

State of Arizona  
House of Representatives  
Fifty-third Legislature  
Second Regular Session  
2018

**CHAPTER 228**  
**HOUSE BILL 2041**

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 32-1901, 32-1901.01, 32-1923, 32-1925, 32-1927, 32-1927.02 AND 32-1931, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTION 36-2525, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2018, FIRST SPECIAL SESSION, CHAPTER 1, SECTION 37; RELATING TO THE ARIZONA STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

2 Section 1. Section 32-1901, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to  
3 read:

4 32-1901. Definitions

5 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

6 1. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled  
7 substance, prescription-only drug, dangerous drug or narcotic drug,  
8 whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means, to the  
9 body of a patient or research subject by a practitioner or by the  
10 practitioner's authorized agent or the patient or research subject at the  
11 direction of the practitioner.

12 2. "Advertisement" means all representations disseminated in any  
13 manner or by any means, other than by labeling, for the purpose of  
14 inducing, or that are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the  
15 purchase of drugs, devices, poisons or hazardous substances.

16 3. "Advisory letter" means a nondisciplinary letter to notify a  
17 licensee or permittee that either:

18 (a) While there is insufficient evidence to support disciplinary  
19 action, the board believes that continuation of the activities that led to  
20 the investigation may result in further board action against the licensee  
21 or permittee.

22 (b) The violation is a minor or technical violation that is not of  
23 sufficient merit to warrant disciplinary action.

24 (c) While the licensee or permittee has demonstrated substantial  
25 compliance through rehabilitation, remediation or reeducation that has  
26 mitigated the need for disciplinary action, the board believes that  
27 repetition of the activities that led to the investigation may result in  
28 further board action against the licensee or permittee.

29 4. "Antiseptic", if a drug is represented as such on its label,  
30 means a representation that it is a germicide, except in the case of a  
31 drug purporting to be, or represented as, an antiseptic for inhibitory use  
32 as a wet dressing, ointment or dusting powder or other use that involves  
33 prolonged contact with the body.

34 5. "Authorized officers of the law" means legally empowered peace  
35 officers, compliance officers of the board of pharmacy and agents of the  
36 division of narcotics enforcement and criminal intelligence of the  
37 department of public safety.

38 6. "Board" or "board of pharmacy" means the Arizona state board of  
39 pharmacy.

40 7. "Certificate of composition" means a list of a product's  
41 ingredients.

42 8. "Certificate of free sale" means a document that authenticates a  
43 product that is generally and freely sold in domestic or international  
44 channels of trade.

45 9. "Color additive" means a material that either:

1 (a) Is any dye, pigment or other substance made by a process of  
2 synthesis or similar artifice, or extracted, isolated or otherwise  
3 derived, with or without intermediate or final change of identity, from  
4 any vegetable, animal, mineral or other source.

5 (b) If added or applied to a drug, or to the human body or any part  
6 of the human body, is capable of imparting color, except that color  
7 additive does not include any material that has been or may be exempted  
8 under the federal act. Color includes black, white and intermediate  
9 grays.

10 10. "Compounding" means the preparation, mixing, assembling,  
11 packaging or labeling of a drug by a pharmacist or an intern or pharmacy  
12 technician under the pharmacist's supervision, for the purpose of  
13 dispensing to a patient based on a valid prescription order. Compounding  
14 includes the preparation of drugs in anticipation of prescription orders  
15 prepared on routine, regularly observed prescribing patterns and the  
16 preparation of drugs as an incident to research, teaching or chemical  
17 analysis or for administration by a medical practitioner to the medical  
18 practitioner's patient and not for sale or dispensing. Compounding does  
19 not include the preparation of commercially available products from bulk  
20 compounds or the preparation of drugs for sale to pharmacies,  
21 practitioners or entities for the purpose of dispensing or distribution.

22 11. "Compressed medical gas distributor" means a person who holds a  
23 current permit issued by the board to distribute compressed medical gases  
24 pursuant to a compressed medical gas order to compressed medical gas  
25 suppliers and other entities that are registered, licensed or permitted to  
26 use, administer or distribute compressed medical gases.

27 12. "Compressed medical gases" means gases and liquid oxygen that a  
28 compressed medical gas distributor or manufacturer has labeled in  
29 compliance with federal law.

30 13. "Compressed medical gas order" means an order for compressed  
31 medical gases that is issued by a medical practitioner.

32 14. "Compressed medical gas supplier" means a person who holds a  
33 current permit issued by the board to supply compressed medical gases  
34 pursuant to a compressed medical gas order and only to the consumer or the  
35 patient.

36 15. "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance or immediate  
37 precursor that is identified, defined or listed in title 36, chapter 27,  
38 article 2.

39 16. "Corrosive" means any substance that when it comes in contact  
40 with living tissue will cause destruction of tissue by chemical action.

41 17. "Counterfeit drug" means a drug that, or the container or  
42 labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name  
43 or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness of  
44 these, of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the person  
45 who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed that drug.

1           18. "Dangerous drug" has the same meaning prescribed in section  
2 13-3401.

3           19. "Decree of censure" means an official action that is taken by  
4 the board and that may include a requirement for restitution of fees to a  
5 patient or consumer.

6           20. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or  
7 attempted transfer from one person to another whether or not there is an  
8 agency relationship.

9           21. "Deputy director" means a pharmacist who is employed by the  
10 board and selected by the executive director to perform duties as  
11 prescribed by the executive director.

12           22. "Device", except as used in paragraph 17 of this section,  
13 section 32-1965, paragraph 4 and section 32-1967, subsection A, paragraph  
14 15 and subsection C, means instruments, ~~apparatus~~ APPARATUSES and  
15 contrivances, including their components, parts and accessories, including  
16 all such items under the federal act, intended either:

17           (a) For use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or  
18 prevention of disease in the human body or other animals.

19           (b) To affect the structure or any function of the human body or  
20 other animals.

21           23. "Director" means the director of the division of narcotics  
22 enforcement and criminal investigation of the department of public safety.

23           24. "Direct supervision of a pharmacist" means the pharmacist is  
24 present. If relating to the sale of certain items, direct supervision of  
25 a pharmacist means that a pharmacist determines the legitimacy or  
26 advisability of a proposed purchase of those items.

27           25. "Dispense" means to deliver to an ultimate user or research  
28 subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including  
29 the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling or compounding  
30 necessary to prepare for that delivery.

31           26. "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.

32           27. "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by administering or  
33 dispensing.

34           28. "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

35           29. "Drug" means:

36           (a) Articles recognized, or for which standards or specifications  
37 are prescribed, in the official compendium.

38           (b) Articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,  
39 treatment or prevention of disease in the human body or other animals.

40           (c) Articles other than food intended to affect the structure or  
41 any function of the human body or other animals.

42           (d) Articles intended for use as a component of any articles  
43 specified in subdivision (a), (b) or (c) of this paragraph but does not  
44 include devices or their components, parts or accessories.

1           30. "Drug enforcement administration" means the drug enforcement  
2 administration of the United States department of justice or its successor  
3 agency.

4           31. "Drug or device manufacturing" means the production,  
5 preparation, propagation or processing of a drug or device, either  
6 directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin or  
7 independently by means of chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or  
8 repackaging of substances or labeling or relabeling of its container and  
9 the promotion and marketing of the same. Drug or device manufacturing  
10 does not include compounding.

11           32. "Economic poison" means any substance that alone, in chemical  
12 combination WITH or in formulation with one or more other substances is a  
13 pesticide within the meaning of the laws of this state or the federal  
14 insecticide, fungicide and rodenticide act and that is used in the  
15 production, storage or transportation of raw agricultural commodities.

16           33. "Enteral feeding" means nourishment provided by means of a tube  
17 inserted into the stomach or intestine.

18           34. "Established name", with respect to a drug or ingredient of a  
19 drug, means any of the following:

20           (a) The applicable official name.

21           (b) If there is no such name and the drug or ingredient is an  
22 article recognized in an official compendium, the official title in an  
23 official compendium.

24           (c) If neither subdivision (a) nor (b) of this paragraph applies,  
25 the common or usual name of ~~such~~ THE drug.

26           35. "Executive director" means the executive director of the board  
27 of pharmacy.

28           36. "Federal act" means the federal laws and regulations that  
29 pertain to drugs, devices, poisons and hazardous substances and that are  
30 official at the time any drug, device, poison or hazardous substance is  
31 affected by this chapter.

32           37. "Full service wholesale permittee":

33           (a) Means a permittee who may distribute prescription-only drugs  
34 and devices, controlled substances and over-the-counter drugs and devices  
35 to pharmacies or other legal outlets from a place devoted in whole or in  
36 part to wholesaling these items.

37           (b) Includes a virtual wholesaler as defined in rule by the board.

38           38. "Good manufacturing practice" means a system for ensuring that  
39 products are consistently produced and controlled according to quality  
40 standards and covering all aspects of design, monitoring and control of  
41 manufacturing processes and facilities to ensure that products do not pose  
42 any risk to the consumer or public.

43           ~~39. "Graduate intern" means a person who has graduated from a~~  
44 ~~college, school or program of pharmacy approved by the board and who meets~~

~~the qualifications and experience for a pharmacy intern as provided in section 32-1923.~~

~~40.~~ 39. "Highly toxic" means any substance that falls within any of the following categories:

(a) Produces death within fourteen days in half or more than half of a group of ten or more laboratory white rats each weighing between two hundred and three hundred grams, at a single dose of fifty milligrams or less per kilogram of body weight, when orally administered.

(b) Produces death within fourteen days in half or more than half of a group of ten or more laboratory white rats each weighing between two hundred and three hundred grams, if inhaled continuously for a period of one hour or less at an atmospheric concentration of two hundred parts per million by volume or less of gas or vapor or two milligrams per liter by volume or less of mist or dust, provided the concentration is likely to be encountered by humans if the substance is used in any reasonably foreseeable manner.

(c) Produces death within fourteen days in half or more than half of a group of ten or more rabbits tested in a dosage of two hundred milligrams or less per kilogram of body weight, if administered by continuous contact with the bare skin for twenty-four hours or less.

If the board finds that available data on human experience with any substance indicate results different from those obtained on animals in the dosages or concentrations prescribed in this paragraph, the human data shall take precedence.

~~41.~~ 40. "Hospital" means any institution for the care and treatment of the sick and injured that is approved and licensed as a hospital by the department of health services.

~~42.~~ 41. "Intern" means a pharmacy intern ~~and a graduate intern.~~

~~43.~~ 42. "Internship" means the practical, experiential, hands-on training of a pharmacy intern under the supervision of a preceptor.

~~44.~~ 43. "Irritant" means any substance, other than a corrosive, that on immediate, prolonged or repeated contact with normal living tissue will induce a local inflammatory reaction.

~~45.~~ 44. "Jurisprudence examination" means a board-approved pharmacy law examination that is written and administered in cooperation with the national association of boards of pharmacy or another board-approved pharmacy law examination.

~~46.~~ 45. "Label" means a display of written, printed or graphic matter on the immediate container of any article that, unless easily legible through the outside wrapper or container, also appears on the outside wrapper or container of the article's retail package. For the purposes of this paragraph, the immediate container does not include package liners.

~~47.~~ 46. "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed or graphic matter either:

1 (a) On any article or any of its containers or wrappers.

2 (b) Accompanying that article.

3 ~~48.~~ 47. "Letter of reprimand" means a disciplinary letter that is  
4 a public document issued by the board and that informs a licensee or  
5 permittee that the licensee's or permittee's conduct violates state or  
6 federal law and may require the board to monitor the licensee or  
7 permittee.

8 ~~49.~~ 48. "Limited service pharmacy" means a pharmacy that is  
9 approved by the board to practice a limited segment of pharmacy as  
10 indicated by the permit issued by the board.

11 ~~50.~~ 49. "Manufacture" or "manufacturer":

12 (a) Means every person who prepares, derives, produces, compounds,  
13 processes, packages or repackages or labels any drug in a place, other  
14 than a pharmacy, THAT IS devoted to manufacturing the drug.

15 (b) Includes a virtual manufacturer as defined in rule by the  
16 board.

17 ~~51.~~ 50. "Marijuana" has the same meaning prescribed in section  
18 13-3401.

19 ~~52.~~ 51. "Medical practitioner" means any medical doctor, doctor of  
20 ~~osteopathy~~ OSTEOPATHIC MEDICINE, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian or  
21 other person who is licensed and authorized by law to use and prescribe  
22 drugs and devices for the treatment of sick and injured human beings or  
23 animals or for the diagnosis or prevention of sickness in human beings or  
24 animals in this state or any state, territory or district of the United  
25 States.

26 ~~53.~~ 52. "Medication order" means a written or verbal order from a  
27 medical practitioner or that person's authorized agent to administer a  
28 drug or device.

29 ~~54.~~ 53. "Narcotic drug" has the same meaning prescribed in section  
30 13-3401.

31 ~~55.~~ 54. "New drug" means either:

32 (a) Any drug the composition of which is such that the drug is not  
33 generally recognized among experts qualified by scientific training and  
34 experience to evaluate the safety and effectiveness of drugs as safe and  
35 effective for use under the conditions prescribed, recommended or  
36 suggested in the labeling.

37 (b) Any drug the composition of which is such that the drug, as a  
38 result of investigations to determine its safety and effectiveness for use  
39 under such conditions, has become so recognized, but that has not, other  
40 than in the investigations, been used to a material extent or for a  
41 material time under those conditions.

42 ~~56.~~ 55. "Nonprescription drug" or "over-the-counter drug" means  
43 any nonnarcotic medicine or drug that may be sold without a prescription  
44 and THAT is prepackaged and labeled for use by the consumer in accordance

1 with the requirements of the laws of this state and federal law.  
2 Nonprescription drug does not include:

3 (a) A drug that is primarily advertised and promoted professionally  
4 to medical practitioners and pharmacists by manufacturers or primary  
5 distributors.

6 (b) A controlled substance.

7 (c) A drug that is required to bear a label that states "Rx only".

8 (d) A drug that is intended for human use by hypodermic injection.

9 ~~57.~~ 56. "Nonprescription drug wholesale permittee":

10 (a) Means a permittee who may distribute only over-the-counter  
11 drugs and devices to pharmacies or other lawful outlets from a place  
12 devoted in whole or in part to wholesaling these items.

13 (b) Includes a virtual wholesaler as defined in rule by the board.

14 ~~58.~~ 57. "Notice" means personal service or the mailing of a copy  
15 of the notice by certified mail addressed either to the person at the  
16 person's latest address of record in the board office or to the person's  
17 attorney.

18 ~~59.~~ 58. "Nutritional supplementation" means vitamins, minerals and  
19 caloric supplementation. Nutritional supplementation does not include  
20 medication or drugs.

21 ~~60.~~ 59. "Official compendium" means the latest revision of the  
22 United States pharmacopeia and the national formulary or any current  
23 supplement.

24 ~~61.~~ 60. "Other jurisdiction" means one of the other forty-nine  
25 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or a  
26 territory of the United States of America.

27 ~~62.~~ 61. "Package" means a receptacle defined or described in the  
28 United States pharmacopeia and the national formulary as adopted by the  
29 board.

30 ~~63.~~ 62. "Packaging" means the act or process of placing a drug  
31 item or device in a container for the purpose or intent of dispensing or  
32 distributing the item or device to another.

33 ~~64.~~ 63. "Parenteral nutrition" means intravenous feeding that  
34 provides a person with fluids and essential nutrients the person needs  
35 while the person is unable to receive adequate fluids or feedings by mouth  
36 or by enteral feeding.

37 ~~65.~~ 64. "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation and  
38 association, and their duly authorized agents.

39 ~~66.~~ 65. "Pharmaceutical care" means the provision of drug therapy  
40 and other pharmaceutical patient care services.

41 ~~67.~~ 66. "Pharmacist" means an individual who is currently licensed  
42 by the board to practice the profession of pharmacy in this state.

43 ~~68.~~ 67. "Pharmacist in charge" means the pharmacist who is  
44 responsible to the board for a licensed establishment's compliance with  
45 the laws and administrative rules of this state and of the federal



1 government pertaining to the practice of pharmacy, the manufacturing of  
2 drugs and the distribution of drugs and devices.

3 ~~69.~~ 68. "Pharmacist licensure examination" means a board-approved  
4 examination that is written and administered in cooperation with the  
5 national association of boards of pharmacy or any other board-approved  
6 pharmacist licensure examination.

7 ~~70.~~ 69. "Pharmacy" means any place:

8 (a) Where drugs, devices, poisons or related hazardous substances  
9 are offered for sale at retail.

10 (b) In which the profession of pharmacy is practiced or where  
11 prescription orders are compounded and dispensed.

12 (c) That has displayed on it or in it the words "pharmacist,~~—~~",  
13 "pharmaceutical chemist,~~—~~", "apothecary,~~—~~", "druggist,~~—~~", "pharmacy,~~—~~",  
14 "drugstore,~~—~~", "drugs" or "drug sundries" or any of these words or  
15 combinations of these words, or words of similar import either in English  
16 or any other language, or that is advertised by any sign containing any of  
17 these words.

18 (d) Where the characteristic symbols of pharmacy or the  
19 characteristic prescription sign "Rx" is exhibited.

20 (e) Or a portion of any building or structure that is leased, used  
21 or controlled by the permittee to conduct the business authorized by the  
22 board at the address for which the permit was issued and that is enclosed  
23 and secured when a pharmacist is not in attendance.

24 ~~71.~~ 70. "Pharmacy intern" means a person who has all of the  
25 qualifications and experience prescribed in section 32-1923.

26 ~~72.~~ 71. "Pharmacy technician" means a person who is licensed  
27 pursuant to this chapter.

28 ~~73.~~ 72. "Pharmacy technician trainee" means a person who is  
29 licensed pursuant to this chapter.

30 ~~74.~~ 73. "Poison" or "hazardous substance" includes, but is not  
31 limited to, any of the following if intended and suitable for household  
32 use or use by children:

33 (a) Any substance that, according to standard works on medicine,  
34 pharmacology, pharmacognosy or toxicology, if applied to, introduced into  
35 or developed within the body in relatively small quantities by its  
36 inherent action uniformly produces serious bodily injury, disease or  
37 death.

38 (b) A toxic substance.

39 (c) A highly toxic substance.

40 (d) A corrosive substance.

41 (e) An irritant.

42 (f) A strong sensitizer.

43 (g) A mixture of any of the substances described in this paragraph,  
44 if the substance or mixture of substances may cause substantial personal  
45 injury or substantial illness during or as a proximate result of any

1 customary or reasonably foreseeable handling or use, including reasonably  
2 foreseeable ingestion by children.

3 (h) A substance that is designated by the board to be a poison or  
4 hazardous substance. This subdivision does not apply to radioactive  
5 substances, economic poisons subject to the federal insecticide, fungicide  
6 and rodenticide act or the state pesticide act, foods, drugs and cosmetics  
7 subject to state laws or the federal act or substances intended for use as  
8 fuels when stored in containers and used in the heating, cooking or  
9 refrigeration system of a house. This subdivision applies to any  
10 substance or article that is not itself an economic poison within the  
11 meaning of the federal insecticide, fungicide and rodenticide act or the  
12 state pesticide act, but that is a poison or hazardous substance within  
13 the meaning of this paragraph by reason of bearing or containing an  
14 economic poison or hazardous substance.

15 ~~75.~~ 74. "Practice of pharmacy":

16 (a) Means furnishing the following health care services as a  
17 medical professional:

18 (i) Interpreting, evaluating and dispensing prescription orders in  
19 the patient's best interests.

20 (ii) Compounding drugs pursuant to or in anticipation of a  
21 prescription order.

22 (iii) Labeling ~~of~~ drugs and devices in compliance with state and  
23 federal requirements.

24 (iv) Participating in drug selection and drug utilization reviews,  
25 drug administration, drug or drug-related research and drug therapy  
26 monitoring or management.

27 (v) Providing patient counseling necessary to provide  
28 pharmaceutical care.

29 (vi) Properly and safely storing drugs and devices in anticipation  
30 of dispensing.

31 (vii) Maintaining required records of drugs and devices.

32 (viii) Offering or performing ~~of~~ acts, services, operations or  
33 transactions necessary in the conduct, operation, management and control  
34 of a pharmacy.

35 (ix) Initiating, monitoring and modifying drug therapy pursuant to  
36 a protocol-based drug therapy agreement with a provider as outlined in  
37 section 32-1970.

38 (x) Initiating and administering immunizations or vaccines pursuant  
39 to section 32-1974.

40 (b) Does not include initiating a prescription order for any  
41 medication, drug or other substance used to induce or cause a medication  
42 abortion as defined in section 36-2151.

43 ~~76.~~ 75. "Practitioner" means any physician, dentist, veterinarian,  
44 scientific investigator or other person who is licensed, registered or  
45 otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect

1 to or administer a controlled substance in the course of professional  
2 practice or research in this state, or any pharmacy, hospital or other  
3 institution that is licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to  
4 distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or administer a  
5 controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in  
6 this state.

7 ~~77.~~ 76. "Preceptor" means a pharmacist who is serving as the  
8 practical instructor of an intern and complies with section 32-1923.

9 ~~78.~~ 77. "Precursor chemical" means a substance that is:

10 (a) The principal compound that is commonly used or that is  
11 produced primarily for use and that is an immediate chemical intermediary  
12 used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance,  
13 the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit  
14 manufacture.

15 (b) Listed in section 13-3401, paragraph 26 or 27.

16 ~~79.~~ 78. "Prescription" means either a prescription order or a  
17 prescription medication.

18 ~~80.~~ 79. "Prescription medication" means any drug, including label  
19 and container according to context, that is dispensed pursuant to a  
20 prescription order.

21 ~~81.~~ 80. "Prescription-only device" includes:

22 (a) Any device that is limited by the federal act to use under the  
23 supervision of a medical practitioner.

24 (b) Any device required by the federal act to bear on its label  
25 essentially the legend "Rx only".

26 ~~82.~~ 81. "Prescription-only drug" does not include a controlled  
27 substance but does include:

28 (a) Any drug that because of its toxicity or other potentiality for  
29 harmful effect, the method of its use, or the collateral measures  
30 necessary to its use is not generally recognized among experts, qualified  
31 by scientific training and experience to evaluate its safety and efficacy,  
32 as safe for use except by or under the supervision of a medical  
33 practitioner.

34 (b) Any drug that is limited by an approved new drug application  
35 under the federal act or section 32-1962 to use under the supervision of a  
36 medical practitioner.

37 (c) Every potentially harmful drug, the labeling of which does not  
38 bear or contain full and adequate directions for use by the consumer.

39 (d) Any drug, other than a controlled substance, required by the  
40 federal act to bear on its label the legend "Rx only".

41 ~~83.~~ 82. "Prescription order" means any of the following:

42 (a) An order to a pharmacist for drugs or devices issued and signed  
43 by a duly licensed medical practitioner in the authorized course of the  
44 practitioner's professional practice.

1 (b) An order transmitted to a pharmacist through word of mouth,  
2 telephone or other means of communication directed by that medical  
3 practitioner. Prescription orders received by word of mouth, telephone or  
4 other means of communication shall be maintained by the pharmacist  
5 pursuant to section 32-1964, and the record so made by the pharmacist  
6 constitutes the original prescription order to be dispensed by the  
7 pharmacist. This paragraph does not alter or affect laws of this state or  
8 any federal act requiring a written prescription order.

9 (c) An order initiated by a pharmacist pursuant to a protocol-based  
10 drug therapy agreement with a provider as outlined in section 32-1970, or  
11 immunizations or vaccines administered by a pharmacist pursuant to section  
12 32-1974.

13 (d) A diet order or an order for enteral feeding, nutritional  
14 supplementation or parenteral nutrition that is initiated by a registered  
15 dietitian or other qualified nutrition professional in a hospital pursuant  
16 to section 36-416.

17 ~~84.~~ 83. "Professionally incompetent" means:

18 (a) Incompetence based on a variety of factors, including a lack of  
19 sufficient pharmaceutical knowledge or skills or experience to a degree  
20 likely to endanger the health of patients.

21 (b) When considered with other indications of professional  
22 incompetence, a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ who  
23 fails to obtain a passing score on a board-approved pharmacist licensure  
24 examination or a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee who  
25 fails to obtain a passing score on a board-approved pharmacy technician  
26 licensure examination.

27 ~~85.~~ 84. "Radioactive substance" means a substance that emits  
28 ionizing radiation.

29 ~~86.~~ 85. "Safely engage in employment duties" means that a  
30 permittee or the permittee's employee is able to safely engage in  
31 employment duties related to the manufacture, sale, distribution or  
32 dispensing of drugs, devices, poisons, hazardous substances, controlled  
33 substances or precursor chemicals.

34 ~~87.~~ 86. "Symbol" means the characteristic symbols that have  
35 historically identified pharmacy, including show globes and mortar and  
36 pestle, and the sign "Rx".

37 ~~88.~~ 87. "Third-party logistics provider" means an entity that  
38 provides or coordinates warehousing or other logistics services for a  
39 prescription or over-the-counter dangerous drug or dangerous device in  
40 intrastate or interstate commerce on behalf of a manufacturer, wholesaler  
41 or dispenser of the prescription or over-the-counter dangerous drug or  
42 dangerous device but that does not take ownership of the prescription or  
43 over-the-counter dangerous drug or dangerous device or have responsibility  
44 to direct its sale or disposition.

1       ~~89.~~ 88. "Toxic substance" means a substance, other than a  
2 radioactive substance, that has the capacity to produce injury or illness  
3 in humans through ingestion, inhalation or absorption through any body  
4 surface.

5       ~~90.~~ 89. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a  
6 drug or controlled substance for that person's own use, for the use of a  
7 member of that person's household or for administering to an animal owned  
8 by that person or by a member of that person's household.

9       Sec. 2. Section 32-1901.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to  
10 read:

11       32-1901.01. Definition of unethical and unprofessional  
12 conduct; permittees; licensees

13       A. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the  
14 purposes of disciplining a permittee, "unethical conduct" means the  
15 following, whether occurring in this state or elsewhere:

16       1. Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude,  
17 or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense.  
18 In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea  
19 of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission.

20       2. Committing an act that is substantially related to the  
21 qualifications, functions or duties of a permittee and that demonstrates  
22 either a lack of good moral character or an actual or potential unfitness  
23 to hold a permit in light of the public's safety.

24       3. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.

25       4. ~~Addiction~~ BEING ADDICTED to the use of alcohol or other drugs to  
26 such a degree as to render the permittee unfit to perform the permittee's  
27 employment duties.

28       5. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating  
29 to the manufacture, sale or distribution of drugs, devices, poisons,  
30 hazardous substances or precursor chemicals.

31       6. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating  
32 to marijuana, prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous drugs,  
33 controlled substances or precursor chemicals.

34       7. Violating state or federal reporting or recordkeeping  
35 requirements on transactions relating to precursor chemicals.

36       8. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a  
37 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ is or may be  
38 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct  
39 or is or may be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the  
40 practice of pharmacy.

41       9. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a  
42 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is or may be  
43 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct  
44 or is or may be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the

1 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician  
2 trainee.

3 10. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that  
4 appears to show that a permittee or permittee's employee is or may be  
5 guilty of unethical conduct, is or may be mentally or physically unable  
6 safely to engage in employment duties related to manufacturing, selling,  
7 distributing or dispensing of drugs, devices, poisons, hazardous  
8 substances, controlled substances or precursor chemicals or is or may be  
9 in violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

10 11. Intending to sell, transfer or distribute, or to offer for  
11 sale, transfer or distribution, or selling, transferring, distributing or  
12 dispensing or offering for sale, transfer or distribution an imitation  
13 controlled substance, imitation over-the-counter drug or imitation  
14 prescription-only drug as defined in section 13-3451.

15 12. ~~Denial or discipline of a~~ **HAVING THE** permittee's permit to  
16 manufacture, sell, distribute or dispense drugs, devices, poisons,  
17 hazardous substances or precursor chemicals **DENIED OR DISCIPLINED** in  
18 another jurisdiction and the permit was not reinstated.

19 13. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if committed  
20 in this state would be grounds for discipline.

21 14. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a permit or a permit renewal  
22 by fraud, by misrepresentation or by knowingly taking advantage of the  
23 mistake of another person or an agency.

24 15. Wilfully making a false report or record required by this  
25 chapter, required by federal or state laws pertaining to drugs, devices,  
26 poisons, hazardous substances or precursor chemicals or required for the  
27 payment for drugs, devices, poisons or hazardous substances or precursor  
28 chemicals or for services pertaining to such drugs or substances.

29 16. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal or  
30 other document that contains false or misleading information.

31 17. Providing false or misleading information or omitting material  
32 information in any communication to the board or the board's employees or  
33 agents.

34 18. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or  
35 assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, this  
36 chapter.

37 19. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent  
38 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its  
39 executive director pursuant to this chapter.

40 20. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to comply in  
41 a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any explanation to  
42 the board for not complying with the subpoena.

43 21. Failing to provide the board or its employees or agents or an  
44 authorized federal or state official conducting a site investigation,

1 inspection or audit with access to any place for which a permit has been  
2 issued or for which an application for a permit has been submitted.

3 22. Failing to notify the board of a change of ownership,  
4 management or pharmacist in charge.

5 23. Failing to promptly produce on the request of the official  
6 conducting a site investigation, inspection or audit any book, record or  
7 document.

8 24. Overruling or attempting to overrule a pharmacist in matters of  
9 pharmacy ethics or interpreting laws pertaining to the practice of  
10 pharmacy or the distribution of drugs or devices.

11 25. Distributing premiums or rebates of any kind in connection with  
12 the sale of prescription medication, other than to the prescription  
13 medication recipient.

14 26. Failing to maintain effective controls against the diversion of  
15 precursor chemicals to unauthorized persons or entities.

16 27. Fraudulently claiming to have performed a service.

17 28. Fraudulently charging a fee for a service.

18 29. Advertising drugs or devices, or services pertaining to drugs  
19 or devices, in a manner that is untrue or misleading in any particular,  
20 and that is known, or that by the exercise of reasonable care should be  
21 known, to be untrue or misleading.

22 B. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the  
23 purposes of disciplining a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate~~  
24 ~~intern~~, "unprofessional conduct" means the following, whether occurring in  
25 this state or elsewhere:

26 1. ~~Addiction~~ BEING ADDICTED to the use of alcohol or other drugs to  
27 such a degree as to render the licensee unfit to practice the profession  
28 of pharmacy.

29 2. Violating any federal or state law, rule or regulation relating  
30 to the manufacture or distribution of drugs and devices or the practice of  
31 pharmacy.

32 3. Dispensing a different drug or brand of drug in place of the  
33 drug or brand of drug ordered or prescribed without the express permission  
34 in each case of the orderer, or in the case of a prescription order, the  
35 medical practitioner. The conduct prohibited by this paragraph does not  
36 apply to substitutions authorized pursuant to section 32-1963.01.

37 4. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license to practice pharmacy  
38 or a license renewal by fraud, by misrepresentation or by knowingly taking  
39 advantage of the mistake of another person or an agency.

40 5. ~~Denial or discipline of a~~ HAVING THE licensee's license to  
41 practice pharmacy DENIED OR DISCIPLINED in another jurisdiction and the  
42 license was not reinstated.

43 6. Claiming professional superiority in compounding or dispensing  
44 prescription orders.

1           7. Failing to comply with the mandatory continuing professional  
2 pharmacy education requirements of sections 32-1936 and 32-1937 and rules  
3 adopted by the board.

4           8. Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude,  
5 or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense.  
6 In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea  
7 of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission.

8           9. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.

9           10. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule  
10 relating to marijuana, prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous  
11 drugs, controlled substances or precursor chemicals when determined by the  
12 board or by conviction in a federal or state court.

13           11. Knowingly dispensing a drug without a valid prescription order  
14 as required pursuant to section 32-1968, subsection A.

15           12. Knowingly dispensing a drug on a prescription order that was  
16 issued in the course of the conduct of business of dispensing drugs  
17 pursuant to diagnosis by mail or the internet, unless the order was any of  
18 the following:

19           (a) Made by a physician who provides temporary patient supervision  
20 on behalf of the patient's regular treating licensed health care  
21 professional or provides a consultation requested by the patient's regular  
22 treating licensed health care professional.

23           (b) Made in an emergency medical situation as defined in section  
24 41-1831.

25           (c) Written to prepare a patient for a medical examination.

26           (d) Written or the prescription medications were issued for use by  
27 a county or tribal public health department for immunization programs or  
28 emergency treatment or in response to an infectious disease investigation,  
29 a public health emergency, an infectious disease outbreak or an act of  
30 bioterrorism. For the purposes of this subdivision, "bioterrorism" has  
31 the same meaning prescribed in section 36-781.

32           (e) Written or antimicrobials were dispensed by the prescribing or  
33 dispensing physician to a contact as defined in section 36-661 who is  
34 believed to have had significant exposure risk as defined in section  
35 36-661 with another person who has been diagnosed with a communicable  
36 disease as defined in section 36-661.

37           (f) Written or the prescription medications were issued for  
38 administration of immunizations or vaccines listed in the United States  
39 centers for disease control and prevention's recommended immunization  
40 schedule to a household member of a patient.

41           (g) For epinephrine auto-injectors that are written or dispensed  
42 for a school district or charter school and that are to be stocked for  
43 emergency use pursuant to section 15-157 or for an authorized entity to be  
44 stocked pursuant to section 36-2226.01.



1 (h) Written by a licensee through a telemedicine program that is  
2 covered by the policies and procedures adopted by the administrator of a  
3 hospital or outpatient treatment center.

4 (i) Written pursuant to a physical or mental health status  
5 examination that was conducted during a real-time telemedicine encounter  
6 with audio and video capability.

7 (j) For naloxone hydrochloride or any other opioid antagonist  
8 approved by the United States food and drug administration and written or  
9 dispensed for use pursuant to section 36-2228 or 36-2266.

10 13. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a  
11 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ is or may be  
12 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct  
13 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the  
14 practice of pharmacy.

15 14. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a  
16 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is or may be  
17 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct  
18 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the  
19 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician  
20 trainee.

21 15. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a  
22 permittee or a permittee's employee is or may be guilty of unethical  
23 conduct or is or may be in violation of this chapter or a rule adopted  
24 under this chapter.

25 16. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if committed  
26 in this state would be grounds for discipline.

27 17. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal or  
28 other document that contains false or misleading information.

29 18. Providing false or misleading information or omitting material  
30 information in any communication to the board or the board's employees or  
31 agents.

32 19. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or  
33 assisting in or abetting in the violation of, or conspiring to violate,  
34 this chapter.

35 20. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent  
36 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its  
37 executive director pursuant to this chapter.

38 21. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to comply in  
39 a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any explanation to  
40 the board for not complying with the subpoena.

41 22. Refusing without just cause to allow authorized agents of the  
42 board to examine documents that are required to be kept pursuant to this  
43 chapter or title 36.

44 23. Participating in an arrangement or agreement to allow a  
45 prescription order or a prescription medication to be left at, picked up

1 from, accepted by or delivered to a place that is not licensed as a  
2 pharmacy. This paragraph does not prohibit a pharmacist or a pharmacy from  
3 using an employee or a common carrier to pick up prescription orders at or  
4 deliver prescription medications to the office or home of a medical  
5 practitioner, the residence of a patient or a patient's hospital.

6 24. Paying rebates or entering into an agreement for the payment of  
7 rebates to a medical practitioner or any other person in the health care  
8 field.

9 25. Providing or causing to be provided to a medical practitioner  
10 prescription order blanks or forms bearing the pharmacist's or pharmacy's  
11 name, address or other means of identification.

12 26. Fraudulently claiming to have performed a professional service.

13 27. Fraudulently charging a fee for a professional service.

14 28. Failing to report a change of the licensee's home address,  
15 contact information, employer or employer's address as required by section  
16 32-1926.

17 29. Failing to report a change in the licensee's residency status  
18 as required by section 32-1926.01.

19 C. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the  
20 purposes of disciplining a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician  
21 trainee, "unprofessional conduct" means the following, whether occurring  
22 in this state or elsewhere:

23 1. ~~Addiction~~ BEING ADDICTED to the use of alcohol or other drugs to  
24 such a degree as to render the licensee unfit to perform the licensee's  
25 employment duties.

26 2. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating  
27 to the manufacture or distribution of drugs or devices.

28 3. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a pharmacy technician or  
29 pharmacy technician trainee license or a pharmacy technician license  
30 renewal by fraud, by misrepresentation or by knowingly taking advantage of  
31 the mistake of another person or an agency.

32 4. ~~Denial or discipline of a~~ HAVING THE licensee's license to  
33 practice as a pharmacy technician DENIED OR DISCIPLINED in another  
34 jurisdiction and the license was not reinstated.

35 5. Failing to comply with the mandatory continuing professional  
36 education requirements of section 32-1925, subsection H and rules adopted  
37 by the board.

38 6. Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude,  
39 or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense.  
40 In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea  
41 of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission.

42 7. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.

43 8. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating  
44 to marijuana, prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous drugs,

1 controlled substances or precursor chemicals when determined by the board  
2 or by conviction in a federal or state court.

3 9. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a  
4 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ is or may be  
5 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct  
6 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the  
7 practice of pharmacy.

8 10. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a  
9 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is or may be  
10 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct  
11 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the  
12 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician  
13 trainee.

14 11. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a  
15 permittee or a permittee's employee is or may be guilty of unethical  
16 conduct or is or may be in violation of this chapter or a rule adopted  
17 under this chapter.

18 12. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if committed  
19 in this state would be grounds for discipline.

20 13. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal or  
21 other document that contains false or misleading information.

22 14. Providing false or misleading information or omitting material  
23 information in any communication to the board or the board's employees or  
24 agents.

25 15. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or  
26 assisting in or abetting in the violation of, or conspiring to violate,  
27 this chapter.

28 16. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent  
29 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its  
30 executive director pursuant to this chapter.

31 17. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to comply in  
32 a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any explanation to  
33 the board for not complying with the subpoena.

34 18. Failing to report a change of the licensee's home address,  
35 contact information, employer or employer's address as required by section  
36 32-1926.

37 19. Failing to report a change in the licensee's residency status  
38 as required by section 32-1926.01.

39 Sec. 3. Section 32-1923, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to  
40 read:

41 32-1923. Interns and intern preceptors; qualifications;  
42 licensure; purpose of internship

43 A. A pharmacist who meets the qualifications established by the  
44 board to supervise the training of a pharmacy intern ~~or a graduate intern~~

1 shall comply with the rules of the board and be known as a pharmacy intern  
2 preceptor.

3 B. A person shall not act as a pharmacy intern until that person is  
4 licensed by the board. An employer shall verify that a person is  
5 currently licensed as a pharmacy intern before the employer allows that  
6 person to act as a pharmacy intern.

7 C. The board shall establish the preliminary educational  
8 qualifications for all pharmacy interns, which may include enrollment and  
9 attendance in a school or college of pharmacy approved by the board. ~~The~~  
10 ~~board or its designee may license as a graduate intern a graduate of a~~  
11 ~~board approved college, school or program of pharmacy.~~

12 D. A pharmacy intern who is currently licensed may be employed in a  
13 pharmacy or any other place approved and authorized by the board for  
14 training interns and shall receive instruction in the practice of  
15 pharmacy, including manufacturing, wholesaling, dispensing of drugs and  
16 devices, compounding and dispensing prescription orders, clinical  
17 pharmacy, providing drug information, keeping records and making reports  
18 required by state and federal laws and other experience that, in the  
19 discretion of the board, provides the intern with the necessary experience  
20 to practice the profession of pharmacy. Pharmacy interns may compound,  
21 dispense and sell drugs, devices and poisons or perform other duties of a  
22 pharmacist only in the presence and under the immediate personal  
23 supervision of a pharmacist.

24 E. Intern training and licensure as a pharmacy intern under this  
25 section are for the purpose of acquiring practical experience in the  
26 practice of the profession of pharmacy before becoming licensed as a  
27 pharmacist and are not for the purpose of continued licensure under the  
28 pharmacy laws. If a pharmacy intern fails to complete pharmacy education  
29 within a period of six years, the intern is not eligible for relicensure  
30 as an intern, ~~without~~ AN acceptable explanation to the board that the  
31 intern intends to be and is working toward becoming a pharmacist.

32 F. The board may accept the experience of a pharmacy intern  
33 acquired in another jurisdiction ~~upon~~ ON proper certification by the other  
34 jurisdiction.

35 Sec. 4. Section 32-1925, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to  
36 read:

37 32-1925. Renewal of license of pharmacists, interns and  
38 pharmacy technicians; fees; expiration dates;  
39 penalty for failure to renew; continuing education

40 A. Except for interns and pharmacy technician trainees, the board  
41 shall assign all persons who are licensed under this chapter to one of two  
42 license renewal groups. Except as provided in section 32-4301, a holder  
43 of a license certificate ~~ending in an even number~~ DESIGNATED IN THE  
44 LICENSING DATABASE AS EVEN BY WAY OF VERBIAGE OR NUMERICAL VALUE shall  
45 renew it biennially on or before November 1 of the even-numbered year, two

1 years from the last renewal date. Except as provided in section 32-4301,  
2 a holder of a license certificate ~~ending in an odd number~~ DESIGNATED IN  
3 THE LICENSING DATABASE AS ODD BY WAY OF VERBIAGE OR NUMERICAL VALUE shall  
4 renew it biennially on or before November 1 of the odd-numbered year, two  
5 years from the last renewal date. Failure to renew and pay all required  
6 fees on or before November 1 of the year in which the renewal is due  
7 suspends the license. The board shall vacate a suspension when the  
8 licensee pays all past due fees and penalties. Penalties shall not exceed  
9 three hundred fifty dollars. The board may waive collection of a fee or  
10 penalty due after suspension under conditions established by a majority of  
11 the board.

12 B. A person shall not apply for license renewal more than sixty  
13 days before the expiration date of the license.

14 C. A person who is licensed as a pharmacist or a pharmacy  
15 technician and who has not renewed the license for five consecutive years  
16 shall furnish to the board satisfactory proof of fitness to be licensed as  
17 a pharmacist or a pharmacy technician, in addition to the payment of all  
18 past due fees and penalties before being reinstated.

19 D. Biennial renewal fees for licensure shall be not more than:

- 20 1. For a pharmacist, two hundred fifty dollars.
- 21 2. For a pharmacy technician, one hundred dollars.
- 22 3. For a duplicate renewal license, twenty-five dollars.

23 E. Fees that are designated to be not more than a maximum amount  
24 shall be set by the board for the following two fiscal years beginning  
25 November 1. The board shall establish fees approximately proportionate to  
26 the maximum fee allowed to cover the board's anticipated expenditures for  
27 the following two fiscal years. Variation in a fee is not effective  
28 except at the expiration date of a license.

29 F. The board shall not renew a license for a pharmacist unless the  
30 pharmacist has complied with the mandatory continuing professional  
31 pharmacy education requirements of sections 32-1936 and 32-1937.

32 G. The board shall prescribe intern licensure renewal fees that do  
33 not exceed seventy-five dollars. The license of an intern who does not  
34 receive specific board approval to renew the intern license or who  
35 receives board approval to renew but who does not renew and pay all  
36 required fees before the license expiration date is suspended after the  
37 license expiration date. The board shall vacate a suspension if the  
38 licensee pays all past due fees and penalties. Penalties shall not exceed  
39 three hundred fifty dollars. The board may waive collection of a fee or  
40 penalty due after suspension under conditions established by the board.

41 H. The board shall not renew a license for a pharmacy technician  
42 unless that person has a current board-approved license and has complied  
43 with board-approved mandatory continuing professional education  
44 requirements.

1           Sec. 5. Section 32-1927, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to  
2 read:

3           32-1927. Pharmacists; pharmacy interns; disciplinary action

4           A. A pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ is subject  
5 to disciplinary action by the board for any of the following:

6           1. The board determines that the licensee has committed an act of  
7 unprofessional conduct.

8           2. The licensee is found by psychiatric examination to be mentally  
9 unfit to practice the profession of pharmacy.

10          3. The licensee is found to be physically or mentally incapacitated  
11 to such a degree as to render the licensee unfit to practice the  
12 profession of pharmacy.

13          4. The licensee is found to be professionally incompetent to such a  
14 degree as to render the licensee unfit to practice the profession of  
15 pharmacy.

16          5. The license was issued through error.

17          B. A pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ who after a  
18 formal hearing is found by the board to be guilty of unprofessional  
19 conduct, to be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the  
20 practice of pharmacy or to be professionally incompetent is subject to any  
21 one or combination of the following:

22          1. A civil penalty of not to exceed one thousand dollars for each  
23 violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

24          2. A letter of reprimand.

25          3. A decree of censure.

26          4. Completion of ~~board-designated~~ BOARD-DESIGNATED continuing  
27 pharmaceutical education courses.

28          5. Probation.

29          6. Suspension or revocation of the license.

30          C. The board may charge the costs of formal hearings to the  
31 licensee whom it finds to be in violation of this chapter or a rule  
32 adopted under this chapter.

33          D. The board on its own motion may investigate any evidence that  
34 appears to show that a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~  
35 is or may be professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of  
36 unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or physically unable  
37 safely to engage in the practice of pharmacy. Any person may, and a  
38 licensee or permittee of the board must, report to the board any  
39 information that appears to show that a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or~~  
40 ~~graduate intern~~ is or may be professionally incompetent, is or may be  
41 guilty of unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or physically  
42 unable safely to engage in the practice of pharmacy. The board or the  
43 executive director shall notify the pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or~~  
44 ~~graduate intern~~ as to the content of the complaint as soon as reasonable.  
45 Any person or entity that reports or provides information to the board in

1 good faith is not subject to an action for civil damages. It is an act of  
2 unprofessional conduct for any pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate~~  
3 ~~intern~~ to fail to report as required by this subsection.

4 E. The pharmacy permittee or pharmacist in charge of a pharmacy  
5 located in this state must inform the board if a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy  
6 intern ~~or graduate intern~~ employed by the pharmacy is terminated because  
7 of actions by the pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ that  
8 appear to show that the pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~  
9 is or may be professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of  
10 unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or physically unable  
11 safely to engage in the practice of pharmacy, along with a general  
12 statement of the reasons that led the pharmacy to take the action. The  
13 pharmacy permittee or pharmacist in charge of a pharmacy located in this  
14 state must inform the board if a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or~~  
15 ~~graduate intern~~ under investigation resigns or if a pharmacist, ~~OR~~  
16 pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ resigns in lieu of disciplinary action  
17 by the pharmacy. Notification must include a general statement of the  
18 reasons for the resignation. A person who reports information in good  
19 faith pursuant to this subsection is not subject to civil liability.

20 F. The board or, if delegated by the board, the executive director  
21 shall require any combination of mental, physical, psychological,  
22 psychiatric or medical competency examinations or pharmacist licensure  
23 examinations and conduct necessary investigations including  
24 investigational interviews between representatives of the board and the  
25 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ to fully inform itself  
26 about any information filed with the board under this section. These  
27 examinations may also include biological fluid testing. The board may  
28 require the pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~, at that  
29 person's expense, to undergo assessment by a ~~board approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED  
30 substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation program.

31 G. If after completing its investigation the board finds that the  
32 information provided pursuant to this section is not of sufficient  
33 seriousness to merit disciplinary action against the license of the  
34 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~, the board may take any  
35 of the following actions:

- 36 1. Dismiss if the complaint is without merit.
- 37 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee may file a written  
38 response with the board within thirty days after receiving the advisory  
39 letter.
- 40 3. Require the licensee to complete ~~board designated~~  
41 BOARD-DESIGNATED continuing pharmaceutical education courses.

42 H. The board shall not disclose the name of the person who provides  
43 information regarding a licensee's drug or alcohol impairment or the name  
44 of the person who files a complaint if that person requests anonymity.



1 I. If after completing its investigation the board believes that  
2 the information is or may be true, it may request a conference with the  
3 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~. If the  
4 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ refuses the invitation  
5 for a conference and the investigation indicates that grounds may exist  
6 for revocation or suspension of a license, probation, issuance of a decree  
7 of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil penalty, the  
8 board shall issue a formal notice that a hearing be held pursuant to title  
9 41, chapter 6, article 10.

10 J. If through information provided pursuant to this section or by  
11 other means the board finds that the protection of the public health,  
12 welfare and safety requires emergency action against the license of a  
13 pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~, the board may restrict  
14 a license or order a summary suspension of a license pending proceedings  
15 for revocation or other action. If the board acts pursuant to this  
16 subsection, the board shall also serve the licensee with a written notice  
17 of complaint and formal hearing that sets forth the charges and licensee's  
18 right to a formal hearing before the board or an administrative law judge  
19 on the charges within sixty days pursuant to title 41, chapter 6,  
20 article 10.

21 K. If after completing the conference the board finds the  
22 information provided pursuant to this section is not of sufficient  
23 seriousness to merit revocation or suspension of a license, probation,  
24 issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of  
25 a civil penalty, it may take the following actions:

- 26 1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.
- 27 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee may file a written  
28 response with the board within thirty days after the licensee receives the  
29 advisory letter.
- 30 3. Require the licensee to complete ~~board designated~~  
31 BOARD-DESIGNATED continuing pharmaceutical education courses.

32 L. If during a conference the board finds that the information  
33 provided pursuant to this section indicates that grounds may exist for  
34 revocation or suspension of a license, probation, issuance of a decree of  
35 censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil penalty, it may  
36 take the following actions:

- 37 1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.
- 38 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee may file a written  
39 response with the board within thirty days after the licensee receives the  
40 advisory letter.
- 41 3. Require the licensee to complete ~~board designated~~  
42 BOARD-DESIGNATED continuing pharmaceutical education courses.
- 43 4. Enter into an agreement with the licensee to discipline the  
44 licensee, restrict the licensee's practice or professional activities or  
45 rehabilitate, retrain or assess the licensee in order to protect the



1 public and ensure the licensee's ability to safely engage in the practice  
2 of pharmacy. The agreement may include at least the following:

- 3 (a) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.
- 4 (b) Issuance of a decree of censure.
- 5 (c) Practice or professional restrictions, such as not acting as a  
6 pharmacist in charge or pharmacy intern preceptor or working with another  
7 pharmacist.
- 8 (d) Rehabilitative, retraining or assessment programs, including:
  - 9 (i) ~~Board approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED community service.
  - 10 (ii) Successful completion of additional ~~board-designated~~  
11 BOARD-DESIGNATED continuing pharmaceutical education courses.
  - 12 (iii) Successful passage of ~~board-approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED  
13 pharmacist licensure examinations.
  - 14 (iv) Successful completion of a ~~board-approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED  
15 substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation program at the licensee's own  
16 expense.
- 17 (e) A civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars for each  
18 violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.
- 19 (f) A period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the  
20 public health and safety and rehabilitate or educate the licensee  
21 concerned. Probation may include temporary suspension and any or all of  
22 the disciplinary actions, practice or professional restrictions,  
23 rehabilitative, retraining or assessment programs listed in this section  
24 or any other program agreed to by the board and the licensee.

25 M. If the board finds that the information provided pursuant to  
26 this section and additional information provided during the conference  
27 warrants revocation or suspension of a license, probation, issuance of a  
28 decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil  
29 penalty, it shall initiate formal proceedings pursuant to title 41,  
30 chapter 6, article 10.

31 N. If the licensee wishes to be present at the formal hearing in  
32 person or by representation, or both, the licensee must file with the  
33 board an answer to the charges in the notice of hearing. The answer must  
34 be in writing, be verified under oath and be filed within thirty days  
35 after service of the notice of hearing. Failure to answer the board's  
36 notice of hearing is deemed an admission of the charges in the notice of  
37 hearing.

38 O. An advisory letter is a nondisciplinary public document.

39 P. If the board during an investigation determines that a criminal  
40 violation might have occurred, it shall disclose its investigative  
41 evidence and information to the appropriate criminal justice agency for  
42 its consideration.

43 Q. In determining the appropriate disciplinary action under this  
44 section, the board shall consider all previous nondisciplinary and  
45 disciplinary actions against a licensee.

1 R. The board may deny a license to an applicant for the grounds  
2 prescribed in subsection A of this section.

3 S. A person WHO IS licensed pursuant to this chapter or by any  
4 other jurisdiction AND who has a license revoked or suspended shall not  
5 obtain a license as a pharmacy intern, ~~graduate intern~~, pharmacy  
6 technician or pharmacy technician trainee or work as a pharmacy intern,  
7 ~~graduate intern~~, pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee  
8 without the approval of the board or its designee.

9 Sec. 6. Section 32-1927.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to  
10 read:

11 32-1927.02. Permittees; disciplinary action

12 A. The board may discipline a permittee if:

13 1. The board determines that the permittee or permittee's employee  
14 is guilty of unethical conduct pursuant to section 32-1901.01,  
15 subsection A.

16 2. Pursuant to a psychiatric examination, the permittee or the  
17 permittee's employee is found to be mentally unfit to safely engage in  
18 employment duties.

19 3. The board determines that the permittee or the permittee's  
20 employee is physically or mentally incapacitated to such a degree as to  
21 render the permittee or permittee's employee unfit to safely engage in  
22 employment duties.

23 4. The permit was issued through error.

24 5. A permittee or permittee's employee allows a person who does not  
25 possess a current license issued by the board to work as a pharmacist,  
26 pharmacy intern, ~~graduate intern~~, pharmacy technician or pharmacy  
27 technician trainee.

28 B. A permittee who after a formal hearing is found by the board to  
29 be guilty of unethical conduct, to be mentally or physically unable safely  
30 to engage in employment duties or to be in violation of this chapter or a  
31 rule adopted under this chapter or whose employee after a formal hearing  
32 is found by the board to be guilty of unethical conduct, to be mentally or  
33 physically unable safely to engage in employment duties or to be in  
34 violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter is subject  
35 to any one or combination of the following:

36 1. A civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars for each  
37 violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

38 2. A letter of reprimand.

39 3. A decree of censure.

40 4. Completion of ~~board-designated~~ BOARD-DESIGNATED pharmacy law  
41 continuing education courses.

42 5. Probation.

43 6. Suspension or revocation of the permit.

44 C. The board may charge the costs of formal hearings to the  
45 permittee whom it finds to be in violation of this chapter or a rule

1 adopted under this chapter or whose employee it finds to be in violation  
2 of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

3 D. The board on its own motion may investigate any evidence that  
4 appears to show that a permittee or permittee's employee is or may be  
5 guilty of unethical conduct, is or may be mentally or physically unable  
6 safely to engage in employment duties or is or may be in violation of this  
7 chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter. Any person may, and any  
8 licensee or permittee must, report to the board any information that  
9 appears to show that a permittee or permittee's employee is or may be  
10 guilty of unethical conduct, is or may be mentally or physically unable  
11 safely to engage in employment duties or is or may be in violation of this  
12 chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter. The board or the executive  
13 director shall notify the permittee as to the content of the complaint as  
14 soon as reasonable. Any person or entity that reports or provides  
15 information to the board in good faith is not subject to an action for  
16 civil damages. It is an act of unethical conduct for any permittee to  
17 fail to report as required by this subsection.

18 E. The board or, if delegated by the board, the executive director  
19 shall require any combination of mental, physical, psychological,  
20 psychiatric or medical competency examinations and conduct necessary  
21 investigations including investigational interviews between  
22 representatives of the board and the permittee or permittee's employee to  
23 fully inform itself about any information filed with the board under  
24 subsection D of this section. These examinations may also include  
25 biological fluid testing. The board may require the permittee or  
26 permittee's employee, at that person's expense, to undergo assessment by a  
27 ~~board approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation  
28 program.

29 F. If after completing its investigation the board finds that the  
30 information provided pursuant to subsection D of this section is not of  
31 sufficient seriousness to merit disciplinary action against the permit,  
32 the board may take any of the following actions:

33 1. Dismiss if the complaint is without merit.  
34 2. File an advisory letter. The permittee may file a written  
35 response with the board within thirty days after receiving the advisory  
36 letter.

37 3. Require the permittee to complete ~~board designated~~  
38 BOARD-DESIGNATED pharmacy law continuing education courses.

39 G. The board shall not disclose the name of the person who provides  
40 information regarding a permittee's or permittee's employee's drug or  
41 alcohol impairment or the name of the person who files a complaint if that  
42 person requests anonymity.

43 H. If after completing its investigation the board believes that  
44 the information is or may be true, it may request a conference with the  
45 permittee or permittee's employee. If the permittee or permittee's

1 employee refuses the invitation for a conference and the investigation  
2 indicates that grounds may exist for revocation or suspension of a permit,  
3 probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or  
4 imposition of a civil penalty, the board shall issue a formal notice that  
5 a hearing be held pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

6 I. If through information provided pursuant to subsection D of this  
7 section or by other means the board finds that the protection of the  
8 public health, welfare and safety requires emergency action against the  
9 permit, the board may restrict a permit or order a summary suspension of a  
10 permit pending proceedings for revocation or other action. If the board  
11 acts pursuant to this subsection, the board shall also serve the permittee  
12 with a written notice of complaint and formal hearing that sets forth the  
13 charges and the permittee's right to a formal hearing on the charges  
14 before the board or an administrative law judge within sixty days pursuant  
15 to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

16 J. If after completing the conference the board finds the  
17 information provided pursuant to subsection D of this section is not of  
18 sufficient seriousness to merit revocation or suspension of a permit,  
19 probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or  
20 imposition of a civil penalty, it may take the following actions:

21 1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.  
22 2. File an advisory letter. The permittee may file a written  
23 response with the board within thirty days after receiving the advisory  
24 letter.

25 3. Require the permittee to complete ~~board-designated~~  
26 BOARD-DESIGNATED pharmacy law continuing education courses.

27 K. If during a conference the board finds that the information  
28 provided pursuant to subsection D of this section indicates that grounds  
29 may exist for revocation or suspension of a permit, probation, issuance of  
30 a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil  
31 penalty, it may take the following actions:

32 1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.  
33 2. File an advisory letter. The permittee may file a written  
34 response with the board within thirty days after the permittee receives  
35 the advisory letter.

36 3. Require the permittee to complete ~~board-designated~~  
37 BOARD-DESIGNATED pharmacy law continuing education courses.

38 4. Enter into an agreement with the permittee to discipline the  
39 permittee, restrict the permittee's business activities or rehabilitate or  
40 assess the permittee in order to protect the public and ensure the  
41 permittee's ability to safely engage in employment duties. The agreement  
42 may include, at a minimum, the following disciplinary actions, business  
43 activity restrictions and rehabilitative or assessment programs:

44 (a) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.

45 (b) Issuance of a decree of censure.

1 (c) Business activity restrictions, including limitations on the  
2 number, type, classification or schedule of drug, device, poison,  
3 hazardous substance, controlled substance or precursor chemical that may  
4 be manufactured, sold, distributed or dispensed.

5 (d) Successful completion of ~~board-designated~~ BOARD-DESIGNATED  
6 pharmacy law continuing education courses.

7 (e) Rehabilitative or assessment programs, including ~~board-approved~~  
8 BOARD-APPROVED community service or successful completion of a ~~board~~  
9 ~~approved~~ BOARD-APPROVED substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation  
10 program at the permittee's own expense.

11 (f) A civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars for each  
12 violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

13 (g) A period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the  
14 public health and safety and rehabilitate or assess the permittee  
15 concerned. Probation may include temporary suspension and any or all of  
16 the disciplinary actions, business practice restrictions, rehabilitative  
17 or assessment programs listed in this section or any other program agreed  
18 to by the board and the permittee.

19 L. If the board finds that the information provided pursuant to  
20 subsection D of this section and additional information provided during  
21 the conference ~~indicates~~ INDICATE that grounds may exist for revocation or  
22 suspension of a permit, probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a  
23 letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil penalty, it shall initiate  
24 formal proceedings pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

25 M. If the permittee wishes to be present at the formal hearing in  
26 person or by representation, or both, the permittee must file with the  
27 board an answer to the charges in the notice of hearing. The answer must  
28 be in writing, be verified under oath and be filed within thirty days  
29 after service of the notice of hearing. Failure to answer the board's  
30 notice of hearing is deemed an admission of the charges in the notice of  
31 hearing.

32 N. If the board, during any investigation, determines that a  
33 criminal violation might have occurred, it shall disclose its  
34 investigative evidence and information to the appropriate criminal justice  
35 agency for its consideration.

36 O. In determining the appropriate disciplinary action under this  
37 section, the board shall consider all previous nondisciplinary and  
38 disciplinary actions against a permittee.

39 P. The board may deny a permit to an applicant for the grounds  
40 prescribed in subsection A of this section.

41 Q. IF THE BOARD APPROVES A PERMIT AND THE BUSINESS FAILS TO BECOME  
42 OPERATIONAL WITHIN NINE MONTHS AFTER THE DATE THE PERMIT IS GRANTED, THE  
43 PERMIT IS NO LONGER VALID. THE BOARD MAY GRANT A ONETIME EXTENSION FOR  
44 THE BUSINESS TO BECOME OPERATIONAL.

1           Sec. 7. Section 32-1931, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to  
2 read:

3           32-1931. Permit fees; issuance; expiration; renewals; online  
4                   profiles

5           A. The board shall assign the permit of all persons or firms issued  
6 under this chapter to one of two permit renewal groups. Except as  
7 provided in section 32-4301, a holder of a permit ~~ending in an even number~~  
8 DESIGNATED IN THE LICENSING DATABASE AS EVEN BY WAY OF VERBIAGE OR  
9 NUMERICAL VALUE shall renew it biennially on or before November 1 of the  
10 even-numbered year, two years from the last renewal date. Except as  
11 provided in section 32-4301, a holder of a permit ~~ending in an odd number~~  
12 DESIGNATED IN THE LICENSING DATABASE AS ODD BY WAY OF VERBIAGE OR  
13 NUMERICAL VALUE shall renew it biennially on or before November 1 of the  
14 odd-numbered year, two years from the last renewal date. Failure to renew  
15 and pay all required fees on or before November 1 of the year in which the  
16 renewal is due suspends the permit. The board shall vacate a suspension  
17 when the permittee pays penalties of not to exceed three hundred fifty  
18 dollars and all past due fees. The board may waive collection of a fee or  
19 penalty due after suspension under conditions established by a majority of  
20 the board.

21           B. Permit fees that are designated to be not more than a maximum  
22 amount shall be set by the board for the following two fiscal years  
23 beginning November 1. The board shall establish the fees approximately  
24 proportionate to the maximum fee allowed to cover the board's anticipated  
25 expenditures for the following two fiscal years. Variation in a fee is not  
26 effective except at the expiration date of the permit.

27           C. Applications for permits shall be accompanied by the following  
28 biennial fees as determined by subsection B of this section:

29           1. A nonprescription drug permit, not more than two hundred  
30 dollars. Permittees stocking thirty different nonprescription drug  
31 products or less shall be classified as category I retailers. Permittees  
32 stocking more than thirty different nonprescription drug products shall be  
33 classified as category II retailers. Both categories are subject to  
34 biennial permit fees established by the board pursuant to this chapter.

35           2. A drug manufacturer's permit, not more than one thousand  
36 dollars.

37           3. A pharmacy permit, not more than five hundred dollars.

38           4. A limited service pharmacy permit, not more than five hundred  
39 dollars.

40           5. A full service wholesale drug permit or a third-party logistics  
41 provider permit, not more than one thousand dollars.

42           6. A nonprescription drug wholesale permit, not more than five  
43 hundred dollars.

44           7. A drug repackager's permit, not more than one thousand dollars.

1           8. A compressed medical gas distributor permit, not more than two  
2 hundred dollars.

3           9. A durable medical equipment and compressed medical gas supplier  
4 permit, not more than one hundred dollars.

5           D. If an applicant is found to be satisfactory to the board, the  
6 executive director shall issue to the applicant a permit for each  
7 pharmacy, manufacturer, wholesaler or other place of business in which  
8 drugs are sold, manufactured, compounded, dispensed, stocked, exposed or  
9 offered for sale, for which application is made.

10          E. Permits issued under this section are not transferable.

11          F. If a permittee does not apply for renewal, the permit expires  
12 pursuant to subsection A of this section. A person may activate and renew  
13 an expired permit by filing the required application and fee. Renewal  
14 thirty days after the expiration date of a permit may be made only on  
15 payment of the required biennial renewal fee, all past due fees and a  
16 penalty of one-half of the amount of the applicable biennial renewal fee.  
17 The board may waive the collection of a fee or penalty due after  
18 suspension pursuant to conditions prescribed by the board.

19          G. A permittee shall create an online profile using the board's  
20 licensing software.

21          Sec. 8. Section 36-2525, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by  
22 Laws 2018, first special session, chapter 1, section 37, is amended to  
23 read:

24           36-2525. Prescription orders; labels; packaging; definition

25          A. In addition to the requirements of section 32-1968 pertaining to  
26 prescription orders for prescription-only drugs, the prescription order  
27 for a controlled substance shall bear the name, address and federal  
28 registration number of the prescriber. A prescription order for a  
29 schedule II controlled substance drug other than a hospital drug order for  
30 a hospital inpatient shall contain only one drug order per prescription  
31 blank. If authorized verbally by the prescriber, the pharmacist may make  
32 changes to correct errors or omissions made by the prescriber on the  
33 following parts of a written or electronic schedule II controlled  
34 substance prescription order:

35           1. The date issued.

36           2. The strength, dosage form or quantity of drug.

37           3. The directions for its use.

38          B. The pharmacist must document on the original prescription order  
39 the changes that were made pursuant to the verbal authorization and record  
40 the time and date the authorization was granted.

41          C. A person who is registered to dispense controlled substances  
42 under this chapter must keep and maintain prescription orders for  
43 controlled substances as follows:

1           1. Prescription orders for controlled substances listed in  
2 schedules I and II must be maintained in a separate prescription file for  
3 controlled substances listed in schedules I and II only.

4           2. Prescription orders for controlled substances listed in  
5 schedules III, IV and V must be maintained either in a separate  
6 prescription file for controlled substances listed in schedules III, IV  
7 and V only or in a form that allows them to be readily retrievable from  
8 the other prescription records of the registrant. For the purposes of  
9 this paragraph, "readily retrievable" means that, when the prescription is  
10 initially filed, the face of the prescription is stamped in red ink in the  
11 lower right corner with the letter "C" in a font that is not less than one  
12 inch high and that the prescription is filed in the usual consecutively  
13 numbered prescription file for noncontrolled substance prescriptions. The  
14 requirement to stamp the hard copy prescription with a red "C" is waived  
15 if a registrant employs an electronic data processing system or other  
16 electronic recordkeeping system for prescriptions that permits  
17 identification by prescription number and retrieval of original documents  
18 by the prescriber's name, patient's name, drug dispensed and date filled.

19           D. Except in emergency situations in conformity with subsection E  
20 of this section, under the conditions specified in subsections F and G of  
21 this section or when dispensed directly by a medical practitioner to an  
22 ultimate user, a controlled substance in schedule II shall not be  
23 dispensed without either the written prescription order in ink or  
24 indelible pencil or typewritten and manually signed by the medical  
25 practitioner or an electronic prescription order as prescribed by federal  
26 law or regulation. Beginning January 1, 2019, a schedule II controlled  
27 substance that is an opioid may be dispensed in a county with a population  
28 of one hundred fifty thousand persons or more only with an electronic  
29 prescription order as prescribed by federal law or regulation. Beginning  
30 July 1, 2019, a schedule II controlled substance that is an opioid may be  
31 dispensed in a county with a population of less than one hundred fifty  
32 thousand persons only with an electronic prescription order as prescribed  
33 by federal law or regulation. A prescription order for a schedule II  
34 substance shall not be dispensed more than ninety days after the date on  
35 which the prescription order was issued. A limited service pharmacy as  
36 defined in section 32-1901 may sell and dispense a schedule II substance  
37 prescribed by a medical practitioner who is located in another state if  
38 the prescription was issued to the patient according to and in compliance  
39 with the applicable laws of the state of the prescribing medical  
40 practitioner and federal law. A prescription order for a schedule II  
41 controlled substance shall not be refilled.

42           E. In emergency situations, emergency quantities of schedule II  
43 controlled substances may be dispensed on an oral prescription order of a  
44 medical practitioner. Such an emergency prescription order shall be  
45 immediately reduced to writing by the pharmacist and shall contain all the



1 information required for schedule II controlled substances except for the  
2 manual signing of the order by the medical practitioner. Within seven  
3 days after authorizing an emergency oral prescription order, the  
4 prescribing medical practitioner shall cause a written prescription order  
5 manually signed for the emergency quantity prescribed to be delivered to  
6 the dispensing pharmacist or an electronic prescription order to be  
7 transmitted to the dispensing pharmacist. In addition to conforming to  
8 other requirements for prescription orders for schedule II controlled  
9 substances, the prescription order shall indicate electronically or have  
10 written on its face "authorization for emergency dispensing" and the date  
11 of the oral order. If the prescribing medical practitioner fails to  
12 deliver such an emergency prescription order within seven days in  
13 conformance with board rules, the pharmacist shall notify the board.  
14 Failure of the pharmacist to notify the board voids the authority  
15 conferred by this subsection to dispense without a prescription order of a  
16 medical practitioner that is electronic or that is written and manually  
17 signed.

18 F. The following may be transmitted to a pharmacy by fax by a  
19 patient's medical practitioner or the medical practitioner's agent:

20 1. A prescription order written for a schedule II controlled  
21 substance to be compounded for the direct administration to a patient by  
22 parenteral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or intraspinal  
23 infusion.

24 2. A prescription order written for any schedule II controlled  
25 substance for a resident of a long-term care facility.

26 3. A prescription order written for a schedule II controlled  
27 substance for a patient enrolled in a hospice care program that is  
28 certified or paid for by medicare under title XVIII or a hospice program  
29 that is licensed by this state. The medical practitioner or the medical  
30 practitioner's agent must note on the prescription that the patient is a  
31 hospice patient.

32 G. A fax transmitted pursuant to subsection F of this section is  
33 the original written prescription order for purposes of this section and  
34 must be maintained as required by subsection C of this section.

35 H. Except when dispensed directly by a medical practitioner to an  
36 ultimate user, a controlled substance included in schedule III or IV that  
37 requires a prescription order as determined under state or federal laws  
38 shall not be dispensed without a written or oral prescription order of a  
39 medical practitioner or an electronic prescription order as prescribed by  
40 federal law or regulation. The prescription order shall not be filled or  
41 refilled more than six months after the date on which the prescription  
42 order was issued. A prescription order authorized to be refilled shall  
43 not be refilled more than five times. Additional quantities may only be  
44 authorized by the prescribing medical practitioner through issuance of a

1 new prescription order that shall be treated by the pharmacist as a new  
2 and separate prescription order.

3 I. Except when dispensed directly by a medical practitioner to an  
4 ultimate user, a controlled substance that is included in schedule V and  
5 that requires a prescription order as determined under state or federal  
6 laws shall not be dispensed without a written or oral prescription order  
7 of a medical practitioner. The prescription order may be refilled as  
8 authorized by the prescribing medical practitioner but shall not be filled  
9 or refilled more than one year after the date of issuance.

10 J. A controlled substance that is listed in schedule III, IV or V  
11 and that does not require a prescription order as determined under state  
12 or federal laws may be dispensed at retail by a pharmacist, ~~OR~~ a pharmacy  
13 intern ~~or a graduate intern~~ under the pharmacist's supervision without a  
14 prescription order to a purchaser who is at least eighteen years of age if  
15 all of the following are true:

16 1. It is for a legitimate medical purpose.

17 2. Not more than two hundred forty cubic centimeters (eight ounces)  
18 of any such controlled substance containing opium, nor more than one  
19 hundred twenty cubic centimeters (four ounces) of any other such  
20 controlled substance, nor more than forty-eight dosage units of any such  
21 controlled substance containing opium, nor more than twenty-four dosage  
22 units of any other controlled substance may be dispensed at retail to the  
23 same purchaser in any given forty-eight-hour period.

24 3. No more than one hundred dosage units of any single active  
25 ingredient ephedrine preparation may be sold, offered for sale, bartered  
26 or given away to any one person in any one thirty-day period.

27 4. The pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ requires  
28 every purchaser of a controlled substance under this subsection who is not  
29 known to that person to furnish suitable identification, including proof  
30 of age if appropriate.

31 5. A bound record book for dispensing controlled substances under  
32 this subsection is maintained by the pharmacist and contains the name and  
33 address of the purchaser, the name and quantity of the controlled  
34 substance purchased, the date of each purchase and the name or initials of  
35 the pharmacist, ~~OR~~ pharmacy intern ~~or graduate intern~~ who dispensed the  
36 substance to the purchaser. The book shall be maintained in conformity  
37 with the recordkeeping requirements of section 36-2523.

38 K. In the absence of a law requiring a prescription for a  
39 schedule V controlled substance, the board, by rules, may require, or  
40 remove the requirement of, a prescription order for a schedule V  
41 controlled substance.

42 L. The label on a container of a controlled substance that is  
43 directly dispensed by a medical practitioner or pharmacist and that is not  
44 for the immediate administration to the ultimate user, such as a bed  
45 patient in a hospital, shall bear the name and address of the dispensing

1 medical practitioner or pharmacist, the serial number, the date of  
2 dispensing, the name of the prescriber, the name of the patient or, if an  
3 animal, the name of the owner of the animal and the species of the animal,  
4 the directions for use and cautionary statements, if any, contained in the  
5 prescription order or required by law. If the controlled substance is  
6 included in schedule II, III or IV, the label shall bear a transfer  
7 warning to the effect: "Caution: federal law prohibits the transfer of  
8 this drug to any person other than the patient for whom it was  
9 prescribed". The container of a schedule II controlled substance that is  
10 an opioid that is directly dispensed by a pharmacist and that is not for  
11 the immediate administration to the ultimate user shall have a red cap and  
12 a warning label prescribed by the board about potential addiction.

13 M. Controlled substances in schedules II, III, IV and V may be  
14 dispensed as electronically transmitted prescriptions if the prescribing  
15 medical practitioner is all of the following:

16 1. Properly registered by the United States drug enforcement  
17 administration.

18 2. Licensed in good standing in the United States jurisdiction in  
19 which the medical practitioner practices.

20 3. Authorized to issue such prescriptions in the jurisdiction in  
21 which the medical practitioner is licensed.

22 N. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, beginning  
23 January 1, 2019, each prescription order that is issued by a medical  
24 practitioner in a county with a population of one hundred fifty thousand  
25 persons or more for a schedule II controlled substance that is an opioid  
26 shall be transmitted electronically to the dispensing pharmacy.  
27 Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, beginning July 1,  
28 2019, each prescription order that is issued by a medical practitioner in  
29 a county with a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand persons  
30 for a schedule II controlled substance that is an opioid shall be  
31 transmitted electronically to the dispensing pharmacy.

32 O. The requirement in subsections D and N of this section for an  
33 electronic prescription order does not apply to a prescription order for a  
34 schedule II controlled substance that is an opioid that is issued for  
35 medication-assisted treatment for a substance use disorder.

36 P. The board, by rule, may provide additional requirements for  
37 prescribing and dispensing controlled substances.

38 Q. The board shall establish a process to grant a waiver for the  
39 requirement in subsections D and N of this section for electronic  
40 prescription orders to a medical practitioner who lacks adequate access to  
41 broadband or faces other hardships that prevent the medical practitioner  
42 from implementing electronic prescription orders.

43 R. For the purposes of this section, "medication-assisted  
44 treatment" has the same meaning prescribed in section 32-3201.01.

H.B. 2041

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR APRIL 17, 2018.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE APRIL 17, 2018.