Senate Engrossed

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-first Legislature Second Regular Session 2014

CHAPTER 222

SENATE BILL 1276

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 36-661, 36-663 AND 36-664, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO COMMUNICABLE DISEASE INFORMATION.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 36-661, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 36-661. <u>Definitions</u> In this article, unless the context otherwise requires: 5 "Acquired immune deficiency syndrome" has the same meaning as 6 1. 7 defined by the centers for disease control of the United States public health 8 service. 9 2. "Capacity to consent" means a person's ability, determined without 10 regard to the person's age, to understand and appreciate the nature and 11 consequences of a proposed health care service, treatment or procedure and to 12 make an informed decision concerning that service, treatment or procedure. 13 3. "Child" means an unemancipated person under eighteen years of age. 14 4. "Communicable disease" means a contagious, epidemic or infectious 15 disease required to be reported to the local board of health or the 16 department pursuant to chapter 1 of this title and this chapter. 17 5. "Communicable disease related information" means information 18 regarding a communicable disease in the possession of a person who provides 19 health services or who obtains the information pursuant to the release of 20 communicable disease related information. 21 6. "Contact" means a spouse or sex partner of a protected person, a 22 person who has shared hypodermic needles or syringes with a protected person 23 or a person otherwise exposed to a protected person with a communicable 24 disease in a manner that poses an epidemiologically significant risk of 25 transmission of that disease. 26 "Department" means the department of health services. 7. 27 8. "Director" means the director of the department of health services. 28 9. "FIRST RESPONDER" MEANS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, A FIREFIGHTER OR 29 AN AMBULANCE ATTENDANT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 36-2201. 30 9. 10. "Good samaritan" means a person who renders emergency care or 31 assistance in good faith and without compensation at the scene of any 32 accident, fire or other life-threatening emergency and who believes that a 33 significant exposure risk occurred while the person rendered care or 34 assistance. 35 10. 11. "Health care decision maker" has the same meaning prescribed 36 in section 12-2801. 37 11. 12. "Health care provider" means a physician, nurse or other person involved in providing health services. 38 39 12. 13. "Health facility" means a health care institution as defined 40 in section 36-401, a blood bank, blood center, milk bank, sperm bank, organ 41 or tissue bank or clinical laboratory or a health care services organization 42 holding a certificate of authority pursuant to section 20-1054. 43 13. 14. "Health service" means public or private care, treatment, 44 clinical laboratory tests, counseling or educational service for adults or 45 children and acute, chronic, custodial, residential, outpatient, home or

other health care or activities related to the detection, reporting,
 prevention and control of communicable or preventable diseases.

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14. 15. "HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus.

4 15. 16. "HIV infection" means infection with the human 5 immunodeficiency virus or a related virus identified as a probable causative 6 agent of acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

7 16. 17. "HIV-related illness" means an illness that may result from or 8 be associated with HIV infection.

9 17. 18. "HIV-related information" means information concerning whether 10 a person has had an HIV-related test or has HIV infection, HIV-related 11 illness or acquired immune deficiency syndrome and includes information that 12 identifies or reasonably permits identification of that person or the 13 person's contacts.

14 18. 19. "HIV-related test" means a laboratory test or series of tests 15 for the virus, components of the virus or antibodies to the virus thought to 16 indicate the presence of HIV infection.

17 20. "OCCUPATIONAL SIGNIFICANT EXPOSURE RISK" MEANS A SIGNIFICANT
18 EXPOSURE RISK THAT OCCURS IN THE PERFORMANCE OF A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER'S
19 PROFESSIONAL DUTIES OR A FIRST RESPONDER'S OFFICIAL DUTIES.

20 19. 21. "Protected person" means a person who takes an HIV-related 21 test or who has been diagnosed as having HIV infection, acquired immune 22 deficiency syndrome, HIV-related illness or another communicable disease.

23 20. 22. "Significant exposure risk" means contact with another person 24 in a manner that, if the other person has a communicable disease, poses an 25 epidemiologically significant risk of transmission of that disease as 26 determined by the department.

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Sec. 2. Section 36-663, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 36-663. <u>HIV-related testing: restrictions: exceptions</u>

29 A. Except as otherwise specifically authorized or required by this 30 state or by federal law, before an HIV-related test is ordered by a health 31 care provider, the health care provider shall ensure that oral or written 32 informed consent information is provided to the subject of the test who has 33 capacity to consent or, if the subject lacks capacity to consent, of TO a 34 person authorized pursuant to law to consent to health care for that person. 35 For the purposes of this subsection, "informed consent information" means information that explains HIV infection and the meaning of a positive test 36 37 result and that indicates that the patient may ask questions and decline 38 testing.

39 B. This section does not apply to the performance of an HIV-related 40 test:

1. By a health care provider or health facility in relation to the procuring, processing, distributing or use of a human body or a human body part, including organs, tissues, eyes, bones, arteries, blood, semen, milk or other body fluids, for use in medical research or therapy or for transplantation to other persons.

1 2. IF TESTING IS REQUESTED BY A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER OR FIRST 2 RESPONDER WHO HAS HAD AN OCCUPATIONAL SIGNIFICANT EXPOSURE RISK TO THE 3 PATIENT'S BLOOD OR BODILY FLUID. HIV-RELATED TESTING UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH MAY BE PERFORMED UNDER A GENERAL CONSENT TO RECEIVE TREATMENT, EXCEPT IN AN 4 5 EMERGENCY WHEN CONSENT MAY BE IMPLIED. SUCH TESTING MAY BE PERFORMED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH ONLY ON RECEIPT OF A WRITTEN REQUEST FROM A HEALTH CARE 6 7 PROVIDER OR FIRST RESPONDER WHO DOCUMENTS THE OCCURRENCE AND INFORMATION 8 REGARDING THE NATURE OF THE OCCUPATIONAL SIGNIFICANT EXPOSURE RISK AND THE 9 REPORT IS REVIEWED AND CONFIRMED BY A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER WHO IS BOTH LICENSED PURSUANT TO TITLE 32, CHAPTER 13, 15 OR 17 AND COMPETENT TO 10 11 DETERMINE A SIGNIFICANT EXPOSURE RISK. A PATIENT MAY NOT BE FORCED TO 12 PROVIDE A BLOOD SAMPLE FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH. WHEN AN 13 HIV-RELATED TEST IS ORDERED. A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER SHALL PROVIDE THE PATIENT 14 WITH THE TEST RESULTS AND INFORMATION THAT EXPLAINS HIV INFECTION AND THE 15 MEANING OF A POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE TEST RESULT AND THAT INDICATES THAT THE 16 PATIENT MAY ASK QUESTIONS.

17 2. 3. For the purpose of research if the testing is performed in a 18 manner by which the identity of the test subject is not known and may not be 19 retrieved by the researcher.

20 3. 4. On a deceased person, if the test is conducted in order to 21 determine the cause of death or for epidemiologic or public health purposes.

22 4. 5. In the course of providing necessary emergency medical 23 treatment to a patient who lacks capacity to consent to HIV-related testing 24 and for whom no person authorized pursuant to law to consent to health care 25 for that person can be identified on a timely basis if the testing is 26 necessary for the diagnosis and treatment of the emergency condition. The 27 attending physician shall document the existence of an emergency medical 28 condition, the necessity of the HIV-related testing to diagnose and treat the 29 emergency condition and the patient's lack of capacity.

30 5. 6. On a patient who lacks capacity to consent and for whom no 31 person authorized pursuant to law to consent to health care for that person 32 can be identified on a timely basis if the HIV-related testing is directly 33 related to and necessary for the diagnosis and treatment of the person's 34 medical condition. HIV-related testing shall be performed under these 35 circumstances only on written certification by the attending physician and a 36 consulting physician that the HIV-related testing is directly related to and 37 necessary for the diagnosis and treatment of the patient's medical condition.

38 6. 7. That is performed on an anonymous basis at a public health 39 agency.

40 C. A MEDICAL EXAMINER OR ALTERNATE MEDICAL EXAMINER MAY PROVIDE A 41 BLOOD SAMPLE FROM A DECEASED PERSON FOR THE PURPOSE OF HIV-RELATED TESTING 42 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS SECTION. A MEDICAL EXAMINER OR 43 ALTERNATE MEDICAL EXAMINER IS NOT REQUIRED TO PERFORM AN HIV-RELATED TEST FOR 44 AN OCCUPATIONAL SIGNIFICANT EXPOSURE RISK. 1 2 Sec. 3. Section 36-664, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 36-664. Confidentiality: exceptions

3 A. A person who obtains communicable disease related information in 4 the course of providing a health service or obtains that information from a 5 health care provider pursuant to an authorization shall not disclose or be 6 compelled to disclose that information except to the following:

7 1. The protected person or, if the protected person lacks capacity to 8 consent, the protected person's health care decision maker.

9 2. A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER OR FIRST RESPONDER WHO HAS HAD AN OCCUPATIONAL SIGNIFICANT EXPOSURE RISK TO THE PROTECTED PERSON'S BLOOD OR 10 11 BODILY FLUID IF THE HEALTH CARE PROVIDER OR FIRST RESPONDER PROVIDES A 12 WRITTEN REQUEST THAT DOCUMENTS THE OCCURRENCE AND INFORMATION REGARDING THE 13 NATURE OF THE OCCUPATIONAL SIGNIFICANT EXPOSURE RISK AND THE REPORT IS REVIEWED AND CONFIRMED BY A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER WHO IS BOTH LICENSED 14 PURSUANT TO TITLE 32, CHAPTER 13, 15 OR 17 AND COMPETENT TO DETERMINE A 15 SIGNIFICANT EXPOSURE RISK. A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER WHO RELEASES COMMUNICABLE 16 17 DISEASE INFORMATION PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL PROVIDE EDUCATION AND 18 COUNSELING TO THE PERSON WHO HAS HAD THE OCCUPATIONAL SIGNIFICANT EXPOSURE 19 RISK.

20 The department or a local health department for purposes of 2. 3. 21 notifying a good samaritan pursuant to subsection E of this section.

3. 4. An agent or employee of a health facility or health care 22 23 provider to provide health services to the protected person or the protected 24 person's child or for billing or reimbursement for health services.

25 4. 5. A health facility or health care provider, in relation to the 26 procurement, processing, distributing or use of a human body or a human body 27 part, including organs, tissues, eyes, bones, arteries, blood, semen, milk or 28 other body fluids, for use in medical education, research or therapy or for 29 transplantation to another person.

30 5. 6. A health facility or health care provider, or an organization, 31 committee or individual designated by the health facility or health care 32 provider, that is engaged in the review of professional practices, including 33 the review of the quality, utilization or necessity of medical care, or an 34 accreditation or oversight review organization responsible for the review of 35 professional practices at a health facility or by a health care provider.

36 6. 7. A private entity that accredits the health facility or health 37 care provider and with whom the health facility or health care provider has 38 an agreement requiring the agency to protect the confidentiality of patient 39 information.

40 7. 8. A federal, state, county or local health officer if disclosure 41 is mandated by federal or state law.

42 8. 9. A federal, state or local government agency authorized by law 43 to receive the information. The agency is authorized to redisclose the 44 information only pursuant to this article or as otherwise permitted by law.

45 9. 10. An authorized employee or agent of a federal, state or local 46 government agency that supervises or monitors the health care provider or health facility or administers the program under which the health service is provided. An authorized employee or agent includes only an employee or agent who, in the ordinary course of business of the government agency, has access to records relating to the care or treatment of the protected person.

5 10. 11. A person, health care provider or health facility to which 6 disclosure is ordered by a court or administrative body pursuant to section 7 36-665.

8 11. 12. The industrial commission or parties to an industrial 9 commission of Arizona claim pursuant to section 23-908, subsection D and 10 section 23-1043.02.

11 12. 13. Insurance entities pursuant to section 20-448.01 and 12 third-party payors or the payors' contractors.

13 13. 14. Any person or entity as authorized by the patient or the 14 patient's health care decision maker.

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14. 15. A person or entity as required by federal law.

16 15. 16. The legal representative of the entity holding the information 17 in order to secure legal advice.

18 16. 17. A person or entity for research only if the research is 19 conducted pursuant to applicable federal or state laws and regulations 20 governing research.

21 17. 18. A person or entity that provides services to the patient's 22 health care provider, as defined in section 12-2291, and with whom the health 23 care provider has a business associate agreement that requires the person or 24 entity to protect the confidentiality of patient information as required by 25 the health insurance portability and accountability act privacy standards, 26 45 Code of Federal Regulations part 164, subpart E.

B. At the request of the department of economic security and in conjunction with the placement of children in foster care or for adoption or court-ordered placement, a health care provider shall disclose communicable disease information, including HIV-related information, to the department of economic security.

32 C. A state, county or local health department or officer may disclose 33 communicable disease related information if the disclosure is any of the 34 following:

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1. Specifically authorized or required by federal or state law.

36 2. Made pursuant to an authorization signed by the protected person or
 37 the protected person's health care decision maker.

38 3. Made to a contact of the protected person. The disclosure shall be 39 made without identifying the protected person.

40 4. For the purposes of research as authorized by state and federal 41 law. D. The director may authorize the release of information that identifies the protected person to the national center for health statistics of the United States public health service for the purposes of conducting a search of the national death index.

5 E. The department or a local health department shall disclose communicable disease related information to a good samaritan who submits a 6 7 request to the department or the local health department. The request shall document the occurrence of the accident, fire or other life-threatening 8 9 emergency and shall include information regarding the nature of the significant exposure risk. The department shall adopt rules that prescribe 10 11 standards of significant exposure risk based on the best available medical 12 The department shall adopt rules that establish procedures for evidence. 13 processing requests from good samaritans pursuant to this subsection. The 14 rules shall provide that the disclosure to the good samaritan shall not 15 reveal the protected person's name and shall be accompanied by a written 16 statement that warns the good samaritan that the confidentiality of the 17 information is protected by state law.

18 F. An authorization to release communicable disease related 19 information shall be signed by the protected person or, if the protected 20 person lacks capacity to consent, the protected person's health care decision 21 maker. An authorization shall be dated and shall specify to whom disclosure 22 is authorized, the purpose for disclosure and the time period during which 23 the release is effective. A general authorization for the release of medical 24 or other information, including communicable disease related information, is 25 not an authorization for the release of HIV-related information unless the 26 authorization specifically indicates its purpose as an authorization for the 27 release of confidential HIV-related information and complies with the 28 requirements of this section.

G. A person to whom communicable disease related information is disclosed pursuant to this section shall not disclose the information to another person except as authorized by this section. This subsection does not apply to the protected person or a protected person's health care decision maker.

This section does not prohibit the listing of communicable disease 34 Η. 35 related information, including acquired immune deficiency syndrome, HIV-related illness or HIV infection, in a certificate of death, autopsy 36 37 report or other related document that is prepared pursuant to law to document 38 the cause of death or that is prepared to release a body to a funeral 39 director. This section does not modify a law or rule relating to access to 40 death certificates, autopsy reports or other related documents.

I. If a person in possession of HIV-related information reasonably believes that an identifiable third party is at risk of HIV infection, that person may report that risk to the department. The report shall be in writing and include the name and address of the identifiable third party and the name and address of the person making the report. The department shall contact the person at risk pursuant to rules adopted by the department. The 1 department employee making the initial contact shall have expertise in 2 counseling persons who have been exposed to or tested positive for HIV or 3 acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

J. Except as otherwise provided pursuant to this article or subject to an order or search warrant issued pursuant to section 36-665, a person who receives HIV-related information in the course of providing a health service or pursuant to a release of HIV-related information shall not disclose that information to another person or legal entity or be compelled by subpoena, order, search warrant or other judicial process to disclose that information to another person or legal entity.

11 K. This section and sections 36-663, 36-666, 36-667 and 36-668 do not 12 apply to persons or entities subject to regulation under title 20.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR APRIL 24, 2014.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE APRIL 24, 2014.