REFERENCE TITLE: homeowners' associations; enforcement; elections; meetings

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-second Legislature First Regular Session 2015

## SB 1453

Introduced by Senator Farnsworth D

## AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 33-1242, 33-1250, 33-1803, 33-1811 AND 33-1812, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO CONDOMINIUMS AND PLANNED COMMUNITIES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 33-1242, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 33-1242. Powers of unit owners' association: notice to unit 4 5 owner of violation: enforcement Subject to the provisions of the declaration, the association may: 6 Α. 7 1. Adopt and amend bylaws and rules. Adopt and amend budgets for revenues, expenditures and reserves and 8 2. 9 collect assessments for common expenses from unit owners. 10 3. Hire and discharge managing agents and other employees, agents and 11 independent contractors. 12 4. Institute, defend or intervene in litigation or administrative 13 proceedings in its own name on behalf of itself or two or more unit owners on 14 matters affecting the condominium. 15 5. Make contracts and incur liabilities. 16 Regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement and modification 6. 17 of common elements. 18 7. Cause additional improvements to be made as a part of the common 19 elements. 20 8. Acquire, hold, encumber and convey in its own name any right, title 21 or interest to real or personal property, except that common elements may be 22 conveyed or subjected to a security interest only pursuant to section 23 33-1252. 24 9. Grant easements, leases, licenses and concessions through or over 25 the common elements. 26 10. Impose and receive any payments, fees or charges for the use, 27 rental or operation of the common elements other than limited common elements 28 described in section 33-1212, paragraphs 2 and 4 and for services provided to 29 unit owners. 30 Impose charges for late payment of assessments and, after notice 11. 31 and an opportunity to be heard, impose reasonable monetary penalties upon ON 32 unit owners for violations of the declaration, bylaws and rules of the 33 association. Notwithstanding any provision in the condominium documents, an 34 association may charge for late payment of assessments only if the assessment 35 is thirty days or more overdue and only after the association has provided 36 written notice that the assessment is thirty days or more overdue. 37 12. Impose reasonable charges for the preparation and recordation of 38 amendments to the declaration or statements of unpaid assessments. 39 Provide for the indemnification of its officers and executive board 13. 40 of directors and maintain directors' and officers' liability insurance. 41 14. Assign its right to future income, including the right to receive 42 common expense assessments, but only to the extent the declaration expressly 43 provides. 44 Be a member of a master association or other entity owning, 15. 45 maintaining or governing in any respect any portion of the common elements or

1 other property benefitting or related to the condominium or the unit owners 2 in any respect.

3 16. Exercise any other powers conferred by the declaration or bylaws. 4 17. Exercise all other powers that may be exercised in this state by 5 legal entities of the same type as the association.

6 18. Exercise any other powers necessary and proper for the governance 7 and operation of the association.

8 A unit owner who receives a written notice that the condition of Β. 9 the property owned by the unit owner is in violation of a requirement of the condominium documents without regard to whether a monetary penalty is imposed 10 11 by the notice may provide the association with a written response by sending 12 the response by certified mail within ten business days after the date of the 13 notice. The response shall be sent to the address contained in the notice or 14 in the recorded notice prescribed by section 33-1256, subsection J.

15 C. Within ten business days after receipt of the certified mail 16 containing the response from the unit owner, the association shall respond to 17 the unit owner with a written explanation regarding the notice that shall 18 provide at least the following information unless previously provided in the 19 notice of violation:

20 1. The provision of the condominium documents that has allegedly been 21 violated.

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2. The date of the violation or the date the violation was observed. 23 3. The first and last name of the person or persons who observed the violation. 24

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4. The process the unit owner must follow to contest the notice.

Unless the information required in subsection C, paragraph 4 of 26 D. 27 this section is provided in the notice of violation, the association shall 28 not proceed with any action to enforce the condominium documents, including 29 the collection of attorney fees, before or during the time prescribed by 30 subsection C of this section regarding the exchange of information between 31 the association and the unit owner AND SHALL GIVE THE UNIT OWNER WRITTEN 32 NOTICE OF THE UNIT OWNER'S OPTION TO PETITION FOR AN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING 33 ON THE MATTER IN THE DEPARTMENT OF FIRE, BUILDING AND LIFE SAFETY PURSUANT TO 34 SECTION 41-2198.01. At any time before or after completion of the exchange 35 of information pursuant to this section, the unit owner may petition for a 36 hearing pursuant to section 41-2198.01 if the dispute is within the 37 jurisdiction of the department of fire, building and life safety as 38 prescribed in section 41-2198.01, subsection B.

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Sec. 2. Section 33-1250, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-1250. <u>Voting: proxies; absentee ballots; applicability;</u> definition

42 A. If only one of the multiple owners of a unit is present at a 43 meeting of the association, the owner is entitled to cast all the votes 44 allocated to that unit. If more than one of the multiple owners are present, 45 the votes allocated to that unit may be cast only in accordance with the agreement of a majority in interest of the multiple owners unless the declaration expressly provides otherwise. There is majority agreement if any one of the multiple owners casts the votes allocated to that unit without protest being made promptly to the person presiding over the meeting by any of the other owners of the unit.

During the period of declarant control, votes allocated to a unit 6 Β. 7 may be cast pursuant to a proxy duly executed by a unit owner. If a unit is 8 owned by more than one person, each owner of the unit may vote or register 9 protest to the casting of votes by the other owners of the unit through a duly executed proxy. A unit owner may not revoke a proxy given pursuant to 10 11 this section except by actual notice of revocation to the person presiding 12 over a meeting of the association. A proxy is void if it is not dated or 13 purports to be revocable without notice. The proxy is revoked on 14 presentation of a later dated proxy executed by the same unit owner. A proxy 15 terminates one year after its date, unless it specifies a shorter term or 16 unless it states that it is coupled with an interest and is irrevocable.

17 C. Notwithstanding any provision in the condominium documents, after 18 termination of the period of declarant control, votes allocated to a unit may 19 not be cast pursuant to a proxy. The association shall provide for votes to 20 be cast in person and by absentee ballot and, in addition, the association 21 may provide for voting by some other form of delivery, including the use of e-mail and fax delivery. Notwithstanding section 10-3708 or the provisions 22 23 of the condominium documents, any action taken at an annual, regular or 24 special meeting of the members shall comply with all of the following if 25 absentee ballots or ballots provided by some other form of delivery are used:

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1. The ballot shall set forth each proposed action.

27 2. The ballot shall provide an opportunity to vote for or against each28 proposed action.

29 3. The ballot is valid for only one specified election or meeting of 30 the members and expires automatically after the completion of the election or 31 meeting.

32 4. The ballot specifies the time and date by which the ballot must be 33 delivered to the board of directors in order to be counted, which shall be at 34 least seven days after the date that the board delivers the unvoted ballot to 35 the member.

The ballot does not authorize another person to cast votes on
 behalf of the member. THE COMPLETED BALLOT OR ITS ATTACHED DOCUMENTATION
 MUST INCLUDE THE NAME, ADDRESS AND SIGNATURE OF THE PERSON VOTING.

39 6. BALLOTS AND RELATED MATERIALS SHALL BE RETAINED AND MADE AVAILABLE
40 FOR UNIT OWNER INSPECTION FOR AT LEAST ONE YEAR AFTER COMPLETION OF THE
41 ELECTION.

D. Votes cast by absentee ballot or other form of delivery, including
the use of e-mail and fax delivery, are valid for the purpose of establishing
a quorum.

E. Notwithstanding subsection C of this section, an association for a timeshare plan as defined in section 32-2197 may permit votes by a proxy that is duly executed by a unit owner.

F. If the declaration requires that votes on specified matters affecting the condominium be cast by lessees rather than unit owners of leased units all of the following apply:

7 1. The provisions of subsections A and B of this section apply to 8 lessees as if they were unit owners.

9 2. Unit owners who have leased their units to other persons shall not 10 cast votes on those specified matters.

3. Lessees are entitled to notice of meetings, access to records and
 other rights respecting those matters as if they were unit owners. Unit
 owners shall also be given notice, in the manner prescribed in section
 33-1248, of all meetings at which lessees may be entitled to vote.

15 G. Unless the declaration provides otherwise, votes allocated to a 16 unit owned by the association shall not be cast.

H. This section does not apply to timeshare plans or associations thatare subject to chapter 20 of this title.

19 I. For the purposes of this section, "period of declarant control" 20 means the time during which the declarant or persons designated by the 21 declarant may elect or appoint the members of the board of directors pursuant 22 to the condominium documents or by virtue of superior voting power.

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Sec. 3. Section 33-1803, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-1803. <u>Penalties: assessments: notice to member of violation:</u>

<u>enforcement</u>

26 A. Unless limitations in the community documents would result in a 27 lower limit for the assessment, the association shall not impose a regular 28 assessment that is more than twenty per cent PERCENT greater than the 29 immediately preceding fiscal year's assessment without the approval of the 30 majority of the members of the association. Unless reserved to the members 31 of the association, the board of directors may impose reasonable charges for 32 the late payment of assessments. A payment by a member is deemed late if it 33 is unpaid fifteen or more days after its due date, unless the community documents provide for a longer period. Charges for the late payment of 34 35 assessments are limited to the greater of fifteen dollars or ten per cent 36 PERCENT of the amount of the unpaid assessment AND MAY ONLY BE IMPOSED AFTER 37 THE ASSOCIATION HAS PROVIDED NOTICE THAT THE ASSESSMENT IS OVERDUE. Any 38 monies paid by the member for an unpaid assessment shall be applied first to 39 the principal amount unpaid and then to the interest accrued.

B. After notice and an opportunity to be heard, the board of directors may impose reasonable monetary penalties on members for violations of the declaration, bylaws and rules of the association. Notwithstanding any provision in the community documents, the board of directors shall not impose a charge for a late payment of a penalty that exceeds the greater of fifteen dollars or ten <u>per cent</u> PERCENT of the amount of the unpaid penalty. A payment is deemed late if it is unpaid fifteen or more days after its due date, unless the declaration, bylaws or rules of the association provide for a longer period. Any monies paid by a member for an unpaid penalty shall be applied first to the principal amount unpaid and then to the interest accrued. Notice pursuant to this subsection shall include information pertaining to the manner in which the penalty shall be enforced.

C. A member who receives a written notice that the condition of the property owned by the member is in violation of the community documents without regard to whether a monetary penalty is imposed by the notice may provide the association with a written response by sending the response by certified mail within ten business days after the date of the notice. The response shall be sent to the address contained in the notice or in the recorded notice prescribed by section 33-1807, subsection J.

D. Within ten business days after receipt of the certified mail containing the response from the member, the association shall respond to the member with a written explanation regarding the notice that shall provide at least the following information unless previously provided in the notice of violation:

The provision of the community documents that has allegedly been
 violated.

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2. The date of the violation or the date the violation was observed.

The first and last name of the person or persons who observed the
 violation.

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4. The process the member must follow to contest the notice.

25 Ε. Unless the information required in subsection D, paragraph 4 of 26 this section is provided in the notice of violation, the association shall 27 not proceed with any action to enforce the community documents, including the 28 collection of attorney fees, before or during the time prescribed by 29 subsection D of this section regarding the exchange of information between 30 the association and the member AND SHALL GIVE THE MEMBER WRITTEN NOTICE OF 31 THE MEMBER'S OPTION TO PETITION FOR AN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING ON THE MATTER 32 IN THE DEPARTMENT OF FIRE, BUILDING AND LIFE SAFETY PURSUANT TO SECTION 33 41-2198.01. At any time before or after completion of the exchange of 34 information pursuant to this section, the member may petition for a hearing 35 pursuant to section 41-2198.01 if the dispute is within the jurisdiction of 36 the department of fire, building and life safety as prescribed in section 37 41-2198.01, subsection B.

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Sec. 4. Section 33-1811, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-1811. <u>Board of directors; contracts; conflict</u>

If any contract, decision or other action for compensation taken by or on behalf of the board of directors would benefit any member of the board of directors or any person who is a parent, grandparent, spouse, child or sibling of a member of the board of directors or a parent or spouse of any of those persons, that member of the board of directors shall declare a conflict of interest for that issue. The member shall declare the conflict in an open meeting of the board before the board discusses or takes action on that issue and that member may then vote on that issue. THE BOARD SHALL NOTE THE DECLARATION OF CONFLICT IN THE RECORDS OF THE MEETING. Any contract entered into in violation of this section is void and unenforceable.

5 6 Sec. 5. Section 33-1812, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-1812. <u>Proxies: absentee ballots: definition</u>

7 Notwithstanding any provision in the community documents, after Α. 8 termination of the period of declarant control, votes allocated to a unit may 9 not be cast pursuant to a proxy. The association shall provide for votes to be cast in person and by absentee ballot and, in addition, the association 10 11 may provide for voting by some other form of delivery, including the use of 12 e-mail and fax delivery. Notwithstanding section 10-3708 or the provisions 13 of the community documents, any action taken at an annual, regular or special meeting of the members shall comply with all of the following if absentee 14 15 ballots or ballots provided by some other form of delivery are used:

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1. The ballot shall set forth each proposed action.

The ballot shall provide an opportunity to vote for or against each
 proposed action.

19 3. The ballot is valid for only one specified election or meeting of 20 the members and expires automatically after the completion of the election or 21 meeting.

4. The ballot specifies the time and date by which the ballot must be delivered to the board of directors in order to be counted, which shall be at least seven days after the date that the board delivers the unvoted ballot to the member.

5. The ballot does not authorize another person to cast votes on
behalf of the member. THE COMPLETED BALLOT OR ITS ATTACHED DOCUMENTATION
MUST INCLUDE THE NAME, ADDRESS AND SIGNATURE OF THE PERSON VOTING.

6. BALLOTS AND RELATED MATERIALS SHALL BE RETAINED AND MADE AVAILABLEFOR MEMBER INSPECTION FOR AT LEAST ONE YEAR AFTER COMPLETION OF THE ELECTION.

31 B. Votes cast by absentee ballot or other form of delivery, including 32 the use of e-mail and fax delivery, are valid for the purpose of establishing 33 a quorum.

C. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, an association for a timeshare plan as defined in section 32-2197 may permit votes by a proxy that is duly executed by a unit owner.

D. For the purposes of this section, "period of declarant control" means the time during which the declarant or persons designated by the declarant may elect or appoint the members of the board of directors pursuant to the community documents or by virtue of superior voting power.