of gas or vapor or two milligrams per liter by
14 volume or less of mist or dust, provided the concentration is likely to be
15 encountered by humans if the substance is used in any reasonably
16 foreseeable manner.

17 (c) Produces death within fourteen days in half or more than half
18 of a group of ten or more rabbits tested in a dosage of two hundred
19 milligrams or less per kilogram of body weight, if administered by
20 continuous contact with the bare skin for twenty-four hours or less.

21 If the board finds that available data on human experience with any
22 substance indicate results different from those obtained on animals in the
23 dosages or concentrations prescribed in this paragraph, the human data
24 shall take precedence.

25 ~~41.~~ 40. "Hospital" means any institution for the care and
26 treatment of the sick and injured that is approved and licensed as a
27 hospital by the department of health services.

28 ~~42.~~ 41. "Intern" means a pharmacy intern ~~and a graduate intern.~~

29 ~~43.~~ 42. "Internship" means the practical, experiential, hands-on
30 training of a pharmacy intern under the supervision of a preceptor.

31 ~~44.~~ 43. "Irritant" means any substance, other than a corrosive,
32 that on immediate, prolonged or repeated contact with normal living tissue
33 will induce a local inflammatory reaction.

34 ~~45.~~ 44. "Jurisprudence examination" means a board-approved
35 pharmacy law examination that is written and administered in cooperation
36 with the national association of boards of pharmacy or another
37 board-approved pharmacy law examination.

38 ~~46.~~ 45. "Label" means a display of written, printed or graphic
39 matter on the immediate container of any article that, unless easily
40 legible through the outside wrapper or container, also appears on the
41 outside wrapper or container of the article's retail package. For the
42 purposes of this paragraph, the immediate container does not include
43 package liners.

44 ~~47.~~ 46. "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed or
45 graphic matter either:

1 (a) On any article or any of its containers or wrappers.

2 (b) Accompanying that article.

3 ~~48.~~ 47. "Letter of reprimand" means a disciplinary letter that is
4 a public document issued by the board and that informs a licensee or
5 permittee that the licensee's or permittee's conduct violates state or
6 federal law and may require the board to monitor the licensee or
7 permittee.

8 ~~49.~~ 48. "Limited service pharmacy" means a pharmacy that is
9 approved by the board to practice a limited segment of pharmacy as
10 indicated by the permit issued by the board.

11 ~~50.~~ 49. "Manufacture" or "manufacturer":

12 (a) Means every person who prepares, derives, produces, compounds,
13 processes, packages or repackages or labels any drug in a place, other
14 than a pharmacy, THAT IS devoted to manufacturing the drug.

15 (b) Includes a virtual manufacturer as defined in rule by the
16 board.

17 ~~51.~~ 50. "Marijuana" has the same meaning prescribed in section
18 13-3401.

19 ~~52.~~ 51. "Medical practitioner" means any medical doctor, doctor of
20 ~~osteopathy~~ OSTEOPATHIC MEDICINE, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian or
21 other person who is licensed and authorized by law to use and prescribe
22 drugs and devices for the treatment of sick and injured human beings or
23 animals or for the diagnosis or prevention of sickness in human beings or
24 animals in this state or any state, territory or district of the United
25 States.

26 ~~53.~~ 52. "Medication order" means a written or verbal order from a
27 medical practitioner or that person's authorized agent to administer a
28 drug or device.

29 ~~54.~~ 53. "Narcotic drug" has the same meaning prescribed in section
30 13-3401.

31 ~~55.~~ 54. "New drug" means either:

32 (a) Any drug the composition of which is such that the drug is not
33 generally recognized among experts qualified by scientific training and
34 experience to evaluate the safety and effectiveness of drugs as safe and
35 effective for use under the conditions prescribed, recommended or
36 suggested in the labeling.

37 (b) Any drug the composition of which is such that the drug, as a
38 result of investigations to determine its safety and effectiveness for use
39 under such conditions, has become so recognized, but that has not, other
40 than in the investigations, been used to a material extent or for a
41 material time under those conditions.

42 ~~56.~~ 55. "Nonprescription drug" or "over-the-counter drug" means
43 any nonnarcotic medicine or drug that may be sold without a prescription
44 and THAT is prepackaged and labeled for use by the consumer in accordance

1 with the requirements of the laws of this state and federal law.
2 Nonprescription drug does not include:

3 (a) A drug that is primarily advertised and promoted professionally
4 to medical practitioners and pharmacists by manufacturers or primary
5 distributors.

6 (b) A controlled substance.

7 (c) A drug that is required to bear a label that states "Rx only".

8 (d) A drug that is intended for human use by hypodermic injection.

9 ~~57.~~ 56. "Nonprescription drug wholesale permittee":

10 (a) Means a permittee who may distribute only over-the-counter
11 drugs and devices to pharmacies or other lawful outlets from a place
12 devoted in whole or in part to wholesaling these items.

13 (b) Includes a virtual wholesaler as defined in rule by the board.

14 ~~58.~~ 57. "Notice" means personal service or the mailing of a copy
15 of the notice by certified mail addressed either to the person at the
16 person's latest address of record in the board office or to the person's
17 attorney.

18 ~~59.~~ 58. "Nutritional supplementation" means vitamins, minerals and
19 caloric supplementation. Nutritional supplementation does not include
20 medication or drugs.

21 ~~60.~~ 59. "Official compendium" means the latest revision of the
22 United States pharmacopeia and the national formulary or any current
23 supplement.

24 ~~61.~~ 60. "Other jurisdiction" means one of the other forty-nine
25 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or a
26 territory of the United States of America.

27 ~~62.~~ 61. "Package" means a receptacle defined or described in the
28 United States pharmacopeia and the national formulary as adopted by the
29 board.

30 ~~63.~~ 62. "Packaging" means the act or process of placing a drug
31 item or device in a container for the purpose or intent of dispensing or
32 distributing the item or device to another.

33 ~~64.~~ 63. "Parenteral nutrition" means intravenous feeding that
34 provides a person with fluids and essential nutrients the person needs
35 while the person is unable to receive adequate fluids or feedings by mouth
36 or by enteral feeding.

37 ~~65.~~ 64. "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation and
38 association, and their duly authorized agents.

39 ~~66.~~ 65. "Pharmaceutical care" means the provision of drug therapy
40 and other pharmaceutical patient care services.

41 ~~67.~~ 66. "Pharmacist" means an individual who is currently licensed
42 by the board to practice the profession of pharmacy in this state.

43 ~~68.~~ 67. "Pharmacist in charge" means the pharmacist who is
44 responsible to the board for a licensed establishment's compliance with
45 the laws and administrative rules of this state and of the federal

1 government pertaining to the practice of pharmacy, the manufacturing of
2 drugs and the distribution of drugs and devices.

3 ~~69.~~ 68. "Pharmacist licensure examination" means a board-approved
4 examination that is written and administered in cooperation with the
5 national association of boards of pharmacy or any other board-approved
6 pharmacist licensure examination.

7 ~~70.~~ 69. "Pharmacy" means any place:

8 (a) Where drugs, devices, poisons or related hazardous substances
9 are offered for sale at retail.

10 (b) In which the profession of pharmacy is practiced or where
11 prescription orders are compounded and dispensed.

12 (c) That has displayed on it or in it the words "pharmacist,~~—~~",
13 "pharmaceutical chemist,~~—~~", "apothecary,~~—~~", "druggist,~~—~~", "pharmacy,~~—~~",
14 "drugstore,~~—~~", "drugs" or "drug sundries" or any of these words or
15 combinations of these words, or words of similar import either in English
16 or any other language, or that is advertised by any sign containing any of
17 these words.

18 (d) Where the characteristic symbols of pharmacy or the
19 characteristic prescription sign "Rx" is exhibited.

20 (e) Or a portion of any building or structure that is leased, used
21 or controlled by the permittee to conduct the business authorized by the
22 board at the address for which the permit was issued and that is enclosed
23 and secured when a pharmacist is not in attendance.

24 ~~71.~~ 70. "Pharmacy intern" means a person who has all of the
25 qualifications and experience prescribed in section 32-1923.

26 ~~72.~~ 71. "Pharmacy technician" means a person who is licensed
27 pursuant to this chapter.

28 ~~73.~~ 72. "Pharmacy technician trainee" means a person who is
29 licensed pursuant to this chapter.

30 ~~74.~~ 73. "Poison" or "hazardous substance" includes, but is not
31 limited to, any of the following if intended and suitable for household
32 use or use by children:

33 (a) Any substance that, according to standard works on medicine,
34 pharmacology, pharmacognosy or toxicology, if applied to, introduced into
35 or developed within the body in relatively small quantities by its
36 inherent action uniformly produces serious bodily injury, disease or
37 death.

38 (b) A toxic substance.

39 (c) A highly toxic substance.

40 (d) A corrosive substance.

41 (e) An irritant.

42 (f) A strong sensitizer.

43 (g) A mixture of any of the substances described in this paragraph,
44 if the substance or mixture of substances may cause substantial personal
45 injury or substantial illness during or as a proximate result of any

1 customary or reasonably foreseeable handling or use, including reasonably
2 foreseeable ingestion by children.

3 (h) A substance that is designated by the board to be a poison or
4 hazardous substance. This subdivision does not apply to radioactive
5 substances, economic poisons subject to the federal insecticide, fungicide
6 and rodenticide act or the state pesticide act, foods, drugs and cosmetics
7 subject to state laws or the federal act or substances intended for use as
8 fuels when stored in containers and used in the heating, cooking or
9 refrigeration system of a house. This subdivision applies to any
10 substance or article that is not itself an economic poison within the
11 meaning of the federal insecticide, fungicide and rodenticide act or the
12 state pesticide act, but that is a poison or hazardous substance within
13 the meaning of this paragraph by reason of bearing or containing an
14 economic poison or hazardous substance.

15 ~~75.~~ 74. "Practice of pharmacy":

16 (a) Means furnishing the following health care services as a
17 medical professional:

18 (i) Interpreting, evaluating and dispensing prescription orders in
19 the patient's best interests.

20 (ii) Compounding drugs pursuant to or in anticipation of a
21 prescription order.

22 (iii) Labeling ~~of~~ drugs and devices in compliance with state and
23 federal requirements.

24 (iv) Participating in drug selection and drug utilization reviews,
25 drug administration, drug or drug-related research and drug therapy
26 monitoring or management.

27 (v) Providing patient counseling necessary to provide
28 pharmaceutical care.

29 (vi) Properly and safely storing drugs and devices in anticipation
30 of dispensing.

31 (vii) Maintaining required records of drugs and devices.

32 (viii) Offering or performing ~~of~~ acts, services, operations or
33 transactions necessary in the conduct, operation, management and control
34 of a pharmacy.

35 (ix) Initiating, monitoring and modifying drug therapy pursuant to
36 a protocol-based drug therapy agreement with a provider as outlined in
37 section 32-1970.

38 (x) Initiating and administering immunizations or vaccines pursuant
39 to section 32-1974.

40 (b) Does not include initiating a prescription order for any
41 medication, drug or other substance used to induce or cause a medication
42 abortion as defined in section 36-2151.

43 ~~76.~~ 75. "Practitioner" means any physician, dentist, veterinarian,
44 scientific investigator or other person who is licensed, registered or
45 otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect

1 to or administer a controlled substance in the course of professional
2 practice or research in this state, or any pharmacy, hospital or other
3 institution that is licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to
4 distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or administer a
5 controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in
6 this state.

7 ~~77.~~ 76. "Preceptor" means a pharmacist who is serving as the
8 practical instructor of an intern and complies with section 32-1923.

9 ~~78.~~ 77. "Precursor chemical" means a substance that is:

10 (a) The principal compound that is commonly used or that is
11 produced primarily for use and that is an immediate chemical intermediary
12 used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance,
13 the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit
14 manufacture.

15 (b) Listed in section 13-3401, paragraph 26 or 27.

16 ~~79.~~ 78. "Prescription" means either a prescription order or a
17 prescription medication.

18 ~~80.~~ 79. "Prescription medication" means any drug, including label
19 and container according to context, that is dispensed pursuant to a
20 prescription order.

21 ~~81.~~ 80. "Prescription-only device" includes:

22 (a) Any device that is limited by the federal act to use under the
23 supervision of a medical practitioner.

24 (b) Any device required by the federal act to bear on its label
25 essentially the legend "Rx only".

26 ~~82.~~ 81. "Prescription-only drug" does not include a controlled
27 substance but does include:

28 (a) Any drug that because of its toxicity or other potentiality for
29 harmful effect, the method of its use, or the collateral measures
30 necessary to its use is not generally recognized among experts, qualified
31 by scientific training and experience to evaluate its safety and efficacy,
32 as safe for use except by or under the supervision of a medical
33 practitioner.

34 (b) Any drug that is limited by an approved new drug application
35 under the federal act or section 32-1962 to use under the supervision of a
36 medical practitioner.

37 (c) Every potentially harmful drug, the labeling of which does not
38 bear or contain full and adequate directions for use by the consumer.

39 (d) Any drug, other than a controlled substance, required by the
40 federal act to bear on its label the legend "Rx only".

41 ~~83.~~ 82. "Prescription order" means any of the following:

42 (a) An order to a pharmacist for drugs or devices issued and signed
43 by a duly licensed medical practitioner in the authorized course of the
44 practitioner's professional practice.

1 (b) An order transmitted to a pharmacist through word of mouth,
2 telephone or other means of communication directed by that medical
3 practitioner. Prescription orders received by word of mouth, telephone or
4 other means of communication shall be maintained by the pharmacist
5 pursuant to section 32-1964, and the record so made by the pharmacist
6 constitutes the original prescription order to be dispensed by the
7 pharmacist. This paragraph does not alter or affect laws of this state or
8 any federal act requiring a written prescription order.

9 (c) An order initiated by a pharmacist pursuant to a protocol-based
10 drug therapy agreement with a provider as outlined in section 32-1970, or
11 immunizations or vaccines administered by a pharmacist pursuant to section
12 32-1974.

13 (d) A diet order or an order for enteral feeding, nutritional
14 supplementation or parenteral nutrition that is initiated by a registered
15 dietitian or other qualified nutrition professional in a hospital pursuant
16 to section 36-416.

17 ~~84.~~ 83. "Professionally incompetent" means:

18 (a) Incompetence based on a variety of factors, including a lack of
19 sufficient pharmaceutical knowledge or skills or experience to a degree
20 likely to endanger the health of patients.

21 (b) When considered with other indications of professional
22 incompetence, a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ who
23 fails to obtain a passing score on a board-approved pharmacist licensure
24 examination or a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee who
25 fails to obtain a passing score on a board-approved pharmacy technician
26 licensure examination.

27 ~~85.~~ 84. "Radioactive substance" means a substance that emits
28 ionizing radiation.

29 ~~86.~~ 85. "Safely engage in employment duties" means that a
30 permittee or the permittee's employee is able to safely engage in
31 employment duties related to the manufacture, sale, distribution or
32 dispensing of drugs, devices, poisons, hazardous substances, controlled
33 substances or precursor chemicals.

34 ~~87.~~ 86. "Symbol" means the characteristic symbols that have
35 historically identified pharmacy, including show globes and mortar and
36 pestle, and the sign "Rx".

37 ~~88.~~ 87. "Third-party logistics provider" means an entity that
38 provides or coordinates warehousing or other logistics services for a
39 prescription or over-the-counter dangerous drug or dangerous device in
40 intrastate or interstate commerce on behalf of a manufacturer, wholesaler
41 or dispenser of the prescription or over-the-counter dangerous drug or
42 dangerous device but that does not take ownership of the prescription or
43 over-the-counter dangerous drug or dangerous device or have responsibility
44 to direct its sale or disposition.

1 ~~89.~~ 88. "Toxic substance" means a substance, other than a
2 radioactive substance, that has the capacity to produce injury or illness
3 in humans through ingestion, inhalation or absorption through any body
4 surface.

5 ~~90.~~ 89. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a
6 drug or controlled substance for that person's own use, for the use of a
7 member of that person's household or for administering to an animal owned
8 by that person or by a member of that person's household.

9 Sec. 2. Section 32-1901.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
10 read:

11 32-1901.01. Definition of unethical and unprofessional
12 conduct; permittees; licensees

13 A. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the
14 purposes of disciplining a permittee, "unethical conduct" means the
15 following, whether occurring in this state or elsewhere:

16 1. Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude,
17 or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense.
18 In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea
19 of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission.

20 2. Committing an act that is substantially related to the
21 qualifications, functions or duties of a permittee and that demonstrates
22 either a lack of good moral character or an actual or potential unfitness
23 to hold a permit in light of the public's safety.

24 3. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.

25 4. ~~Addiction~~ BEING ADDICTED to the use of alcohol or other drugs to
26 such a degree as to render the permittee unfit to perform the permittee's
27 employment duties.

28 5. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating
29 to the manufacture, sale or distribution of drugs, devices, poisons,
30 hazardous substances or precursor chemicals.

31 6. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating
32 to marijuana, prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous drugs,
33 controlled substances or precursor chemicals.

34 7. Violating state or federal reporting or recordkeeping
35 requirements on transactions relating to precursor chemicals.

36 8. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
37 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ OR pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ is or may be
38 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct
39 or is or may be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the
40 practice of pharmacy.

41 9. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
42 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is or may be
43 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct
44 or is or may be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the

- 1 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician
2 trainee.
- 3 10. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that
4 appears to show that a permittee or permittee's employee is or may be
5 guilty of unethical conduct, is or may be mentally or physically unable
6 safely to engage in employment duties related to manufacturing, selling,
7 distributing or dispensing of drugs, devices, poisons, hazardous
8 substances, controlled substances or precursor chemicals or is or may be
9 in violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.
- 10 11. Intending to sell, transfer or distribute, or to offer for
11 sale, transfer or distribution, or selling, transferring, distributing or
12 dispensing or offering for sale, transfer or distribution an imitation
13 controlled substance, imitation over-the-counter drug or imitation
14 prescription-only drug as defined in section 13-3451.
- 15 12. ~~Denial or discipline of a~~ **HAVING THE** permittee's permit to
16 manufacture, sell, distribute or dispense drugs, devices, poisons,
17 hazardous substances or precursor chemicals **DENIED OR DISCIPLINED** in
18 another jurisdiction and the permit was not reinstated.
- 19 13. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if committed
20 in this state would be grounds for discipline.
- 21 14. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a permit or a permit renewal
22 by fraud, by misrepresentation or by knowingly taking advantage of the
23 mistake of another person or an agency.
- 24 15. Wilfully making a false report or record required by this
25 chapter, required by federal or state laws pertaining to drugs, devices,
26 poisons, hazardous substances or precursor chemicals or required for the
27 payment for drugs, devices, poisons or hazardous substances or precursor
28 chemicals or for services pertaining to such drugs or substances.
- 29 16. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal or
30 other document that contains false or misleading information.
- 31 17. Providing false or misleading information or omitting material
32 information in any communication to the board or the board's employees or
33 agents.
- 34 18. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or
35 assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, this
36 chapter.
- 37 19. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent
38 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its
39 executive director pursuant to this chapter.
- 40 20. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to comply in
41 a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any explanation to
42 the board for not complying with the subpoena.
- 43 21. Failing to provide the board or its employees or agents or an
44 authorized federal or state official conducting a site investigation,

1 inspection or audit with access to any place for which a permit has been
2 issued or for which an application for a permit has been submitted.

3 22. Failing to notify the board of a change of ownership,
4 management or pharmacist in charge.

5 23. Failing to promptly produce on the request of the official
6 conducting a site investigation, inspection or audit any book, record or
7 document.

8 24. Overruling or attempting to overrule a pharmacist in matters of
9 pharmacy ethics or interpreting laws pertaining to the practice of
10 pharmacy or the distribution of drugs or devices.

11 25. Distributing premiums or rebates of any kind in connection with
12 the sale of prescription medication, other than to the prescription
13 medication recipient.

14 26. Failing to maintain effective controls against the diversion of
15 precursor chemicals to unauthorized persons or entities.

16 27. Fraudulently claiming to have performed a service.

17 28. Fraudulently charging a fee for a service.

18 29. Advertising drugs or devices, or services pertaining to drugs
19 or devices, in a manner that is untrue or misleading in any particular,
20 and that is known, or that by the exercise of reasonable care should be
21 known, to be untrue or misleading.

22 B. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the
23 purposes of disciplining a pharmacist, ~~OR pharmacy intern or graduate~~
24 ~~intern~~, "unprofessional conduct" means the following, whether occurring in
25 this state or elsewhere:

26 1. ~~Addiction~~ BEING ADDICTED to the use of alcohol or other drugs to
27 such a degree as to render the licensee unfit to practice the profession
28 of pharmacy.

29 2. Violating any federal or state law, rule or regulation relating
30 to the manufacture or distribution of drugs and devices or the practice of
31 pharmacy.

32 3. Dispensing a different drug or brand of drug in place of the
33 drug or brand of drug ordered or prescribed without the express permission
34 in each case of the orderer, or in the case of a prescription order, the
35 medical practitioner. The conduct prohibited by this paragraph does not
36 apply to substitutions authorized pursuant to section 32-1963.01.

37 4. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license to practice pharmacy
38 or a license renewal by fraud, by misrepresentation or by knowingly taking
39 advantage of the mistake of another person or an agency.

40 5. ~~Denial or discipline of a~~ HAVING THE licensee's license to
41 practice pharmacy DENIED OR DISCIPLINED in another jurisdiction and the
42 license was not reinstated.

43 6. Claiming professional superiority in compounding or dispensing
44 prescription orders.

1 7. Failing to comply with the mandatory continuing professional
2 pharmacy education requirements of sections 32-1936 and 32-1937 and rules
3 adopted by the board.

4 8. Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude,
5 or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense.
6 In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea
7 of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission.

8 9. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.

9 10. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule
10 relating to marijuana, prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous
11 drugs, controlled substances or precursor chemicals when determined by the
12 board or by conviction in a federal or state court.

13 11. Knowingly dispensing a drug without a valid prescription order
14 as required pursuant to section 32-1968, subsection A.

15 12. Knowingly dispensing a drug on a prescription order that was
16 issued in the course of the conduct of business of dispensing drugs
17 pursuant to diagnosis by mail or the internet, unless the order was any of
18 the following:

19 (a) Made by a physician who provides temporary patient supervision
20 on behalf of the patient's regular treating licensed health care
21 professional or provides a consultation requested by the patient's regular
22 treating licensed health care professional.

23 (b) Made in an emergency medical situation as defined in section
24 41-1831.

25 (c) Written to prepare a patient for a medical examination.

26 (d) Written or the prescription medications were issued for use by
27 a county or tribal public health department for immunization programs or
28 emergency treatment or in response to an infectious disease investigation,
29 a public health emergency, an infectious disease outbreak or an act of
30 bioterrorism. For the purposes of this subdivision, "bioterrorism" has
31 the same meaning prescribed in section 36-781.

32 (e) Written or antimicrobials were dispensed by the prescribing or
33 dispensing physician to a contact as defined in section 36-661 who is
34 believed to have had significant exposure risk as defined in section
35 36-661 with another person who has been diagnosed with a communicable
36 disease as defined in section 36-661.

37 (f) Written or the prescription medications were issued for
38 administration of immunizations or vaccines listed in the United States
39 centers for disease control and prevention's recommended immunization
40 schedule to a household member of a patient.

41 (g) For epinephrine auto-injectors that are written or dispensed
42 for a school district or charter school and that are to be stocked for
43 emergency use pursuant to section 15-157 or for an authorized entity to be
44 stocked pursuant to section 36-2226.01.

1 (h) Written by a licensee through a telemedicine program that is
2 covered by the policies and procedures adopted by the administrator of a
3 hospital or outpatient treatment center.

4 (i) Written pursuant to a physical or mental health status
5 examination that was conducted during a real-time telemedicine encounter
6 with audio and video capability.

7 (j) For naloxone hydrochloride or any other opioid antagonist
8 approved by the United States food and drug administration and written or
9 dispensed for use pursuant to section 36-2228 or 36-2266.

10 13. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
11 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ is or may be
12 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct
13 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the
14 practice of pharmacy.

15 14. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
16 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is or may be
17 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct
18 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the
19 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician
20 trainee.

21 15. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
22 permittee or a permittee's employee is or may be guilty of unethical
23 conduct or is or may be in violation of this chapter or a rule adopted
24 under this chapter.

25 16. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if committed
26 in this state would be grounds for discipline.

27 17. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal or
28 other document that contains false or misleading information.

29 18. Providing false or misleading information or omitting material
30 information in any communication to the board or the board's employees or
31 agents.

32 19. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or
33 assisting in or abetting in the violation of, or conspiring to violate,
34 this chapter.

35 20. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent
36 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its
37 executive director pursuant to this chapter.

38 21. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to comply in
39 a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any explanation to
40 the board for not complying with the subpoena.

41 22. Refusing without just cause to allow authorized agents of the
42 board to examine documents that are required to be kept pursuant to this
43 chapter or title 36.

44 23. Participating in an arrangement or agreement to allow a
45 prescription order or a prescription medication to be left at, picked up

1 from, accepted by or delivered to a place that is not licensed as a
2 pharmacy. This paragraph does not prohibit a pharmacist or a pharmacy from
3 using an employee or a common carrier to pick up prescription orders at or
4 deliver prescription medications to the office or home of a medical
5 practitioner, the residence of a patient or a patient's hospital.

6 24. Paying rebates or entering into an agreement for the payment of
7 rebates to a medical practitioner or any other person in the health care
8 field.

9 25. Providing or causing to be provided to a medical practitioner
10 prescription order blanks or forms bearing the pharmacist's or pharmacy's
11 name, address or other means of identification.

12 26. Fraudulently claiming to have performed a professional service.

13 27. Fraudulently charging a fee for a professional service.

14 28. Failing to report a change of the licensee's home address,
15 contact information, employer or employer's address as required by section
16 32-1926.

17 29. Failing to report a change in the licensee's residency status
18 as required by section 32-1926.01.

19 C. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the
20 purposes of disciplining a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician
21 trainee, "unprofessional conduct" means the following, whether occurring
22 in this state or elsewhere:

23 1. ~~Addiction~~ BEING ADDICTED to the use of alcohol or other drugs to
24 such a degree as to render the licensee unfit to perform the licensee's
25 employment duties.

26 2. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating
27 to the manufacture or distribution of drugs or devices.

28 3. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a pharmacy technician or
29 pharmacy technician trainee license or a pharmacy technician license
30 renewal by fraud, by misrepresentation or by knowingly taking advantage of
31 the mistake of another person or an agency.

32 4. ~~Denial or discipline of a~~ HAVING THE licensee's license to
33 practice as a pharmacy technician DENIED OR DISCIPLINED in another
34 jurisdiction and the license was not reinstated.

35 5. Failing to comply with the mandatory continuing professional
36 education requirements of section 32-1925, subsection H and rules adopted
37 by the board.

38 6. Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude,
39 or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense.
40 In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea
41 of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission.

42 7. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.

43 8. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating
44 to marijuana, prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous drugs,

1 controlled substances or precursor chemicals when determined by the board
2 or by conviction in a federal or state court.

3 9. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
4 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ OR pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ is or may be
5 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct
6 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the
7 practice of pharmacy.

8 10. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
9 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is or may be
10 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct
11 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the
12 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician
13 trainee.

14 11. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
15 permittee or a permittee's employee is or may be guilty of unethical
16 conduct or is or may be in violation of this chapter or a rule adopted
17 under this chapter.

18 12. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if committed
19 in this state would be grounds for discipline.

20 13. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal or
21 other document that contains false or misleading information.

22 14. Providing false or misleading information or omitting material
23 information in any communication to the board or the board's employees or
24 agents.

25 15. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or
26 assisting in or abetting in the violation of, or conspiring to violate,
27 this chapter.

28 16. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent
29 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its
30 executive director pursuant to this chapter.

31 17. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to comply in
32 a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any explanation to
33 the board for not complying with the subpoena.

34 18. Failing to report a change of the licensee's home address,
35 contact information, employer or employer's address as required by section
36 32-1926.

37 19. Failing to report a change in the licensee's residency status
38 as required by section 32-1926.01.

39 Sec. 3. Section 32-1923, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
40 read:

41 32-1923. Interns and intern preceptors; qualifications;
42 licensure; purpose of internship

43 A. A pharmacist who meets the qualifications established by the
44 board to supervise the training of a pharmacy intern ~~or a graduate intern~~

1 shall comply with the rules of the board and be known as a pharmacy intern
2 preceptor.

3 B. A person shall not act as a pharmacy intern until that person is
4 licensed by the board. An employer shall verify that a person is
5 currently licensed as a pharmacy intern before the employer allows that
6 person to act as a pharmacy intern.

7 C. The board shall establish the preliminary educational
8 qualifications for all pharmacy interns, which may include enrollment and
9 attendance in a school or college of pharmacy approved by the board. ~~The~~
10 ~~board or its designee may license as a graduate intern a graduate of a~~
11 ~~board approved college, school or program of pharmacy.~~

12 D. A pharmacy intern who is currently licensed may be employed in a
13 pharmacy or any other place approved and authorized by the board for
14 training interns and shall receive instruction in the practice of
15 pharmacy, including manufacturing, wholesaling, dispensing of drugs and
16 devices, compounding and dispensing prescription orders, clinical
17 pharmacy, providing drug information, keeping records and making reports
18 required by state and federal laws and other experience that, in the
19 discretion of the board, provides the intern with the necessary experience
20 to practice the profession of pharmacy. Pharmacy interns may compound,
21 dispense and sell drugs, devices and poisons or perform other duties of a
22 pharmacist only in the presence and under the immediate personal
23 supervision of a pharmacist.

24 E. Intern training and licensure as a pharmacy intern under this
25 section are for the purpose of acquiring practical experience in the
26 practice of the profession of pharmacy before becoming licensed as a
27 pharmacist and are not for the purpose of continued licensure under the
28 pharmacy laws. If a pharmacy intern fails to complete pharmacy education
29 within a period of six years, the intern is not eligible for relicensure
30 as an intern, ~~without~~ AN acceptable explanation to the board that the
31 intern intends to be and is working toward becoming a pharmacist.

32 F. The board may accept the experience of a pharmacy intern
33 acquired in another jurisdiction ~~upon~~ ON proper certification by the other
34 jurisdiction.

35 Sec. 4. Section 32-1925, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
36 read:

37 32-1925. Renewal of license of pharmacists, interns and
38 pharmacy technicians; fees; expiration dates;
39 penalty for failure to renew; continuing education

40 A. Except for interns and pharmacy technician trainees, the board
41 shall assign all persons who are licensed under this chapter to one of two
42 license renewal groups. Except as provided in section 32-4301, a holder
43 of a license certificate ~~ending in an even number~~ DESIGNATED IN THE
44 LICENSING DATABASE AS EVEN BY WAY OF VERBIAGE OR NUMERICAL VALUE shall
45 renew it biennially on or before November 1 of the even-numbered year, two

1 years from the last renewal date. Except as provided in section 32-4301,
2 a holder of a license certificate ~~ending in an odd number~~ DESIGNATED IN
3 THE LICENSING DATABASE AS ODD BY WAY OF VERBIAGE OR NUMERICAL VALUE shall
4 renew it biennially on or before November 1 of the odd-numbered year, two
5 years from the last renewal date. Failure to renew and pay all required
6 fees on or before November 1 of the year in which the renewal is due
7 suspends the license. The board shall vacate a suspension when the
8 licensee pays all past due fees and penalties. Penalties shall not exceed
9 three hundred fifty dollars. The board may waive collection of a fee or
10 penalty due after suspension under conditions established by a majority of
11 the board.

12 B. A person shall not apply for license renewal more than sixty
13 days before the expiration date of the license.

14 C. A person who is licensed as a pharmacist or a pharmacy
15 technician and who has not renewed the license for five consecutive years
16 shall furnish to the board satisfactory proof of fitness to be licensed as
17 a pharmacist or a pharmacy technician, in addition to the payment of all
18 past due fees and penalties before being reinstated.

19 D. Biennial renewal fees for licensure shall be not more than:

- 20 1. For a pharmacist, two hundred fifty dollars.
- 21 2. For a pharmacy technician, one hundred dollars.
- 22 3. For a duplicate renewal license, twenty-five dollars.

23 E. Fees that are designated to be not more than a maximum amount
24 shall be set by the board for the following two fiscal years beginning
25 November 1. The board shall establish fees approximately proportionate to
26 the maximum fee allowed to cover the board's anticipated expenditures for
27 the following two fiscal years. Variation in a fee is not effective
28 except at the expiration date of a license.

29 F. The board shall not renew a license for a pharmacist unless the
30 pharmacist has complied with the mandatory continuing professional
31 pharmacy education requirements of sections 32-1936 and 32-1937.

32 G. The board shall prescribe intern licensure renewal fees that do
33 not exceed seventy-five dollars. The license of an intern who does not
34 receive specific board approval to renew the intern license or who
35 receives board approval to renew but who does not renew and pay all
36 required fees before the license expiration date is suspended after the
37 license expiration date. The board shall vacate a suspension if the
38 licensee pays all past due fees and penalties. Penalties shall not exceed
39 three hundred fifty dollars. The board may waive collection of a fee or
40 penalty due after suspension under conditions established by the board.

41 H. The board shall not renew a license for a pharmacy technician
42 unless that person has a current board-approved license and has complied
43 with board-approved mandatory continuing professional education
44 requirements.

1 Sec. 5. Section 32-1927, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
2 read:
3 32-1927. Pharmacists; pharmacy interns; disciplinary action
4 A. A pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ is subject
5 to disciplinary action by the board for any of the following:
6 1. The board determines that the licensee has committed an act of
7 unprofessional conduct.
8 2. The licensee is found by psychiatric examination to be mentally
9 unfit to practice the profession of pharmacy.
10 3. The licensee is found to be physically or mentally incapacitated
11 to such a degree as to render the licensee unfit to practice the
12 profession of pharmacy.
13 4. The licensee is found to be professionally incompetent to such a
14 degree as to render the licensee unfit to practice the profession of
15 pharmacy.
16 5. The license was issued through error.
17 B. A pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ who after a
18 formal hearing is found by the board to be guilty of unprofessional
19 conduct, to be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the
20 practice of pharmacy or to be professionally incompetent is subject to any
21 one or combination of the following:
22 1. A civil penalty of not to exceed one thousand dollars for each
23 violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.
24 2. A letter of reprimand.
25 3. A decree of censure.
26 4. Completion of ~~board designated~~ BOARD-DESIGNATED continuing
27 pharmaceutical education courses.
28 5. Probation.
29 6. Suspension or revocation of the license.
30 C. The board may charge the costs of formal hearings to the
31 licensee whom it finds to be in violation of this chapter or a rule
32 adopted under this chapter.
33 D. The board on its own motion may investigate any evidence that
34 appears to show that a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~
35 is or may be professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of
36 unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or physically unable
37 safely to engage in the practice of pharmacy. Any person may, and a
38 licensee or permittee of the board must, report to the board any
39 information that appears to show that a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or~~
40 ~~graduate intern~~ is or may be professionally incompetent, is or may be
41 guilty of unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or physically
42 unable safely to engage in the practice of pharmacy. The board or the
43 executive director shall notify the pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or~~
44 ~~graduate intern~~ as to the content of the complaint as soon as reasonable.
45 Any person or entity that reports or provides information to the board in

1 good faith is not subject to an action for civil damages. It is an act of
2 unprofessional conduct for any pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate~~
3 ~~intern~~ to fail to report as required by this subsection.

4 E. The pharmacy permittee or pharmacist in charge of a pharmacy
5 located in this state must inform the board if a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy
6 intern ~~or graduate intern~~ employed by the pharmacy is terminated because
7 of actions by the pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ that
8 appear to show that the pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~
9 is or may be professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of
10 unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or physically unable
11 safely to engage in the practice of pharmacy, along with a general
12 statement of the reasons that led the pharmacy to take the action. The
13 pharmacy permittee or pharmacist in charge of a pharmacy located in this
14 state must inform the board if a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or~~
15 ~~graduate intern~~ under investigation resigns or if a pharmacist, ~~OR~~
16 pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ resigns in lieu of disciplinary action
17 by the pharmacy. Notification must include a general statement of the
18 reasons for the resignation. A person who reports information in good
19 faith pursuant to this subsection is not subject to civil liability.

20 F. The board or, if delegated by the board, the executive director
21 shall require any combination of mental, physical, psychological,
22 psychiatric or medical competency examinations or pharmacist licensure
23 examinations and conduct necessary investigations including
24 investigational interviews between representatives of the board and the
25 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ to fully inform itself
26 about any information filed with the board under this section. These
27 examinations may also include biological fluid testing. The board may
28 require the pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~, at that
29 person's expense, to undergo assessment by a ~~board approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED
30 substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation program.

31 G. If after completing its investigation the board finds that the
32 information provided pursuant to this section is not of sufficient
33 seriousness to merit disciplinary action against the license of the
34 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~, the board may take any
35 of the following actions:

- 36 1. Dismiss if the complaint is without merit.
- 37 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee may file a written
38 response with the board within thirty days after receiving the advisory
39 letter.
- 40 3. Require the licensee to complete ~~board designated~~
41 BOARD-DESIGNATED continuing pharmaceutical education courses.

42 H. The board shall not disclose the name of the person who provides
43 information regarding a licensee's drug or alcohol impairment or the name
44 of the person who files a complaint if that person requests anonymity.

1 I. If after completing its investigation the board believes that
2 the information is or may be true, it may request a conference with the
3 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~. If the
4 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ refuses the invitation
5 for a conference and the investigation indicates that grounds may exist
6 for revocation or suspension of a license, probation, issuance of a decree
7 of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil penalty, the
8 board shall issue a formal notice that a hearing be held pursuant to title
9 41, chapter 6, article 10.

10 J. If through information provided pursuant to this section or by
11 other means the board finds that the protection of the public health,
12 welfare and safety requires emergency action against the license of a
13 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~, the board may restrict
14 a license or order a summary suspension of a license pending proceedings
15 for revocation or other action. If the board acts pursuant to this
16 subsection, the board shall also serve the licensee with a written notice
17 of complaint and formal hearing that sets forth the charges and licensee's
18 right to a formal hearing before the board or an administrative law judge
19 on the charges within sixty days pursuant to title 41, chapter 6,
20 article 10.

21 K. If after completing the conference the board finds the
22 information provided pursuant to this section is not of sufficient
23 seriousness to merit revocation or suspension of a license, probation,
24 issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of
25 a civil penalty, it may take the following actions:

26 1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.

27 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee may file a written
28 response with the board within thirty days after the licensee receives the
29 advisory letter.

30 3. Require the licensee to complete ~~board designated~~
31 BOARD-DESIGNATED continuing pharmaceutical education courses.

32 L. If during a conference the board finds that the information
33 provided pursuant to this section indicates that grounds may exist for
34 revocation or suspension of a license, probation, issuance of a decree of
35 censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil penalty, it may
36 take the following actions:

37 1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.

38 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee may file a written
39 response with the board within thirty days after the licensee receives the
40 advisory letter.

41 3. Require the licensee to complete ~~board designated~~
42 BOARD-DESIGNATED continuing pharmaceutical education courses.

43 4. Enter into an agreement with the licensee to discipline the
44 licensee, restrict the licensee's practice or professional activities or
45 rehabilitate, retrain or assess the licensee in order to protect the

1 public and ensure the licensee's ability to safely engage in the practice
2 of pharmacy. The agreement may include at least the following:

- 3 (a) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.
4 (b) Issuance of a decree of censure.
5 (c) Practice or professional restrictions, such as not acting as a
6 pharmacist in charge or pharmacy intern preceptor or working with another
7 pharmacist.
8 (d) Rehabilitative, retraining or assessment programs, including:
9 (i) ~~Board approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED community service.
10 (ii) Successful completion of additional ~~board-designated~~
11 BOARD-DESIGNATED continuing pharmaceutical education courses.
12 (iii) Successful passage of ~~board-approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED
13 pharmacist licensure examinations.
14 (iv) Successful completion of a ~~board-approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED
15 substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation program at the licensee's own
16 expense.
17 (e) A civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars for each
18 violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.
19 (f) A period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the
20 public health and safety and rehabilitate or educate the licensee
21 concerned. Probation may include temporary suspension and any or all of
22 the disciplinary actions, practice or professional restrictions,
23 rehabilitative, retraining or assessment programs listed in this section
24 or any other program agreed to by the board and the licensee.

25 M. If the board finds that the information provided pursuant to
26 this section and additional information provided during the conference
27 warrants revocation or suspension of a license, probation, issuance of a
28 decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil
29 penalty, it shall initiate formal proceedings pursuant to title 41,
30 chapter 6, article 10.

31 N. If the licensee wishes to be present at the formal hearing in
32 person or by representation, or both, the licensee must file with the
33 board an answer to the charges in the notice of hearing. The answer must
34 be in writing, be verified under oath and be filed within thirty days
35 after service of the notice of hearing. Failure to answer the board's
36 notice of hearing is deemed an admission of the charges in the notice of
37 hearing.

38 O. An advisory letter is a nondisciplinary public document.

39 P. If the board during an investigation determines that a criminal
40 violation might have occurred, it shall disclose its investigative
41 evidence and information to the appropriate criminal justice agency for
42 its consideration.

43 Q. In determining the appropriate disciplinary action under this
44 section, the board shall consider all previous nondisciplinary and
45 disciplinary actions against a licensee.

1 R. The board may deny a license to an applicant for the grounds
2 prescribed in subsection A of this section.

3 S. A person WHO IS licensed pursuant to this chapter or by any
4 other jurisdiction AND who has a license revoked or suspended shall not
5 obtain a license as a pharmacy intern, ~~graduate intern~~, pharmacy
6 technician or pharmacy technician trainee or work as a pharmacy intern,
7 ~~graduate intern~~, pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee
8 without the approval of the board or its designee.

9 Sec. 6. Section 32-1927.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
10 read:

11 32-1927.02. Permittees; disciplinary action

12 A. The board may discipline a permittee if:

13 1. The board determines that the permittee or permittee's employee
14 is guilty of unethical conduct pursuant to section 32-1901.01,
15 subsection A.

16 2. Pursuant to a psychiatric examination, the permittee or the
17 permittee's employee is found to be mentally unfit to safely engage in
18 employment duties.

19 3. The board determines that the permittee or the permittee's
20 employee is physically or mentally incapacitated to such a degree as to
21 render the permittee or permittee's employee unfit to safely engage in
22 employment duties.

23 4. The permit was issued through error.

24 5. A permittee or permittee's employee allows a person who does not
25 possess a current license issued by the board to work as a pharmacist,
26 pharmacy intern, ~~graduate intern~~, pharmacy technician or pharmacy
27 technician trainee.

28 B. A permittee who after a formal hearing is found by the board to
29 be guilty of unethical conduct, to be mentally or physically unable safely
30 to engage in employment duties or to be in violation of this chapter or a
31 rule adopted under this chapter or whose employee after a formal hearing
32 is found by the board to be guilty of unethical conduct, to be mentally or
33 physically unable safely to engage in employment duties or to be in
34 violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter is subject
35 to any one or combination of the following:

36 1. A civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars for each
37 violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

38 2. A letter of reprimand.

39 3. A decree of censure.

40 4. Completion of ~~board designated~~ BOARD-DESIGNATED pharmacy law
41 continuing education courses.

42 5. Probation.

43 6. Suspension or revocation of the permit.

44 C. The board may charge the costs of formal hearings to the
45 permittee whom it finds to be in violation of this chapter or a rule

1 adopted under this chapter or whose employee it finds to be in violation
2 of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

3 D. The board on its own motion may investigate any evidence that
4 appears to show that a permittee or permittee's employee is or may be
5 guilty of unethical conduct, is or may be mentally or physically unable
6 safely to engage in employment duties or is or may be in violation of this
7 chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter. Any person may, and any
8 licensee or permittee must, report to the board any information that
9 appears to show that a permittee or permittee's employee is or may be
10 guilty of unethical conduct, is or may be mentally or physically unable
11 safely to engage in employment duties or is or may be in violation of this
12 chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter. The board or the executive
13 director shall notify the permittee as to the content of the complaint as
14 soon as reasonable. Any person or entity that reports or provides
15 information to the board in good faith is not subject to an action for
16 civil damages. It is an act of unethical conduct for any permittee to
17 fail to report as required by this subsection.

18 E. The board or, if delegated by the board, the executive director
19 shall require any combination of mental, physical, psychological,
20 psychiatric or medical competency examinations and conduct necessary
21 investigations including investigational interviews between
22 representatives of the board and the permittee or permittee's employee to
23 fully inform itself about any information filed with the board under
24 subsection D of this section. These examinations may also include
25 biological fluid testing. The board may require the permittee or
26 permittee's employee, at that person's expense, to undergo assessment by a
27 ~~board approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation
28 program.

29 F. If after completing its investigation the board finds that the
30 information provided pursuant to subsection D of this section is not of
31 sufficient seriousness to merit disciplinary action against the permit,
32 the board may take any of the following actions:

- 33 1. Dismiss if the complaint is without merit.
- 34 2. File an advisory letter. The permittee may file a written
35 response with the board within thirty days after receiving the advisory
36 letter.
- 37 3. Require the permittee to complete ~~board designated~~
38 BOARD-DESIGNATED pharmacy law continuing education courses.

39 G. The board shall not disclose the name of the person who provides
40 information regarding a permittee's or permittee's employee's drug or
41 alcohol impairment or the name of the person who files a complaint if that
42 person requests anonymity.

43 H. If after completing its investigation the board believes that
44 the information is or may be true, it may request a conference with the
45 permittee or permittee's employee. If the permittee or permittee's

1 employee refuses the invitation for a conference and the investigation
2 indicates that grounds may exist for revocation or suspension of a permit,
3 probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or
4 imposition of a civil penalty, the board shall issue a formal notice that
5 a hearing be held pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

6 I. If through information provided pursuant to subsection D of this
7 section or by other means the board finds that the protection of the
8 public health, welfare and safety requires emergency action against the
9 permit, the board may restrict a permit or order a summary suspension of a
10 permit pending proceedings for revocation or other action. If the board
11 acts pursuant to this subsection, the board shall also serve the permittee
12 with a written notice of complaint and formal hearing that sets forth the
13 charges and the permittee's right to a formal hearing on the charges
14 before the board or an administrative law judge within sixty days pursuant
15 to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

16 J. If after completing the conference the board finds the
17 information provided pursuant to subsection D of this section is not of
18 sufficient seriousness to merit revocation or suspension of a permit,
19 probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or
20 imposition of a civil penalty, it may take the following actions:

21 1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.

22 2. File an advisory letter. The permittee may file a written
23 response with the board within thirty days after receiving the advisory
24 letter.

25 3. Require the permittee to complete ~~board-designated~~
26 BOARD-DESIGNATED pharmacy law continuing education courses.

27 K. If during a conference the board finds that the information
28 provided pursuant to subsection D of this section indicates that grounds
29 may exist for revocation or suspension of a permit, probation, issuance of
30 a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil
31 penalty, it may take the following actions:

32 1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.

33 2. File an advisory letter. The permittee may file a written
34 response with the board within thirty days after the permittee receives
35 the advisory letter.

36 3. Require the permittee to complete ~~board-designated~~
37 BOARD-DESIGNATED pharmacy law continuing education courses.

38 4. Enter into an agreement with the permittee to discipline the
39 permittee, restrict the permittee's business activities or rehabilitate or
40 assess the permittee in order to protect the public and ensure the
41 permittee's ability to safely engage in employment duties. The agreement
42 may include, at a minimum, the following disciplinary actions, business
43 activity restrictions and rehabilitative or assessment programs:

44 (a) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.

45 (b) Issuance of a decree of censure.

1 (c) Business activity restrictions, including limitations on the
2 number, type, classification or schedule of drug, device, poison,
3 hazardous substance, controlled substance or precursor chemical that may
4 be manufactured, sold, distributed or dispensed.

5 (d) Successful completion of ~~board-designated~~ BOARD-DESIGNATED
6 pharmacy law continuing education courses.

7 (e) Rehabilitative or assessment programs, including ~~board-approved~~
8 BOARD-APPROVED community service or successful completion of a ~~board~~
9 ~~approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation
10 program at the permittee's own expense.

11 (f) A civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars for each
12 violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

13 (g) A period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the
14 public health and safety and rehabilitate or assess the permittee
15 concerned. Probation may include temporary suspension and any or all of
16 the disciplinary actions, business practice restrictions, rehabilitative
17 or assessment programs listed in this section or any other program agreed
18 to by the board and the permittee.

19 L. If the board finds that the information provided pursuant to
20 subsection D of this section and additional information provided during
21 the conference ~~indicates~~ INDICATE that grounds may exist for revocation or
22 suspension of a permit, probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a
23 letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil penalty, it shall initiate
24 formal proceedings pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

25 M. If the permittee wishes to be present at the formal hearing in
26 person or by representation, or both, the permittee must file with the
27 board an answer to the charges in the notice of hearing. The answer must
28 be in writing, be verified under oath and be filed within thirty days
29 after service of the notice of hearing. Failure to answer the board's
30 notice of hearing is deemed an admission of the charges in the notice of
31 hearing.

32 N. If the board, during any investigation, determines that a
33 criminal violation might have occurred, it shall disclose its
34 investigative evidence and information to the appropriate criminal justice
35 agency for its consideration.

36 O. In determining the appropriate disciplinary action under this
37 section, the board shall consider all previous nondisciplinary and
38 disciplinary actions against a permittee.

39 P. The board may deny a permit to an applicant for the grounds
40 prescribed in subsection A of this section.

41 Q. IF THE BOARD APPROVES A PERMIT AND THE BUSINESS FAILS TO BECOME
42 OPERATIONAL WITHIN NINE MONTHS AFTER THE DATE THE PERMIT IS GRANTED, THE
43 PERMIT IS NO LONGER VALID. THE BOARD MAY GRANT A ONETIME EXTENSION FOR
44 THE BUSINESS TO BECOME OPERATIONAL.

1 Sec. 7. Section 32-1931, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
2 read:

3 32-1931. Permit fees; issuance; expiration; renewals; online
4 profiles

5 A. The board shall assign the permit of all persons or firms issued
6 under this chapter to one of two permit renewal groups. Except as
7 provided in section 32-4301, a holder of a permit ~~ending in an even number~~
8 **DESIGNATED IN THE LICENSING DATABASE AS EVEN BY WAY OF VERBIAGE OR**
9 **NUMERICAL VALUE** shall renew it biennially on or before November 1 of the
10 even-numbered year, two years from the last renewal date. Except as
11 provided in section 32-4301, a holder of a permit ~~ending in an odd number~~
12 **DESIGNATED IN THE LICENSING DATABASE AS ODD BY WAY OF VERBIAGE OR**
13 **NUMERICAL VALUE** shall renew it biennially on or before November 1 of the
14 odd-numbered year, two years from the last renewal date. Failure to renew
15 and pay all required fees on or before November 1 of the year in which the
16 renewal is due suspends the permit. The board shall vacate a suspension
17 when the permittee pays penalties of not to exceed three hundred fifty
18 dollars and all past due fees. The board may waive collection of a fee or
19 penalty due after suspension under conditions established by a majority of
20 the board.

21 B. Permit fees that are designated to be not more than a maximum
22 amount shall be set by the board for the following two fiscal years
23 beginning November 1. The board shall establish the fees approximately
24 proportionate to the maximum fee allowed to cover the board's anticipated
25 expenditures for the following two fiscal years. Variation in a fee is not
26 effective except at the expiration date of the permit.

27 C. Applications for permits shall be accompanied by the following
28 biennial fees as determined by subsection B of this section:

29 1. A nonprescription drug permit, not more than two hundred
30 dollars. Permittees stocking thirty different nonprescription drug
31 products or less shall be classified as category I retailers. Permittees
32 stocking more than thirty different nonprescription drug products shall be
33 classified as category II retailers. Both categories are subject to
34 biennial permit fees established by the board pursuant to this chapter.

35 2. A drug manufacturer's permit, not more than one thousand
36 dollars.

37 3. A pharmacy permit, not more than five hundred dollars.

38 4. A limited service pharmacy permit, not more than five hundred
39 dollars.

40 5. A full service wholesale drug permit or a third-party logistics
41 provider permit, not more than one thousand dollars.

42 6. A nonprescription drug wholesale permit, not more than five
43 hundred dollars.

44 7. A drug repackager's permit, not more than one thousand dollars.

1 8. A compressed medical gas distributor permit, not more than two
2 hundred dollars.

3 9. A durable medical equipment and compressed medical gas supplier
4 permit, not more than one hundred dollars.

5 D. If an applicant is found to be satisfactory to the board, the
6 executive director shall issue to the applicant a permit for each
7 pharmacy, manufacturer, wholesaler or other place of business in which
8 drugs are sold, manufactured, compounded, dispensed, stocked, exposed or
9 offered for sale, for which application is made.

10 E. Permits issued under this section are not transferable.

11 F. If a permittee does not apply for renewal, the permit expires
12 pursuant to subsection A of this section. A person may activate and renew
13 an expired permit by filing the required application and fee. Renewal
14 thirty days after the expiration date of a permit may be made only on
15 payment of the required biennial renewal fee, all past due fees and a
16 penalty of one-half of the amount of the applicable biennial renewal fee.
17 The board may waive the collection of a fee or penalty due after
18 suspension pursuant to conditions prescribed by the board.

19 G. A permittee shall create an online profile using the board's
20 licensing software.

21 Sec. 8. Section 36-2525, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
22 read:

23 36-2525. Prescription orders; labels

24 A. In addition to the requirements of section 32-1968 pertaining to
25 prescription orders for prescription-only drugs, the prescription order
26 for a controlled substance shall bear the name, address and federal
27 registration number of the prescriber. A prescription order for a
28 schedule II controlled substance drug other than a hospital drug order for
29 a hospital inpatient shall contain only one drug order per prescription
30 blank. If authorized verbally by the prescriber, the pharmacist may make
31 changes to correct errors or omissions made by the prescriber on the
32 following parts of a written schedule II controlled substance prescription
33 order:

- 34 1. The date issued.
- 35 2. The strength, dosage form or quantity of drug.
- 36 3. The directions for its use.

37 B. The pharmacist must document on the original prescription order
38 the changes that were made pursuant to the verbal authorization and record
39 the time and date the authorization was granted.

40 C. A person who is registered to dispense controlled substances
41 under this chapter must keep and maintain prescription orders for
42 controlled substances as follows:

- 43 1. Prescription orders for controlled substances listed in
44 schedules I and II must be maintained in a separate prescription file for
45 controlled substances listed in schedules I and II only.

1 2. Prescription orders for controlled substances listed in
2 schedules III, IV and V must be maintained either in a separate
3 prescription file for controlled substances listed in schedules III, IV
4 and V only or in a form that allows them to be readily retrievable from
5 the other prescription records of the registrant. For the purposes of
6 this paragraph, "readily retrievable" means that, when the prescription is
7 initially filed, the face of the prescription is stamped in red ink in the
8 lower right corner with the letter "C" in a font that is not less than one
9 inch high and that the prescription is filed in the usual consecutively
10 numbered prescription file for noncontrolled substance prescriptions. The
11 requirement to stamp the hard copy prescription with a red "C" is waived
12 if a registrant employs an electronic data processing system or other
13 electronic recordkeeping system for prescriptions that permits
14 identification by prescription number and retrieval of original documents
15 by the prescriber's name, patient's name, drug dispensed and date filled.

16 D. Except in emergency situations in conformity with subsection E
17 of this section, under the conditions specified in subsections F and G of
18 this section or when dispensed directly by a medical practitioner to an
19 ultimate user, a controlled substance in schedule II shall not be
20 dispensed without either the written prescription order in ink or
21 indelible pencil or typewritten and manually signed by the medical
22 practitioner or an electronic prescription order as prescribed by federal
23 law or regulation. A prescription order for a schedule II substance shall
24 not be dispensed more than ninety days after the date on which the
25 prescription order was issued. A limited service pharmacy as defined in
26 section 32-1901 may sell and dispense a schedule II substance prescribed
27 by a medical practitioner who is located in another state if the
28 prescription was issued to the patient according to and in compliance with
29 the applicable laws of the state of the prescribing medical practitioner
30 and federal law. A prescription order for a schedule II substance shall
31 not be refilled.

32 E. In emergency situations, emergency quantities of schedule II
33 substances may be dispensed on an oral prescription order of a medical
34 practitioner. Such an emergency prescription order shall be immediately
35 reduced to writing by the pharmacist and shall contain all the information
36 required for schedule II drugs except for the manual signing of the order
37 by the medical practitioner. Within seven days after authorizing an
38 emergency oral prescription order, the prescribing medical practitioner
39 shall cause a written prescription order manually signed for the emergency
40 quantity prescribed to be delivered to the dispensing pharmacist or an
41 electronic prescription order to be transmitted to the pharmacist. In
42 addition to conforming to other requirements for prescription orders for
43 schedule II substances, it shall indicate electronically or have written
44 on its face "authorization for emergency dispensing" and the date of the
45 oral order. If the prescribing medical practitioner fails to deliver such

1 an emergency prescription order within seven days in conformance with
2 board rules, the pharmacist shall notify the board. Failure of the
3 pharmacist to notify the board shall void the authority conferred by this
4 subsection to dispense without a written, ~~manually-signed~~ MANUALLY SIGNED
5 prescription order of a medical practitioner.

6 F. The following may be transmitted to a pharmacy by fax by a
7 patient's medical practitioner or the medical practitioner's agent:

8 1. A prescription order written for a schedule II controlled
9 substance to be compounded for the direct administration to a patient by
10 parenteral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or intraspinal
11 infusion.

12 2. A prescription order written for any schedule II controlled
13 substance for a resident of a long-term care facility.

14 3. A prescription order written for a schedule II controlled
15 substance for a patient enrolled in a hospice care program that is
16 certified or paid for by medicare under title XVIII or a hospice program
17 that is licensed by this state. The medical practitioner or the medical
18 practitioner's agent must note on the prescription that the patient is a
19 hospice patient.

20 G. A fax transmitted pursuant to subsection F of this section is
21 the original written prescription order for purposes of this section and
22 must be maintained as required by subsection C of this section.

23 H. Except when dispensed directly by a medical practitioner to an
24 ultimate user, a controlled substance included in schedule III or IV that
25 requires a prescription order as determined under state or federal laws
26 shall not be dispensed without a written or oral prescription order of a
27 medical practitioner or an electronic prescription order as prescribed by
28 federal law or regulation. The prescription order shall not be filled or
29 refilled more than six months after the date on which the prescription
30 order was issued. A prescription order authorized to be refilled shall
31 not be refilled more than five times. Additional quantities may only be
32 authorized by the prescribing medical practitioner through issuance of a
33 new prescription order that shall be treated by the pharmacist as a new
34 and separate prescription order.

35 I. Except when dispensed directly by a medical practitioner to an
36 ultimate user, a controlled substance that is included in schedule V and
37 that requires a prescription order as determined under state or federal
38 laws shall not be dispensed without a written or oral prescription order
39 of a medical practitioner. The prescription order may be refilled as
40 authorized by the prescribing medical practitioner but shall not be filled
41 or refilled more than one year after the date of issuance.

42 J. A controlled substance that is listed in schedule III, IV or V
43 and that does not require a prescription order as determined under state
44 or federal laws may be dispensed at retail by a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ OR a pharmacy
45 intern ~~or a graduate intern~~ under the pharmacist's supervision without a

1 prescription order to a purchaser who is at least eighteen years of age if
2 all of the following are true:

3 1. It is for a legitimate medical purpose.

4 2. Not more than two hundred forty cubic centimeters (eight ounces)
5 of any such controlled substance containing opium, nor more than one
6 hundred twenty cubic centimeters (four ounces) of any other such
7 controlled substance, nor more than forty-eight dosage units of any such
8 controlled substance containing opium, nor more than twenty-four dosage
9 units of any other controlled substance may be dispensed at retail to the
10 same purchaser in any given forty-eight-hour period.

11 3. No more than one hundred dosage units of any single active
12 ingredient ephedrine preparation may be sold, offered for sale, bartered
13 or given away to any one person in any one thirty-day period.

14 4. The pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ requires
15 every purchaser of a controlled substance under this subsection WHO IS not
16 known to that person to furnish suitable identification, including proof
17 of age ~~where~~ IF appropriate.

18 5. A bound record book for dispensing controlled substances under
19 this subsection is maintained by the pharmacist and contains the name and
20 address of the purchaser, the name and quantity of the controlled
21 substance purchased, the date of each purchase and the name or initials of
22 the pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ who dispensed the
23 substance to the purchaser. ~~Such~~ THE book shall be maintained in
24 conformity with the recordkeeping requirements of section 36-2523.

25 K. In the absence of a law requiring a prescription for a schedule
26 V controlled substance, the board, by rules, may require, or remove the
27 requirement of, a prescription order for a schedule V controlled
28 substance.

29 L. The label on a container of a controlled substance directly
30 dispensed by a medical practitioner or pharmacist, not for the immediate
31 administration to the ultimate user, such as a bed patient in a hospital,
32 shall bear the name and address of the dispensing medical practitioner or
33 pharmacist, the serial number, the date of dispensing, the name of the
34 prescriber, the name of the patient or, if an animal, the name of the
35 owner of the animal and the species of the animal, the directions for use
36 and cautionary statements, if any, contained in the prescription order or
37 required by law. If the controlled substance is included in schedule II,
38 III or IV, the label shall bear a transfer warning to the effect:
39 "Caution: federal law prohibits the transfer of this drug to any person
40 other than the patient for whom it was prescribed".

41 M. Controlled substances in schedules II, III, IV and V may be
42 dispensed as electronically transmitted prescriptions if the prescribing
43 medical practitioner is all of the following:

44 1. Properly registered by the United States drug enforcement
45 administration.

- 1 2. Licensed in good standing in the United States jurisdiction in
- 2 which the medical practitioner practices.
- 3 3. Authorized to issue such prescriptions in the jurisdiction in
- 4 which the medical practitioner is licensed.
- 5 N. The board, by rule, may provide additional requirements for
- 6 prescribing and dispensing controlled substances.