State of Arizona
House of Representatives
Forty-eighth Legislature
First Regular Session
2007

HOUSE BILL 2338

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 16-912.01, 19-101, 19-102, 19-112 AND 19-118, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 19, CHAPTER 1, ARTICLE 2, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 19-119.01; AMENDING SECTIONS 19-121.01 AND 19-125, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Section 16-912.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

16-912.01. Ballot measure committees; campaign literature and advertising funding; identification; disclosure; civil penalty; definition

A. A political committee that makes an expenditure in connection with any literature or advertisement to support or oppose a ballot proposition shall disclose in such literature or advertisement the four largest of its major funding sources as of the time the literature or advertisement is printed, recorded or otherwise produced for dissemination. If a political committee has fewer than four major funding sources, the committee shall disclose all major funding sources.

B. A political committee that files an application for an initiative or referendum petition pursuant to Section 19-111 shall disclose at the bottom of the initiative or referendum petition sheet its major funding sources as prescribed by subsections A, C and D of this section. The disclosure shall be made as prescribed by Section 19-101, subsection D or 19-102, subsection D, as appropriate. The disclosures shall be the cumulative expenditures made by that committee before the one week period before that petition sheet is circulated for signatures.

C. For the purposes of this section, a major funding source of a political committee is any contributor that is not an individual person and that has made cumulative contributions of either:

1. Ten thousand dollars or more for an expenditure in support of or opposition to a statewide ballot proposition or a ballot proposition of a political subdivision with a population of one hundred thousand persons or more.

2. Five thousand dollars or more for an expenditure in support of or opposition to a ballot proposition of a political subdivision with a population of less than one hundred thousand persons.

D. If an out-of-state contributor or group of out-of-state contributors is a major funding source to a political committee disclosed pursuant to subsection A of this section, the political committee shall state the contributor is an out-of-state contributor on its literature or advertisement in support of or in opposition to a ballot proposition.

E. Contributors that make contributions to more than one political committee that supports or opposes the same ballot proposition shall notify each political committee of the cumulative total of these contributions. Cumulative totals must be disclosed by each political committee that received contributions from the same contributor if the cumulative totals qualify as a major funding source to be disclosed pursuant to subsection A of this section.

F. Any disclosure statement required by this section shall be printed clearly and legibly in a conspicuous manner in type at least as large
as the majority of the printed text. If the communication is broadcast on radio, the information shall be spoken at the end of the communication. If the communication is broadcast on a telecommunications system, the information shall be both written and spoken at the end of the communication, except that if the disclosure statement is written for at least five seconds of a thirty second advertisement broadcast or ten seconds of a sixty second advertisement broadcast, a spoken disclosure statement is not required. If the communication is broadcast on a telecommunications system, the written disclosure statement shall be printed in letters equal to or larger than four per cent of the vertical picture height.

F. G. Subsection A OF THIS SECTION does not apply to bumper stickers, pins, buttons, pens and similar small items on which the statements required in subsection A OF THIS SECTION cannot be conveniently printed or to a communication by an organization solely to its members.

G. H. A committee shall change future literature and advertisements to reflect any change in funding sources that must be disclosed pursuant to subsection A OF THIS SECTION.

H. I. This section only applies to advertisements the contents of which are more than fifty per cent devoted to one or more ballot propositions or proposed measures on the same subject.

I. J. Any committee that violates this section is liable in a civil action brought by the attorney general, county attorney or city or town attorney, as appropriate, or by any other person for a civil penalty of three times the total cost of the advertisement. A donor who does not accurately disclose its contributions is liable for a civil penalty of three times the amount donated.

J. K. For THE purposes of this section, "advertisement" means general public advertising through the print and electronic media, signs, billboards and direct mail.

Sec. 2. Section 19-101, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

19-101. Referendum petition; circulators; violation; classification

A. The following shall be the form for referring to the people by referendum petition a measure or item, section or part of a measure enacted by the legislature, or by the legislative body of an incorporated city, town or county:

Referendum Description
(Insert a description of no more than one hundred words of the principal provisions of the measure sought to be referred.)

Notice: This is only a description of the measure sought to be referred prepared by the sponsor of the measure. It may not include every provision contained in the measure. Before signing, make sure the title and text of the measure are attached. You have the right to read or examine the title and text before signing.
Petition for Referendum

To the secretary of state (or to the corresponding officer for or on local, county, city or town measures):

We, the undersigned citizens and qualified electors of the state of Arizona, respectfully order that the senate (or house) bill no. _____ (or other local, county, city or town measure) entitled (title of act or ordinance, and if the petition is against less than the whole act or ordinance then set forth here the item, section, or part, of any measure on which the referendum is used), passed by the _________________ session of the legislature of the state of Arizona, at the general (or special, as the case may be) session of said legislature, (or by a county, city or town legislative body) shall be referred to a vote of the qualified electors of the state, (county, city or town) for their approval or rejection at the next regular general election (or county, city or town election) and each for himself says:

I have personally signed this petition with my first and last names. I have not signed any other petition for the same measure. I am a qualified elector of the state of Arizona, county of (or city or town and county of, as the case may be) 

______________.

"Warning
It is a class 1 misdemeanor for any person to knowingly sign an initiative or referendum petition with a name other than his own, except in a circumstance where he signs for a person, in the presence of and at the specific request of such person, who is incapable of signing his own name because of physical infirmity, or to knowingly sign his name more than once for the same measure, or to knowingly sign such petition when he is not a qualified elector."

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signature</th>
<th>Name (first and last name printed)</th>
<th>Actual Arizona City or Town</th>
<th>Date signed (street &amp; address &amp; zip &amp; code)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

(Fifteen lines for signatures which shall be numbered)

The validity of signatures on this sheet must be sworn to by the circulator before a notary public on the form appearing on the back of the sheet.

Number ________________
B. Each petition sheet shall have printed in capital letters in no less than twelve point bold-faced type in the upper right-hand corner of the face of the petition sheet the following:

"_________ paid circulator"            "______________ volunteer"

"ALL SIGNERS ON THIS PAGE MUST BE REGISTERED VOTERS IN _______ COUNTY".

C. A circulator of a referendum petition shall state whether he is a paid circulator or volunteer by checking the appropriate line on the petition form AND SHALL PROVIDE THE NAME OF ONLY ONE COUNTY ON THE PETITION FORM before circulating the petition for signatures.


D. E. Signatures obtained on referendum petitions in violation of subsection C OR D OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING SIGNATURES THAT ARE FROM VOTERS WHO ARE REGISTERED IN A COUNTY OTHER THAN THE COUNTY LISTED AT THE TOP OF THE PETITION FORM, are void and shall not be counted by the secretary of state in determining the legal sufficiency of the petition. SIGNATURES OBTAINED ON REFERENDUM PETITIONS THAT FAIL TO LIST THE MAJOR FUNDING SOURCES OR INDICATE THAT THERE ARE NO MAJOR FUNDING SOURCES IN VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION ARE VOID AND SHALL NOT BE COUNTED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE IN DETERMINING THE LEGAL SUFFICIENCY OF THE PETITION. ANY ELECTOR MAY CHALLENGE IN SUPERIOR COURT THE VALIDITY OF THE PETITIONS UNDER SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION. The presence of signatures that are invalidated under this subsection on a petition does not invalidate other signatures on the petition that were obtained as prescribed by this section.

Sec. 3. Section 19-102, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

19-102. Initiative petition; circulators

A. The form of petition for a law or amendment to the constitution of this state or county legislative measure, or city or town ordinance, or amendment to a city or town charter proposed by the initiative to be submitted directly to the electors, shall be substantially in the form prescribed in section 19-101, except that the title and body of such petition shall read:

Initiative description

(Insert a description of no more than one hundred words of the principal provisions of the proposed measure or constitutional amendment.)

Notice: this is only a description of the proposed measure (or constitutional amendment) prepared by the sponsor of the measure. It may not include every provision contained in the measure. Before signing, make sure
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the title and text of the measure are attached. You have the right to read or examine the title and text before signing.

Initiative Measure to be Submitted Directly to Electors

We, the undersigned, citizens and qualified electors of the state of Arizona, respectfully demand that the following proposed law (or amendment to the constitution, or other initiative measure), shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state of Arizona (county, city or town of ________) for their approval or rejection at the next regular general election (or county, city or town election) and each for himself says: (terminate form same as a referendum petition.)

B. Each petition sheet shall have printed in capital letters in no less than twelve point bold-faced type in the upper right-hand corner of the face of the petition sheet the following:

"_________ paid circulator"        "____________ volunteer"

"ALL SIGNERS ON THIS PAGE MUST BE REGISTERED VOTERS IN _______ COUNTY".

C. A circulator of an initiative petition shall state whether he is a paid circulator or volunteer by checking the appropriate line on the petition form AND SHALL PROVIDE THE NAME OF ONLY ONE COUNTY ON THE PETITION FORM before circulating the petition for signatures.


E. Signatures obtained on initiative petitions in violation of subsection C OR D of this section, INCLUDING SIGNATURES THAT ARE FROM VOTERS WHO ARE REGISTERED IN A COUNTY OTHER THAN THE COUNTY LISTED AT THE TOP OF THE PETITION FORM, are void and shall not be counted by the Secretary of State in determining the legal sufficiency of the petition. SIGNATURES OBTAINED ON REFERENDUM PETITIONS THAT FAIL TO LIST THE MAJOR FUNDING SOURCES OR INDICATE THAT THERE ARE NO MAJOR FUNDING SOURCES IN VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION ARE VOID AND SHALL NOT BE COUNTED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE IN DETERMINING THE LEGAL SUFFICIENCY OF THE PETITION. ANY ELECTOR MAY CHALLENGE IN SUPERIOR COURT THE VALIDITY OF THE PETITIONS UNDER SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION. The presence of signatures that are invalidated under this subsection on a petition does not invalidate other signatures on the petition that were obtained as prescribed by this section.
Sec. 4. Section 19-112, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

19-112. Signatures and verification; attachment

A. Every qualified elector signing a petition shall do so in the presence of the person who is circulating the petition and who is to execute the affidavit of verification. At the time of signing, the qualified elector shall sign his first and last names in the spaces provided and the elector so signing or the person circulating the petition shall print his first and last names and write, in the appropriate spaces following the signature, the signer's residence address, giving street and number, and if he has no street address, a description of his residence location. The elector so signing or the person circulating the petition shall write, in the appropriate spaces following the elector's address, the date on which the elector signed the petition. IF A SIGNER IS DISABLED AND NEEDS ASSISTANCE, A THIRD PARTY SHOULD PROVIDE THAT ASSISTANCE. THE THIRD PARTY PROVIDING ASSISTANCE SHALL SIGN HIS OR HER NAME AND ADDRESS AND STATE THAT HE RENDERED ASSISTANCE TO THE DISABLED ELECTOR.

B. The signature sheets shall be attached at all times during circulation to a full and correct copy of the title and text of the measure or constitutional amendment proposed or referred by the petition. The title and text shall be in at least eight point type and shall include both the original and the amended text. The text shall indicate material deleted, if any, by printing the material with a line drawn through the center of the letters of the material and shall indicate material added or new material by printing the letters of the material in capital letters.

C. The person before whom the signatures and addresses were written on the signature sheet shall, on the affidavit form pursuant to this section, subscribe and swear before a notary public that each of the names on the sheet was signed by the elector and in the presence of the circulator on the date indicated, and that in his belief each signer was a qualified elector of a certain county of the state, or, in the case of a city, town or county measure, of the city, town or county affected by the measure on the date indicated, and that at all times during circulation of the signature sheet a copy of the title and text was attached to the signature sheet. All signatures of petitioners on a signature sheet shall be those of qualified electors who are registered to vote in the same county that is indicated in the upper right-hand corner of the petition sheet. However, if signatures from more than one county appear on the same signature sheet, only the valid signatures from the same county which are most numerous indicated on the signature sheet shall be counted. Signature and handwriting comparisons may be made.

D. The affidavit shall be in the following form printed on the reverse side of each signature sheet:
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Affidavit of Circulator

State of Arizona     )
                      ) ss.:
County of __________ ) (Where notarized)

I, (print name), a person who is qualified to register to vote in the county of _______, in the state of Arizona at all times during my circulation of this petition sheet, and under the penalty of a class 1 misdemeanor, depose and say that each individual signed this sheet of the foregoing petition in my presence on the date indicated, and I believe that each signer's name and residence address or post office address are correctly stated and that each signer is a qualified elector of the state of Arizona (or in the case of a city, town or county measure, of the city, town or county affected by the measure proposed to be initiated or referred to the people) and that at all times during circulation of this signature sheet a copy of the title and text was attached to the signature sheet.

(Signature of affiant) ____________________

(Residence address, street and number of affiant, or if no street address, a description of residence location) ____________________________

Subscribed and sworn to before me on _________________.

(date)

Notary Public ____________________________, Arizona.

My commission expires on _________________.

(date)

E. The eight point type required by subsection B shall not apply to maps, charts or other graphics.

Sec. 5. Section 19-118, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

19-118. Paid circulators; payment limitation

A. For the purposes of this title, A "paid circulator"

1. Means a natural person who receives MAY BE PAID ONLY IN THE FORM OF A FLAT RATE OR HOURLY AMOUNT AND SHALL NOT BE PAID monetary or other compensation that is based on the number of signatures obtained on a petition or on the number of petitions circulated that contain signatures. A PAID CIRCULATOR SHALL BE PAID ONLY IN A MANNER THAT QUALIFIES THE CIRCULATOR AS AN EMPLOYEE FOR PURPOSES OF THE FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAX ACT, AS AMENDED (26 UNITED STATES CODE SECTIONS 3301 THROUGH 3311). SIGNATURES THAT ARE...
COLLECTED BY A PAID CIRCULATOR IN VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION ARE VOID AND
SHALL NOT BE COUNTED IN DETERMINING THE LEGAL SUFFICIENCY OF THE PETITION.
ANY ELECTOR MAY CHALLENGE IN SUPERIOR COURT THE VALIDITY OF THE PETITIONS
UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.

2. B. THIS SECTION does not include APPLY TO a paid employee of any
political committee PARTY organized pursuant to title 16, chapter 6—
unless that employee's primary responsibility is circulating petitions to
obtain signatures.

Sec. 6. Title 19, chapter 1, article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, is
amended by adding section 19-119.01, to read:

19-119.01. Liability for actions of petition circulators
A. A MEMBER OF THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE THAT FILED THE APPLICATION FOR
A STATEWIDE INITIATIVE OR REFERENDUM PETITION WHO HAS KNOWLEDGE OF A
VIOLATION OF ANY LAW RELATED TO THE CIRCULATION OF THAT STATEWIDE INITIATIVE
OR REFERENDUM PETITION COMMITTED BY A CIRCULATOR IS DEEMED TO HAVE COMMITTED
A VIOLATION.

B. A MEMBER OF THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE IS NOT LIABLE UNDER SUBSECTION
A IF THE MEMBER NOTIFIES THE SECRETARY OF STATE IN WRITING WITHIN ONE
BUSINESS DAY AFTER THE MEMBER OBTAINS KNOWLEDGE OF A POTENTIAL VIOLATION.
THE NOTICE SHALL STATE ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
1. THAT A POTENTIAL VIOLATION HAS OCCURRED.
2. THE NATURE OF THE POTENTIAL VIOLATION.
3. ALL SPECIFIC INFORMATION KNOWN TO THE MEMBER REGARDING THE
POTENTIAL VIOLATION.

C. EACH MEMBER OF THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE WHO HAS KNOWLEDGE OF THE
VIOLATION MAY BE HELD LIABLE UNDER SUBSECTION A.

D. THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO A VIOLATION OF LAW THAT IS SUBJECT
TO A CRIMINAL PENALTY.

Sec. 7. Section 19-121.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
read:

19-121.01. Secretary of state; removal of petition and
ineligible signatures; facsimile sheets; random
sample
A. Within fifteen days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and other legal
holidays, of the date of filing of an initiative or referendum petition and
issuance of the receipt, the secretary of state shall:
1. Remove the following:
   (a) Those sheets not attached to a copy of the title and text of the
measure.
   (b) The copy of the title and text from the remaining petition sheets.
   (c) Those sheets not bearing the petition serial number in the lower
right-hand corner of each side.
   (d) Those sheets containing a circulator's affidavit that is not
completed or signed.
(e) Those sheets on which the affidavit of the circulator is not notarized, the notary's signature is missing, the notary's commission has expired or the notary's seal is not affixed.

(f) Those sheets on which the signatures of the circulator or the notary are dated earlier than the dates on which the electors signed the face of the petition sheet.

2. After completing the steps in paragraph 1 of this subsection, review each sheet to determine the county of the majority of the signers based on the information provided by the circulator on the upper right-hand corner of the sheet and shall:

(a) Place a three or four letter abbreviation designating that county in the upper right-hand corner of the face of the petition.

(b) Remove all signatures of those not in the county as labeled on each sheet by marking an "SS" in red ink in the margin to the right of the signature line to disqualify those signatures.

(c) Cause all signature sheets to be grouped together by county of registration of the majority of those signing and attach them to one or more copies of the title and text of the measure. If the sheets are too bulky for convenient grouping by the secretary of state in one volume by county, they may be bound in two or more volumes with those in each volume attached to a single printed copy of the measure. The remaining detached copies of the title and text of the measure shall be delivered to the applicant.

3. After completing the steps in paragraph 2 of this subsection, remove the following signatures that are not eligible for verification by marking an "SS" in red ink in the margin to the right of the signature line:

(a) If the signature of the qualified elector is missing.

(b) If the residence address or the description of residence location is missing.

(d) Signatures in excess of the fifteen signatures permitted per petition.

(e) Signatures withdrawn pursuant to section 1-261.

4. After the removal of petition sheets and signatures, count the number of signatures for verification on the remaining petition sheets and note that number in the upper right-hand corner of the face of each petition sheet immediately above the county designation.

5. Number the remaining petition sheets that were not previously removed and that contain signatures eligible for verification in consecutive order on the front side of each petition sheet in the upper left-hand corner.

6. Count all remaining petition sheets and signatures not previously removed and issue a receipt to the applicant of this total number eligible for verification.

B. If the total number of signatures for verification as determined pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 6 of this section equals or exceeds the constitutional minimum, the secretary of state, during the same fifteen day
period provided in subsection A of this section, shall select, at random, five per cent of the total signatures eligible for verification by the county recorders of the counties in which the persons signing the petition claim to be qualified electors. The random sample of signatures to be verified shall be drawn in such a manner that every signature eligible for verification has an equal chance of being included in the sample. The random sample produced shall identify each signature selected by petition page and line number. The signatures selected shall be marked according to the following procedure:

1. Using red ink, mark the selected signature by circling the line number and drawing a line from the base of the circle extending into the left margin.

2. If a signature line selected for the random sample is found to be blank or was removed from the verification process pursuant to subsection A of this section and is marked with an "SS", then the next line down, even if that requires going to the next petition sheet in sequence, on which an eligible signature appears shall be selected as a substitute if that line has not already been selected for the random sample. If the next eligible line is already being used in the random sample, the secretary of state shall proceed back up the page from the signature line originally selected for the random sample to the next previous signature line eligible for verification. If that line is already being used in the random sample, the secretary of state shall continue moving down the page or to the next page from the line originally selected for the random sample and shall select the next eligible signature as its substitute for the random sample. The secretary of state shall use this process of alternately moving forward and backward until a signature eligible for verification and not already included in the random sample can be selected and substituted.

C. After the selection of the random sample and the marking of the signatures selected on the original petition sheets pursuant to subsection B of this section, the secretary of state shall reproduce a facsimile of the front of each signature sheet on which a signature included in the random sample appears. The secretary of state shall clearly identify those signatures marked for verification by color highlighting or other similar method and shall transmit by personal delivery or certified mail to each county recorder a facsimile sheet of each signature sheet on which a signature appears of any individual claiming WHO CLAIMS to be a qualified elector of that county AND whose signature was selected for verification as part of the random sample.

D. The secretary of state shall retain in custody all signature sheets removed pursuant to this section except as otherwise prescribed in this title.

Sec. 8. Section 19-125, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

19-125. Form of ballot

A. The secretary of state, at the time he transmits to the clerks of the boards of supervisors a certified copy of the name of each candidate for
public office, shall transmit to each clerk a certified copy of the official
title, the descriptive title and the number of each measure and proposed
amendment to the constitution to be voted upon at the ensuing regular general
election.

B. Proposed constitutional amendments shall be numbered consecutively
beginning with the number one hundred, proposed initiative measures shall be
numbered consecutively beginning with the number two hundred, measures
submitted under the referendum shall be numbered consecutively beginning with
the number three hundred, and county and local issues shall be numbered
consecutively beginning with the number four hundred. Numbering shall be
consecutive based on the order in which the initiative or referendum
petitions are filed with the secretary of state. Proposed constitutional
amendments shall be placed by themselves at the head of the ballot column,
followed by initiated and referred measures in that order.

C. The officer in charge of elections shall print the official title,
the descriptive title and the number of each measure upon the official ballot
in the order presented to him by the secretary of state unless otherwise
provided by law. The number of the measure shall be in reverse type and at
least twelve point type. A proposed constitutional amendment shall be
designated "proposed amendment to the constitution by the legislature", or
"proposed amendment to the constitution by the initiative PETITION WITH
SIGNATURES GATHERED PRIMARILY BY VOLUNTEERS" OR "PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE
CONSTITUTION BY INITIATIVE PETITION WITH SIGNATURES GATHERED PRIMARILY BY
PAID CIRCULATORS", as the case may be. A measure referred by the legislature
shall be designated "referred to the people by the legislature", a measure
referred by petition shall be designated "referendum ordered by petition of
the people" and a measure proposed by initiative petition shall be designated
"proposed by initiative petition WITH SIGNATURES GATHERED PRIMARILY BY
VOLUNTEERS" OR "PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION WITH SIGNATURES GATHERED
PRIMARILY BY PAID CIRCULATORS". AN INITIATIVE PETITION SHALL BE DESIGNATED
AS A PETITION WITH SIGNATURES GATHERED PRIMARILY BY VOLUNTEERS IF MORE THAN
FIFTY PER CENT OF THE SIGNATURES VERIFIED WERE COLLECTED BY VOLUNTEERS.

D. There shall be printed on the official ballot immediately below the
number of the measure and the official title of each measure a descriptive
title containing a summary of the principal provisions of the measure, not to
exceed fifty words, which shall be prepared by the secretary of state and
approved by the attorney general AND THAT INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING or the
ballot shall comply with subsection E of this section:

A "yes" vote shall have the effect of ______________________.
A "no" vote shall have the effect of _____________________.
The blank spaces shall be filled with a brief phrase, approved by the
attorney general, stating the essential change in the existing law should the
measure receive a majority of votes cast in that particular manner. In the
case of a referendum, a "yes" vote shall have the effect of approving the
legislative enactment that is being referred. Below the statement of effect
of a "yes" vote and effect of a "no" vote there shall be printed the
corresponding words "yes" and "no" and a place for the voter to put a mark as
defined in section 16-400 indicating his preference.

E. Instead of printing the official and descriptive titles or the full
text of each measure or question on the official ballot, the officer in
charge of elections may print phrases on the official ballot that contain all
of the following:

1. The number of the measure in reverse type and at least twelve point
type.

2. The designation of the measure as prescribed by subsection C of
this section or as a question, proposition or charter amendment, followed by
the words "relating to..." and inserting the subject.

3. Either the statement prescribed by subsection D of this section
that describes the effects of a "yes" vote and a "no" vote or, for other
measures, the text of the question or proposition.

4. The words "yes" and "no" or "for" and "against", as may be
appropriate and a place for the voter to put a mark.

F. For any ballot printed pursuant to subsection E of this section,
the instructions on the official ballot shall direct the voter to the full
text of the official and descriptive titles and the questions and
propositions as printed on the sample ballot and posted in the polling place.