

## AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 41-1525.01, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 41, CHAPTER 10, ARTICLE 2, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTIONS 41-1525.02 AND 41-1525.03; AMENDING SECTION 42-12006, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO ENTERPRISE ZONES.
(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:
Section 1. Section 41-1525.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

41-1525.01. Certification of small manufacturing or small commercial printing businesses; definitions
A. Through June 30 , 2011, the department of commerce shall annually certify small manufacturing or small commercial printing businesses that qualify for property tax incentives under section 41-1525, subsection $E$. To qualify under this section:

1. A small manufacturing or small commercial printing business must meet the minimum investment requirements prescribed by this paragraph. The investments may be cumulative. A small manufacturing or small commercial printing business shall not include fixed assets purchased from an enterprise zone manufacturing or small commercial printing company already certified under this section. Subject to subsection E of this section, certification is effective on January 1 of the valuation year, as defined in section 42-11001, following completion of the required investment. To qualify, the small manufacturing or small commercial printing business must invest at least the following amount, as applicable, in fixed assets in the zone after December 31, 2000:
(a) In counties with a population of two hundred fifty thousand persons or more, two million dollars, except as provided in subdivision (b) of this paragraph.
(b) In all other counties, and for cities and towns located in counties with a population of two hundred fifty thousand persons or more and that have no portion of the corporate boundaries located within twenty-five air miles from the exterior corporate boundary of the largest city in the county:
(i) Cities with a population of eighty thousand persons or more, two million dollars.
(ii) Cities and towns with a population of at least fifteen thousand but less than eighty thousand persons and in unincorporated areas of the county, one million dollars.
(iii) Cities and towns with a population of less than fifteen thousand persons, five hundred thousand dollars.
2. A business initially applying for certification under this section must report the following with supporting documentation to the department of commerce on a form and in a manner prescribed by the department:
(a) Business name and mailing address and any other contact information requested by the department.
(b) Business location and the enterprise zone in which the business is located.
(c) The number of full-time employees at the time of application and the benefits provided to employees.
(d) The assessor's parcel number of real property to which class six assessment classification will apply.
(e) If available, the assessor's account number for personal property to which class six assessment classification will apply.
(f) For the zone location, the gross receipts, gross payroll and average hourly wage paid to employees for the preceding taxable year.
(g) A statement of the ownership and description of operations of the zone business.
(h) Documentation of the required investment in fixed assets that identifies the fixed assets and establishes the cost of the fixed assets and the time of investment.
(i) Documentation that establishes the type and amount of manufacturing or printing activity conducted at the zone location.
(j) Ownership and full cash value of real and personal property to be certified.
(k) Other information necessary for the management and reporting of this program as determined by the department.
B. The department shall not certify any business for qualification for property tax incentives after June 30 , 2011. However, certification under this section is valid for five years subject to annual recertification regardless of whether under changing circumstances the business grows beyond ninety-nine full-time employees at the zone location or gross annual receipts of more than four million dollars and regardless of whether the enterprise zone continues in existence if it continues to meet the other eligibility requirements.
C. In order to be annually recertified pursuant to subsection B of this section, a small manufacturing or small commercial printing business must continue to meet all the eligibility requirements of this section and must annually report the following and provide supporting documentation to the department of commerce on $a$ form and in a manner approved by the department:
3. Information required by subsection A, paragraph 2, subdivisions (a), (b), (d), (e), (f), (i), (j) and (k) of this section.
4. Changes in location, ownership and operations of the business in the immediately preceding year.
5. The average number of full-time employees at the zone location for the immediately preceding year.
D. To qualify for classification as class six property for tax purposes, the certified business must submit a copy of the department's initial certification, and each annual recertification, with a written request to reclassify the property to the county assessor of the county in which the property is located by December 10 each year.
E. A manufacturer or commercial printer shall submit its application for initial certification or annual recertification to the department not later than October 1 of each year. The department shall notify the
appropriate county assessors of all qualified enterprise zone properties located within their county not later than December 1 of each year.
F. If a manufacturer or commercial printer moves from the originally certified location, it loses its eligibility. The manufacturer or commercial printer may apply for certification at a new zone location for the remainder of its five years if it meets the minimum investment requirements in fixed assets that were not moved from the prior zone location, meets all other eligibility requirements of this section and has not reached the five year eligibility limit.
G. Once a manufacturer or commercial printer establishes the basis for eligibility and the department certifies the manufacturer or commercial printer, the business may change its basis of eligibility during the four remaining years of potential eligibility as long as the manufacturer or commercial printer meets the requirements for the new basis of eligibility.
H. If a certified manufacturing or commercial printer business is purchased by another entity or changes by more than twenty per cent of the ownership interest through reorganization, stock purchase or merger, the certification is terminated. The new manufacturer or small commercial printer may apply for certification according to eligibility requirements of this section.
I. A small business that was originally certified for a ten year period of property reclassification loses eligibility for any year in which the size limits are exceeded or the business is no longer independently owned and operated.
J. The department of commerce shall notify the department of revenue and the county assessor if a certified small manufacturing or small commercial printing business closes, moves from the enterprise zone or fails to maintain its eligibility, and the assessor shall make the appropriate changes to the tax roll.
K. The department of commerce may make site visits to a taxpayer's facilities if it is necessary to further document or clarify reported information. The taxpayer must freely provide the access.
L. Documents filed with the department of commerce pursuant to this section shall contain either a sworn statement or certification, signed by an officer of the company under penalty of perjury, that the information contained is true and correct according to the best belief and knowledge of the person submitting the information after a reasonable investigation of the facts. If the document contains information that is materially false, the taxpayer is ineligible for the tax benefits under this section and is subject to recovery of the amount of tax benefits allowed in preceding years based on the false information, including penalties and interest.
M. The department by rule may prescribe additional reporting requirements for persons who claim a tax benefit pursuant to this section.
$N$. For the purposes of this section:
6. "Closely held" means five or fewer individuals own more than fifty per cent of the ownership interest in the company, corporation or partnership.
7. "Commercial printing" means producing printed product through a lithographic or flexographic process, from material cut to press size on the premises, transferred with pressure and finished with a process that may include scoring, folding, die cutting, gluing, stamping, embossing or packaging. Commercial printing does not include businesses regulated pursuant to section 42-5065.
8. "Family owned" means more than fifty per cent of the ownership interest in the company, corporation or partnership is owned by members of the same family.
9. "Fixed assets" means property that is used in operating a business, such as furniture, land, buildings and machinery, and that is not ordinarily converted into cash after they are declared fixed assets.
10. "Independently owned and operated" means not more than fifty per cent of the ownership interest in the small manufacturing or small commercial printer business is held by another entity unless the final ownership of the entity is family owned or closely held.
11. "Manufacturing" means fabricating, producing or manufacturing products, wares or articles for use from raw or prepared materials and imparting to those materials new forms, qualities, properties and combinations. Manufacturing does not include generating electricity at a facility assessed pursuant to title 42 , chapter 14 , article 4 UNLESS THE FACILITY GENERATES AT LEAST ONE MEGAWATT OF ELECTRICITY USING RENEWABLE ENERGY EQUIPMENT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 42-14155, THAT IS SUPPLIED THROUGH A GRid CONNECTION TO A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION OR DISTRIBUTION UTILITY SYSTEM PURSUANT TO A POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT.
12. "Minority owned business" means an independently owned and operated business of which a majority of the business is owned by African Americans, persons of Hispanic or Latin American ancestry and persons of Native American, Asian or other minority origin or descent.
13. "Small commercial printing business" means a minority owned business or a woman owned business or a concern, that is independently owned and operated and employs less than one hundred full-time employees at the location in the enterprise zone when certified by the department of commerce or had gross annual receipts of less than four million dollars in its last fiscal year.
14. "Small manufacturing business" means a minority owned business or a woman owned business or a concern, that is independently owned and operated and employs less than one hundred full-time employees at the location in the enterprise zone when certified by the department of commerce or had gross annual receipts of less than four million dollars in its last fiscal year.
15. "Woman owned business" means an independently owned and operated business of which a majority of the business is owned by one or more women.
16. "Zone location" has the same meaning prescribed in section 41-1525.

Sec. 2. Title 41, chapter 10 , article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding sections 41-1525.02 and 41-1525.03, to read:

41-1525.02. Renewable energy enterprise zones; certification of central station renewable energy generator
A. THE OWNER OF A CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC GENERATION FACILITY LOCATED IN AN ENTERPRISE ZONE THAT GENERATES AT LEAST ONE MEGAWATT OF ELECTRICITY USING RENEWABLE ENERGY EQUIPMENT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 42-14155, THAT IS SUPPLIED THROUGH A GRID CONNECTION TO A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION OR DISTRIBUTION UTILITY SYSTEM PURSUANT TO A POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT IS ELIGIble FOR AN INCOME TAX CREDIT UNDER SECTION 43-1074 OR 43-1161. REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY ON WHICH THE RENEWABLE ENERGY EQUIPMENT IS LOCATED AND THAT IS CERTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 41-1525.01 BEFORE JULY 1, 2011 SHALL BE ASSESSED AS CLASS SIX PROPERTY AS PROVIDED BY SECTION 42-12006.
B. TO QUALIFY UNDER THIS SECTION, THE OWNER MUST:

1. CERTIFY TO THE DEPARTMENT THAT IT HAS A GRID CONNECTION TO A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION OR DISTRIBUTION UTILITY SYSTEM IN THIS state.
2. CERTIFY TO THE DEPARTMENT THAT IT GENERATES ELECTRICITY DERIVED FROM SOLAR, WIND, FOREST THINNINGS, AGRICULTURAL WASTE, HUMAN REFUSE OR OTHER NONPETROLEUM RENEWABLE SOURCES. ELECTRICITY DERIVED FROM NUCLEAR OR NATURAL GAS STEAM GENERATION OR A NATURAL GAS REFORMER FOR USE IN FUEL CELLS DOES NOT QUALIFY FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH.
3. REPORT AND CERTIFY THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION TO THE DEPARTMENT AND PROVIDE SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION, ON A FORM AND IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE department for each taxable year in which the owner claims, uses or carries FORWARD AMOUNTS FOR PURPOSES OF A TAX CREDIT UNDER SECTION 43-1074 OR 43-1161:
(a) THE BUSINESS NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS AND ANY OTHER CONTACT information requested by the department.
(b) THE BUSINESS LOCATION AND THE NAME OF THE ENTERPRISE ZONE IN WHICH THE BUSINESS IS LOCATED.
(c) THE ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF TAX CREDIT TO BE USED IN THE TAXABLE YEAR TO OFFSET TAX LIABILITY.
(d) THE ESTIMATED AMOUNTS OF TAX CREDITS TO BE CARRIED FORWARD FROM previous taxable years, and the taxable year in which the amounts expire.
(e) the amount of capital investment made in the zone during the taxable year and the preceding taxable year.
(f) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MEGAWATT HOURS OF ELECTRICITY GENERATED BY THE FACILITY FROM RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES.
(g) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF EMPLOYEE POSITIONS AT THE FACILITY DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR.
(h) ANY OTHER INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR THE MANAGEMENT AND REPORTING OF THE INCENTIVES UNDER THIS SECTION.
C. the department by rule may prescribe additional reporting REQUIREMENTS FOR TAXPAYERS WHO CLAIM TAX BENEFITS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
D. ANY INFORMATION SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT UNDER THIS SECTION IS EXEMPT FROM TITLE 39, CHAPTER 1, ARTICLE 2, IS CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL AND IS NOT SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE EXCEPT:
4. TO the extent that the person or organization that provided the INFORMATION CONSENTS TO THE DISCLOSURE.
5. TO THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE FOR USE IN TAX ADMINISTRATION.
E. DOCUMENTS FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT UNDER THIS SECTION MUST CONTAIN EItHER A SWORN STATEMENT OR CERTIFICATION, SIGNED BY AN OFFICER OF THE COMPANY UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY, THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IS TRUE AND CORRECT ACCORDING TO THE BEST BELIEF AND KNOWLEDGE OF THE PERSON SUBMITTING THE INFORMATION AFTER A REASONABLE INVESTIGATION OF THE FACTS. IF THE DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION THAT IS MATERIALLY FALSE, THE TAXPAYER IS INELIGIbLE FOR THE TAX INCENTIVES UNDER THIS SECTION AND IS SUBJECT TO RECOVERY OF THE AMOUNT OF TAX INCENTIVES ALLOWED IN PRECEDING TAXABLE YEARS BASED ON THE FALSE INFORMATION, PLUS PENALTIES AND INTEREST.
F. the department may make site visits to a taxpayer's facilities if IT IS NECESSARY TO FURTHER DOCUMENT OR CLARIFY REPORTED INFORMATION. THE TAXPAYER MUST FREELY PROVIDE THE ACCESS.

41-1525.03. Renewable energy enterprise zones; renewable energy component manufacturer
A. A MANUFACTURER OF RENEWABLE ENERGY EQUIPMENT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 42-14155 OR COMPONENTS USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF A CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC GENERATION FACILITY DESCRIBED IN SECTION 41-1525.02 IS ELIGIBLE FOR AN INCOME TAX CREDIT UNDER SECTION 43-1074 OR 43-1161 IF IT MEETS THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

1. THE MANUFACTURER ESTABLISHES A NEW FACILITY AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2006 in the same enterprise zone as the central station electric generation FACILITY.
2. THE MANUFACTURER SELLS NEW MANUFACTURED PARTS TO THE CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC GENERATION FACILItY having an invoice value of more than one MILLION DOLLARS PER YEAR.
B. IF THE MANUFACTURER CEASES THE SUPPLY OF PARTS TO THE CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC GENERATION FACILITY IN THE QUALIFYING QUANTITY, ITS ELIGIBILITY FOR THE INCOME TAX CREDIT DESCRIBED BY THIS SECTION TERMINATES. If the manufacturer resumes the supply of parts to a central station electric generation facility in another enterprise zone in this state, the manufacturer may requalify for the tax credits if it meets the other criteria PRESCRIBED BY THIS SECTION.

Sec. 3. Section 42-12006, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-12006. Class six property
For purposes of taxation, class six is established consisting of:

1. Noncommercial historic property as defined in section 42-12101 and valued at full cash value.
2. Real and personal property that is located within the area of a foreign trade zone or subzone established under 19 United States Code section 81 and title 44 , chapter 18 , that is activated for foreign trade zone use by the district director of the United States customs service pursuant to 19 Code of Federal Regulations section 146.6 and that is valued at full cash value. Property that is classified under this paragraph shall not thereafter be classified under paragraph 7 of this section.
3. Real and personal property and improvements that are located in a military reuse zone that is established under title 41 , chapter 10 , article 3 and that is devoted to providing aviation or aerospace services or to manufacturing, assembling or fabricating aviation or aerospace products, valued at full cash value and subject to the following terms and conditions:
(a) Property may not be classified under this paragraph for more than five tax years.
(b) Any new addition or improvement to property already classified under this paragraph qualifies separately for classification under this paragraph for not more than five tax years.
(c) If a military reuse zone is terminated, the property in that zone that was previously classified under this paragraph shall be reclassified as prescribed by this article.
(d) Property that is classified under this paragraph shall not thereafter be classified under paragraph 4 or 7 of this section.
4. Real and personal property and improvements that are located in an enterprise zone, that are owned or used by a small manufacturing BUSINESS or A small commercial printer PRINTING business OR ON WHICH IS LOCATED RENEWABLE ENERGY EQUIPMENT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 42-14155, that is certified by the department of commerce pursuant to section 41-1525.01 OR 41-1525.02 and that are valued at full cash value, OR IN THE CASE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY EQUIPMENT, PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-14155, subject to the following terms and conditions:
(a) Property may not be classified under this paragraph for more than five tax years.
(b) Property that is classified under this paragraph shall not thereafter be classified under paragraph 3, or 7 OR 8 of this section.
5. Real and personal property and improvements or a portion of such property comprising a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility as described in section 41-1514.02, valued at full cash value and subject to the following terms and conditions:
(a) Property shall be classified under this paragraph for twenty tax years from the date placed in service.
(b) Any addition or improvement to property already classified under this paragraph qualifies separately for classification under this subdivision for an additional twenty tax years from the date placed in service.
(c) After revocation of certification under section 41-1514.02, property that was previously classified under this paragraph shall be reclassified as prescribed by this article.
(d) Property that is classified under this paragraph shall not thereafter be classified under paragraph 7 of this section.
6. That portion of real and personal property that is used on or after January 1, 1999 specifically and solely for remediation of the environment by an action that has been determined to be reasonable and necessary to respond to the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance by the department of environmental quality pursuant to section 49-282.06 or pursuant to its corrective action authority under rules adopted pursuant to section 49-922, subsection B, paragraph 4 or by the United States environmental protection agency pursuant to the national contingency plan (40 Code of Federal Regulations part 300) and that is valued at full cash value. Property that is not being used specifically and solely for the remediation objectives described in this paragraph shall not be classified under this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, "remediation of the environment" means one or more of the following actions:
(a) Monitoring, assessing or evaluating the release or threatened release.
(b) Excavating, removing, transporting, treating and disposing of contaminated soil.
(c) Pumping and treating contaminated water.
(d) Treatment, containment or removal of contaminants in groundwater or soil.
7. Real and personal property and improvements constructed or installed from and after December 31, 2004 through December 31, 2010 and owned by a qualified business under section 41-1516 and used solely for the purpose of harvesting, transporting or the initial processing of qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516. The classification under this paragraph is subject to the following terms and conditions:
(a) Property may be initially classified under this paragraph only in valuation years 2005 through 2010.
(b) Property may not be classified under this paragraph for more than five years.
(c) Any new addition or improvement, constructed or installed from and after December 31, 2004 through December 31, 2010, to property already classified under this paragraph qualifies separately for classification and assessment under this paragraph for not more than five years.
(d) Property that is classified under this paragraph shall not thereafter be classified under paragraph 2, 3, 4 or 5 of this section.
8. Real and personal property and improvements to the property that are used specifically and solely to manufacture from and after December 31 , 2006 through December 31, 2016 biodiesel fuel that is one hundred per cent biodiesel and its by-products and that are valued at full cash value. This paragraph applies only to the portion of property that is used specifically for manufacturing and processing one hundred per cent biodiesel fuel, or its related by-products, from raw feedstock obtained from off-site sources, including necessary on-site storage facilities that are intrinsically associated with the manufacturing process. Any other commercial or industrial use disqualifies the entire property from classification under this paragraph.
