REFERENCE TITLE: 2009-2010 budget reconciliation; revenues

State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-ninth Legislature First Regular Session 2009

HB 2635

Introduced by Representatives Yarbrough: Adams, Kavanagh, McComish, Tobin (with permission of Committee on Rules)

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 5-113, 5-518, 5-522 AND 8-524, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING SECTION 15-994, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTIONS 28-3002, 33-812, 41-1276, 41-3506, 42-5031, 44-302, 44-313, 48-4201, 48-4202, 48-4204 AND 48-4231, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 48, CHAPTER 26, ARTICLE 2, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 48-4231.01; AMENDING SECTION 48-4237, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING LAWS 2008, CHAPTER 291, SECTION 12; MAKING APPROPRIATIONS; RELATING TO REVENUE BUDGET RECONCILIATION.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

- j -

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 5-113, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

5-113. <u>Disposition of revenues and monies: funds: committee</u>

A. All revenues derived from permittees, permits and licenses,— as provided by this article, and all monies transferred pursuant to section 44-313, subsection A shall be deposited, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, or distributed as follows IN THE STATE GENERAL FUND. :

1. One million two hundred thousand dollars or twenty two per cent, whichever is less, shall be deposited in the Arizona county fairs racing betterment fund established by subsection B of this section.

2. One million eight hundred thousand dollars or thirty-three per cent, whichever is less, shall be deposited in the county fairs livestock and agriculture promotion fund established by subsection C of this section.

3. One million two hundred thousand dollars or twenty-two per cent, whichever is less, shall be deposited in the Arizona breeders' award fund established by subsection F of this section.

4. Sixty thousand dollars or one per cent, whichever is less, shall be deposited in the Arizona stallion award fund established by subsection G of this section.

5. Four hundred fifty thousand dollars or nine per cent, whichever is less, shall be deposited in the county fair racing fund established by subsection I of this section.

6. One per cent of the revenues and monies shall be deposited in the agricultural consulting and training fund established by subsection J of this section.

7. Sixty seven thousand dollars or one per cent, whichever is less, shall be subject to legislative appropriation to the department for administration of the Arizona county fairs racing betterment fund, the Arizona breeders' award fund, the Arizona stallion award fund and the greyhound adoption fund. Monies that are distributed pursuant to this paragraph and that remain unspent at the end of a fiscal year do not revert to the state general fund.

8. Four hundred thousand dollars or eleven per cent, whichever is less, shall be deposited in the Arizona exposition and state fair fund established by section 3-1005 for the purpose of capital outlay.

9. Any revenues and monies that are not distributed pursuant to paragraphs 1 through 8 of this subsection at the end of a fiscal year shall be deposited in the state general fund.

B. The Arizona county fairs racing betterment fund is established under the jurisdiction of the department. The department shall distribute monies from the fund to the county fair association or county fair racing association of each county conducting a county fair racing meeting in such proportion as the department deems necessary for the promotion and betterment of county fair racing meetings. All expenditures from the fund shall be made

- 1 -

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

upon claims approved by the department. In order to be eligible for distributions from the fund, a county fair association must provide the department with an annual certification in the form required by the department supporting expenditures made from the fund. Balances remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year do not revert to the state general fund.

- C. The county fairs livestock and agriculture promotion fund is established under the control of the governor and shall be used for the purpose of promoting the livestock and agricultural resources of the state and for the purpose of conducting an annual Arizona national livestock fair by the Arizona exposition and state fair board to further promote livestock resources. The direct expenses less receipts of the livestock fair shall be paid from this fund, but such payment shall not exceed thirty per cent of the receipts of the fund for the preceding fiscal year. Balances remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year do not revert to the state general fund. All expenditures from the fund shall be made upon claims approved by the governor, as recommended by the livestock and agriculture committee, for the promotion and betterment of the livestock and agricultural resources of this state. The livestock and agriculture committee is established and shall be composed of the following members, at least three of whom are from counties that have a population of less than five hundred thousand persons, appointed by the governor:
 - 1. Three members representing county fairs.
 - 2. One member representing Arizona livestock fairs.
- 3. One member representing the university of Arizona college of agriculture.
 - 4. One member representing the livestock industry.
 - 5. One member representing the farming industry.
 - 6. One member representing the governor's office.
- 7. One member representing the Arizona state fair conducted by the Arizona exposition and state fair board.
 - 8. One member representing the general public.
- D. The governor shall appoint a chairman from the members. Terms of members shall be four years.
- E. Members of the committee are not eligible to receive compensation but are eligible to receive reimbursement for expenses pursuant to title 38, chapter 4, article 2.
- F. The Arizona breeders' award fund is established under the jurisdiction of the department. The department shall distribute monies from the fund to the breeder, or the breeder's heirs, devisees or successors, of every winning horse or greyhound foaled or whelped in this state, as defined by section 5-114, in a manner and in an amount established by rules of the commission to protect the integrity of the racing industry and promote, improve and advance the quality of race horse and greyhound breeding within this state. The department may contract with a breeders' association to provide data, statistics and other information necessary to enable the

- 2 -

department to carry out the purposes of this subsection. Persons who are not eligible to be licensed under section 5-107.01 or persons who have been refused licenses under section 5-108 are not eligible to participate in the Arizona greyhound breeders' award fund. Balances remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year do not revert to the state general fund. For the purposes of this subsection, "breeder" means the owner or lessee of the dam of the animal at the time the animal was foaled or whelped.

- G. The Arizona stallion award fund is established under the jurisdiction of the department to promote, improve and advance the quality of stallions in this state. The department shall distribute monies from the fund to the owner or lessee, or the owner's or lessee's heirs, devisees or successors, of every Arizona stallion whose certified Arizona bred offspring, as prescribed in section 5-114, finishes first, second or third in an eligible race in this state. The department may contract with a breeders' association to provide data, statistics and other information necessary to enable the department to carry out the purposes of this subsection. Balances remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year do not revert to the state general fund. The commission shall adopt rules pursuant to title 41, chapter 6 to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The rules shall prescribe at a minimum:
- 1. The manner and procedure for distribution from the fund, including eligibility requirements for owners and lessees.
- 2. Subject to availability of monies in the fund, the amount to be awarded.
- 3. The requirements for a stallion registered with the jockey club, Lexington, Kentucky or with the American quarter horse association, Amarillo, Texas to be certified as an Arizona stallion.
 - 4. The types and requirements of races for which an award may be made.
- The greyhound and retired racehorse adoption fund is established. The department shall administer the fund and maintain separate accounts for greyhound adoptions and retired racehorse adoptions. All revenues derived from license fees collected from dog breeders, racing kennels and other operations pursuant to section 5–104, subsection F, paragraphs 7, 8 and 9 shall be deposited, pursuant to sections 35–146 and 35–147, in the greyhound adoption account of the fund. All revenues derived from retired racehorse adoption surcharges collected pursuant to section 5-104, subsection G shall be deposited, pursuant to sections 35–146 and 35–147, in the retired racehorse adoption account of the fund. The department shall distribute monies from the fund to provide financial assistance to nonprofit enterprises approved by the commission to promote the adoption of former racing greyhounds as domestic pets and to promote the adoption of retired racehorses pursuant to section 5–104, subsection G in a manner and in an amount established by rules of the commission. Balances remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year do not revert to the state general fund.

- 3 -

- I. The county fair racing fund is established. The department shall administer the fund. Subject to legislative appropriation, The department shall use fund monies for the administration of county fair racing. Any monies remaining unexpended in the fund at the end of the fiscal year in excess of seventy-five thousand dollars shall revert to the state general fund.
- J. The agricultural consulting and training fund is established. The Arizona department of agriculture shall administer the fund. Subject to legislative appropriation, The Arizona department of agriculture shall use monies in the fund for the agricultural consulting and training program established by section 3-109.01. Balances remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year do not revert to the state general fund.
 - Sec. 2. Section 5-518, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 5-518. <u>Disposition of unclaimed prize money</u>

Unclaimed prize money for the prize on a winning ticket or share shall be retained for the person entitled to the prize for one hundred eighty days after the drawing in which the prize was won in the case of a drawing prize and for one hundred eighty days after the announced end of the game in question in the case of a prize determined in any manner other than by means of a drawing. If a claim is not made for the money within the applicable period, seventy per cent of the prize money shall be held in the state lottery prize fund for use as additional prizes in future games and thirty per cent shall be transferred monthly to the court appointed special advocate fund established by section 8-524 STATE GENERAL FUND.

- Sec. 3. Section 5-522, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 5-522. <u>Use of monies in state lottery fund; report</u>
- A. The monies in the state lottery fund shall be expended only for the following purposes and in the order provided:
- 1. For the expenses of the commission incurred in carrying out its powers and duties and in the operation of the lottery.
- 2. For payment to the commerce and economic development commission fund established by section 41-1505.10 of not less than twenty-one and one-half per cent of the revenues received from the sale of two special lottery games conducted for the benefit of economic development.
- 3. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, for payment to the local transportation assistance fund established by section 28-8101 of not less than nine million dollars, increasing each year that total revenues to the state lottery fund increase up to a maximum of eighteen million dollars each fiscal year, except that payments pursuant to this paragraph shall not increase by more than ten per cent per year.
- B. Of the monies remaining in the state lottery fund after the appropriations authorized in subsection A of this section, up to a maximum of twenty-three million dollars each fiscal year shall be deposited in the local transportation assistance fund established by section 28-8101 and up to a maximum of seven million six hundred fifty thousand dollars each fiscal year

- 4 -

shall be deposited in the county assistance fund established by section 41-175. Monies distributed pursuant to this subsection shall be in addition to monies distributed pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section.

- C. Notwithstanding subsection B of this section, if the state lottery director determines at the beginning of any fiscal year that monies available to cities, towns and counties under this section may not equal thirty million six hundred fifty thousand dollars, the director shall not authorize deposits to the county assistance fund until the deposits to the local transportation assistance fund equal twenty-three million dollars.
- D. Of the monies remaining in the state lottery fund each fiscal year after appropriations and deposits authorized in subsections A, B and C of this section, ten million dollars shall be deposited in the Arizona state parks board heritage fund established by section 41-502 and ten million dollars shall be deposited in the Arizona game and fish commission heritage fund established by section 17-297.
- Of the monies remaining in the state lottery fund each fiscal year after appropriations and deposits authorized in subsections A, B, C and D of this section, and appropriations and deposits to the local transportation assistance fund authorized by this section, five million dollars shall be allocated to the department of economic security for the healthy families program established by section 8-701, four million dollars shall be allocated to the Arizona board of regents for the Arizona area health education system established by section 15–1643, three million dollars shall be allocated to the department of health services to fund the teenage pregnancy prevention programs established in Laws 1995, chapter 190, sections 2 and 3, two million dollars shall be allocated to the department of health services for the health start program established by section 36-697, two million dollars shall be deposited in the disease control research fund established by section 36-274 and one million dollars shall be allocated to the department of health services for the federal women, infants and children food program. The allocations in this subsection shall be adjusted annually according to changes in the GDP price deflator as defined in section 41-563 and the allocations are exempt from the provisions of section 35-190, relating to lapsing of appropriations. If there are not sufficient monies available pursuant to this subsection, the allocation of monies for each program shall be reduced on a pro rata basis.
- F. Notwithstanding subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section, if the state lottery director determines that monies available to the state general fund may not equal thirty-one million dollars in a fiscal year, the director shall not authorize deposits to the local transportation assistance fund pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section until the deposits to the state general fund equal thirty-one million dollars in a fiscal year.
- G. Of the monies remaining in the state lottery fund each fiscal year after appropriations and deposits authorized in subsections A through F of this section, one million dollars or the remaining balance in the fund,

- 5 -

whichever is less, is appropriated to the department of economic security for grants to nonprofit organizations, including faith based organizations, for homeless emergency and transitional shelters and related support services. The department of economic security shall submit a report on the amounts, recipients, purposes and results of each grant to the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives and the president of the senate on or before December 31 of each year for the prior fiscal year and shall provide a copy of this report to the secretary of state and the director of the Arizona state library, archives and public records.

- H. Beginning in fiscal year 2009-2010, of the monies remaining in the state lottery fund each fiscal year after appropriations and deposits authorized in subsections A through G of this section, and after a total of at least forty-six million four hundred ninety thousand FIFTY-SEVEN MILLION dollars has been deposited in the state general fund, the remaining balance in the state lottery fund shall be deposited in the university capital improvement lease-to-own and bond fund established by section 15-1682.03, up to a maximum of eighty per cent of the total annual payments of lease-to-own and bond agreements entered into by the Arizona board of regents.
- I. Beginning in fiscal year 2009-2010, of the monies remaining in the state lottery fund each fiscal year after appropriations and deposits authorized in subsections A through H of this section, ten million dollars or the remaining balance in the fund, whichever is less, is appropriated to the department of environmental quality's water supply development fund line item.
- J. Beginning in fiscal year 2009-2010, of the monies remaining in the state lottery fund each fiscal year after appropriations and deposits authorized in subsections A through I of this section, three million dollars or the remaining balance in the fund, whichever is less, is appropriated to the community protection initiative fund established by section 37-641.
- K. All monies remaining in the state lottery fund after the appropriations and deposits authorized in this section shall be deposited in the state general fund.
- L. Except for monies expended for prizes as provided in section 5-504, subsection G and section 41-1505.10, monies expended under subsection A of this section are subject to legislative appropriation.
 - Sec. 4. Section 8-524, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 8-524. Special advocate fund
- A. The court appointed special advocate fund is established consisting of monies received pursuant to section 5-518 APPROPRIATED BY THE LEGISLATURE AND FROM ANY OTHER LAWFUL SOURCE. The fund is subject to annual legislative appropriation. Monies appropriated by the legislature from the court appointed special advocate fund for the court appointed special advocate program FROM THE FUND shall be used by the supreme court to operate, improve, maintain and enhance the COURT APPOINTED SPECIAL ADVOCATE program.

- 6 -

```
B. A court may request fund monies by submitting a program plan and
 2
     funding request to the supreme court pursuant to rules adopted by the court.
 3
           Sec. 5. Repeal
           Section 15-994, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed.
 4
           Sec. 6. Section 28-3002, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
           28-3002. Fees: driver licenses: disposition
 6
 7
              The following fees are required:
 8
               For each original or initial application or renewal application, if
 9
     a written examination is required, for the following:
           (a) Class A driver license, twenty-five dollars.
10
11
           (b) Class B driver license, twenty-five dollars.
12
           (c) Class C driver license, twelve dollars fifty cents.
13
           (d) Class D driver license issued pursuant to section 28-3171, ten
14
     dollars.
15
           (e) Class M driver license issued pursuant to section 28-3171, ten
16
     dollars.
17
           2. Except as provided in paragraph 1, for each original, renewal or
     reinstatement application for a class D, G or M license:
18
19
           Age
20
           50 or older
                                                     $10.00
21
           45-49
                                                     $15.00
22
           40-44
                                                     $20.00
23
           39 or younger
                                                     $25.00
24
           3. For each original or initial application or renewal examination, if
25
     a written application is required, for the following endorsements to a driver
26
     license:
27
           (a) Bus endorsement, ten dollars.
28
           (b) Hazardous materials endorsement, ten dollars.
29
           (c) Tank vehicle endorsement, ten dollars.
30
           (d) Double-triple trailer endorsement, ten dollars.
31
           (e) Motorcycle endorsement, seven dollars.
32
           4. For taking each driving test for a:
33
           (a) Class A driver license, twenty-five dollars.
34
           (b) Class B driver license, twenty-five dollars.
35
           (c) Class C driver license, twelve dollars fifty cents.
36
           (d) Bus endorsement, five dollars.
           5. For each application for an instruction permit under:
37
           (a) Section 28-3154 or 28-3156, seven dollars.
38
39
           (b) Section 28-3155, three dollars.
40
           (c) Section 28-3225, class A, twenty-five dollars.
41
           (d) Section 28-3225, class B, twenty-five dollars.
42
           (e) Section 28-3225, class C, twelve dollars fifty cents.
43
           6. For each renewal application, if a written examination is not
44
     required, for a:
```

- 7 -

- (a) Class A driver license and any endorsement, other than a hazardous materials endorsement, to the license, fifteen dollars.
- (b) Class B driver license and any endorsement, other than a hazardous materials endorsement, to the license, fifteen dollars.
- (c) Class C driver license and any endorsement, other than a hazardous materials endorsement, to the license, ten dollars.
- 7. For each application for a duplicate of a driver license, four dollars AN AMOUNT DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 8. For each application for a duplicate of an instruction permit, two dollars.
- 9. In addition to the fees prescribed in paragraph 2 and except as provided in paragraph 11:
- (a) For reinstatement of driving privileges after suspension or disqualification, ten dollars.
- (b) For reinstatement of driving privileges after revocation, twenty dollars.
- 10. For each application for an extension by mail of a driver license, five dollars.
- 11. In addition to the fees prescribed in paragraph 2, for reinstatement of driving privileges that were suspended or denied pursuant to section 28-1385 after completion of the suspension or revocation, fifty dollars.
 - 12. For vision screening tests of out-of-state drivers, five dollars.
- 13. For class D or M driver license skills tests for out-of-state drivers, fifteen dollars.
- B. Except as otherwise provided by statute, the director shall immediately deposit, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, fees collected under this section in the Arizona highway user revenue fund.
 - Sec. 7. Section 33-812, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-812. <u>Disposition of proceeds of sale</u>
- A. The trustee shall apply the proceeds of the trustee's sale in the following order of priority:
- 1. To the costs and expenses of exercising the power of sale and the sale, including the payment of the trustee's fees and reasonable attorney fees actually incurred.
- 2. To the payment of the contract or contracts secured by the trust deed.
- 3. To the payment of all other obligations provided in or secured by the trust deed and actually paid by the beneficiary before the trustee's sale
- 4. To any condominium association or planned community association as defined in $\frac{\text{chapters}}{\text{chapters}}$ CHAPTER 9 or $\frac{10}{10}$ 16 of this title $\frac{\text{who}}{\text{mho}}$ THAT had a subordinate lien as provided by law, even if the trustee intends to deposit the balance pursuant to subsection C of this section. The trustee may pay an association's lien on receipt of a written claim and shall be discharged from

- 8 -

any liability for any payment made in good faith. The trustee may inquire as to the existence of a lien if there is a recorded declaration on the property without regard to whether a lien has been recorded. Any person who is an applicant or respondent pursuant to subsection G H of this section may require the condominium ASSOCIATION or planned community association to prove its entitlement to any funds received from the trustee. An association that demonstrates that the amount it received from the trustee was proper in all material respects is entitled to an award of its reasonable attorney fees and court costs against the applicant or respondent who contested the payment. If the applicant or respondent against whom the association's award is entered is entitled to excess proceeds of the sale, the award of attorney fees and costs shall be payable from those excess proceeds.

- 5. To the junior lienholders or encumbrancers in order of their priority as they existed at the time of the sale. After payment in full of all sums due to all junior lienholders and encumbrancers as of the date of the sale and excluding any postsale attorney fees, payment shall be made to the trustor, except that if the trustor has sold or transferred the property to another owner before the trustee's sale, payment shall be made to the person who is the owner of record at the time of the trustee's sale.
- B. After application of the proceeds pursuant to subsection A, paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this section, if there are additional proceeds to be distributed, the trustee, within fifteen days of the completion of the trustee's sale, shall mail by first class mail and by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, a notice of any excess proceeds to the trustor as of the date of the recording of the notice of sale. The trustee may deduct the costs of mailing the notice of excess proceeds from the additional proceeds.
- C. In the trustee's discretion and instead of any one or more of the applications specified in subsection A of this section, the trustee may elect to deposit the balance of the proceeds with the county treasurer in the county in which the sale took place pending an order of the superior court in the county. On deposit of the balance of the monies and after complying with subsection D of this section, the trustee shall be discharged from all responsibility for acts performed in good faith according to this chapter. The county treasurer shall reject any deposit that does not comply with subsection D of this section.
- D. If the trustee elects to deposit the balance of the sale proceeds as prescribed by subsection C of this section, the trustee as plaintiff shall commence a civil action in the superior court in the county in which the sale occurred. The action shall name the applicable county treasurer as the defendant, but the county treasurer has no obligation to respond to the complaint or appear in the action. The trustee shall mail by certified or registered mail, with postage prepaid, a conformed copy of the complaint that displays the filing stamp of the court clerk to the county treasurer and all persons, other than the beneficiary, who are entitled to notice pursuant to section 33-809 and to any other person known by the trustee to have an

- 9 -

interest of record in the property at the time of the sale. The trustee shall incorporate in or attach to the complaint:

- 1. A copy of any one of the following:
- (a) The trustee sale guarantee and all amendments or endorsements obtained by the trustee.
- (b) The title search used by the trustee in connection with the trustee's sale of the subject property and all amendments or endorsements obtained by the trustee.
- (c) A detailed description of the liens and encumbrances used by the trustee in connection with the trustee's sale of the property.
- 2. A copy of the list of the persons and each of the addresses to which the complaint will be mailed.
- 3. A detailed description of any disbursements made by the trustee pursuant to this section.
- 4. A narrative description of the liens and encumbrances as shown in the trustee's sale guarantee, title report or detailed description, including an analysis of the apparent priority of potential claimants. The trustee shall not be liable for any error in the narrative description or analysis.
- E. The trustee may withhold from the proceeds of the sale a reasonable trustee's fee and reasonable attorney fees actually incurred and the costs of filing the complaint, depositing the proceeds and mailing the notices.
- F. Upon filing the complaint, the trustee as plaintiff is discharged without prejudice from the proceedings.
- G. Any person with a recorded or other legal interest in the property at the time of the sale may apply for the release of the proceeds by filing an application for distribution in the civil action that was filed by the trustee pursuant to subsection D of this section. The applicant shall mail postage prepaid by any form of mail that requires a signed and returned receipt a copy of the application to the county treasurer and all persons at each of the addresses named on the list of persons that is incorporated in or attached to the complaint. On return of the signed receipt or the undelivered or unclaimed original envelope, the applicant shall file with the court an affidavit that states that the application was mailed to the person and that the application was either:
- 1. Received, as evidenced by the receipt. The applicant shall attach to the affidavit a copy of the receipt.
- 2. Not received, as evidenced by the returned envelope. The applicant shall attach to the affidavit a copy of the original unopened and undelivered or unclaimed returned envelope.
- H. Any person who receives the application or who claims a right to the proceeds may file a response to the application within thirty days of the mailing of the application. The person filing a response shall mail a copy of the response to each applicant. Within ten calendar days from the date the response is mailed, an applicant may file with the clerk and mail to each respondent a reply to the response. On expiration of the time for filing a

- 10 -

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

reply, an applicant shall provide the court with postage prepaid business envelopes that are addressed to all persons who are entitled to receive copies of the complaint pursuant to subsection D of this section. If an association with a claim is not paid by the trustee pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 4 of this section and is required to file an application or response pursuant to this subsection in order to recover proceeds, the association may request from the excess proceeds of the sale an award of its reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred.

- I. Except as provided in subsection L of this section, the court shall issue an order to the county treasurer to release the proceeds deposited with the county treasurer to the party entitled to receive them after applying the priorities prescribed by subsection A of this section. On notice to all persons who have received a copy of the complaint or who have filed a responsive pleading, the court may, and if there are competing claims to the proceeds, the court shall, hold a hearing to determine entitlement to the proceeds. Every applicant or respondent shall acknowledge the existence of any apparent lien, encumbrance or interest that could have priority over the applicant or respondent. If the court finds that a person other than an applicant or respondent has a superior right to receive the proceeds, the court shall not issue an order on the proceeds until one hundred eighty days from the date the complaint was filed. At any time before the expiration of the one hundred eighty day period, an applicant or respondent may move for a hearing to determine whether the claimed superior right is valid or enforceable and whether the claim is entitled to receive priority over the claim of the applicant or respondent. The motion shall set forth the specific facts and evidence that support the applicant's or respondent's position and shall be mailed to all persons who have received a copy of the complaint or filed a responsive pleading. If a response is not filed within the one hundred eighty day period by the person found by the court to have a superior right to receive the proceeds, the court shall enter an order in favor of any applicant or respondent entitled to the proceeds. On release of the proceeds, the county treasurer may assess and deduct from the proceeds a reasonable fee not to exceed one hundred dollars for the treasurer's costs associated with the civil action.
- J. Within ninety days after completion of the sale, the trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale pursuant to subsection A of this section or shall deposit the proceeds with the treasurer pursuant to subsection C of this section. If the trustee fails to comply with this subsection, the trustee forfeits any entitlement to the fees and costs prescribed in subsection D of this section and shall pay interest at the rate provided for judgments pursuant to section 44-1201 from the date of completion of the sale until the trustee complies with this subsection. Any person with a recorded or other legal interest in the property at the time of the sale may commence a civil action against the trustee for the trustee's failure to comply with

- 11 -

this subsection. The court may award the prevailing party its reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred in that civil action.

- K. Excess proceeds deposited with the county treasurer pursuant to subsection C of this section are presumed abandoned if the monies remain with the treasurer for at least three TWO years from the date of deposit and there is no pending application for distribution.
- L. Excess proceeds that are fifty dollars or less and that are presumed abandoned under this section shall be transferred to the county general fund. No further application for distribution by any applicant or claim by the department of revenue may be made on these monies.
- M. For all excess proceeds that are greater than fifty dollars and that are presumed abandoned under this section, the county treasurer shall submit a report to the department of revenue pursuant to section 44-307. The county treasurer may assess and deduct from the proceeds a reasonable fee of not more than fifty dollars for the treasurer's costs associated with reporting each deposit.
- N. The county treasurer shall be discharged from all claims and responsibility for acts performed in good faith pursuant to this chapter after remitting the presumed abandoned excess proceeds to the department of revenue pursuant to section 44-308.
- O. A claimant may enter into an agreement with a third party to pay for the recovery of or for assistance in the recovery of excess proceeds on deposit with the county treasurer. The agreement shall be in writing, signed by the claimant, and the claimant's signature shall be acknowledged by a notary public or other person authorized to accept an acknowledgment pursuant to section 33-511. Any agreement entered into before the expiration of thirty days after the date the trustee's sale was held, but not including the date of the sale, is void and unenforceable. Any fee or payment provided for in an agreement shall be reasonable. The fee or payment shall be presumed to be unreasonable and the obligation to pay the fee or payment is unenforceable if the fee or payment agreed on exceeds two thousand five hundred dollars excluding attorney fees and the costs of filing the claim and providing the statutorily required notices. Any person seeking a fee or payment exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars may apply to the court for additional compensation but the person has the burden of establishing that the additional compensation is reasonable under the circumstances. This subsection does not preclude a claimant from contesting the reasonableness of any fee or payment that is provided for in an agreement for the recovery of or for assistance in the recovery of excess proceeds.
 - Sec. 8. Section 41-1276, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 41-1276. <u>Truth in taxation levy for equalization assistance to school districts</u>
- A. On or before February 15 of each year, the joint legislative budget committee shall compute and transmit the truth in taxation rates for

- 12 -

equalization assistance for school districts for the following fiscal year to:

- 1. The chairmen of the house of representatives ways and means committee and the senate finance committee or their successor committees.
- 2. The chairmen of the appropriations committees of the senate and the house of representatives or their successor committees.
- B. The truth in taxation rates consist of the qualifying tax rate for a high school district or a common school district within a high school district that does not offer instruction in high school subjects pursuant to section 15-971, subsection B, paragraph 1— AND a qualifying tax rate for a unified district, a common school district not within a high school district or a common school district within a high school district that offers instruction in high school subjects pursuant to section 15-971, subsection B, paragraph 2 and a state equalization assistance property tax rate pursuant to section 15-994 that will offset the change in net assessed valuation of property that was subject to tax in the prior year.
- C. The joint legislative budget committee shall compute the truth in taxation rates as follows:
- 1. Determine the statewide primary net assessed value for the preceding tax year as provided in section 42-17151, subsection A, paragraph 3.
- 2. Determine the statewide primary net assessed value for the current tax year, excluding the net assessed value of property that was not subject to tax in the preceding year.
- 3. Divide the amount determined in paragraph 1 of this subsection by the amount determined in paragraph 2 of this subsection.
- 4. Adjust the qualifying tax rates and the state equalization assistance property tax rate for the current fiscal year by the percentage determined in paragraph 3 of this subsection in order to offset the change in net assessed value.
- D. Except as provided in subsections E and G of this section, the qualifying tax rate for a high school district or a common school district within a high school district that does not offer instruction in high school subjects. AND the qualifying tax rate for a unified school district, a common school district not within a high school district or a common school district within a high school district that offers instruction in high school subjects and the state equalization assistance property tax rate for the following fiscal year shall be the rate determined by the joint legislative budget committee pursuant to subsection C of this section. The committee shall transmit the rates to the superintendent of public instruction and the county boards of supervisors by March 15 each year.
- E. If the legislature proposes either qualifying tax rates or a state equalization assistance property tax rate that exceeds EXCEED the truth in taxation rate:

- 13 -

- 1. The house of representatives ways and means committee and the senate finance committee or their successor committees shall hold a joint hearing on or before February 28 and publish a notice of a truth in taxation hearing that meets the following requirements:
- (a) The notice shall be published twice in a newspaper of general circulation in this state that is published at the state capital. The first publication shall be at least fourteen but not more than twenty days before the date of the hearing. The second publication shall be at least seven but not more than ten days before the date of the hearing.
- (b) The notice shall be published in a location other than the classified or legal advertising section of the newspaper.
- (c) The notice shall be at least one-fourth page in size and shall be surrounded by a solid black border at least one-eighth inch in width.
- (d) The notice shall be in the following form, with the "truth in taxation hearing - notice of tax increase" headline in at least eighteen point type:

Truth in Taxation Hearing Notice of Tax Increase

In compliance with section 41-1276, Arizona Revised Statutes, the state legislature is notifying property taxpayers in Arizona of the legislature's intention to raise the property tax levy over last year's level.

The proposed tax increase will cause the taxes on a 100,000 home to increase by 100,000.

All interested citizens are invited to attend a public hearing on the tax increase that is scheduled to be held _____ (date and time) at _____ (location).

- (e) For purposes of computing the tax increase on a one hundred thousand dollar home as required by the notice, the joint meeting of the house of representatives ways and means committee and the senate finance committee or their successor committees shall consider the difference between the truth in taxation rate and the proposed increased rate.
- 2. The joint meeting of the house of representatives ways and means committee and the senate finance committee or their successor committees shall consider any motion to recommend the proposed tax rates to the full legislature by roll call vote.
- F. In addition to publishing the truth in taxation notice under subsection E, paragraph 1 of this section, the joint meeting of the house of representatives ways and means committee and the senate finance committee or their successor committees shall issue a press release containing the truth in taxation notice.
- G. Notwithstanding any other law, the legislature shall not adopt a state budget that provides for either qualifying tax rates pursuant to section 15-971 or a state equalization assistance property tax rate pursuant to section 15-994 that exceeds EXCEED the truth in taxation rates computed

- 14 -

pursuant to subsection A of this section unless the rates are adopted by a concurrent resolution approved by an affirmative roll call vote of two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature before the legislature enacts the general appropriations bill. If the resolution is not approved by two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature, the rates for the following fiscal year shall be truth in taxation rates determined pursuant to subsection C of this section and shall be transmitted to the superintendent of public instruction and the county boards of supervisors.

- H. Notwithstanding subsection C of this section and if approved by the qualified electors voting at a statewide general election, the legislature shall not set a qualifying tax rate that exceeds \$2.1265 for a common or high school district or \$4.253 for a unified school district. The legislature shall not set a county equalization assistance for education rate that exceeds \$0.5123.
- I. Pursuant to subsection C of this section, the qualifying tax rate in tax year 2008 for a high school district or a common school district within a high school district that does not offer instruction in high school subjects as provided in section 15-447 is \$1.4622 and for a unified school district, a common school district not within a high school district or a common school district within a high school district that offers instruction in high school subjects as provided in section 15-447 is \$2.9244. The state equalization assistance property tax rate in tax years 2006, 2007 and 2008 is zero. The state equalization assistance property tax rate in tax year 2009 shall be computed by annually adjusting the tax year 2005 rate of \$0.4358 as provided by this section through tax year 2009.
 - Sec. 9. Section 41-3506, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 41-3506. State web portal fund: exemption
- A. The state web portal fund is established and is subject to legislative appropriation. The government information technology agency shall administer the fund. The state web portal fund shall consist of:
 - 1. Monies appropriated to the fund by the legislature.
- 2. Any web portal usage fees collected under any agreement between this state and an independent contractor providing services for the common web portal less the contractor's price of maintaining and operating the web portal.
- 3. Monies received from private grants or donations if designated for the fund by the grantor or donor.
- 4. Monies received from the federal government by grant or otherwise to assist this state in providing any common web portal projects.
- B. Monies in the state web portal fund may be used for improving or expanding this state's information technology services and projects, including the common web portal.
- C. Monies in the state web portal fund are exempt from the provisions of section 35-190 relating to lapsing of appropriations.

- 15 -

Sec. 10. Section 42-5031, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5031. <u>Distribution of multipurpose facility revenues to district: definitions</u>

- A. Subject to the requirements of subsection D of this section, if a county stadium district is authorized by an election pursuant to section 48-4237, subsection E, paragraph 5 to use the amounts paid to the district pursuant to subsection B of this section as permitted by law, then after delivery of a resolution of the district board of directors requesting payment, which resolution shall contain notice of the exercise of the option to begin payments provided for in this subsection, the state treasurer shall pay each month, beginning with the second calendar month after the optional payment commencement event contained in the resolution, from the amount designated as distribution base pursuant to section 42-5029, subsection D, the amount determined under subsection B of this section to the district. Payments under this section shall continue until July 1, 2025.
- B. The amount to be paid each month under subsection A of this section is one-half of the amount of state transaction privilege tax revenues received in the second preceding calendar month from all persons conducting business under any business classification under this article at a multipurpose facility site, or in the construction of a multipurpose facility, the public or district owned components of which cost at least two hundred million dollars to construct. In no event shall the amount to be paid each month under this section:
 - 1. Exceed THE LESSER OF:
- (a) The net new state transaction privilege tax revenues received from the multipurpose facility site as compared to the revenues received in the same month during the twelve months prior to the month in which the public vote pursuant to section 48-4237 is held.
 - (b) FIVE MILLION DOLLARS IN CALENDAR YEARS 2010 AND 2011.
 - (c) SEVEN MILLION DOLLARS IN CALENDAR YEARS 2012 AND 2013.
 - (d) EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS PER CALENDAR YEAR THEREAFTER.
- 2. BE DERIVED FROM, OR COMPUTED WITH RESPECT TO, ANY AMOUNT OF REVENUES COLLECTED IN THE DISTRICT EXCEPT AT THE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY SITE.
- C. The primary component, as described in section 48-4201, shall be constructed during the first phase of the project.
- D. To qualify for payments under this section, the municipality in which the multipurpose facility site is located must either obtain voter approval for a local transaction privilege tax to pay costs associated with a multipurpose facility, or make a financial commitment by intergovernmental agreement between the municipality and the district to make direct payments to the district from any lawful source, including municipal transaction privilege taxes or to expend monies for land, infrastructure or other improvements directly related to the multipurpose facility or the multipurpose facility site, by the end of the date referred to in subsection

- 16 -

 $\frac{A \text{ of this section}}{A \text{ of this section}}$ JULY 1, 2025 in an aggregate amount equal to the amount received by the district pursuant to this section.

- E. If the municipality in which the multipurpose facility site is located fails to satisfy the obligations of the municipality pursuant to subsection D of this section, then beginning six months after the end of the date referred to in subsection A of this section JANUARY 1, 2026, distributions otherwise payable to the municipality pursuant to section 42-5029, subsection C shall be reduced by an amount equal to the excess of the amount received by the district pursuant to this section over the amount paid or expended by the municipality. The amount of the reduction shall be distributed to the district to satisfy the financial commitment of the municipality pursuant to subsection D of this section.
- F. To comply with the requirements of this section, the county stadium district board of directors or any city or town that is part of the county stadium district shall supply the department with all requested information necessary to administer this section.
- G. MONIES DISTRIBUTED TO A COUNTY STADIUM DISTRICT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION:
- 1. MAY BE USED ONLY WITH RESPECT TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF A MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY.
 - 2. SHALL NOT BE USED:
- (a) TO PAY SALARY, WAGES, EMPLOYEE RELATED EXPENSES OR OTHER COMPENSATION FOR EMPLOYEES OF THE COUNTY STADIUM DISTRICT OR ANY MUNICIPALITY.
- (b) FOR ANY COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH ANY BUILDING, FACILITY, INFRASTRUCTURE OR OTHER IMPROVEMENT OWNED BY ANY MUNICIPALITY, INCLUDING A CONVENTION CENTER THAT QUALIFIES FOR FUNDING FROM THE ARIZONA CONVENTION CENTER DEVELOPMENT FUND UNDER TITLE 9, CHAPTER 6.
- H. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY" AND MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY SITE" HAVE THE SAME MEANINGS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 48-4201.
 - Sec. 11. Section 44-302, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 44-302. <u>Presumptions of abandonment</u>
- A. Property is presumed abandoned if it is unclaimed by the apparent owner according to the following schedule:
- 1. A traveler's check is presumed abandoned fifteen FOURTEEN years after issuance.
- 2. A money order or similar written instrument, other than a third party bank check, is presumed abandoned seven SIX years after issuance.
- 3. Any stock or other equity interest in a business association or financial organization, including a security entitlement under title 47, chapter 8, is presumed abandoned $\frac{\text{three}}{\text{two}}$ TWO years after any of the following, whichever occurs first:
- (a) The date of the most recent dividend, stock split or other distribution that is unclaimed by the apparent owner.

- 17 -

- (b) The date of the second mailing of a statement of account or other notification or communication that was returned as undeliverable.
- (c) The date the holder discontinued mailings, notifications or communications to the apparent owner.
- 4. The principal on debt, other than a bearer bond or an original issue discount bond, of a business association or financial organization is presumed abandoned $\frac{\text{three}}{\text{three}}$ TWO years after the maturity date and the interest on the debt is presumed abandoned $\frac{\text{three}}{\text{three}}$ TWO years after the payment date.
- 5. A demand, savings or time deposit, including a deposit that is automatically renewable, and any interest or dividends are presumed abandoned five FOUR years after maturity or the date of the last indication by the owner of interest in the property, whichever occurs first. For the purposes of this paragraph, a deposit that is automatically renewable is deemed matured on its initial date of maturity, unless the owner has consented to a renewal at or about the time of the renewal and the consent is in writing or is evidenced by any memorandum or other record on file with the holder.
- 6. Credits owed to a customer as a result of a retail business transaction are presumed abandoned $\frac{\text{five}}{\text{four}}$ FOUR years after the obligation accrued.
- 7. An amount owed by an insurance company on a life or endowment insurance policy or an annuity that has matured or terminated is presumed abandoned five FOUR years after the obligation to pay arose or, in the case of a policy or annuity that is payable on proof of death, the amount is presumed abandoned two years ONE YEAR after the insured has attained, or would have attained if the insured were living, the limiting age under the mortality table on which the reserve is based. For the purposes of this paragraph all of the following conditions apply:
- (a) If a person other than the insured or annuitant is entitled to the owed amount and the person's address is not known to the company or it is not definite and certain from the records of the company who is entitled to the amount, it is presumed that the last known address of the person who is entitled to the amount is the same as the last known address of the insured or annuitant according to the company's records.
- (b) Notwithstanding any law, if the company learns of the death of the insured or annuitant and the beneficiary has not communicated with the insurer within four months after the death, the company shall take reasonable steps to pay the proceeds to the beneficiary.
- (c) Every change of beneficiary form issued by an insurance company under any life or endowment insurance policy or annuity contract to an insured or owner who is a resident of this state shall request the following information:
- (i) The name of each beneficiary, or if a class of beneficiaries is named, the name of each current beneficiary in the class.
 - (ii) The address of each beneficiary.
 - (iii) The relationship of each beneficiary to the insured.

- 18 -

- 8. A life or endowment insurance policy or annuity contract not matured by actual proof of the death of the insured or annuitant according to the company's records is deemed matured and the proceeds are deemed due and payable and are presumed abandoned after two years ONE YEAR if all of the following conditions apply:
- (a) The insured has attained, or would have attained if the insured were living, the limiting age under the mortality table on which the reserve is based.
- (b) The policy was in force at the time the insured attained or would have attained the limiting age specified in subdivision (a) of this paragraph.
- (c) Neither the insured nor any other person who appears to have an interest in the policy within the last two years YEAR according to the company's records has assigned, readjusted or paid premiums on the policy or subjected the policy to a loan, corresponded in writing with the company concerning the policy or otherwise indicated an interest as evidenced by a memorandum or any other record on file with and prepared by an employee of the company.
- 9. Property that is distributable by a business association or financial organization in a course of dissolution is presumed abandoned one year after the property becomes distributable.
- 10. Property that is received by a court as proceeds of a class action and that is not distributed pursuant to the judgment is presumed abandoned one year after the distribution date.
- 11. Property that is held by a court, government or governmental subdivision, agency or instrumentality, except for support as defined in section 25-500 or for spousal maintenance, is presumed abandoned three TWO years after the property becomes distributable. Monies held for the payment of warrants by a state agency that remain unclaimed by the owner at the time of the void date printed on the face of the warrant are presumed abandoned. For the purposes of this paragraph, governmental subdivision does not include a special taxing district as defined in section 48-241.
- 12. Wages or other compensation for personal services is presumed abandoned one year after the compensation becomes payable.
- 13. Property in any individual retirement account, defined benefit plan or other account or plan that qualifies for tax deferral under the income tax laws of the United States is presumed abandoned three TWO years after any of the following, whichever occurs first:
- (a) The date of the distribution or attempted distribution of the property.
- (b) The date of the required distribution as stated in the plan or trust agreement that governs the plan.
- (c) If determinable by the holder, the date specified in the income tax laws of the United States by which distribution of the property must begin in order to avoid a tax penalty.

- 19 -

- 14. Any amount that is payable on a check, draft or similar instrument on which a financial organization or business association is directly liable, including a cashier's check and a certified check, and that has been outstanding for more than five FOUR years after the check, draft or similar instrument was payable or after issuance if payable on demand is presumed abandoned unless within five FOUR years the owner has communicated in writing with the financial organization or business association concerning the check, draft or similar instrument or otherwise indicated an interest as evidenced by a memorandum or any other record on file and prepared by an employee of the financial organization or business association.
- 15. All other property is presumed abandoned five FOUR years after the owner's rights to demand the property or after the obligation to pay or distribute the property arises, whichever occurs first.
- 16. Excess proceeds deposited with the county treasurer pursuant to section 33-812 are presumed abandoned if the monies remain with the treasurer for at least $\frac{\text{three}}{\text{three}}$ TWO years from the date of deposit and there is no pending application for distribution.
- 17. Any dividend, profit, distribution, interest, redemption, payment on principal or other sum held or owing by a business association for or to its shareholder, certificate holder, member, bondholder or other security holder who has not claimed it, or corresponded in writing with the business association concerning it, is presumed abandoned three TWO years after the date prescribed for payment or delivery.
- B. At the time that an interest is presumed abandoned under subsection A of this section, any other property right accrued or accruing to the owner as a result of the interest, and not previously presumed abandoned, is also presumed abandoned.
- C. Property is unclaimed if, for the applicable period prescribed in subsection A of this section, the apparent owner has not communicated in writing with the holder or communicated by other means reflected in a contemporaneous record that is prepared by or on behalf of the holder and that concerns the property or the account or accounts in which the property is held and has not otherwise indicated an interest in the property and if the holder has not communicated in writing with regard to the property that would otherwise be unclaimed. A communication with an owner by a person other than the holder or the holder's representative who has not identified the property in writing to the owner is not an indication of interest in the property by the owner.
 - D. An indication of an owner's interest in property includes:
- 1. The presentment of any check or other instrument of payment of any dividend or other distribution that is made with respect to any account, underlying stock or other interest in a business association or financial organization. If the distribution is made by electronic or similar means an indication of an owner's interest includes evidence that the distribution has been received.

- 20 -

- 2. Activity directed by the owner in the account in which the property is held, including a direction by the owner to increase, decrease or change the amount or type of property held in the account.
 - 3. The making of a deposit to or withdrawal from a bank account.
- 4. The payment of a premium with respect to a property interest in an insurance policy. The application of an automatic premium loan provision or any other nonforfeiture provision in an insurance policy does not prevent a policy from maturing or terminating if the insured has died or if the insured or the beneficiary of the policy has otherwise become entitled to the proceeds before the depletion of the cash surrender value of a policy by the application of those provisions.
- E. Property is payable or distributable notwithstanding the owner's failure to make demand or present an instrument or document otherwise required to obtain payment.
 - Sec. 12. Section 44-313, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 44-313. Deposit of monies
- A. Except as otherwise provided in this section or section 44-314, the department shall deposit, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, in the state general fund all monies received pursuant to this chapter, including the proceeds from the sale of abandoned property pursuant to section 44-312.

 , except that:
- 1. Thirty-five per cent of the monies shall be deposited in the housing trust fund established by section 41-3955.
- 2. Twenty per cent of the monies shall be deposited in the housing trust fund established by section 41-3955. These monies shall be used exclusively for the development of eligible and viable housing in rural areas and for the purposes authorized under the housing development fund established by section 41-3956.
- 3. Twenty per cent of the monies shall be deposited in the funds in the amounts provided in section 5-113, subsection A.
- B. The department shall deposit monies from unclaimed shares and dividends of any corporation incorporated under the laws of this state in the permanent state school fund pursuant to article XI, section 8, Constitution of Arizona.
- C. The department shall deposit monies from unclaimed victim restitution payments in the victim compensation and assistance fund established by section 41-2407 for the purpose of establishing, maintaining and supporting programs that compensate and assist victims of crime.
- D. The department shall retain in a separate trust fund at least one hundred thousand dollars from which the department shall pay claims.
- E. Before making the deposit, the department shall record the name and last known address of each person who appears from the holders' reports to be entitled to the property and the name and last known address of each insured person or annuitant and beneficiary. The department shall also record the policy or contract number of each policy or contract of an insurance company

- 21 -

that is listed in the report, the name of the company and the amount due. The department shall make the record available for public inspection during reasonable business hours.

F. Before making any deposit to the credit of the state general fund, the department may deduct, subject to legislative appropriation, administrative expenses in the following order of priority:

1. Any costs in connection with the sale of abandoned property.

2. Costs of mailing and publication in connection with any abandoned property.

3. Reasonable department service charges.

4. Costs incurred in examining records of holders of property and in collecting the property from those holders.

5. Lawful holder charges.

G. For the purposes of this section, "rural area" means either:

1. A county with a population of less than four hundred thousand persons.

2. A census county division with less than fifty thousand persons in a county with a population of four hundred thousand or more persons.

Sec. 13. Section 48-4201, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

48-4201. <u>Definitions</u>

In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Board" means the board of directors of any district established under section 48-4202, subsection A or B.
- 2. "Bond" means any obligation authorized and issued pursuant to this chapter, including bonds, lease-purchase and installment purchase agreements, certificates of participation in a lease-purchase or installment purchase agreement and obligations that are authorized and issued to refund or refinance obligations that are authorized and issued pursuant to this chapter.
- 3. "District" means any county stadium district established pursuant to section 48-4202, subsection A or B.
- 4. "Multipurpose facility" means any HOSPITALITY, CONVENTION OR SPORTS ARENA facility or facilities that include:
- (a) A primary component that is located in the district on the multipurpose facility site and on lands that are adjacent to each other or separated ONLY by public rights-of-way,— AND that the district owns or leases and that is used to accommodate sporting, entertainment, cultural, civic, meeting, trade show or convention events or activities, AND fire, police or other public safety facilities, and tourism offices, THAT ARE INCLUDED WITHIN AND SERVE THE PURPOSES OF THE HOSPITALITY, CONVENTION OR ARENA FACILITY. The primary component may not include any structure or part of a structure that is used or designed for use as a county, city or town hall, as meeting space for the county, city or town governing body or for general municipal

- 22 -

administrative office space other than for the administration, maintenance and operation of the multipurpose facility.

- (b) Secondary components that are located in the district ON THE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY SITE and that the board determines are necessary or beneficial to the primary component, limited to on-site infrastructure, artistic components,— AND parking garages and lots. , and public parks and plazas. In addition, Secondary components may include related INCIDENTAL commercial facilities ENTERPRISES that are located within the multipurpose facility site.
- 5. "Multipurpose facility site" means the IMMEDIATE geographic area within the district which is depicted in the publicity pamphlet for an election held pursuant to section 48-4237 ON WHICH THE COMPONENTS OF THE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY ARE LOCATED.
- 6. "Municipality" means a city or town that is incorporated or chartered under the constitution and laws of this state.
- 7. "Stadium" means a sports facility or facilities located in the district and designed to accommodate, but not be limited to, major league baseball events.
- Sec. 14. Section 48-4202, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

48-4202. Formation of district

- A. The board of supervisors of each county having a population of more than one million five hundred thousand persons according to the most recent United States decennial census or any county in which a major league baseball organization has established or seeks to establish a spring training operation may organize a countywide district to include both the incorporated and unincorporated areas of the county, if the board determines that the public convenience, necessity or welfare will be promoted by establishing the district.
- B. Two or more municipalities in the same county may organize a district for A multipurpose facilities FACILITY if the governing bodies of the municipalities determine that the public convenience, necessity or welfare will be promoted by establishing the district. The district shall be comprised of the areas within the corporate boundaries of the municipalities. After formation, the boundaries of the district shall not be altered. A district may be established under this subsection in the same county in which a district is established under subsection A of this section. A district formed pursuant to this subsection shall be deemed a county stadium district for purposes of this chapter. Notwithstanding any other law, a district may not be organized under this subsection from and after October 31, 1999, except that a district may be organized under this subsection after October 31, 1999 if before that date the governing body of two or more of the municipalities identified the location of a multipurpose facility site and has voted with the purpose of forming a district for multipurpose facilities under this subsection.

- 23 -

- C. The county board of supervisors shall be the board of directors of a countywide district established under subsection A of this section.
- D. The board of directors of a district established under subsection B of this section shall consist of: two members appointed for a definite term by the governing body of each municipality but may not include officers or employees of the municipality, and if the district enters into an intergovernmental agreement pursuant to section 48-4203 with an Indian tribe or community, the board of directors shall include two members appointed by the Indian tribe or community.
- 1. THREE MEMBERS WHO ARE APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR, NO MORE THAN TWO OF WHOM MAY RESIDE IN THE MUNICIPALITY IN WHICH THE DISTRICT IS LOCATED AND EACH OF WHOM MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE IN COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE, CONSTRUCTION, REDEVELOPMENT, REAL ESTATE LAW, ARCHITECTURE, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OR COMMERCIAL OR PUBLIC FINANCE. NO MORE THAN TWO MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR MAY BELONG TO THE SAME POLITICAL PARTY. THE GOVERNOR MAY RECEIVE NOMINATIONS FOR APPOINTMENT FROM ANY INTERESTED ORGANIZATION. MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR SERVE AT THE PLEASURE OF THE GOVERNOR.
- 2. THREE MEMBERS WHO ARE APPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, NO MORE THAN TWO OF WHOM MAY RESIDE IN THE MUNICIPALITY IN WHICH THE DISTRICT IS LOCATED. NO MORE THAN TWO MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT MAY BELONG TO THE SAME POLITICAL PARTY AND EACH SERVES AT THE PLEASURE OF THE PRESIDENT.
- 3. THREE MEMBERS WHO ARE APPOINTED BY THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, NO MORE THAN TWO OF WHOM MAY RESIDE IN THE MUNICIPALITY IN WHICH THE DISTRICT IS LOCATED. NO MORE THAN TWO MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE SPEAKER MAY BELONG TO THE SAME POLITICAL PARTY AND EACH SERVES AT THE PLEASURE OF THE SPEAKER.
- E. The directors OF ANY DISTRICT are not eligible for compensation for their services but are eligible for reimbursement for their necessary expenses in attending to and traveling on district business.
- D. F. The board of supervisors may pay the necessary costs incurred in connection with establishing a countywide district from any county monies available for that purpose. The municipalities may pay their proportionate share of the necessary costs incurred in establishing a district formed by two or more municipalities under subsection B of this section from any monies available for that purpose.
- E. G. Subject to limitations imposed by intergovernmental agreement and the ordinance or resolution authorizing the formation of the district, the district is a tax levying public improvement district and a political taxing subdivision of this state and has all the powers, privileges and immunities granted generally to municipal corporations for the purposes of implementing this chapter, including eminent domain, as provided by section 48-4203, subsection A, paragraph 7, and immunity of its property, bonds and interest on and transfer of its bonds from taxation.

- 24 -

Sec. 15. Section 48-4204, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

48-4204. <u>Constructing and operating a stadium and other</u> <u>structures: regulating alcoholic beverages</u>

- From the taxes and surcharges levied pursuant to article 2 of this chapter for use with respect to major league baseball spring training, the district may acquire land and construct, finance, furnish, maintain, improve, operate, market and promote the use of existing or proposed major league baseball spring training facilities or stadiums and other structures, utilities, roads, parking areas or buildings necessary for full use of the training facilities or stadiums for sports and other purposes and do all things necessary or convenient to accomplish those purposes. The board shall require that any project undertaken by the district include financial participation from the county or municipality in which the project is located, from a private party or from any combination of these entities which equals or exceeds one-half of the amount to be expended or distributed by the district. Capital improvement funds expended at any time after June 1, 1991 by a county, municipality or private party for a purpose authorized by this section may be deemed financial participation with respect to any project the district may undertake.
- B. From the taxes and charges levied or identified pursuant to section 48-4237 for use with respect to multipurpose facilities and from other monies lawfully available to the district, the district may acquire land and construct, finance, furnish, maintain, improve, operate, market and promote the use of multipurpose facilities and other structures, utilities, roads, parking areas or buildings necessary for full use of the multipurpose facilities A MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY and do all things necessary or convenient to accomplish those purposes. Public funds identified in section 48-4237, including funds distributed pursuant to section 42 5031, may only be used for the components for a multipurpose facility which are owned by the district or which are publicly owned, EXCEPT THAT MONIES PAID TO THE DISTRICT PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5031 MAY ONLY BE USED FOR THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES UNTIL A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY IS ISSUED FOR A HOTEL AND CONVENTION CENTER LOCATED ON THE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY SITE:
- 1. DEBT SERVICE FOR BONDS ISSUED BY THE DISTRICT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2009.
- 2. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS INCURRED BY THE DISTRICT BEFORE APRIL 1, 2009.
 - 3. FIDUCIARY, LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES OF THE DISTRICT.
- 4. THE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF THE HOTEL AND CONVENTION CENTER LOCATED ON THE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY SITE.
- C. Title 34 applies to the district, except that regardless of the funding source for design and construction of facilities and structures the district may establish alternative systems and procedures, including the use of the design-build method of construction or the use of qualifications-based

- 25 -

selection of contractors with experience in stadium design or construction, to expedite the design and construction of any of its facilities or structures or any facilities or structures leased to it or used by it pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement. For the purposes of this subsection:

- 1. "Design-build" means a process of entering into and managing a contract between the district and another party in which the other party agrees to both design and build a structure, a facility or other items specified in the contract.
- 2. "Qualifications-based selection" means a process of entering into and managing a contract between the district and another party in which the other party is selected by the district on the basis of the party's qualifications and experience in designing or constructing facilities, structures or other items similar to those the district is authorized to construct or lease. The other party may be selected by direct selection or by public competition.
- D. For purposes of financing, designing, constructing or operating facilities or structures, the district is not the agent of any municipality participating in the funding of such facilities or structures.
- E. Subject to the requirements of title 4, the board of directors may permit and regulate the sale, use and consumption of alcoholic beverages at events held on property acquired, leased or subleased under this article.
- Sec. 16. Section 48-4231, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

48-4231. County stadium district fund

- A. The district treasurer shall maintain a county stadium district fund consisting of all monies received by the district, including:
- 1. Payments received from leasing, subleasing or renting property owned, leased or controlled by the district.
- 2. Revenues received by the district from admissions and concessions and other proceeds from events held at a stadium owned or leased by the district.
- $3.\,$ Monies received from issuing and selling bonds under article 3 of this chapter.
- 4. Interest and other income received from investing monies in the fund.
- 5. Gifts, grants and donations received for that purpose from any public or private source.
- B. Monies in the fund may be used for any lawful purpose of the district.
- C. The district treasurer may invest any unexpended monies in the fund as provided in title 35, chapter 2. Notwithstanding section 35-323, the district treasurer may invest and reinvest monies in the fund, other than operating fund monies, in eligible investments with a maturity of greater than five years. Interest and other income from investments shall be

- 26 -

credited to the fund. The district treasurer shall invest the monies so as to mature at the times when the fund assets will be required for the purposes of this article. If the liquid assets in the fund become insufficient to meet the district's obligations, the board of directors shall direct the district treasurer to liquidate sufficient securities to meet all of the current obligations and immediately notify the auditor general of the insufficiency, and the auditor general shall investigate and audit the circumstances surrounding the depletion of the fund and report his THE AUDITOR GENERAL'S findings to the board.

D. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED BY SECTION 48-4231.01, the board of directors shall cause an annual audit to be conducted of the fund by an independent certified public accountant within one hundred twenty days after the end of the fiscal year. The board shall immediately file a certified copy of the audit with the auditor general. The auditor general may make such further audits and examinations as he THE AUDITOR GENERAL deems necessary, but if he THE AUDITOR GENERAL takes no official action within thirty days after the audit is filed, the audit is deemed sufficient. The board of directors shall pay all fees and costs of the certified public accountant and auditor general under this subsection from the fund.

Sec. 17. Title 48, chapter 26, article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 48-4231.01, to read:

```
48-4231.01. Financial and performance audits of districts
owning multipurpose facilities; appearance before
joint committee on capital review
```

- A. BEGINNING IN 2010 AND EVERY YEAR THEREAFTER, THE AUDITOR GENERAL SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN INDEPENDENT AUDITOR TO CONDUCT A PERFORMANCE AUDIT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 41-1278, INCLUDING A FINANCIAL AUDIT, OF EACH DISTRICT ORGANIZED UNDER SECTION 48-4202, SUBSECTION B. THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR MUST HAVE NATIONAL STATUS WITH EXPERTISE IN EVALUATING PUBLIC CONSTRUCTION, OWNERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS THAT INCLUDE HOSPITALITY, CONVENTION AND SPORTS VENUE FACILITIES. THE AUDIT MUST BE COMPLETED WITHIN ONE HUNDRED TWENTY DAYS AFTER THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR.
 - B. THE AUDIT SHALL INCLUDE CONSIDERATION OF:
- 1. CAPITAL COSTS, INCLUDING DEBT SERVICE, OF THE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY AND OTHER ASSETS OF THE DISTRICT.
- 2. THE LEVEL OF THE DISTRICT'S INDEBTEDNESS, THE AMOUNT OF PRINCIPAL, INTEREST AND OTHER DEBT SERVICE EXPENSES PAID IN THE PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR AND THE REMAINING TERM TO MATURITY WITH RESPECT TO EACH OUTSTANDING BOND ISSUE.
- 3. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE COSTS OF THE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY AND OTHER ASSETS OF THE DISTRICT.
- 4. THE DISTRICT'S OVERALL EXPENDITURES IN THE PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR, INCLUDING:
- (a) THE LEVEL OF EXPENSES FOR ADMINISTRATION, PLANNING, TRAVEL AND ENTERTAINMENT.

- 27 -

- (b) THE SUCCESS OF THOSE EXPENDITURES IN SUPPORTING AND ACHIEVING THE DISTRICT'S PURPOSES.
- 5. A DESCRIPTION OF AND THE AMOUNT OF MUNICIPAL PAYMENTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5031, SUBSECTION D DURING THE PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR AND THE CUMULATIVE AMOUNT OF THOSE PAYMENTS THROUGH THE END OF THE PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR.
 - 6. THE PUBLIC USE OF EACH COMPONENT OF THE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY.
- 7. REVENUES DERIVED FROM EACH COMPONENT OF THE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY AND OTHER REVENUES OF THE DISTRICT BY SOURCE.
- 8. DISTRICT PROJECTS THAT ARE CURRENTLY UNDER CONSTRUCTION AND THAT ARE INCLUDED IN THE DISTRICT'S PLANS FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AND INVESTMENT.
- C. THE AUDIT SHALL MAKE FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING THE CONSTRUCTION, FINANCING, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF EACH COMPONENT OF THE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY, INCLUDING WHETHER THE FACILITY EXCEEDS, MEETS OR FAILS TO MEET NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED DESIGN AND PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.
- D. THE DISTRICT AND THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS SHALL COOPERATE WITH AND SUBMIT TO THE AUDITOR GENERAL AND THE AUDITOR CONTRACTED TO CONDUCT THE AUDIT INFORMATION NECESSARY TO CONDUCT AND COMPLETE THE AUDIT IN A TIMELY MANNER.
- E. WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE AUDIT IS RELEASED THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS SHALL:
- 1. HOLD A PUBLIC HEARING ON THE AUDIT'S FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS AND ALLOW ANY PERSON TO MAKE OR SUBMIT ORAL OR WRITTEN COMMENTS ON THE AUDIT.
- 2. BY MAJORITY VOTE ADOPT A PUBLIC RESPONSE AGREEING, AGREEING WITH RESERVATIONS OR DISAGREEING WITH EACH FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION IN THE AUDIT.
- F. THE AUDITOR GENERAL SHALL DISTRIBUTE COPIES OF THE AUDIT AND THE BOARD OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSE TO:
- 1. THE MAYOR AND GOVERNING BODY OF THE MUNICIPALITY IN WHICH THE DISTRICT IS LOCATED.
 - 2. THE GOVERNOR.
- 3. THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE AND THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
 - 4. THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND THE STATE TREASURER.
 - 5. THE ARIZONA STATE LIBRARY, ARCHIVES AND PUBLIC RECORDS.
 - 6. ANY OTHER PERSON WHO REQUESTS A COPY OF THE AUDIT.
- G. THE COST INCURRED BY THE AUDITOR GENERAL IN CONTRACTING WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS UNDER THIS SECTION IS AN OPERATING EXPENSE OF THE DISTRICT AND SHALL BE PAID FROM REVENUES PAYABLE TO THE DISTRICT PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5031. WHEN DUE, THE PAYMENTS HAVE PRIORITY OVER ANY OTHER DISTRIBUTION AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 42-5031. THE AUDITOR GENERAL SHALL DEPOSIT THE PAYMENTS IN THE AUDIT SERVICES REVOLVING FUND ESTABLISHED BY SECTION 41-1279.06.
- H. AT THE REQUEST OF THE CHAIRPERSON OF THE JOINT COMMITTEE ON CAPITAL REVIEW, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OR A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS SHALL APPEAR BEFORE THE JOINT COMMITTEE ON CAPITAL REVIEW TO REPORT ON ANY

- 28 -

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

3435

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

ASPECT OF THE DISTRICT'S OPERATION, INCLUDING THE ACTIVITIES AND FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF THE DISTRICT DURING THE PREVIOUS FISCAL YEAR, THE DISTRICT'S PLANS FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AND INVESTMENT AND THE DISTRICT'S RESPONSE TO THE AUDIT CONDUCTED UNDER THIS SECTION.

Sec. 18. Section 48-4237, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

48-4237. <u>Transaction privilege tax; multipurpose facilities;</u> rate; administration

- A. The board of directors of a district established pursuant to section 48-4202, subsection B by resolution may seek authority for the district to levy a transaction privilege tax for multipurpose facilities or other taxes or charges pursuant to subsection E of this section, in addition to or in lieu of other revenues collected pursuant to this article, to be used and spent for the purposes described in section 48-4204, subsection B for the multipurpose facilities.
- The board of directors shall present the question to the governing bodies of the participating municipalities. The district is exempt from section 16-226. The governing body of each municipality by resolution may approve the district's request to place a question seeking authority for the district to levy a multipurpose facilities district transaction privilege tax solely within the district, or to impose other taxes or charges pursuant to subsection E of this section on the ballot of an election pursuant to this section held on the same date or on the same ballot as the regularly scheduled election of one or more of the participating municipalities or the state or on any of the four dates prescribed by section 16-204. If the governing body of each municipality approves the district's request for an election, and if a majority of the qualified electors from each municipality voting at the election approves the multipurpose facilities district transaction privilege tax or other taxes or charges pursuant to subsection E of this section, the board by resolution may levy and, if levied, the department of revenue shall collect a transaction privilege tax solely within the district pursuant to this section or other taxes or charges pursuant to subsection E of this section to be used and spent for the purposes described in section 48-4204, subsection B for the multipurpose facilities. If a question fails to receive a majority approval among the voters in one municipality, but receives a majority approval among the voters in at least other municipalities, the governing bodies of the approving municipalities, by majority vote of each governing body, may elect to form a new district and authorize the district to levy the tax solely within the boundaries of the new district subject to the conditions authorized by the voters in the election.
- C. The board shall state on the ballot the purpose of the tax, the maximum rate of the tax and the maximum number of years for which the tax will be authorized. The tax shall terminate upon the expiration of the years authorized or the completion of the purpose specified in the ballot,

- 29 -

whichever is earlier. The rate of tax shall not exceed the limits prescribed by this section. The ballot question may propose to authorize the district to levy and collect taxes and charges pursuant to subsection E of this section.

- D. The board shall set the rate of the tax at not more than five per cent of the transaction privilege tax rate prescribed by section 42-5010, subsection A applying on January 1, 1990 to each person engaging or continuing in the district in a business taxed under title 42, chapter 5, article 1, or in the case of persons subject to the tax imposed under section 42-5352, subsection A, at a rate of not more than .1525 cents per gallon of jet fuel sold.
- E. If authorized by an election held pursuant to this section, the board may:
- 1. Pledge all or part of the revenues from a tax under this section to secure the district's bonds or other financial obligations issued or incurred under this chapter for the multipurpose facilities.
- 2. Pledge all or part of the incremental increase in the municipal transaction privilege taxes generated in all or a designated geographic area of the district during a period of time before, during and after any specified national championship sporting event or international games hosted in the multipurpose facilities to secure the district's bonds or other financial obligations issued or incurred under this chapter for the construction of the multipurpose facilities.
- 3. Impose a surcharge pursuant to the procedures and limits of section 48-4234 in all or a designated geographic area of the district during a period of time before, during and after any specified national championship sporting event or international games hosted in the multipurpose facilities except that a car rental surcharge imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not apply to the lease or rental of a motor vehicle as a replacement vehicle owned by the lessee for personal use. For the purposes of this paragraph, "replacement vehicle" means a vehicle loaned by a motor vehicle repair facility or dealer, or that an individual rents temporarily, to use while a vehicle owned by the individual is not in use because of breakdown, repair, service, damage, or loss as defined in the individual's applicable private passenger automobile insurance policy.
- 4. Levy and, if levied, the department of revenue shall collect a tax at a rate of not to exceed one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from the business of every person engaging or continuing in the district in a business taxed under sections 42-5070 and 42-5074 during a period of time before, during and after any specified national championship sporting event or international games hosted in the multipurpose facilities to secure the district's bonds or other financial obligations issued or incurred under this chapter for the construction of the multipurpose facilities.

- 30 -

- 5. Use amounts paid to the district pursuant to section 42-5031 and received from the multipurpose facility site the boundaries or boundary amendment of which are described in the publicity pamphlet as allowed by law SECTION 48-4204, SUBSECTION B, including securing the district's bonds or other financial obligations issued or incurred under this chapter for the construction of the multipurpose facilities which are owned by the district or which are publicly owned.
- F. Unless the context otherwise requires, section 42-6102 governs the administration of any tax imposed under this section.
- G. Each month the state treasurer shall remit to the district treasurer the net revenues collected under this section during the second preceding month. The district treasurer shall deposit the monies in the stadium district fund. Revenues from a tax under this section shall not be commingled with revenues collected pursuant to this article for any other purpose but shall be separately accounted for and used solely with respect to uses authorized in section 48-4204, subsection B.
- H. In addition to other requirements prescribed by law, the board shall prepare, print and distribute publicity pamphlets concerning the proposed issue to be submitted to the voters. The board shall distribute one copy of the publicity pamphlet at least ten but not more than thirty days before the election to each household containing a registered voter in the district. The publicity pamphlet shall contain all of the following:
 - 1. The date of the election.
- 2. The location of the polling places and the times the polling places will be open.
- 3. A true copy of the title and text of the resolution proposing the tax.
- 4. A summary of the purposes for which the tax is proposed to be levied and a description of the multipurpose facilities.
 - 5. The estimated cost of the multipurpose facility to be financed.
- 6. An estimate of the annual amount of revenues to be raised from the proposed tax.
- 7. The geographic area, time period and amount of any tax, tax distribution, or surcharge proposed under subsection E of this section.

Sec. 19. Repeal

Laws 2008, chapter 291, section 12 is repealed.

Sec. 20. <u>Department of insurance; fee and assessment adjustment suspension</u>

Notwithstanding section 20-167, subsection F, Arizona Revised Statutes, and section 20-466, subsection J, Arizona Revised Statutes, the director of insurance shall not revise fees or assessments in fiscal year 2009-2010 for the purpose of meeting the requirement to recover at least ninety-five per cent but not more than one hundred ten per cent of the department of insurance's appropriated budget.

- 31 -

Sec. 21. <u>Business reengineering/integrated tax system contract</u> <u>extension</u>

Notwithstanding any other law, before executing any extension or modification of the current business reengineering/integrated tax system contract with a fiscal impact that increases the contractor's share of gain-sharing proceeds from state revenues during fiscal year 2009-2010, the department of revenue shall submit the proposed changes to the joint legislative budget committee for its review.

Sec. 22. Arizona state lottery proceeds; transfer

Notwithstanding section 5-522, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, the following amounts of state lottery revenues are transferred to the state general fund before any other lottery distribution to the following funds:

- 1. The county assistance fund established by section 41-175, Arizona Revised Statutes: \$765.000
- 2. The local transportation assistance fund pursuant to section 28-8101, subsection D, Arizona Revised Statutes: \$2,300,000
- 3. The local transportation assistance fund pursuant to section 28-8101, subsection E, Arizona Revised Statutes: \$990,000

Sec. 23. <u>Agricultural fees; increases; appropriation; delayed</u> repeal

- A. Notwithstanding any other law, the citrus, fruit and vegetable advisory council and the agricultural advisory council may increase fees in fiscal year 2009-2010 for services provided pursuant to title 3, chapter 3, article 4.3, Arizona Revised Statutes, by an amount of \$389,000.
- B. Notwithstanding section 19 of this act, the Arizona department of agriculture may continue the fee increases pursuant to Laws 2008, chapter 291, section 12 in the amount of \$172,000 in fiscal year 2009-2010.
- C. Monies received from fees pursuant to this section are appropriated to the Arizona department of agriculture.
- D. The Arizona department of agriculture is exempt from the rule making requirements of title 41, chapter 6, Arizona Revised Statutes, for the purpose of establishing fees under this section for one year after the effective date of this act.
 - E. This section is repealed from and after June 30, 2010.

Sec. 24. <u>County transfers; fiscal year 2009-2010; county expenditure limitations</u>

- A. Notwithstanding any other law, in fiscal year 2009-2010, each county with a population of two million or more persons shall transfer \$66,168,400 and each county with a population of more than eight hundred thousand persons but less than two million persons shall transfer \$16,794,400 to the state treasurer for deposit in the state general fund.
- B. Notwithstanding any other law, a county may meet any statutory funding requirements of this section from any source of county revenue

- 32 -

designated by the county, including funds of any countywide special taxing district in which the board of supervisors serves as the board of directors.

C. Contributions made pursuant to this section are excluded from the county expenditure limitations.

Sec. 25. <u>Development fees</u>; <u>use</u>; <u>municipal transfers</u>; <u>fiscal</u> <u>year 2009-2010</u>

- A. Notwithstanding section 9-463.05, Arizona Revised Statutes, for fiscal year 2009-2010, a municipality may use development fee revenues for general municipal operating expenses. The city or town shall not make any subsequent adjustment in the computation of its development fee to account for, compensate for or recover development fee revenues used for general municipal operating expenses pursuant to this subsection.
- B. Notwithstanding any other law, in fiscal year 2009-2010 cities and towns that use development fee revenues for general municipal purposes pursuant to subsection A of this section shall transfer to the state treasurer in equal monthly payments for deposit in the state general fund an amount computed by the state treasurer as follows:
- 1. Compute the amount of state shared revenue paid to the city or town pursuant to sections 42-5029 and 43-206, Arizona Revised Statutes, in fiscal year 2008-2009 as a percentage of state shared revenue paid to all cities and towns.
- 2. Compute that percentage of \$210,000,000 and divide by twelve. The city or town shall pay that amount to the state treasurer on or before the tenth day of each month in fiscal year 2009-2010. If the city of town fails to make a payment as required by this paragraph, the state treasurer shall withhold the unpaid amount from the next distribution of state transaction privilege and affiliated excise taxes pursuant to section 42-5029, Arizona Revised Statutes, and credit the withheld amount to the state general fund.

Sec. 26. <u>Incumbent members of board of directors</u>

Notwithstanding section 48-4202, subsection D, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, incumbent members of a board of directors of a county stadium district organized pursuant to section 48-4202, subsection B, Arizona Revised Statutes, may continue to serve on the board for the remainder of their appointive terms, together with the new members appointed by the governor, president of the senate and speaker of the house of representatives as provided by this act.

Sec. 27. Conforming changes

The Arizona legislative council staff shall prepare proposed legislation conforming the Arizona Revised Statutes to the provisions of this act for consideration in the forty-ninth legislature, second regular session.

- 33 -