REFERENCE TITLE: riot; planning; participation; racketeering

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-third Legislature First Regular Session 2017

SB 1142

Introduced by Senators Borrelli: Montenegro, Smith

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 13-1003, 13-2301 AND 13-2903, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO RIOTING.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 13-1003, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 13-1003. Conspiracy: classification 5 A. A person commits conspiracy if, with the intent to promote or 6 aid the commission of an offense, such person agrees with one or more 7 persons that at least one of them or another person will engage in conduct 8 constituting the offense and one of the parties commits an overt act in 9 furtherance of the offense, except that an overt act shall not be required 10 if the object of the conspiracy was to commit any felony upon ON the 11 person of another, or to commit an offense under section 13–1508, or 12 13-1704 OR 13-2903. B. If a person guilty of conspiracy, as defined in subsection A of 13 14 this section, knows or has reason to know that a person with whom such 15 person conspires to commit an offense has conspired with another person or 16 persons to commit the same offense, such person is guilty of conspiring to 17 commit the offense with such other person or persons, whether or not such 18 person knows their identity. 19 C. A person who conspires to commit a number of offenses is guilty 20 of only one conspiracy if the multiple offenses are the object of the same 21 agreement or relationship and the degree of the conspiracy shall be 22 determined by the most serious offense conspired to. 23 D. Conspiracy to commit a class 1 felony is punishable by a 24 sentence of life imprisonment without possibility of release on any basis 25 until the service of twenty-five years, otherwise, conspiracy is an 26 offense of the same class as the most serious offense which is the object 27 of or result of the conspiracy. 28 Sec. 2. Section 13-2301, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 29 read: 30 13-2301. Definitions 31 A. For the purposes of sections 13-2302, 13-2303 and 13-2304: 32 1. "Collect an extension of credit" means to induce in any way any 33 person to make repayment of that extension. 34 2. "Creditor" means any person making an extension of credit or any 35 person claiming by, under or through any person making an extension of 36 credit. 37 "Debtor" means any person to whom an extension of credit is made 3. 38 or any person who guarantees the repayment of an extension of credit, or 39 in any manner undertakes to indemnify the creditor against loss resulting 40 from the failure of any person to whom an extension is made to repay the 41 extension. 4. "Extend credit" means to make or renew any loan or to enter into 42 any agreement, tacit or express, whereby the repayment or satisfaction of 43 44 any debt or claim, whether acknowledged or disputed, valid or invalid, and 45 however arising, may or shall be deferred.

5. "Extortionate extension of credit" means any extension of credit with respect to which it is the understanding of the creditor and the debtor at the time the extension is made that delay in making repayment or failure to make repayment could result in the use of violence or other criminal means to cause harm to the person or the reputation or property of any person.

6. "Extortionate means" means the use, or an express or implicit
threat of use, of violence or other criminal means to cause harm to the
person or the reputation or property of any person.

10 7. "Repayment of any extension of credit" means the repayment, 11 satisfaction or discharge in whole or in part of any debt or claim, 12 acknowledged or disputed, valid or invalid, resulting from or in 13 connection with that extension of credit.

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B. For the purposes of section 13-2305, 13-2306 or 13-2307:

15 1. "Dealer in property" means a person who buys and sells property 16 as a business.

2. "Stolen property" means property of another as defined in
 section 13-1801 that has been the subject of any unlawful taking.

19 3. "Traffic" means to sell, transfer, distribute, dispense or 20 otherwise dispose of stolen property to another person, or to buy, 21 receive, possess or obtain control of stolen property, with the intent to 22 sell, transfer, distribute, dispense or otherwise dispose of the property 23 to another person.

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C. For the purposes of this chapter:

25 1. "Animal activity" means a commercial enterprise that uses 26 animals for food, clothing or fiber production, agriculture or 27 biotechnology.

28 2. "Animal facility" means a building or premises where a
 29 commercial activity in which the use of animals is essential takes place,
 30 including a zoo, rodeo, circus, amusement park, hunting preserve and horse
 31 and dog event.

3. "Animal or ecological terrorism" means any felony in violation 32 of section 13-2312, subsection B that involves at least three persons 33 34 acting in concert, that involves the intentional or knowing infliction of 35 property damage in an amount of more than ten thousand dollars to the 36 property that is used by a person for the operation of a lawfully 37 conducted animal activity or to a commercial enterprise that is engaged in 38 a lawfully operated animal facility or research facility and that involves 39 either:

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(a) The use of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument.

41 (b) The intentional or knowing infliction of serious physical 42 injury on a person engaged in a lawfully conducted animal activity or 43 participating in a lawfully conducted animal facility or research 44 facility. 1 4. "Biological agent" means any microorganism, virus, infectious biological product that may be engineered through 2 substance or biotechnology or any naturally occurring or bioengineered component of any 3 4 microorganism, virus, infectious substance or biological product and that 5 is capable of causing any of the following:

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(a) Death, disease or physical injury in a human, animal, plant or 7 other living organism.

8 (b) The deterioration or contamination of air, food, water, 9 equipment, supplies or material of any kind.

10 5. "Combination" means persons who collaborate in carrying on or 11 furthering the activities or purposes of a criminal syndicate even though 12 such persons may not know each other's identity, membership in the combination changes from time to time or one or more members may stand in 13 14 a wholesaler-retailer or other arm's length relationship with others as to 15 activities or dealings between or among themselves in an illicit 16 operation.

17 6. "Communication service provider" has the same meaning prescribed 18 in section 13-3001.

7. "Criminal syndicate" means any combination of persons 19 or 20 enterprises engaging, or having the purpose of engaging, on a continuing 21 basis in conduct that violates any one or more provisions of any felony 22 statute of this state.

23 8. "Explosive agent" means an explosive as defined in section 24 13-3101 and flammable fuels or fire accelerants in amounts over fifty 25 gallons but excludes:

26 27 (a) Fireworks as defined in section 36-1601.

(b) Firearms.

28 (c) A propellant actuated device or propellant actuated industrial 29 tool.

30 (d) A device that is commercially manufactured primarily for the 31 purpose of illumination.

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(e) A rocket having a propellant charge of less than four ounces.

"Material support or resources" includes money or other 33 9. 34 financial securities, financial services, lodging, sustenance, training, 35 safehouses. false documentation or identification, communications 36 equipment, facilities, weapons, lethal substances, explosives, personnel, 37 transportation, disguises and other physical assets but does not include 38 medical assistance, legal assistance or religious materials.

39 10. "Public establishment" means a structure that is owned, leased 40 or operated by this state or a political subdivision of this state or a health care institution as defined in section 36-401. 41

42 "Research facility" means a laboratory, institution, medical 11. 43 facility, government facility, public or private educational care institution or nature preserve at which a scientific test, experiment or 44

1 investigation involving the use of animals is lawfully carried out, 2 conducted or attempted.

3 12. "Terrorism" means any felony, including any completed or 4 preparatory offense, that involves the use of a deadly weapon or a weapon 5 of mass destruction or the intentional or knowing infliction of serious 6 physical injury with the intent to either:

7 (a) Influence the policy or affect the conduct of this state or any 8 of the political subdivisions, agencies or instrumentalities of this 9 state.

10 (b) Cause substantial damage to or substantial interruption of 11 public communications, communication service providers, public 12 transportation, common carriers, public utilities, public establishments 13 or other public services.

14 13. "Toxin" means the toxic material of plants, animals,
 15 microorganisms, viruses, fungi or infectious substances or a recombinant
 16 molecule, whatever its origin or method of reproduction, including:

17 (a) Any poisonous substance or biological product that may be 18 engineered through biotechnology and that is produced by a living 19 organism.

20 (b) Any poisonous isomer or biological product, homolog or 21 derivative of such substance.

14. "Vector" means a living organism or molecule, including a recombinant molecule or biological product that may be engineered through biotechnology, that is capable of carrying a biological agent or toxin to a host.

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15. "Weapon of mass destruction" means:

(a) Any device or object that is designed or that the person intends to use to cause multiple deaths or serious physical injuries through the use of an explosive agent or the release, dissemination or impact of a toxin, biological agent, poisonous chemical, or its precursor, or any vector.

32 (b) Except as authorized and used in accordance with a license, 33 registration or exemption by the radiation regulatory agency pursuant to 34 section 30-672, any device or object that is designed or that the person 35 intends to use to release radiation or radioactivity at a level that is 36 dangerous to human life.

D. For the purposes of sections 13-2312, 13-2313, 13-2314 and 13-2315, unless the context otherwise requires:

39 1. "Control", in relation to an enterprise, means the possession of 40 sufficient means to permit substantial direction over the affairs of an 41 enterprise and, in relation to property, means to acquire or possess.

42 2. "Enterprise" means any corporation, partnership, association,
43 labor union or other legal entity or any group of persons associated in
44 fact although not a legal entity.

1 3. "Financial institution" means any business under the jurisdiction of the department of financial institutions or a banking or 2 securities regulatory agency of the United States, a business coming 3 within the definition of a bank, financial agency or financial institution 4 as prescribed by 31 United States Code section 5312 or 31 Code of Federal 5 6 Regulations section 1010.100 or a business under the jurisdiction of the 7 securities division of the corporation commission, the state real estate 8 department or the department of insurance.

9 4. "Racketeering" means any act, including any preparatory or 10 completed offense, that is chargeable or indictable under the laws of the state or country in which the act occurred and, if the act occurred in a 11 12 state or country other than this state, that would be chargeable or indictable under the laws of this state if the act had occurred in this 13 14 state, and that would be punishable by imprisonment for more than one year under the laws of this state and, if the act occurred in a state or 15 16 country other than this state, under the laws of the state or country in 17 which the act occurred, regardless of whether the act is charged or indicted, and the act involves either ANY OF THE FOLLOWING: 18

19 (a) Terrorism, animal terrorism or ecological terrorism that 20 results or is intended to result in a risk of serious physical injury or 21 death.

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(b) RIOT. (c) Any of the following acts if committed for financial gain: (i) Homicide.

24 25 (ii) Robbery.

26 (iii) Kidnapping.

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(iv) Forgery.

- 28 (v) Theft.
- 29 (vi) Bribery.
- 30 (vii) Gambling.
- 31 (viii) Usury.

32 (ix) Extortion.

(x) Extortionate extensions of credit.

(xi) Prohibited drugs, marijuana or other prohibited chemicals or 34 35 substances.

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(xii) Trafficking in explosives, weapons or stolen property.

(xiii) Participating in a criminal syndicate.

38 (xiv) Obstructing or hindering criminal investigations or 39 prosecutions.

40 (xv) Asserting false claims, including, but not limited to, false 41 claims asserted through fraud or arson.

42 (xvi) Intentional or reckless false statements or publications 43 concerning land for sale or lease or sale of subdivided lands or sale and 44 mortgaging of unsubdivided lands.

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1 (xviii) Intentional or reckless fraud in the purchase or sale of 2 securities. 3 (xix) Intentional or reckless sale of unregistered securities or 4 real property securities. 5 (xx) A scheme or artifice to defraud. 6 (xxi) Obscenity. 7 (xxii) Sexual exploitation of a minor. 8 (xxiii) Prostitution. 9 (xxiv) Restraint of trade or commerce in violation of section 10 34-252. 11 (xxv) Terrorism. 12 (xxvi) Money laundering. 13 (xxvii) Obscene or indecent telephone communications to minors for 14 commercial purposes. 15 (xxviii) Counterfeiting marks as proscribed in section 44-1453. 16 (xxix) Animal terrorism or ecological terrorism. 17 (xxx) Smuggling of human beings. 18 (xxxi) Child prostitution. 19 (xxxii) Sex trafficking. 20 (xxxiii) Trafficking of persons for forced labor or services. 21 (xxxiv) Manufacturing, selling or distributing misbranded drugs in 22 violation of section 13-3406, subsection A, paragraph 9. 23 5. "Records" means any book, paper, writing, computer program, 24 data, image or information that is collected, recorded, preserved or 25 maintained in any form of storage medium. 6. "Remedy racketeering" means to enter a civil judgment pursuant 26 27 to this chapter or chapter 39 of this title against property or a person who is subject to liability, including liability for injury to the state 28 that is caused by racketeering or by actions in concert with racketeering. 29 30 E. For the purposes of sections 13-2316, 13-2316.01 and 13-2316.02: "Access" means to instruct, communicate with, store data in, 31 1. 32 retrieve data from or otherwise make use of any resources of a computer, 33 computer system or network. 34 2. "Access device" means any card, token, code, account number, electronic serial number, mobile or personal identification number, 35 36 password, encryption key, biometric identifier or other means of account 37 access, including a canceled or revoked access device, that can be used alone or in conjunction with another access device to obtain money, goods, 38 39 services, computer or network access or any other thing of value or that 40 can be used to initiate a transfer of any thing of value. 41 3. "Computer" means an electronic device that performs logic, arithmetic or memory functions by the manipulations of electronic or 42 magnetic impulses and includes all input, output, processing, storage, 43 software or communication facilities that are connected or related to such 44 45 a device in a system or network.

1 4. "Computer contaminant" means any set of computer instructions 2 is designed to modify, damage, destroy, record or transmit that information within a computer, computer system or network without the 3 4 intent or permission of the owner of the information, computer system or 5 network. Computer contaminant includes a group of computer instructions, 6 such as viruses or worms, that is self-replicating or self-propagating and 7 that is designed to contaminate other computer programs or computer data, 8 to consume computer resources, to modify, destroy, record or transmit data 9 or in some other fashion to usurp the normal operation of the computer, 10 computer system or network.

5. "Computer program" means a series of instructions or statements, in a form acceptable to a computer, that permits the functioning of a computer system in a manner designed to provide appropriate products from the computer system.

15 6. "Computer software" means a set of computer programs, procedures
16 and associated documentation concerned with the operation of a computer
17 system.

18 7. "Computer system" means a set of related, connected or 19 unconnected computer equipment, devices and software, including storage, 20 media and peripheral devices.

8. "Critical infrastructure resource" means any computer or communications system or network that is involved in providing services necessary to ensure or protect the public health, safety or welfare, including services that are provided by any of the following:

25 26 (a) Medical personnel and institutions.(b) Emergency services agencies.

(c) Public and private utilities, including water, power,
 communications and transportation services.

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(d) Fire departments, districts or volunteer organizations.

30 31 (e) Law enforcement agencies.(f) Financial institutions.

32 33 (g) Public educational institutions.

(h) Government agencies.

34 9. "False or fraudulent pretense" means the unauthorized use of an
 35 access device or the use of an access device to exceed authorized access.

36 10. "Financial instrument" means any check, draft, money order, 37 certificate of deposit, letter of credit, bill of exchange, credit card or 38 marketable security or any other written instrument as defined in section 39 13-2001 that is transferable for value.

40 11. "Network" includes a complex of interconnected computer or 41 communication systems of any type.

42 12. "Property" means financial instruments, information, including 43 electronically produced data, computer software and programs in either 44 machine or human readable form, and anything of value, tangible or 45 intangible. 1 13. "Proprietary or confidential computer security information" 2 means information about a particular computer, computer system or network 3 that relates to its access devices, security practices, methods and 4 systems, architecture, communications facilities, encryption methods and 5 system vulnerabilities and that is not made available to the public by its 6 owner or operator.

7 14. "Services" includes computer time, data processing, storage8 functions and all types of communication functions.

9 Sec. 3. Section 13-2903, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 10 read:

13-2903. <u>Riot; classification</u>

A. A person commits riot if, with two or more other persons acting together, such person recklessly uses force or violence or threatens to use force or violence, if such threat is accompanied by immediate power of execution, which EITHER disturbs the public peace OR RESULTS IN DAMAGE TO THE PROPERTY OF ANOTHER PERSON.

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B. Riot is a class 5 felony.