REFERENCE TITLE: insurance department; reports; payments; dates

State of Arizona Senate Forty-ninth Legislature First Regular Session 2009

SB 1067

Introduced by Senator Waring

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 13-3885, 20-157.01, 20-158, 20-223, 20-224, 20-286, 20-301, 20-311.01, 20-311.03, 20-321.01, 20-321.02, 20-331, 20-331.01, 20-332, 20-340.06, 20-401.05, 20-401.07, 20-411, 20-415, 20-466, 20-481.21, 20-485.03, 20-488.07, 20-831, 20-885, 20-1009, 20-1059, 20-1096.05, 20-1561 AND 33-803, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 20, CHAPTER 1, ARTICLE 2, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 20-157.02; REPEALING SECTION 20-299, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 13-3885, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

13-3885. Arrest of principal by surety: prohibited conduct: violation: classification: definitions

- A. For the purpose of surrendering the defendant, a surety on the bail bond of a defendant may arrest the defendant before the forfeiture of the undertaking or, by written authority attached to a certified copy of the undertaking, may empower a bail recovery agent or a bail bond agent $\frac{as}{defined}$ in $\frac{20-340}{defined}$ to arrest the defendant.
- B. A bail recovery agent or a bail bond agent shall not do any of the following:
- 1. Enter an occupied residential structure without the consent of the occupants who are present at the time of the entry.
- 2. Conduct a bail recovery arrest or apprehension without written authorization from a bail bond agent licensed in Arizona.
- 3. Wear, carry or display any uniform, badge, shield or other insignia or emblem that implies that the bail recovery agent is an employee, officer or agent of this state, a political subdivision of this state or the federal government. A bail recovery agent may display identification that indicates the agent's status as a bail recovery agent only.
- 4. Authorize or allow any third party bail recovery agent to undertake an apprehension or arrest if the bail recovery agent has been convicted in any jurisdiction of theft or of any felony or any crime involving carrying or the illegal use or possession of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument.
- C. The surety or bail bond agent employing, hiring as an independent contractor or otherwise utilizing a bail recovery agent shall advise the department of insurance in writing that the bail recovery agent is providing the services to the surety or bail bond agent on a given case or cases. The written notice to the department of insurance must be given within twenty-four hours after the retention and shall include the name, date of birth, home and business addresses and telephone number of the bail recovery agent. The bail recovery agent identified in the written notice shall certify on the written notice, under penalty of perjury, that the bail recovery agent has never been convicted in any jurisdiction of theft or of any felony or any crime involving carrying or the illegal use or possession of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument and that the bail recovery agent has complied with section 20-340.04.
- D. Bail bond agents shall provide an annual report to the department of insurance listing all bail recovery agents employed, hired as independent contractors or otherwise utilized by the bail bond agent during the year. This report shall certify that all employees of the bail bond agent have met the requirements prescribed in section 20-340.03 and that all bail recovery agents have complied with section 20-340.04. The report shall include the name, home and business addresses, date of birth, telephone number, and a

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two-inch wide by three-inch high photograph of the face of each person identified in the report.

- E. To satisfy the requirements of this section, a bail bond agent who is licensed in another state but WHO is not licensed in this state shall contract with a bail bond agent WHO IS licensed in this state to retain the services of a bail recovery agent in this state.
- F. Any person who violates subsection B or E of this section is guilty of a class 5 felony. Any person who violates subsection C or D of this section is subject to the provisions of section 20-295.
 - G. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Bail bond agent" has the same meaning prescribed in section $\frac{20-282.01}{20-340}$.
- 2. "Bail recovery agent" means any person who has never been convicted in any jurisdiction of theft or of a felony or any crime involving carrying or the illegal use or possession of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument and who is employed or hired as an independent contractor or otherwise utilized by a bail bond agent to assist the bail bond agent in presenting a defendant in court when required, in apprehending a defendant and surrendering the defendant to a court or in keeping a defendant under necessary surveillance. Bail recovery agent does not include an attorney or law enforcement officer who acts in an official capacity and who assists a bail bond agent in the bail bond agent's business.
- 3. "Occupied residential structure" means an edifice of a type that is generally used to house human beings.
- Sec. 2. Section 20-157.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-157.01. <u>Insurer claim files; access by director; definition</u>

- A. Pursuant to the director's authority under sections 20-156, 20-157, 20-160 and 20-466, an insurer shall comply with a request to produce any documents, reports or other materials, whether maintained in written or electronic format, from an insurer's claim file.
- B. Any documents, reports or other materials that are provided to the director pursuant to this section are confidential and are not subject to disclosure, including discovery or subpoena, unless the subpoena is issued by the attorney general or a county attorney or by a court at the request of the attorney general, a county attorney or any other law enforcement agency. The director may only disclose the information to a state or federal agency or officer pursuant to a lawful request, subpoena or formal discovery procedure. If the requesting party cannot warrant confidentiality pursuant to section 20-158, subsection F 20-157.02, the information that is provided pursuant to discovery, subpoena or lawful request as provided for in this subsection remains confidential. The director shall make reasonable efforts to notify an insurer of any request for a subpoena for documents, reports or other materials in an insurer claim file or record that are produced by the insurer

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pursuant to this section so that the insurer may assert, in a court of competent jurisdiction, any applicable privileges.

- C. The director may use the documents, reports or other materials in the furtherance of any regulatory action brought by the director or in actions brought against the director.
- D. For the purposes of this section, "insurer claim file" includes medical records, repair estimates, adjuster notes, insurance policy provisions, recordings or transcripts of witness interviews and any other records regarding coverage, settlement, payment or denial of a claim asserted under an insurance policy.
- Sec. 3. Title 20, chapter 1, article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 20-157.02, to read:

20-157.02. Sharing of information

A. THE DIRECTOR MAY:

- 1. SHARE ANY NONPUBLIC DOCUMENT, MATERIAL OR OTHER INFORMATION WITH OTHER STATE, FEDERAL AND INTERNATIONAL REGULATORY AGENCIES, WITH THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS AND ITS AFFILIATES OR SUBSIDIARIES AND WITH STATE, FEDERAL AND INTERNATIONAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITIES, IF THE RECIPIENT AGREES TO MAINTAIN THE CONFIDENTIALITY AND PRIVILEGED STATUS OF THE DOCUMENT, MATERIAL OR OTHER INFORMATION.
- 2. RECEIVE ANY DOCUMENT, MATERIAL OR OTHER INFORMATION FROM THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS AND ITS AFFILIATES OR SUBSIDIARIES AND FROM REGULATORY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS OF OTHER FOREIGN OR DOMESTIC JURISDICTIONS AND SHALL MAINTAIN AS CONFIDENTIAL OR PRIVILEGED ANY DOCUMENT, MATERIAL OR OTHER INFORMATION RECEIVED WITH NOTICE OR THE UNDERSTANDING THAT IT IS CONFIDENTIAL OR PRIVILEGED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE JURISDICTION THAT IS THE SOURCE OF THE DOCUMENT, MATERIAL OR OTHER INFORMATION.
- 3. ENTER INTO AGREEMENTS THAT GOVERN THE SHARING AND USE OF DOCUMENTS, MATERIALS OR OTHER INFORMATION AND THAT ARE CONSISTENT WITH THIS SUBSECTION.
- B. ANY DISCLOSURE TO THE DIRECTOR OR SHARING OF DOCUMENTS, MATERIALS OR OTHER INFORMATION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION IS NOT A WAIVER OF ANY APPLICABLE PRIVILEGE OR CLAIM OF CONFIDENTIALITY IN ANY DOCUMENT, MATERIAL OR OTHER INFORMATION.
 - Sec. 4. Section 20-158, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-158. Report of examinations by director
- A. The director shall make a full written report of each examination. The director or the examiner in charge of the examination shall certify the report.
- B. The director shall provide a copy of the report to the person examined not less than ten days before filing the report. If the person makes a request in writing within the ten day period, the director shall consider any objections the person may have to the proposed report and shall not file the report until after making any amendments the director deems proper.

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- C. The report, when filed, is admissible in evidence in any action or proceeding brought by the director against the person examined, or its officers or agents. The director or the director's examiners may at any time testify and offer other proper evidence as to information secured during the course of an examination, whether or not a written report of the examination has at that time been either made, served or filed in the director's office.
- D. The director may withhold from public inspection any examination or investigation report for as long as the director deems prudent.
- E. The director may disclose the nonpublic content of a report of examination, a preliminary report or any other matter relating to a report to the insurance department of any other state or jurisdiction, to law enforcement officials of this or any other state or jurisdiction or to an agency of the federal government if the agency or official receiving the report or information agrees in writing to hold the information confidential.

F. The director may:

1. Share nonpublic documents, materials or other information with other state, federal and international regulatory agencies, with the national association of insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and with state, federal and international law enforcement authorities if the recipient agrees and warrants that it has the authority to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, materials or other information.

2. Receive documents, materials and other information from the national association of insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other jurisdictions and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document, material or other information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material or other information.

3. Enter into agreements that govern the sharing and use of documents, materials and other information and that are consistent with this section.

G. A disclosure to or by the director pursuant to this section or as a result of sharing information pursuant to subsection F is not a waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials or other information disclosed or shared.

Sec. 5. Section 20-223, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-223. Annual statement; payment of fees; penalty for failure to file or pay

A. Each authorized domestic insurer shall SUBMIT annually on or before March 31 and each other authorized insurer shall annually on or before March 1 file with the director, or a repository designated by the director, a true statement of its financial condition, transactions and affairs as of the December 31 preceding. THE DIRECTOR OR A REPOSITORY DESIGNATED BY THE DIRECTOR MUST RECEIVE THE STATEMENT ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 OF EACH YEAR. The statement shall be completed pursuant to the instructions and accounting

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practices and procedures that are approved by the national association of insurance commissioners. The statement shall be in such general form and context as approved by the national association of insurance commissioners for the kinds of insurance to be reported upon, and as supplemented for additional information required by the director. The director shall adopt rules providing requirements for the filing of annual audited financial statements. Coincident with the filing of its annual statement, each such insurer shall pay such fees prescribed by section 20-167 for filing the annual statement and renewal of its certificate of authority.

- B. The statement of an alien insurer shall relate only to its transactions and affairs in the United States unless the director requires otherwise. The statement shall be verified by the insurer's United States manager or other officer duly authorized.
- C. The director may refuse to renew, or may suspend or revoke, the certificate of authority of any insurer failing to file its WHOSE annual statement or pay its fees WERE NOT RECEIVED BY THE DIRECTOR OR A REPOSITORY DESIGNATED BY THE DIRECTOR when due or within any extension of time therefor which THAT the director, for good cause, may have granted.
- D. Any insurer failing to file an WHOSE annual statement or to pay its fees pursuant to this section WERE NOT RECEIVED BY THE DIRECTOR OR A REPOSITORY DESIGNATED BY THE DIRECTOR WHEN DUE is subject to payment of a penalty fee not to exceed twenty-five dollars for each day of delinquency.

Sec. 6. Section 20-224, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-224. Premium tax

On or before March 1 of each year Each authorized domestic insurer, each other insurer and each formerly authorized insurer referred to in section 20-206, subsection B, shall file with SUBMIT ANNUALLY TO the director a report in a form prescribed by the director showing total direct premium income including policy membership and other fees and all other considerations for insurance from all classes of business whether designated as a premium or otherwise received by it during the preceding calendar year on account of policies and contracts covering property, subjects or risks located, resident or to be performed in this state, after deducting from such total direct premium income applicable cancellations, returned premiums, the amount of reduction in or refund of premiums allowed to industrial life policyholders for payment of premiums direct to an office of the insurer and all policy dividends, refunds, savings coupons and other similar returns paid or credited to policyholders within this state and not reapplied as premiums for new, additional or extended insurance. No deduction shall be made of the cash surrender values of policies or contracts. Considerations received on annuity contracts, as well as the unabsorbed portion of any premium deposit, shall not be included in total direct premium income, and neither shall be subject to tax. The report shall separately indicate the total direct premium income received from fire insurance premiums on property located in an incorporated city or town that procures the services of a private fire

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company. THE DIRECTOR MUST RECEIVE THE REPORT ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 OF EACH YEAR.

- B. Coincident with the filing of such tax report each insurer shall pay to the director for deposit, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, a tax of 2.0 per cent of such net premiums, except that the tax on fire insurance premiums on property located in an incorporated city or town which THAT procures the services of a private fire company is .66 per cent, the tax on all other fire insurance premiums is 2.2 per cent and the tax on health care service and disability insurance premiums is as prescribed under sections 20-837, 20-1010 and 20-1060. Any payments of tax pursuant to subsection E of this section shall be deducted from the tax payable pursuant to this subsection. Each insurer shall reflect the cost savings attributable to the lower tax in fire insurance premiums charged on property located in an incorporated city or town that procures the services of a private fire company.
- Eighty-five per cent of the tax paid hereunder by an insurer on С. account of premiums received for fire insurance shall be separately specified in the report and shall be apportioned in the manner provided by sections 9-951, 9-952 and 9-972, except that all of the tax so allocated to a fund of a municipality which THAT has no volunteer fire fighters or pension obligations to volunteer fire fighters shall be appropriated to the account of the municipality in the public safety personnel retirement system and all of the tax so allocated to a fund of a municipality which THAT has both full-time paid fire fighters and volunteer fire fighters or pension obligations to full-time paid fire fighters or volunteer fire fighters shall be appropriated to the account of the municipality in the public safety personnel retirement system where it shall be reallocated by actuarial procedures proportionately to the municipality for the account of the full-time paid fire fighters and to the municipality for the account of the volunteer fire fighters. A full accounting of such reallocation shall be forwarded to the municipality and both local boards.
- D. This section shall not apply to title insurance, and such insurers shall be taxed as provided in section 20-1566.
- E. Any EACH insurer which THAT paid or is required to pay a tax of two thousand dollars or more on net premiums received during the preceding calendar year, pursuant to subsection B of this section and sections 20-224.01, 20-837, 20-1010, 20-1060 and 20-1097.07, shall file on or before the fifteenth day of each month from SUBMIT A REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR EACH March, through August a report for that month, JUNE AND SEPTEMBER. THE REPORT SHALL BE on a form prescribed by the director, AND SHALL BE accompanied by a payment MADE PAYABLE TO THE DIRECTOR FOR DEPOSIT, PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 35-146 AND 35-147, in an amount equal to fifteen THIRTY per cent of the amount paid or required to be paid during the preceding calendar year pursuant to subsection B of this section and sections 20-224.01, 20-837, 20-1010, 20-1060 and 20-1097.07. The payments are due and payable on or

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before the fifteenth day of each month and shall be made to the director for deposit, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147. THE DIRECTOR MUST RECEIVE THE REPORT AND PAYMENT ON OR BEFORE THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF MARCH, JUNE AND SEPTEMBER OF EACH YEAR.

- F. Except for the tax paid on fire insurance premiums pursuant to subsections B and C of this section, an insurer may claim a premium tax credit if the insurer qualifies for a credit pursuant to section 20-224.03 or 20-224.04.
 - Sec. 7. Section 20-286, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-286. Licensure; lines of authority
- A. Unless the director denies a license pursuant to section 20-295, the director shall issue a resident insurance producer license to any person who meets the requirements prescribed in sections 20-284 and 20-285. An insurance producer may qualify for a license in one or more of the following lines of authority:
- 1. Life. Life insurance is coverage on human lives, including benefits of endowment and annuities, and may include benefits in the event of death or dismemberment by accident and benefits for disability income.
- 2. Accident and health or sickness. Accident and health or sickness insurance is coverage for sickness, bodily injury or accidental death and may include benefits for disability income.
- 3. Property. Property insurance is coverage for the direct or consequential loss or damage to property of every kind.
- 4. Casualty. Casualty insurance is coverage against legal liability, including liability for death, injury, disability or damage to real or personal property.
- 5. Variable life and variable annuity products. Variable life and variable annuity is insurance coverage that is provided under a variable life insurance contract or a variable annuity.
- 6. Personal lines. Personal lines is property and casualty insurance coverage that is sold to individuals and families for primarily noncommercial purposes.
 - 7. Credit. Credit insurance is limited line credit insurance.
- 8. Any other line of insurance allowed under state law or rules adopted by the director.
- B. The license shall contain the licensee's name, address and identification number, the date of issuance, the lines of authority, the expiration date and any other information the director deems necessary. The director may make the information prescribed by this section available electronically.
- C. A licensee shall inform the director in writing within thirty days of any change in the licensee's:
 - 1. Residential, or business OR MAILING address.
- 2. Members, directors, officers or designated producer. The director may require that a licensee who notifies the director of a change pursuant to

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this paragraph submit a full set of fingerprints of each new member, director, officer or designated producer to the director for the purpose of obtaining a state and federal criminal records check pursuant to section 41-1750 and Public Law 92-544. The department of public safety may exchange this fingerprint data with the federal bureau of investigation.

- Name.
- D. In order to assist in the performance of the director's duties, the director may contract with a third party to perform any ministerial functions that are related to producer licensing and that the director deems appropriate, including the collection of fees.
 - Sec. 8. Repeal

Section 20-299, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed.

Sec. 9. Section 20-301, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-301. Report of actions

- A. Within thirty days after the final disposition of the matter, an insurance producer shall report to the director any administrative action taken against the producer in another jurisdiction or by another governmental agency in this state. The report shall include a copy of the order, consent to order or other relevant dispositive document.
- B. Within thirty days after the EARLIER OF THE initial pretrial hearing date OR CONVICTION, an insurance producer shall report to the director any criminal prosecution of the producer taken in any jurisdiction. The report shall include a copy of the initial complaint filed, the order resulting from the hearing and all other relevant legal documents.
- Sec. 10. Section 20-311.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-311.01. <u>Licensing of managing general agents: surety</u> deposit: definition

- A. A person in this state shall not act as a managing general agent of an insurer or underwriter's department unless the person is licensed by the director. A person shall apply for the license on forms designated and provided by the director. The director shall issue the license on completion and filing of the application and payment of the license fee prescribed in section 20-167.
- B. The license expires as prescribed in section 20-289. The director may suspend or revoke the license or licenses of a managing general agent for any of the same causes and pursuant to the same procedures that apply to insurance producer licenses under article 3 of this chapter.
- C. All managing general agents shall maintain a deposit according to section 20-581 in favor of this state to be held in trust for the benefit and protection of insureds and insurers whose monies the managing general agent handles that consists of any of the following:
 - 1. Cash.
- 2. Securities eligible for investment pursuant to chapter 3, articles $1\ \mathrm{and}\ 2$ of this title.

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- 3. Surety insurance as defined in section 20-257 in a form acceptable to the director and issued by a corporate surety authorized to transact business in this state. The surety insurance may include individual bonds or schedule or blanket forms of bonds. EACH BOND ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL REMAIN IN FORCE UNTIL RELEASED BY THE DIRECTOR OR UNTIL CANCELED BY THE SURETY. THE SURETY MAY CANCEL THE BOND ON THIRTY DAYS' ADVANCE WRITTEN NOTICE FILED WITH THE DIRECTOR WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO ANY LIABILITY PREVIOUSLY INCURRED.
- D. The amount of the deposit required by subsection C of this section is ten per cent of the amount of total monies handled by the managing general agent on behalf of insurers possessing a certificate of authority issued by the director to transact insurance in this state unless the director determines that a lesser amount is adequate for the protection of the public, except that the deposit shall not be less than fifty thousand dollars or more than one hundred thousand dollars. The amount of the deposit shall be determined by the total monies handled by the managing general agent during the preceding year, or if no monies were handled during the preceding year, the amount of monies reasonably estimated to be handled during the current calendar year by the managing general agent. The amount of the deposit is payable on the failure of the managing general agent to pay funds that it is legally obligated to pay and shall provide protection to the insurers and insureds of this state against loss by reason of acts of fraud or dishonesty.
- E. The director may require a managing general agent to maintain an errors and omissions policy.
- F. For THE purposes of this section, "monies" means the total amount of gross written premium less gross return premium.
- Sec. 11. Section 20-311.03, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-311.03. Application of other laws

To the extent not inconsistent with this article, section 20-281, section 20-286, subsections B, C and D, sections 20-289 and 20-289.01, section 20-290, subsection A and sections 20-291, 20-292, 20-295, 20-296, 20-297, 20-298, 20-299, 20-301 and 20-302 apply to managing general agents.

Sec. 12. Section 20-321.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-321.01. <u>Licensing of adjusters; qualifications; exemption</u>

- A. A person shall not act as or claim to be an adjuster unless the person is licensed under this article OR THE PERSON IS ADJUSTING, INVESTIGATING OR NEGOTIATING THE SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS AS A SALARIED EMPLOYEE OF AN INSURER OR OF A MANAGING GENERAL AGENT.
- B. To obtain a license as an adjuster a person shall apply to the director for the license and use the forms prescribed and provided by the director. The director shall issue the license to qualified persons on payment of the license fee prescribed in section 20-167.

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- C. To be licensed as an adjuster the applicant shall meet all of the following qualifications:
 - 1. Be a person who is at least eighteen years of age.
- 2. Be a resident of this state, or a resident of another state that allows residents of this state to act as adjusters in the other state.
- 3. Take and pass an examination that is given by or under the supervision of the director and that reasonably tests the applicant's knowledge of insurance and legal responsibilities as an adjuster.
- 4. Have and maintain in this state an office accessible to the public and keep at the office the usual and customary records pertaining to transactions under the license. This paragraph does not prohibit maintaining an office in the home of the licensee.
- D. A firm or corporation, whether or not organized under the laws of this state, may be licensed as an adjuster if each individual who is to exercise the license powers is qualified for an individual license INDIVIDUALLY LICENSED as an adjuster.
- E. An adjuster who is licensed or permitted to act as an adjuster, in the state of the adjuster's domicile, is not required to be licensed pursuant to this section or meet the qualifications prescribed in this section if the adjuster is sent to this state on behalf of an insurer for the purpose of investigating or making adjustment of a particular loss under an insurance policy or a series of losses resulting from a catastrophe common to all those losses.
- Sec. 13. Section 20-321.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-321.02. Application of other laws

To the extent not inconsistent with this article, section 20-281, section 20-286, subsections B, C and D and sections 20-289, 20-289.01, 20-291, 20-292, 20-295, 20-296, 20-297, $\frac{20-299}{20-299}$, 20-301 and 20-302 apply to adjusters.

Sec. 14. Section 20-331, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-331. Rental car agents; definitions

- A. The director may issue to a rental company that has complied with the requirements of this section a license that authorizes the rental company as a rental car agent to offer or sell insurance in connection with and incidental to rental agreements. Notwithstanding section 20-290, subsection B, a rental car agent is not required to have an individual licensee in each office or other rental site or place where insurance is transacted.
- B. An applicant for a rental car agent license shall file with the director a written application that is in a form prescribed by the director and that is signed by an officer of the applicant. The application shall specify all locations at which the licensee may conduct business under the license. The licensee shall provide the director at least thirty days' prior notice before conducting business under the license at any additional location.

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- C. A rental car agent may offer or sell insurance at the rental company office or other rental site or process a preselection of coverage in a master, corporate, group or individual rental agreement for any of the following kinds or types of insurance, separately or in combination:
- 1. Accident and health or sickness insurance that provides coverage, as applicable, to renters and other rental vehicle occupants for accidental death or dismemberment and reimbursement for medical expenses that result from an accident that occurs during the rental period.
- 2. Liability insurance that provides coverage, as applicable, to renters and other authorized drivers of rental vehicles for liability that arises from the operation of the rental vehicles, including uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage separately or in combination with other liability insurance.
- 3. Personal property insurance that provides coverage, as applicable, to renters and other vehicle occupants for the loss of or damage to personal effects that occurs during the rental period.
 - 4. Vehicle breakdown coverage.
- 5. Physical damage insurance that provides coverage to renters and other authorized drivers of rental vehicles for property damage liability that arises from the operation of the vehicle.
- D. A rental car agent is not subject to the continuing education requirements of chapter 18 of this title.
- E. A rental car agent shall not offer or sell insurance pursuant to this section unless:
- 1. The rental period of the rental agreement is ninety consecutive days or less.
- 2. The rental car agent provides brochures or other written materials to the prospective renter that:
- (a) Summarize the material terms and conditions of coverage offered to renters, including the identity of the insurer.
 - (b) Describe the process for filing a claim.
- 3. The rental car agent makes the following disclosures to the renter and the renter acknowledges the disclosures in writing:
- (a) That the insurance policies offered by the rental car agent may provide a duplication of coverage already provided by a renter's personal automobile insurance policy or by another source of coverage.
- (b) That the purchase by the renter of the kinds of insurance prescribed in this section is not required in order to rent a vehicle.
 - 4. Evidence of coverage is stated on the face of the rental agreement.
- 5. Costs for the insurance are separately itemized in the rental agreement.
- 6. The insurance is provided under a group or master policy issued to the rental company by an insurer authorized to transact the applicable kinds or types of insurance in this state or by a surplus lines insurer in accordance with article 5 of this chapter.

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- F. Any salaried employee of a rental car agent may act on behalf and under the supervision of the rental car agent in matters relating to the conduct of business under the license issued pursuant to this section. The conduct of an employee or agent of a rental car agent acting within the scope of employment or agency is deemed the conduct of the rental car agent for purposes of this article.
- G. Each rental car agent licensed pursuant to this section shall conduct a training program that provides employees and agents of the rental company with basic instruction about the provisions of this section, including the kinds of coverage prescribed in this section.
 - H. A rental car agent shall not:
- 1. Offer or sell insurance except in conjunction with and incidental to rental agreements.
- 2. Advertise, represent or otherwise portray itself or any of its employees or agents as licensed insurers or insurance producers.
- 3. Pay any person any compensation, fee or commission dependent on the placement of insurance under the license issued pursuant to this section.
- I. Nothing in this section prohibits production payments or incentive payments to an employee if the payments are not dependent on the sale of insurance.
- J. To the extent not inconsistent with this article, section 20-281, section 20-286, subsections B, C and D, sections 20-289 and 20-289.01, section 20-290, subsection A and sections 20-291, 20-292, 20-295, 20-296, 20-297, 20-298, 20-299, 20-301 and 20-302 apply to rental car agents.
 - K. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Rental agreement" means any written agreement that states the terms and conditions that govern the use of a vehicle provided by the rental company for rent or lease for a rental period of ninety days or less.
- 2. "Rental car agent" means a rental company that is licensed pursuant to this section.
- 3. "Rental company" means any firm or corporation in the business of renting vehicles to renters under a rental agreement.
 - 4. "Rental period" means the term of the rental agreement.
- 5. "Rental vehicle" or "vehicle" means a motor vehicle operated by a driver who is not required to possess a commercial driver license to operate the motor vehicle and the motor vehicle is either:
- (a) A private passenger motor vehicle, including a passenger van, minivan or sport utility vehicle.
- (b) A cargo vehicle, including a cargo van, pickup truck and truck with a gross vehicle weight of less than twenty-six thousand pounds.
- 6. "Renter" means any person who obtains the use of a vehicle from a rental company under the terms of a rental agreement.

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Sec. 15. Section 20-331.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-331.01. <u>Political subdivision employees: risk management consultant licenses: application of other laws</u>

- A. An employee of a political subdivision may be licensed as a risk management consultant for the purposes of title 11, chapter 7, article 5 to carry out the provisions of title 11, chapter 7, article 5. The director shall license these employees in the same manner as insurance producers. The director may waive the examination requirement for a license issued pursuant to this section. The license automatically expires when the employee terminates employment with the political subdivision.
- B. To the extent not inconsistent with this article, sections 20-281, 20-284 and 20-285, section 20-286, subsections B, C and D, section 20-288, subsection B and sections 20-289, 20-289.01, 20-290, 20-291, 20-292, 20-295, 20-296, 20-297, 20-298, 20-299, 20-301 and 20-302 apply to risk management consultants.
 - Sec. 16. Section 20-332, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-332. Self-service storage agents; license; definitions
- A. The director may issue a self-service storage agent license to an operator that has complied with the requirements of this section authorizing the operator to offer or to sell the kinds of insurance prescribed in this section in connection with and incidental to the rental of space at a self-service storage facility.
- B. An applicant for a self-service storage agent license shall file a written application in a form prescribed by the director. The application shall specify all locations in this state at which the self-service storage agent may conduct business under the license. Notwithstanding section 20-290, subsection B, a self-service storage agent is not required to have an individual licensee in each self-service storage facility or place where insurance is transacted. The self-service storage agent shall notify the director within thirty days after commencing business under the self-service storage agent's license at any additional locations in this state or of those locations in this state that cease to do business under the license.
- C. A self-service storage agent may offer or sell insurance only in connection with and incidental to the rental of space at a self-service storage facility and only with respect to personal property insurance that provides coverage to occupants at the self-service storage facility where the insurance is transacted for the loss of or damage to stored personal property that occurs at that facility.
- D. A self-service storage agent shall not offer or sell insurance pursuant to this section unless:
- 1. The self-service storage agent makes readily available to the prospective occupant brochures or other written materials that:

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- (a) Summarize the material terms of insurance coverage offered to occupants, including the identity of the insurer, price, benefits, exclusions and conditions.
- (b) Disclose that the policies offered by the self-service storage agent may provide a duplication of coverage already provided by an occupant's homeowner's insurance policy, renter's insurance policy, vehicle insurance policy, watercraft insurance policy or other source of property insurance coverage.
- (c) State that if insurance is required as a condition of rental, the requirement may be satisfied by the occupant purchasing the insurance prescribed in this section or by presenting evidence of other applicable insurance coverage.
 - (d) Describe the process for filing a claim.
 - 2. All costs related to the insurance are clearly itemized in writing.
- 3. Evidence of coverage in a form approved by the insurer is provided to every occupant who purchases the coverage.
- 4. The insurance is provided by an insurer authorized to transact the applicable kinds of insurance in this state or by a surplus lines insurer pursuant to article 5 of this chapter.
- E. An employee or agent of a self-service storage agent may act on behalf of and under the supervision of the self-service storage agent in matters relating to the conduct of business under the license that is issued pursuant to this section. The conduct of an employee or agent of a self-service storage agent acting within the scope of employment or agency is deemed the conduct of the self-service storage agent for THE purposes of this section.
- F. Each self-service storage agent shall provide a training program that gives employees and agents of the self-service storage agent basic instruction about the provisions of this section, including the kinds of insurance coverage prescribed in this section.
 - G. A self-service storage agent shall not:
- 1. Offer or sell insurance except in connection with and incidental to the rental of space at a self-service storage facility.
- 2. Advertise, represent or otherwise portray itself or any of its employees or agents as licensed insurers or insurance producers.
- 3. Pay any person any commission or other compensation dependent on the sale of insurance under the self-service storage agent license that is issued pursuant to this section.
 - H. Nothing in this section prohibits:
- 1. An insurer from paying, and a self-service storage agent from receiving, a commission, service fee or other valuable consideration dependent on the sale of insurance.
- 2. A self-service storage agent from paying, and its employees or agents from receiving, production payments or incentive payments if the payments are not dependent on the sale of insurance.

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- I. An operator is not required to be licensed pursuant to this section merely to display and make available to prospective occupants brochures and other promotional materials created by or on behalf of an authorized insurer or by a surplus lines insurer pursuant to article 5 of this chapter.
- J. To the extent not inconsistent with this section, sections 20-281, 20-282, 20-283, 20-288 and 20-289, section 20-290, subsection A and sections 20-291, 20-292, 20-293, 20-295, 20-296, 20-297, 20-298, $\frac{20\text{-}299\text{-}}{299\text{-}}$, 20-301 and 20-302 apply to self-service storage agents. A self-service storage agent is not subject to the continuing education requirements of chapter 18 of this title.
 - K. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Occupant" means a person or the person's sublessee, successor or assign who is entitled to the use of a leased space or spaces at a self-service storage facility, to the exclusion of others.
- 2. "Operator" means the owner or owner's managing agent of a self-service storage facility.
- 3. "Personal property" means movable property that is not affixed to land and includes:
 - (a) Goods, wares, merchandise, household items and furnishings.
- (b) Vehicles, motor vehicles, trailers and semitrailers as those terms are defined in section 28–101.
- (c) Watercraft and motorized watercraft as those terms are defined in section 5-301.
- 4. "Self-service storage agent" means an operator who is licensed pursuant to this section.
- 5. "Self-service storage facility" means any real property that is used for renting or leasing storage space in which the occupants themselves customarily store and remove personal property on a self-service basis.
- Sec. 17. Section 20-340.06, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-340.06. Application of other laws

To the extent not inconsistent with this article, sections 20-281, 20-284 and 20-285, section 20-286, subsections B, C and D, section 20-288, subsection B and sections 20-289, 20-289.01, 20-292, 20-295, 20-296, 20-297, 20-298, 20-299, 20-301 and 20-302 apply to bail bond agents.

Sec. 18. Section 20-401.05, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-401.05. <u>Certificate of exemption; definitions</u>

- A. On July 1 of each year, the director shall grant a certificate of exemption to any insurer, employee benefit trust or voluntary employees' beneficiary association transacting life insurance, disability insurance or annuity business, or providing other health or welfare benefits, under the laws of its domicile that:
- 1. Is organized and operated without profit to any person, firm, partnership, association, corporation or other entity.

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- 2. Is organized and operated exclusively for either of the following purposes:
- (a) Aiding educational or scientific institutions that are also organized and operated without profit to any person, firm, partnership, association, corporation or other entity.
- (b) Aiding agricultural institutions if the grantee is subject to regulation either as an insurer, a multiple employer welfare arrangement or an employee benefit trust by its state of domicile.
- 3. Serves a purpose prescribed in paragraph 2 OF THIS SUBSECTION by issuing insurance, annuity and employee benefits contracts only to or for the benefit of the educational, scientific or agricultural institutions or their respective members or to individuals engaged in the service of those institutions.
- 4. Appoints the secretary of state, and the secretary of state's successors in office, as its true and lawful attorney on whom may be served all lawful process in any action, suit or proceeding in any court by the director of insurance, through the attorney general, or any action or proceeding against the insurer, employee benefit trust or voluntary employees' beneficiary association brought by someone other than the director of insurance, which appointment is irrevocable, binds the insurer, employee benefit trust or voluntary employees' beneficiary association or any successor in interest, remains in effect as long as there is in force in this state any contract or policy made or issued by the insurer, employee benefit trust or voluntary employees' beneficiary association or any obligation arising therefrom and must be processed in accordance with sections 20-401.03 and 20-403.
- 5. Is fully and legally organized and qualified to do business and has been actively doing business under the laws of the state of its domicile for a period of at least twenty years before its application for a certificate of exemption.
- 6. Files with the director for the director's approval a copy of any policy or contract form issued to residents of this state.
- 7. Files with the director on or before March 1 of each year a copy of its annual statement prepared pursuant to the laws of its state of domicile, as well as any other financial material as may be requested, including the annual statement or such other financial materials as may be requested relating to any subsidiary or other legal entity operated by the insurer, employee benefit trust or voluntary employees' beneficiary association under a management contract or other form of agreement, and coincident with the filing of its annual statement, pays the filing fee prescribed in section 20-167.
- 8. Agrees to submit to periodic examinations as may be deemed necessary by the director.
- B. On or before March 1 of each year, any EACH insurer holding a certificate of exemption shall file with SUBMIT ANNUALLY TO the director a

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form of premium tax return ON A FORM prescribed by the director and shall pay the premium tax imposed by section 20-224 on all policies of life insurance and disability insurance in force with residents of this state. THE DIRECTOR MUST RECEIVE THE PREMIUM TAX RETURN AND PAYMENT ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 OF EACH YEAR.

- C. After a hearing, the director may refuse to renew, or may revoke or suspend, a certificate of exemption if the director finds that the insurer, employee benefit trust or voluntary employees' beneficiary association no longer meets the requirements of this section, or finds that the insurer, employee benefit trust or voluntary employees' beneficiary association has violated any provisions of article 6 of this chapter.
 - D. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Agricultural institutions" means agricultural growers, shippers, packers, brokers, distributors, wholesalers, receivers and jobbers, or affiliated, associated and related suppliers, industries or firms.
- 2. "Voluntary employees' beneficiary association" means an association described in 26 United States Code section 501(c)(9).
- Sec. 19. Section 20-401.07, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-401.07. <u>Premium receipts tax on industrial insureds</u> contracting with unauthorized insurer; definitions

- A. Every EACH industrial insured under a contract procured from an unauthorized insurer shall pay to the director before March 1 next succeeding the calendar year in which the insurance was so effectuated, continued or renewed a premium receipts tax of three per cent of the gross premiums, less premiums returned on account of cancellation or reduction of premium, charged for insurance on subjects resident, located or to be performed in this state. Such THE DIRECTOR MUST RECEIVE THE PREMIUM RECEIPT TAX PAYMENT ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 FOLLOWING THE CALENDAR YEAR IN WHICH THE INSURANCE WAS EFFECTUATED, CONTINUED OR RENEWED. THE insurance, whether procured through negotiation or an application, in whole or in part occurring or made within or outside of this state, or for which premiums in whole or in part are remitted directly or indirectly from within or outside of this state, shall be deemed to be insurance effectuated or continued in this state. If a contract covers risks or exposures only partly in this state, the tax payable shall be computed on the portions of the premium that are properly allocable to the risks or exposures located in this state. Proration of premium taxes due from an industrial insured under a contract procured from an unauthorized insurer having property in states other than Arizona shall be determined by rules adopted by the director using the following criteria where applicable:
 - 1. Percentage of physical assets in Arizona.
 - 2. Percentage of employee payroll in Arizona.
 - 3. Percentage of sales in Arizona.
 - 4. Percentage of taxable income reportable in Arizona.
 - B. For THE purposes of this section:

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- 1. "Industrial insured" means an insured that applies for or procures any insurance that is subject to article 4.1 of this chapter through the use of a risk manager and that meets at least two of the following criteria:
- (a) Has aggregate annual gross premiums for insurance on all property and casualty risks that are subject to article 4.1 of this chapter totaling at least one hundred thousand dollars as of the preceding fiscal year end of the industrial insured.
- (b) Possesses a net worth of over ten million dollars as of the preceding fiscal year end of the industrial insured as verified by a certified public accountant.
- (c) Has net revenues or sales exceeding twenty-five million dollars as of the preceding fiscal year end of the industrial insured as verified by a certified public accountant.
- (d) Has more than eighty full-time employees or equivalent per individual company or one hundred full-time employees or equivalent per holding company system as of the date the policy is issued.
- 2. "Risk manager" means a full-time employee of the industrial insured or a third party consultant who is retained by the industrial insured, who provides skilled services in loss prevention, loss reduction, risk and insurance coverage analysis and the purchase of insurance and who possesses at least one of the following qualifications:
- (a) A baccalaureate or higher degree in risk management that is issued by an accredited college or university.
- (b) A designation as a chartered property and casualty underwriter that is issued by an insurance institute.
- (c) A designation as a certified insurance counselor that is issued by a society of certified insurance counselors.
- (d) A designation as an associate in risk management that is issued by an insurance institute.
- (e) A designation as a certified risk manager that is issued by a national alliance for insurance education and research.
- (f) A designation as a fellow in risk management that is issued by a global risk management institute.
- (g) Any other similar qualification that, before the employee or consultant applies for or procures any insurance that is subject to article 4.1 of this chapter, the director determines is sufficient, other than a license as an insurance producer pursuant to article 3 of this chapter.
 - Sec. 20. Section 20-411, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-411. Licensing of surplus lines broker; examination
- A. A person shall not act as a surplus lines broker in this state unless the person has a current surplus lines broker license issued by the director.
- B. Any individual who is a resident of this state and who is licensed as a resident insurance producer authorized for property or casualty insurance in this state may also be licensed as a resident surplus lines

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broker if the director determines that the insurance producer is competent and trustworthy. The director shall prescribe and furnish application forms.

- C. Each individual applicant for an original license as a resident surplus lines broker or for renewal of a resident surplus lines broker license who has not previously taken and passed a surplus lines broker license examination in this state shall take and pass to the director's satisfaction a written examination given by or under the supervision of the director. The examination shall reasonably test the applicant's knowledge of surplus lines insurance and the legal responsibilities of a surplus lines broker.
- D. The director may issue a resident surplus lines broker license to any business entity that is licensed as a resident property or casualty insurance producer in this state and that satisfies all of the requirements prescribed by section 20-285, subsections C and D.
- E. At least one individual in each office or place where surplus lines insurance is transacted in this state shall be licensed pursuant to this title as either an insurance producer authorized for property or casualty insurance or a managing general agent for property or casualty insurance, and shall be licensed pursuant to this article as a surplus lines broker.
- F. The license prescribed in this section shall expire and be subject to renewal coincidental to, and in the same manner as, other insurance license authority as prescribed in section 20-289. The director shall charge the surplus lines broker license fee prescribed in section 20-167, except that, from and after June 30, 2005, a licensee adding surplus lines broker authority to an existing insurance license shall be charged one-half the surplus lines broker license fee if less than two years remain in the term of the existing insurance license as of the date the director receives the application to add surplus lines broker authority to the existing insurance license.
- G. To the extent not inconsistent with this article, section 20-281, section 20-283, subsection B, paragraph 6, section 20-286, subsection C and sections 20-287, 20-289, 20-291, 20-292, 20-295, 20-296, 20-297, 20-298, $\frac{20-299}{20-300}$, 20-301 and 20-302 apply to surplus lines brokers.
 - Sec. 21. Section 20-415, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-415. Statement of surplus lines insurance business transacted by broker; reporting periods
- A. Beginning January 1, 1998, Each surplus lines broker shall file SUBMIT semiannually with TO the director a notarized statement of all surplus lines insurance business transacted by the broker during the period for which the statement is being filed. THE DIRECTOR MUST RECEIVE THE STATEMENT ON OR BEFORE THE DUE DATES SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION B. The statement shall be on a form prescribed by the director and shall show:
 - 1. Gross amount of each kind of insurance transacted.
 - 2. Aggregate gross premiums charged.
 - 3. Aggregate of return premiums paid to insureds.

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- 4. Aggregate of net premiums.
- 5. Such additional information as may reasonably be required by the director.
- B. The statement is due on or before March 1 of each year for the preceding July through December and on or before September 1 of each year for the preceding January through June.

Sec. 22. Section 20-466, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-466. Fraud unit; peace officer status; powers; information sharing duty of insurers

- A. A fraud unit is established in the department of insurance.
- B. The fraud unit shall work in conjunction with the department of public safety.
- C. The director may investigate any act or practice of fraud prohibited by section 20-466.01 and any other act or practice of fraud against an insurer or entity licensed under this title. The director shall administer the fraud unit.
- D. The director may employ investigators for the fraud unit. A fraud unit investigator has and shall exercise the law enforcement powers of a peace officer of this state but only while acting in the course and scope of employment for the department. The director shall adopt guidelines for the conduct of investigations that are substantially similar to the investigative policy and procedural guidelines of the department of public safety for peace officers. Fraud unit investigators shall not preempt the authority and jurisdiction of other law enforcement agencies of this state or its political subdivisions. Fraud unit investigators:
- 1. Shall have at least the qualifications prescribed by the Arizona peace officer standards and training board pursuant to section 41-1822.
- 2. Are not eligible to participate in the public safety personnel retirement system established by title 38, chapter 5, article 4 due solely to employment as fraud unit investigators.
- E. The director may request the submission of papers, documents, reports or other evidence relating to an investigation under this section. The director may issue subpoenas and take other actions pursuant to section 20-160. The materials are privileged and confidential until the director completes the investigation. Any documents, materials or other information that is provided to the director pursuant to this section is not subject to discovery or subpoena until opened for public inspection by the director or, after notice and a hearing, a court determines that the director would not be unduly burdened by compliance with the subpoena. The director shall keep the identity of an informant confidential, including any information that might identify the informant, unless the request for information is made by a law enforcement agency, the attorney general or a county attorney for purposes of a criminal investigation or prosecution. The director may use the documents, materials or other information in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the director's official duties.

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- F. If the documents, materials or other information the director seeks to obtain by request is located outside this state, the person requested to provide the documents, materials or other information shall arrange for the fraud unit or a representative, including an official of the state in which the documents, materials or other information is located, to examine the documents, materials or other information where it is located. The director may respond to similar requests from other states.
- G. An insurer that believes a fraudulent claim has been or is being made shall send to the director, on a form prescribed by the director, information relative to the claim including the identity of parties claiming loss or damage as a result of an accident and any other information the fraud unit may require. The director shall review the report and determine if further investigation is necessary. If the director determines that further investigation is necessary, the director may conduct an independent investigation to determine if fraud, deceit or intentional misrepresentation in the submission of the claim exists. If the director is satisfied that fraud, deceit or intentional misrepresentation of any kind has been committed in the submission of a claim, the director may report the violations of the law to the reporting insurer, to the appropriate licensing agency as defined in section 20-466.04 and to the appropriate county attorney or the attorney general for prosecution.

H. The director may:

1. Share nonpublic documents, materials or other information with other state, federal and international regulatory agencies, with the national association of insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and with state, federal and international law enforcement authorities if the recipient agrees and warrants that it has the authority to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, materials or other information.

2. Receive documents, materials and other information from the national association of insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other jurisdictions and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document, material or other information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material or other information.

3. Enter into agreements that govern the sharing and use of documents, materials and other information and that are consistent with this section.

I. A disclosure to or by the director pursuant to this section or as a result of sharing information pursuant to subsection G of this section is not a waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials or other information disclosed or shared.

J. H. The director shall annually assess each insurer as defined in section 20-441, subsection B authorized to transact business in this state up to one thousand fifty dollars, as annually adjusted pursuant to this

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subsection for the administration and operation of the fraud unit and the prosecution of fraud pursuant to this section. Monies collected shall be deposited, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, in the state general fund. The director shall annually revise ANNUALLY the assessment amount in such a manner that the revenue derived from the assessment equals at least ninety-five per cent but not more than one hundred ten per cent of the appropriated budget of the fraud unit for the prior fiscal year.

K. I. A person, or an officer, employee or agent of the person acting within the scope of employment or agency of that officer, employee or agent, who in good faith files a report or provides other information to the fraud unit pursuant to this section is not subject to civil or criminal liability for reporting that information to the fraud unit.

Sec. 23. Section 20-481.21, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-481.21. <u>Confidential records; consent to release; release</u> without consent

A. All documents, materials or other information that is in the possession or control of the department and that is obtained by or disclosed to the director or any other person in the course of a filing, an examination an investigation made pursuant to sections 20-481.03, 20-481.10, 20-481.12, 20-481.19 and 20-481.20 is confidential and privileged, is not subject to title 39, chapter 1, article 2 and is not subject to subpoena. The director may use the documents, materials or other information in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the director's official duties. The director shall not make the documents, materials or other information public without the prior written consent of the insurer to which it pertains unless the director determines, after giving the insurer and its affiliates who would be affected by the publication notice and an opportunity to be heard, that the interests of policyholders, shareholders or the public will be served by the publication. The director may then publish all or any part of the documents, materials or other information as the director deems appropriate.

B. The director may:

1. Share nonpublic documents, materials or other information with other state, federal and international regulatory agencies, with the national association of insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and with state, federal and international law enforcement authorities if the recipient agrees and warrants that it has the authority to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, materials or other information.

2. Receive documents, materials and other information from the national association of insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other jurisdictions and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document, material or other information received with notice or the understanding that

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it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material or other information.

3. Enter into agreements that govern the sharing and use of documents, materials and other information and that are consistent with this section.

C. A disclosure to or by the director pursuant to this section or as a result of sharing information pursuant to subsection B of this section is not a waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials or other information disclosed or shared.

Sec. 24. Section 20-485.03, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-485.03. <u>Maintenance of records; access; confidentiality;</u> examination

A. Every administrator shall maintain at the administrator's principal administrative office for the duration of the written agreement required by section 20-485.01 and for five years thereafter adequate books and records of all transactions among the administrator, insurers and insured persons. The books and records shall be maintained in accordance with prudent standards of insurance record keeping.

B. The director shall have access to books and records maintained by the administrator for the purpose of examination, audit and inspection. Any trade secrets contained in the books and records, including the identity and addresses of policyholders and certificate holders, shall be confidential, except the director may use the information in any proceedings instituted against the administrator.

C. The director may:

1. Share nonpublic documents, materials or other information with other state, federal and international regulatory agencies, with the national association of insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and with state, federal and international law enforcement authorities if the recipient agrees and warrants that it has the authority to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, materials or other information.

2. Receive documents, materials and other information from the national association of insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other jurisdictions and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document, material or other information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material or other information.

3. Enter into agreements that govern the sharing and use of documents, materials and other information and that are consistent with this section.

D. A disclosure to or by the director pursuant to this section or as a result of sharing information pursuant to subsection C of this section is not a waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents. materials or other information disclosed or shared.

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- E. C. The insurer retains the right of continuing access to books and records maintained by the administrator sufficient to permit the insurer to fulfill all of its contractual obligations to insured persons, subject to any restrictions in the written agreement between the insurer and administrator on the proprietary rights of the parties in such books and records.
- F. D. The director may require an administrator to provide, on a quarterly basis in a form acceptable to the director, additional information that is necessary for the protection of the public.
- G. E. The director may examine the business practices, books and records of any administrator as often as the director deems appropriate. The administrator shall pay the cost of only one examination each year.
- Sec. 25. Section 20-488.07, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-488.07. Confidentiality

- A. With respect to a domestic insurer or foreign insurer, the director shall keep confidential all information that is contained in RBC reports and that is not required to be set forth in a public annual statement schedule and all RBC plans that are filed with the director, including the results or report of an examination or analysis of an insurer that is performed pursuant to this article and any corrective order that is issued by the director. This information shall not be made public and is not subject to subpoena, except that the director may subpoena the information for the purpose of enforcing the insurance laws of this state.
- B. An assertion, representation or statement regarding the RBC levels of an insurer or any component derived by any insurer, insurance producer or other person engaged in the transaction of insurance business shall not be published, disseminated, circulated or placed before the public in any printed medium and shall not be advertised, announced or stated through radio, television or any other electronic medium.
- C. Notwithstanding subsection B, an insurer may publish an announcement in a written publication for the purpose of rebutting a materially false statement that is made with respect to the comparison regarding the insurer's total adjusted capital to its RBC levels or with respect to an inappropriate comparison of any other amount to the insurer's RBC levels, that is published in a written publication and that the insurer is able to demonstrate to the director with substantial proof is false or inappropriate.
- D. The RBC instructions, RBC reports, adjusted RBC reports, RBC plans and revised RBC plans are intended solely for use by the director in monitoring the solvency of insurers and the need for possible corrective action with respect to insurers. The director shall not use the RBC instructions, RBC reports, adjusted RBC reports, RBC plans and revised RBC plans for rate making, shall not consider or introduce them as evidence in any rate making proceeding and shall not use them to calculate or derive any

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elements of an appropriate premium level or rate of return for any line of insurance that an insurer or any affiliate is authorized to write.

E. The director may:

1. Share nonpublic documents, materials or other information with other state, federal and international regulatory agencies, with the national association of insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and with state, federal and international law enforcement authorities if the recipient agrees and warrants that it has the authority to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, materials or other information.

2. Receive documents, materials and other information from the national association of insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other jurisdictions and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document, material or other information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material or other information.

3. Enter into agreements that govern the sharing and use of documents, materials and other information and that are consistent with this section.

F. A disclosure to or by the director pursuant to this section or as a result of sharing information pursuant to subsection E is not a waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials or other information disclosed or shared.

Sec. 26. Section 20-831, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-831. <u>Annual statement; examination</u>

A. Not later than March 31 of each year every EACH corporation shall file with SUBMIT ANNUALLY TO the director a statement of its financial condition, transactions and affairs as of the preceding December 31 as prescribed in sections 20-223 and 20-234 and shall pay the annual renewal fee prescribed in section 20-167. THE DIRECTOR MUST RECEIVE THE STATEMENT AND PAYMENT ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 OF EACH YEAR.

- B. At the time of filing its annual statement as required by section 20-223, a corporation shall also disclose to the director, in the form or manner prescribed by the director, information similar to that required of other corporations transacting business in this state pursuant to title 10, chapter 39, article 2 that is not already filed with or available to the director.
- C. The director may appoint an examiner, deputy examiner or other person to examine into the affairs of the corporation who has the power of visitation and examination, is entitled to free access to all the books, papers and documents relating to the business of the corporation and may summon the officers, agents or employees or any other persons and require them to testify under oath concerning the affairs, transactions and condition of the corporation. An examination shall be conducted at least every five years.

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- D. The corporation shall pay the cost of the examination and audit, but the corporation is not required to pay for more than one audit or examination in any one year. The corporation shall pay the costs as provided for insurers pursuant to section 20-159.
- E. IF THE DIRECTOR DOES NOT RECEIVE FROM a corporation that fails to timely file the annual statement required under subsection A of this section or fails to provide THE information required under subsection B of this section ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1, THE CORPORATION is subject to the penalties prescribed in section 20-223.
 - Sec. 27. Section 20-885, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-885. Reports

Each fraternal benefit society shall file reports as follows:

- 1. A. Unless the director extends the time for filing for good cause shown, on or before March 1 Each FRATERNAL BENEFIT society transacting business in this state shall SUBMIT annually file with TO the director ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 1. A true statement of its financial condition, transactions and affairs for the preceding calendar year and shall pay the fee prescribed by section 20-167 for filing the statement. The statement shall be in the general form and context that is approved by the national association of insurance commissioners for fraternal benefit societies, supplemented by any additional information that the director requires.
- 2. At the time of filing its annual statement pursuant to paragraph 1 of this section, each society shall also file with the director A valuation of its certificates in force as of the preceding December 31. On a showing of good cause the director may extend the time for filing the valuation for a period of not more than two calendar months. The valuation shall be conducted pursuant to section 20-884. A qualified actuary shall certify the valuation and underlying data, or, at the expense of the society, an actuary of the department of insurance in the domiciliary state of the society shall verify the valuation and underlying data.
- B. THE DIRECTOR MUST RECEIVE THE SUBMISSIONS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 OF EACH YEAR.
- Sec. 28. Section 20-1009, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-1009. Annual report to director

- A. Every EACH prepaid dental plan organization SHALL SUBMIT annually on or before the first day of March shall file with TO the director a report of its financial condition, transactions and affairs as of the preceding December 31 as prescribed in sections 20-223 and 20-234 and shall pay the annual renewal fee prescribed in section 20-167. THE DIRECTOR MUST RECEIVE THE REPORT AND PAYMENT ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 OF EACH YEAR.
- B. The prepaid dental plan organization shall also submit any reports required by chapter 2, article 12 of this title.

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C. IF THE DIRECTOR DOES NOT RECEIVE FROM a prepaid dental plan organization that fails to timely file the annual report required under subsection A of this section ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1, THE PREPAID DENTAL PLAN ORGANIZATION is subject to the penalties prescribed in section 20-223.

Sec. 29. Section 20-1059, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-1059. Annual report to director

- A. Every EACH health care services organization SHALL SUBMIT annually on or before March 31 shall file with TO the director a report of its financial condition, transactions and affairs as of the preceding December 31 as prescribed in sections 20-223 and 20-234 and shall pay the annual renewal fee prescribed in section 20-167. THE DIRECTOR MUST RECEIVE THE REPORT AND PAYMENT ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 OF EACH YEAR.
- B. Unless preempted under federal law or unless federal law imposes greater requirements than this section, this section applies to a provider sponsored health care services organization.
- C. IF THE DIRECTOR DOES NOT RECEIVE FROM a health care services organization that fails to timely file the annual report required under subsection A of this section ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1, THE HEALTH CARE SERVICES ORGANIZATION is subject to the penalties prescribed in section 20-223.
- Sec. 30. Section 20-1096.05, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-1096.05. Annual reports; renewal of certificate of authority

- A. No later than April 1 of each year, a EACH mechanical reimbursement reinsurer shall submit ANNUALLY to the director a report written in a form designated by the director and signed by the president and secretary of the reinsurer that clearly indicates the method being used to determine policy and loss reserves and the amount in the policy and loss reserves. THE DIRECTOR MUST RECEIVE THE REPORT ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 OF EACH YEAR.
- B. The reinsurer shall accompany the annual report with an application for renewal of the certificate of authority, together with the fee prescribed in section 20-167.
- Sec. 31. Section 20-1561, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-1561. <u>Law governing title insurers</u>

- A. This article applies to all title insurers, title insurance rating organizations, title insurance agents, applicants for title insurance and policyholders and to all persons and business entities engaged in the business of title insurance.
- B. To the extent not modified by this article, title insurers are subject to and governed by the other applicable sections of this title.
- C. Any new insurance law enacted after January 1, 1968 does not apply to title insurers, title insurance rating organizations, title insurance

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agents, applicants for title insurance, title insurance policyholders or title insurance, except by express reference therein.

- D. Section 20-223 applies to title insurers.
- E. Title insurance agents shall be licensed pursuant to this article. Chapter 2, article 3 of this title does not apply to licensure of title agents except by specific reference in that article, except that to the extent not inconsistent with this article, section 20-285, section 20-286, subsections C and D and sections 20-287, 20-289, 20-289.01, 20-290, 20-291, 20-292, 20-295, 20-296, 20-297, 20-298, 20-299, 20-300 and 20-301 apply to title insurance agents.

Sec. 32. Section 33-803, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-803. <u>Trustee of trust deed; qualifications</u>

- A. Except as provided in subsection B, the trustee of a trust deed shall be:
- 1. An association or corporation doing business under the laws of this state as a bank, trust company, savings and loan association, credit union, insurance company, escrow agent or consumer lender.
 - 2. A person who is a member of the state bar of Arizona.
- 3. A person who is a licensed real estate broker under the laws of this state.
- 4. A person who is a licensed insurance producer OR A LICENSED TITLE INSURANCE AGENT under the laws of this state.
- 5. An association or corporation that is licensed, chartered or regulated by the federal deposit insurance corporation, the comptroller of the currency, the federal home loan bank, the national credit union administration, the farm credit administration, the federal reserve board or any successors.
- 6. The parent corporation of any association or corporation referred to in this subsection or any corporation all the stock of which is owned by or held solely for the benefit of any such association or corporation referred to in this subsection.
- B. An individual trustee of a trust deed who qualifies under subsection A shall not be the beneficiary of the trust, but such restriction shall not preclude a corporate or association trustee that qualifies under subsection A and while acting in good faith from being the beneficiary, or after appointment from acquiring the interest of the beneficiary by succession, conveyance, grant, descent or devise.
- C. A trustee of a trust deed who qualifies under subsection A shall not lend or delegate the trustee's name or corporate capacity to any individual or entity that does not qualify as a trustee of a trust deed. An individual, company, association or corporation shall not circumvent the requirements of subsection A by acting in concert with a nonqualifying trustee.

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