

Transportation & Public Safety Committee

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TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

LEGISLATION ENACTED

personal delivery devices (S.B. 1305) – Chapter 78

Beginning September 1, 2020, modifies the definition of *personal delivery device* (PDD) to mean a device that is: 1) manufactured for the transportation of goods in an authorized area of operation; 2) equipped with automated driving technology, including software and hardware that enables the remote operation of the device by a human; and 3) not a *personal mobile cargo carrying device*.

Allows a PDD to be operated at speeds up to 12 miles per hour (mph) in a pedestrian area and up to 20 mph on the side or shoulder of a non-pedestrian highway. If a local authority determines that a maximum speed of 12 mph is unreasonable or unsafe, the local authority may establish a maximum speed limit in pedestrian areas that is between 7 mph and 12 mph. A local authority may restrict the use of PDDs in specified zones or during certain hours in specified zones.

A PDD may be operated by a business entity or an agent of a business entity capable of monitoring or exercising physical control over the operation of the PDD. When assessing compliance with traffic laws a business entity is considered the operator of a PDD, except when a PDD is operated outside the scope of an agent's office or employment, in which case the agent is considered the operator. Requires a business entity that operates a PDD to maintain at least \$100,000 of general liability insurance coverage for damages arising from the operation of a PDD.

Requires a PDD to be operated in a manner that complies with applicable traffic laws and does not interfere with pedestrians. A local authority may not regulate the operation of a PDD in a manner inconsistent with PDD statutes. A PDD may not transport hazardous materials required to be placarded under federal law. A PDD must be equipped with a braking system, a lighting system visible from within 500 feet and a marker that clearly states the name and contact information of the owner and a unique identification number.

fingerprinting; vital records; child care (S.B. 1504) – Chapter 86

[SEE THE HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE.](#)

criminal justice; budget reconciliation; 2020-2021. (S.B. 1683/H.B. 2900) – Chapter 51

[SEE THE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE.](#)

security guard registration; discharged veterans (H.B. 2096) – Chapter 13

Authorizes the Department of Public Safety to issue 45-day security guard registration certificates and armed security guard registration certificates, before the completion of required

background checks, to veterans who have been honorably discharged from the U.S. military within the last three years. An applicant who receives a 45-day security guard registration certificate may only work for a licensed agency that provides the applicant with statutorily-prescribed preassignment training.