House Engrossed

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-first Legislature First Special Session 2013

CHAPTER 9

HOUSE BILL 2009

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 32-1134, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 41, CHAPTER 10, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 41-1519; AMENDING SECTIONS 42-2003, 42-5031.01, 42-5061, 42-5075, 42-5159, 42-6004 AND 43-1088, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; MAKING APPROPRIATIONS; RELATING TO REVENUE BUDGET RECONCILIATION.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 32-1134, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 32-1134. Powers and duties of registrar 5 A. The registrar shall: Establish assessments and maintain the fund balance at a level 6 1. 7 sufficient to pay operating costs and anticipated claims using the cash basis 8 of accounting. 9 2. Cause an examination of the fund to be made every three years by an 10 independent certified public accountant. 11 3. File with the department of insurance an annual statement of the 12 condition of the fund. 13 4. Employ accountants and attorneys from monies in the fund, but not 14 to exceed ten thousand dollars in any fiscal year, that are necessary for the 15 performance of the duties prescribed in this section. 16 5. Employ or contract with individuals and procure equipment and 17 operational support, to be paid from or purchased with monies in the fund, but not to exceed ten per cent of the fund in any fiscal year FOURTEEN PER 18 19 CENT OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT DEPOSITED IN THE FUND IN THE PRIOR FISCAL YEAR as 20 may be necessary to monitor, process or oppose claims filed by injured 21 persons which may result in collection from the recovery fund. 22 B. Notwithstanding section 32-1135, the registrar may expend interest 23 monies from the fund to increase public awareness of the fund. This 24 expenditure shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars in any fiscal year. 25 Sec. 2. Title 41, chapter 10, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, is 26 amended by adding section 41-1519, to read: 27 41-1519. Computer data center tax relief: definitions 28 A. FROM AND AFTER AUGUST 31, 2013, TAX RELIEF IS ALLOWED FOR THE OWNER 29 OR OPERATOR OF A COMPUTER DATA CENTER CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. 30 THE SAME TAX RELIEF IS ALLOWED FOR QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANTS OF THE 31 COMPUTER DATA CENTER. ALL TAX RELIEF APPLIES DURING THE QUALIFICATION 32 PERIOD. 33 B. TO QUALIFY FOR THE TAX RELIEF, THE OWNER OR OPERATOR SHALL SUBMIT 34 TO THE AUTHORITY A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE AUTHORITY THAT INCLUDES ALL OF THE 35 FOLLOWING: 36 1. THE OWNER'S OR OPERATOR'S NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER. 37 2. THE ADDRESS OF THE SITE WHERE THE FACILITY IS OR WILL BE LOCATED, INCLUDING, IF APPLICABLE, INFORMATION SUFFICIENT TO IDENTIFY THE SPECIFIC 38 39 PORTION OR PORTIONS OF THE FACILITY COMPOSING THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER. 40 3. IF THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER IS TO QUALIFY UNDER SUBSECTION E, 41 PARAGRAPH 1 OF THIS SECTION, BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING: 42 (a) THE ANTICIPATED INVESTMENT ASSOCIATED WITH THE COMPUTER DATA 43 CENTER FOR WHICH THE TAX RELIEF IS BEING SOUGHT AND WHETHER THE COMPUTER DATA 44 CENTER IS ANTICIPATED TO QUALIFY AS A SUSTAINABLE REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT. 45 (b) AN AFFIRMATION, SIGNED BY AN AUTHORIZED EXECUTIVE REPRESENTING THE OWNER OR OPERATOR, THAT THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER IS EXPECTED TO SATISFY ONE 46

OF THE CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION E, PARAGRAPH 1 OF
 THIS SECTION AND THAT THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER WILL NOT VIOLATE SUBSECTION L
 OF THIS SECTION.

4 4. IF THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER IS TO QUALIFY UNDER SUBSECTION E, 5 PARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS SECTION, AN AFFIRMATION, SIGNED BY AN AUTHORIZED 6 EXECUTIVE REPRESENTING THE OWNER OR OPERATOR, THAT THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER 7 HAS SATISFIED THE CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION E, 8 PARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS SECTION, WHETHER THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER QUALIFIES AS A 9 SUSTAINABLE REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT AND THAT THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER WILL NOT 10 VIOLATE SUBSECTION L OF THIS SECTION.

11 C. WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER RECEIVING A COMPLETE AND CORRECT FORM, THE AUTHORITY SHALL REVIEW THE FORM AND EITHER ISSUE A WRITTEN CERTIFICATION THAT 12 13 THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER QUALIFIES FOR THE TAX RELIEF OR PROVIDE WRITTEN 14 REASONS FOR ITS DENIAL. FAILURE TO APPROVE OR DENY THE FORM WITHIN SIXTY 15 DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE OWNER OR OPERATOR SUBMITS THE FORM TO THE AUTHORITY CONSTITUTES CERTIFICATION OF THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER, AND THE AUTHORITY 16 17 SHALL ISSUE WRITTEN CERTIFICATION TO THE OWNER OR OPERATOR WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS. THE AUTHORITY SHALL SEND A COPY OF THE CERTIFICATION TO THE DEPARTMENT 18 19 OF REVENUE. THE AUTHORITY SHALL NOT CERTIFY ANY NEW COMPUTER DATA CENTER 20 AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2023.

21 D. AN OWNER OR OPERATOR MAY SEPARATE A FACILITY INTO ONE OR MORE 22 COMPUTER DATA CENTERS, WHICH MAY EACH RECEIVE A SEPARATE CERTIFICATION IF 23 EACH COMPUTER DATA CENTER INDIVIDUALLY MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED IN 24 SUBSECTION E OF THIS SECTION. A PORTION OF A FACILITY OR AN ARTICLE OF 25 COMPUTER DATA EQUIPMENT SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO BE A PART OF MORE THAN ONE COMPUTER DATA CENTER. THE OWNER OR OPERATOR MAY AGGREGATE ONE OR MORE OF THE 26 27 PARCELS, BUILDINGS, CONDOMINIUMS OR MODULAR DATA CENTERS IN A FACILITY INTO A 28 SINGLE COMPUTER DATA CENTER IF, IN THE AGGREGATE, THE PARCELS, BUILDINGS, 29 CONDOMINIUMS AND MODULAR DATA CENTERS MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION E 30 OF THIS SECTION.

E. A COMPUTER DATA CENTER MUST MEET ONE OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS
 AFTER TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE COMBINED INVESTMENTS MADE BY THE OWNER,
 OPERATOR OR QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANTS OF A COMPUTER DATA CENTER:

34 1. ON OR BEFORE THE FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF CERTIFICATION, THE COMPUTER
 35 DATA CENTER CREATES A MINIMUM INVESTMENT OF AT LEAST:

36 (a) TWENTY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS OF NEW INVESTMENT, INCLUDING COSTS OF
 37 LAND, BUILDINGS, MODULAR DATA CENTERS AND COMPUTER DATA CENTER EQUIPMENT, IF
 38 THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER IS LOCATED IN A COUNTY WITH A POPULATION OF EIGHT
 39 HUNDRED THOUSAND OR LESS PERSONS.

40 (b) FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS OF NEW INVESTMENT, INCLUDING COSTS OF LAND,
41 BUILDINGS, MODULAR DATA CENTERS AND COMPUTER DATA CENTER EQUIPMENT, IF THE
42 COMPUTER DATA CENTER IS LOCATED IN A COUNTY WITH A POPULATION OF MORE THAN
43 EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND PERSONS.

44 2. DURING THE SEVENTY-TWO MONTHS IMMEDIATELY BEFORE SEPTEMBER 1, 2013,
45 THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER CREATED AN INVESTMENT OF AT LEAST TWO HUNDRED FIFTY

MILLION DOLLARS, INCLUDING COSTS OF LAND, BUILDINGS, MODULAR DATA CENTERS AND
 COMPUTER DATA CENTER EQUIPMENT.

3 F. ON OR BEFORE THE FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE CERTIFICATION OF A NEW COMPUTER DATA CENTER, THE OWNER OR OPERATOR SHALL NOTIFY THE AUTHORITY IN 4 5 WRITING THAT THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER FOR WHICH THE CERTIFICATION IS REQUESTED HAS OR HAS NOT SATISFIED THE REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION 6 7 E, PARAGRAPH 1 OF THIS SECTION. UNTIL A NEW COMPUTER DATA CENTER SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION E, PARAGRAPH 1 OF THIS SECTION, THE 8 9 OWNER OR OPERATOR SHALL KEEP DETAILED RECORDS OF ALL INVESTMENT CREATED BY THE NEW COMPUTER DATA CENTER, INCLUDING COSTS OF LAND, BUILDINGS, MODULAR 10 11 DATA CENTERS AND COMPUTER DATA CENTER EQUIPMENT. AND ALL TAX RELIEF DIRECTLY 12 RECEIVED BY THE OWNER OR OPERATOR. THIS SUBSECTION AND SUBSECTION G OF THIS 13 SECTION DO NOT APPLY TO AN EXISTING COMPUTER DATA CENTER.

14 G. IF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE DETERMINES THAT THE REQUIREMENTS OF 15 SUBSECTION E, PARAGRAPH 1 OF THIS SECTION HAVE NOT BEEN SATISFIED OR THAT 16 THERE HAS BEEN A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION L OF THIS SECTION, THE DEPARTMENT 17 MAY REVOKE THE CERTIFICATION OF A NEW COMPUTER DATA CENTER AND THE OWNER OR OPERATOR MAY APPEAL THE REVOCATION PURSUANT TO TITLE 42, CHAPTER 1, 18 19 ARTICLE 6. IF CERTIFICATION IS REVOKED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION, THE 20 QUALIFICATION PERIOD OF ANY OWNER, OPERATOR OR QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT OF 21 THE NEW COMPUTER DATA CENTER EXPIRES AND THE DEPARTMENT MAY RECAPTURE FROM 22 THE OWNER OR OPERATOR ALL OR PART OF THE TAX RELIEF PROVIDED DIRECTLY TO THE 23 OWNER OR OPERATOR. THE DEPARTMENT MAY GIVE SPECIAL CONSIDERATION OR ALLOW A 24 TEMPORARY EXEMPTION FROM RECAPTURE OF THE TAX RELIEF IF THERE IS 25 EXTRAORDINARY HARDSHIP DUE TO FACTORS BEYOND THE CONTROL OF THE OWNER OR 26 OPERATOR. THE DEPARTMENT MAY REQUIRE THE OWNER OR OPERATOR TO FILE 27 APPROPRIATE AMENDED TAX RETURNS TO REFLECT ANY RECAPTURE OF THE TAX RELIEF.

H. THE AUTHORITY AND THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE SHALL ADOPT RULES AND
PRESCRIBE FORMS AND PROCEDURES AS NECESSARY FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION.
THE AUTHORITY AND THE DEPARTMENT SHALL COLLABORATE IN ADOPTING RULES AS
NECESSARY TO AVOID DUPLICATION AND INCONSISTENCIES WHILE ACCOMPLISHING THE
PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION.

I. PROPRIETARY BUSINESS INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE FORM DESCRIBED IN
 SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION AND THE WRITTEN NOTICE DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION F
 OF THIS SECTION ARE CONFIDENTIAL AND SHALL NOT BE DISCLOSED TO THE PUBLIC
 EXCEPT THAT THE INFORMATION SHALL BE TRANSMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF
 REVENUE. THE AUTHORITY OR THE DEPARTMENT MAY DISCLOSE THE NAME OF A COMPUTER
 DATA CENTER THAT HAS BEEN CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

J. THE OWNER OR OPERATOR SHALL PROVIDE THE AUTHORITY AND THE
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE WITH A LIST OF QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANTS, INCLUDING
THE COMMENCEMENT AND EXPIRATION DATES OF EACH QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT'S
AGREEMENT TO USE OR OCCUPY ALL OR PART OF THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER, AND SHALL
NOTIFY THE AUTHORITY AND THE DEPARTMENT WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER ANY CHANGES
TO THE LIST.

45 K. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION G OF THIS SECTION, ON 46 CERTIFICATION, THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER REMAINS CERTIFIED REGARDLESS OF A FUTURE TRANSFER, SALE OR DISPOSITION, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, OF THE COMPUTER
 DATA CENTER.

3 L. THIS SECTION DOES NOT ALLOW A COMPUTER DATA CENTER TO DO EITHER OF 4 THE FOLLOWING:

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1. GENERATE ELECTRICITY FOR RESALE PURPOSES.

6 2. GENERATE, PROVIDE OR SELL ELECTRICITY OUTSIDE OF THE COMPUTER DATA 7 CENTER.

8 M. THE OWNER OR OPERATOR MAY INCLUDE SINGLE ENTITIES OR AFFILIATED 9 ENTITIES.

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N. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION:

11 1. "COMPUTER DATA CENTER" MEANS ALL OR PART OF A FACILITY THAT MAY BE 12 COMPOSED OF MULTIPLE BUSINESSES OR OWNERS, THAT IS OR WILL BE PREDOMINANTLY 13 USED TO HOUSE WORKING SERVERS AND THAT MAY HAVE UNINTERRUPTIBLE ENERGY SUPPLY 14 OR GENERATOR BACKUP POWER, OR BOTH, COOLING SYSTEMS, TOWERS AND OTHER 15 TEMPERATURE CONTROL INFRASTRUCTURE.

2. "COMPUTER DATA CENTER EQUIPMENT" MEANS EQUIPMENT THAT IS USED TO
OUTFIT, OPERATE OR BENEFIT A COMPUTER DATA CENTER AND COMPONENT PARTS,
INSTALLATIONS, REFRESHMENTS, REPLACEMENTS AND UPGRADES TO THIS EQUIPMENT,
WHETHER ANY OF THE PROPERTY IS AFFIXED TO OR INCORPORATED INTO REAL PROPERTY,
INCLUDING:

(a) ALL EQUIPMENT NECESSARY FOR THE TRANSFORMATION, GENERATION,
 DISTRIBUTION OR MANAGEMENT OF ELECTRICITY THAT IS REQUIRED TO OPERATE
 COMPUTER SERVER EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING GENERATORS, UNINTERRUPTIBLE ENERGY,
 SUPPLIES, CONDUIT, GASEOUS FUEL PIPING, CABLING, DUCT BANKS, SWITCHES,
 SWITCHBOARDS, BATTERIES AND TESTING EQUIPMENT.

(b) ALL EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO COOL AND MAINTAIN A CONTROLLED
ENVIRONMENT FOR THE OPERATION OF THE COMPUTER SERVER AND OTHER COMPONENTS OF
THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER, INCLUDING MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT, REFRIGERANT PIPING,
GASEOUS FUEL PIPING, ADIABATIC AND FREE COOLING SYSTEMS, COOLING TOWERS,
WATER SOFTENERS, AIR HANDLING UNITS, INDOOR DIRECT EXCHANGE UNITS, FANS,
DUCTING AND FILTERS.

32 (c) ALL WATER CONSERVATION SYSTEMS, INCLUDING FACILITIES OR MECHANISMS
 33 THAT ARE DESIGNED TO COLLECT, CONSERVE AND REUSE WATER.

34 (d) ALL ENABLING SOFTWARE, COMPUTER SERVER EQUIPMENT, CHASSIS,
 35 NETWORKING EQUIPMENT, SWITCHES, RACKS, CABLING, TRAYS AND CONDUIT.

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(e) ALL MONITORING EQUIPMENT AND SECURITY SYSTEMS.

37 (f) MODULAR DATA CENTERS AND PREASSEMBLED COMPONENTS OF ANY ITEM
 38 DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH, INCLUDING COMPONENTS USED IN THE MANUFACTURING
 39 OF MODULAR DATA CENTERS.

40 (g) OTHER TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS ESSENTIAL TO THE 41 OPERATIONS OF A COMPUTER DATA CENTER.

42 3. "EXISTING COMPUTER DATA CENTER" MEANS A COMPUTER DATA CENTER THAT43 IS CERTIFIED UNDER SUBSECTION E, PARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS SECTION.

44 4. "FACILITY" MEANS ONE OR MORE PARCELS OF LAND IN THIS STATE AND ANY45 STRUCTURES AND PERSONAL PROPERTY CONTAINED ON THE LAND.

5. "MODULAR DATA CENTER" MEANS A PORTABLE SYSTEM OF INFORMATION
 TECHNOLOGY, CLIMATE CONTROL, ENERGY SUPPLY AND ENERGY DISTRIBUTION MACHINERY,
 EQUIPMENT AND RELATED TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY CONTAINED IN AN INTERMODAL
 FREIGHT CONTAINER OR SIMILAR STRUCTURE.

6. "NEW COMPUTER DATA CENTER" MEANS A COMPUTER DATA CENTER THAT IS
6 CERTIFIED UNDER SUBSECTION E, PARAGRAPH 1 OF THIS SECTION.

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7. "QUALIFICATION PERIOD" MEANS:

(a) WITH RESPECT TO THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF A COMPUTER DATA CENTER. A 8 9 PERIOD OF TIME BEGINNING ON THE DATE OF CERTIFICATION OF THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER AND EXPIRING AT THE END OF THE TENTH FULL CALENDAR YEAR FOLLOWING THE 10 11 CALENDAR YEAR IN WHICH THE OWNER OR OPERATOR FILED THE FORM FOR CERTIFICATION, EXCEPT, IF A COMPUTER DATA CENTER IS A SUSTAINABLE 12 13 REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT. QUALIFICATION PERIOD MEANS A PERIOD OF TIME BEGINNING ON THE DATE OF CERTIFICATION OF THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER AND EXPIRING AT THE 14 15 END OF THE TWENTIETH FULL CALENDAR YEAR FOLLOWING THE CALENDAR YEAR IN WHICH THE OWNER OR OPERATOR FILED THE FORM FOR CERTIFICATION. 16

17 (b) WITH RESPECT TO THE QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT OF THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF A COMPUTER DATA CENTER CERTIFIED UNDER THIS SECTION, A PERIOD OF 18 19 TIME BEGINNING ON THE DATE THAT THE QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT ENTERS INTO 20 AN AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE USE OR OCCUPANCY OF THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER AND 21 EXPIRING AT THE EARLIER OF THE EXPIRATION OF THE TERM OF THIS AGREEMENT OR 22 THE TENTH FULL CALENDAR YEAR FOLLOWING THE CALENDAR YEAR IN WHICH THE 23 QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT ENTERS INTO THIS AGREEMENT, EXCEPT, IF A COMPUTER 24 DATA CENTER IS A SUSTAINABLE REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT, QUALIFICATION PERIOD 25 MEANS A PERIOD OF TIME BEGINNING ON THE DATE THAT THE QUALIFIED COLOCATION 26 TENANT ENTERS INTO AN AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE USE OR OCCUPANCY OF THE 27 COMPUTER DATA CENTER AND EXPIRING AT THE EARLIER OF THE EXPIRATION OF THE 28 TERM OF THIS AGREEMENT OR THE TWENTIETH FULL CALENDAR YEAR FOLLOWING THE 29 CALENDAR YEAR IN WHICH THE TENANT ENTERS INTO THIS AGREEMENT.

8. "QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT" MEANS AN ENTITY THAT CONTRACTS WITH
 THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF A COMPUTER DATA CENTER THAT IS CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO
 THIS SECTION TO USE OR OCCUPY ALL OR PART OF THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER FOR AT
 LEAST FIVE HUNDRED KILOWATTS PER MONTH FOR A PERIOD OF TWO OR MORE YEARS.

9. "SUSTAINABLE REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT" MEANS A COMPUTER DATA CENTER
THAT SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS IN SUBSECTION E OF THIS SECTION AND THAT
OCCUPIES OR WILL OCCUPY THE STRUCTURAL IMPROVEMENTS AT AN EXISTING FACILITY
THAT EITHER:

38 (a) WAS AT LEAST FIFTY PER CENT VACANT FOR SIX OF THE TWELVE MONTHS
 39 BEFORE THE ACQUISITION BY PURCHASE OR LEASE OF OR WITH RESPECT TO THE
 40 FACILITY.

(b) ATTAINS CERTIFICATION UNDER THE ENERGY STAR OR GREEN GLOBES
STANDARD, THE LEADERSHIP IN ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN GREEN BUILDING
RATING STANDARD DEVELOPED BY THE UNITED STATES GREEN BUILDING COUNCIL OR AN
EQUIVALENT GREEN BUILDING STANDARD AND WAS NOT PREVIOUSLY CERTIFIED UNDER
THESE STANDARDS.

10. "TAX RELIEF" MEANS THE DEDUCTION OF THE GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALE OR
 2 GROSS INCOME FROM THE SALE OF QUALIFIED EQUIPMENT AS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION
 3 42-5061, 42-5159 OR 42-6004 THAT IS INSTALLED IN A COMPUTER DATA CENTER.

Sec. 3. Section 42-2003, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

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42-2003. <u>Authorized disclosure of confidential information</u> A. Confidential information relating to:

1. A taxpayer may be disclosed to the taxpayer, its successor in interest or a designee of the taxpayer who is authorized in writing by the taxpayer. A principal corporate officer of a parent corporation may execute a written authorization for a controlled subsidiary.

11 2. A corporate taxpayer may be disclosed to any principal officer, any 12 person designated by a principal officer or any person designated in a 13 resolution by the corporate board of directors or other similar governing 14 body.

A partnership may be disclosed to any partner of the partnership.
 This exception does not include disclosure of confidential information of a
 particular partner unless otherwise authorized.

18 4. An estate may be disclosed to the personal representative of the 19 estate and to any heir, next of kin or beneficiary under the will of the 20 decedent if the department finds that the heir, next of kin or beneficiary 21 has a material interest which will be affected by the confidential 22 information.

5. A trust may be disclosed to the trustee or trustees, jointly or separately, and to the grantor or any beneficiary of the trust if the department finds that the grantor or beneficiary has a material interest that will be affected by the confidential information.

6. Any taxpayer may be disclosed if the taxpayer has waived any rights to confidentiality either in writing or on the record in any administrative or judicial proceeding.

The name and taxpayer identification numbers of persons issued
 direct payment permits may be publicly disclosed.

B. Confidential information may be disclosed to:

Any employee of the department whose official duties involve taxadministration.

2. The office of the attorney general solely for its use in preparation for, or in an investigation that may result in, any proceeding involving tax administration before the department or any other agency or board of this state, or before any grand jury or any state or federal court.

39 3. The department of liquor licenses and control for its use in 40 determining whether a spirituous liquor licensee has paid all transaction 41 privilege taxes and affiliated excise taxes incurred as a result of the sale 42 of spirituous liquor, as defined in section 4-101, at the licensed 43 establishment and imposed on the licensed establishments by this state and 44 its political subdivisions.

45 4. Other state tax officials whose official duties require the 46 disclosure for proper tax administration purposes if the information is sought in connection with an investigation or any other proceeding conducted by the official. Any disclosure is limited to information of a taxpayer who is being investigated or who is a party to a proceeding conducted by the official.

5. The following agencies, officials and organizations, if they grant 6 substantially similar privileges to the department for the type of 7 information being sought, pursuant to statute and a written agreement between 8 the department and the foreign country, agency, state, Indian tribe or 9 organization:

10 (a) The United States internal revenue service, alcohol and tobacco 11 tax and trade bureau of the United States treasury, United States bureau of 12 alcohol, tobacco, firearms and explosives of the United States department of 13 justice, United States drug enforcement agency and federal bureau of 14 investigation.

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(b) A state tax official of another state.

16 (c) An organization of states, federation of tax administrators or 17 multistate tax commission that operates an information exchange for tax 18 administration purposes.

19 (d) An agency, official or organization of a foreign country with 20 responsibilities that are comparable to those listed in subdivision (a), (b) 21 or (c) of this paragraph.

(e) An agency, official or organization of an Indian tribal government
with responsibilities comparable to the responsibilities of the agencies,
officials or organizations identified in subdivision (a), (b) or (c) of this
paragraph.

6. The auditor general, in connection with any audit of the department subject to the restrictions in section 42-2002, subsection D.

Any person to the extent necessary for effective tax administrationin connection with:

30 (a) The processing, storage, transmission, destruction and 31 reproduction of the information.

32 (b) The programming, maintenance, repair, testing and procurement of 33 equipment for purposes of tax administration.

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(c) The collection of the taxpayer's civil liability.

35 8. The office of administrative hearings relating to taxes
 36 administered by the department pursuant to section 42-1101, but the
 37 department shall not disclose any confidential information:

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(a) Regarding income tax or withholding tax.

39 (b) On any tax issue relating to information associated with the 40 reporting of income tax or withholding tax.

9. The United States treasury inspector general for tax administration
for the purpose of reporting a violation of internal revenue code section
7213A (26 United States Code section 7213A), unauthorized inspection of
returns or return information.

45 10. The financial management service of the United States treasury
 46 department for use in the treasury offset program.

1 11. The United States treasury department or its authorized agent for 2 use in the state income tax levy program and in the electronic federal tax 3 payment system. 4 12. The Arizona commerce authority for its use in: 5 (a) Qualifying renewable energy operations for the tax incentives 6 under sections 42-12006, 43-1083.01 and 43-1164.01. 7 (b) Qualifying businesses with a qualified facility for income tax 8 credits under sections 43-1083.03 and 43-1164.04. 9 (c) Fulfilling its annual reporting responsibility pursuant to section 41-1511, subsections U and V and section 41-1512, subsections U and V. 10 11 (d) CERTIFYING COMPUTER DATA CENTERS FOR TAX RELIEF UNDER SECTION 12 41-1519. 13 13. A prosecutor for purposes of section 32-1164. subsection C. 14. The state fire marshal for use in determining compliance with and 14 15 enforcing title 41, chapter 16, article 3.1. 16 15. The department of transportation for its use in administering taxes 17 and surcharges prescribed by title 28. 18 C. Confidential information may be disclosed in any state or federal 19 judicial or administrative proceeding pertaining to tax administration 20 pursuant to the following conditions: 21 1. One or more of the following circumstances must apply: (a) The taxpayer is a party to the proceeding. 22 23 (b) The proceeding arose out of, or in connection with, determining 24 the taxpayer's civil or criminal liability, or the collection of the 25 taxpayer's civil liability, with respect to any tax imposed under this title 26 or title 43. 27 (c) The treatment of an item reflected on the taxpayer's return is 28 directly related to the resolution of an issue in the proceeding. 29 (d) Return information directly relates to a transactional 30 relationship between a person who is a party to the proceeding and the 31 taxpayer and directly affects the resolution of an issue in the proceeding. 32 2. Confidential information may not be disclosed under this subsection 33 if the disclosure is prohibited by section 42-2002, subsection C or D. 34 D. Identity information may be disclosed for purposes of notifying 35 persons entitled to tax refunds if the department is unable to locate the 36 persons after reasonable effort. 37 E. The department, on the request of any person, shall provide the 38 names and addresses of bingo licensees as defined in section 5-401, verify 39 whether or not a person has a privilege license and number, a distributor's 40 license and number or a withholding license and number or disclose the 41 information to be posted on the department's website or otherwise publicly 42 accessible pursuant to section 42-1124, subsection F and section 42-3201, 43 subsection A. 44 F. A department employee, in connection with the official duties 45 relating to any audit, collection activity or civil or criminal 46 investigation, may disclose return information to the extent that disclosure

1 is necessary to obtain information that is not otherwise reasonably 2 available. These official duties include the correct determination of and 3 liability for tax, the amount to be collected or the enforcement of other 4 state tax revenue laws.

6. If an organization is exempt from this state's income tax as 6 provided in section 43-1201 for any taxable year, the name and address of the 7 organization and the application filed by the organization on which the 8 department made its determination for exemption together with any papers 9 submitted in support of the application and any letter or document issued by 10 the department concerning the application are open to public inspection.

H. Confidential information relating to transaction privilege tax, use tax, severance tax, jet fuel excise and use tax and and any other tax collected by the department on behalf of the county may be disclosed to any county, city or town tax official if the information relates to a taxpayer who is or may be taxable by the county, city or town. Any taxpayer information released by the department to the county, city or town:

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1. May only be used for internal purposes.

2. May not be disclosed to the public in any manner that does not comply with confidentiality standards established by the department. The county, city or town shall agree in writing with the department that any release of confidential information that violates the confidentiality standards adopted by the department will result in the immediate suspension of any rights of the county, city or town to receive taxpayer information under this subsection.

I. The department may disclose statistical information gathered from confidential information if it does not disclose confidential information attributable to any one taxpayer. The department may disclose statistical information gathered from confidential information, even if it discloses confidential information attributable to a taxpayer, to:

The state treasurer in order to comply with the requirements of
 section 42-5029, subsection A, paragraph 3.

32 2. The joint legislative income tax credit review committee and the 33 joint legislative budget committee staff in order to comply with the 34 requirements of section 43-221.

J. The department may disclose the aggregate amounts of any tax credit, tax deduction or tax exemption enacted after January 1, 1994. Information subject to disclosure under this subsection shall not be disclosed if a taxpayer demonstrates to the department that such information would give an unfair advantage to competitors.

40 K. Except as provided in section 42-2002, subsection C, confidential 41 information, described in section 42-2001, paragraph 1, subdivision (a), item 42 (ii), may be disclosed to law enforcement agencies for law enforcement 43 purposes.

L. The department may provide transaction privilege tax license information to property tax officials in a county for the purpose of identification and verification of the tax status of commercial property. 1 M. The department may provide transaction privilege tax, luxury tax, 2 use tax, property tax and severance tax information to the ombudsman-citizens 3 aide pursuant to title 41, chapter 8, article 5.

N. Except as provided in section 42-2002, subsection D, a court may order the department to disclose confidential information pertaining to a party to an action. An order shall be made only upon a showing of good cause and that the party seeking the information has made demand upon the taxpayer for the information.

9 0. This section does not prohibit the disclosure by the department of 10 any information or documents submitted to the department by a bingo licensee. 11 Before disclosing the information the department shall obtain the name and 12 address of the person requesting the information.

P. If the department is required or permitted to disclose confidential
 information, it may charge the person or agency requesting the information
 for the reasonable cost of its services.

Q. Except as provided in section 42-2002, subsection D, the department of revenue shall release confidential information as requested by the department of economic security pursuant to section 42-1122 or 46-291. Information disclosed under this subsection is limited to the same type of information that the United States internal revenue service is authorized to disclose under section 6103(1)(6) of the internal revenue code.

22 R. Except as provided in section 42-2002, subsection D, the department 23 of revenue shall release confidential information as requested by the courts 24 and clerks of the court pursuant to section 42-1122.

25 S. To comply with the requirements of section 42-5031, the department 26 may disclose to the state treasurer, to the county stadium district board of 27 directors and to any city or town tax official that is part of the county 28 stadium district confidential information attributable to a taxpayer's 29 business activity conducted in the county stadium district.

30 T. The department shall release confidential information as requested 31 by the attorney general for purposes of determining compliance with and 32 enforcing section 44-7101, the master settlement agreement referred to 33 therein and subsequent agreements to which the state is a party that amend or 34 implement the master settlement agreement. Information disclosed under this 35 subsection is limited to luxury tax information relating to tobacco 36 manufacturers, distributors, wholesalers and retailers and information 37 collected by the department pursuant to section 44-7101(2)(j).

38 U. For proceedings before the department, the office of administrative 39 hearings, the board of tax appeals or any state or federal court involving 40 penalties that were assessed against a return preparer, an electronic return 41 preparer or a payroll service company pursuant to section 42-1103.02, 42 42-1125.01 or 43-419, confidential information may be disclosed only before 43 the judge or administrative law judge adjudicating the proceeding, the 44 parties to the proceeding and the parties' representatives in the proceeding 45 prior to its introduction into evidence in the proceeding. The confidential 46 information may be introduced as evidence in the proceeding only if the

1 taxpayer's name, the names of any dependents listed on the return, all social 2 security numbers, the taxpayer's address, the taxpayer's signature and any 3 attachments containing any of the foregoing information are redacted and if 4 either:

5 1. The treatment of an item reflected on such return is or may be 6 related to the resolution of an issue in the proceeding.

7 2. Such return or return information relates or may relate to a 8 transactional relationship between a person who is a party to the proceeding 9 and the taxpayer which directly affects the resolution of an issue in the 10 proceeding.

11 3. The method of payment of the taxpayer's withholding tax liability 12 or the method of filing the taxpayer's withholding tax return is an issue for 13 the period.

14 V. The department may disclose to the attorney general confidential 15 information received under section 44-7111 and requested by the attorney 16 general for purposes of determining compliance with and enforcing section 17 44-7111. The department and attorney general shall share with each other the 18 information received under section 44-7111, and may share the information 19 with other federal, state or local agencies only for the purposes of 20 enforcement of section 36-798.06, 44-7101, OR 44-7111 or corresponding laws 21 of other states.

22 W. The department may provide the name and address of qualifying 23 hospitals and qualifying health care organizations, as defined in section 24 42-5001, to a business classified and reporting transaction privilege tax 25 under the utilities classification.

26 X. The department may disclose to the attorney general confidential 27 information requested by the attorney general for the purposes of determining 28 compliance with and enforcing section 36-798.06.

Y. The department may disclose to an official of any city, town or county in a current agreement or considering a prospective agreement with the department as described in section 42-5032.02, subsection F any information relating to amounts subject to distribution required by section 42-5032.02. Information disclosed by the department under this subsection:

34

1. May only be used by the city, town or county for internal purposes.

2. May not be disclosed to the public in any manner that does not comply with confidentiality standards established by the department. The city, town or county must agree with the department in writing that any release of confidential information that violates the confidentiality standards will result in the immediate suspension of any rights of the city, town or county to receive information under this subsection.

41 Sec. 4. Section 42-5031.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 42 read:

4342-5031.01.Distribution of revenues for Indian tribal44postsecondary educational institutions;45definition

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A. Subject to subsection C of this section, each month the state treasurer shall transmit to the treasurer or other designated depository of each qualifying Indian tribe the amount of transaction privilege tax revenues received pursuant to this article in the preceding month from all sources located on the Indian reservation established for the qualifying Indian tribe as determined pursuant to section 42-5029, subsection A, paragraph 3.

7 B. The monies distributed pursuant to this section are for the 8 exclusive purpose of supporting the maintenance, renewal and capital expenses 9 of one or more community colleges COLLEGE CAMPUSES in this state that are owned, operated or chartered by each qualifying Indian tribe on its own 10 11 Indian reservation. Before receiving any monies under this section, a 12 qualifying Indian tribe shall enter into an initial compact with this state 13 on or before September 1, 2012, signed by the governor, to account for the 14 use of monies distributed pursuant to this section. The compact shall:

15 1. Be for a term of at least ten years. After a hearing and review of 16 the compact by the joint legislative budget committee held during the last 17 year of the compact's term, a compact may be renewed for an additional term 18 of up to ten years.

19 2. Require the monies to be used primarily for capital needs including 20 maintenance and renewal of existing facilities at designated community 21 college campuses on the qualifying Indian tribe's own reservation in this 22 state.

23 3. Provide for audits by the auditor general of the use of the 24 monies. The auditor general shall submit copies of each audit to the joint 25 legislative budget committee.

4. If necessary, provide for reimbursement to the department of revenue of costs associated with implementing this section, not to exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars, from revenues that would otherwise be paid to the qualifying Indian tribe pursuant to this section.

30 C. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, the state treasurer 31 shall not transmit in any fiscal year more than THE SUM OF THE FOLLOWING 32 AMOUNTS:

33 1. WITH RESPECT TO A SINGLE COMMUNITY COLLEGE, one million seven 34 hundred fifty thousand dollars or more than one tenth TEN PER CENT of 35 transaction privilege tax revenues received pursuant to this article from all 36 sources located on the reservation, whichever is less.

37 2. WITH RESPECT TO AN ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL COLLEGE LOCATED ON THE SAME
38 INDIAN RESERVATION, EIGHT HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE THAN
39 FIVE PER CENT OF TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE TAX REVENUES RECEIVED PURSUANT TO THIS
40 ARTICLE FROM ALL SOURCES LOCATED ON THE RESERVATION, WHICHEVER IS LESS.

D. For the purposes of this section, "qualifying Indian tribe" means an Indian tribe that owns, operates and charters any community college or postsecondary educational institution located on its own reservation in this state.

Sec. 5. Section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-5061. <u>Retail classification: definitions</u>

1 Α. The retail classification is comprised of the business of selling 2 tangible personal property at retail. The tax base for the retail 3 classification is the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from 4 the business. The tax imposed on the retail classification does not apply to 5 the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from:

6

1. Professional or personal service occupations or businesses that 7 involve sales or transfers of tangible personal property only as 8 inconsequential elements.

9 2. Services rendered in addition to selling tangible personal property 10 at retail.

11 3. Sales of warranty or service contracts. The storage, use or 12 consumption of tangible personal property provided under the conditions of 13 such contracts is subject to tax under section 42-5156.

14 4. Sales of tangible personal property by any nonprofit organization 15 organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and recognized by 16 the United States internal revenue service under section 501(c)(3) of the 17 internal revenue code.

18 5. Sales to persons engaged in business classified under the 19 restaurant classification of articles used by human beings for food, drink or 20 condiment, whether simple, mixed or compounded.

21 6. Business activity that is properly included in any other business 22 classification that is taxable under this article.

23

7. The sale of stocks and bonds.

24 Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, 8. 25 regulator and tank, on the prescription of a member of the medical, dental or 26 veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.

27 9. Prosthetic appliances as defined in section 23-501 prescribed or 28 recommended by a health professional who is licensed pursuant to title 32, 29 chapter 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 or 29.

30

10. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.

31

11. Prescription eyeglasses or contact lenses.

32

12. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.

33 13. Durable medical equipment which has a centers for medicare and 34 medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by 35 medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, chapter 36 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and 37 customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a 38 person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in the 39 home.

40 Sales to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if 14. 41 the vendor ships or delivers the tangible personal property out of this 42 state.

43 15. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3 of 44 this chapter and section 42-5074.

45 16. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture food 46 stamp coupons issued under the food stamp act of 1977 (P.L. 95-113; 91 Stat.

958) or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; 42 United States Code section 1786).

4 17. Textbooks by any bookstore that are required by any state 5 university or community college.

6 18. Food and drink to a person who is engaged in business that is 7 classified under the restaurant classification and that provides such food 8 and drink without monetary charge to its employees for their own consumption 9 on the premises during the employees' hours of employment.

10 19. Articles of food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible 11 personal property to a school district or charter school if such articles and 12 accessory tangible personal property are to be prepared and served to persons 13 for consumption on the premises of a public school within the district or on 14 the premises of the charter school during school hours.

15 20. Lottery tickets or shares pursuant to title 5, chapter 5.1, 16 article 1.

17 21. The sale of precious metal bullion and monetized bullion to the 18 ultimate consumer, but the sale of coins or other forms of money for 19 manufacture into jewelry or works of art is subject to the tax. For the 20 purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Monetized bullion" means coins and other forms of money that are manufactured from gold, silver or other metals and that have been or are used as a medium of exchange in this or another state, the United States or a foreign nation.

(b) "Precious metal bullion" means precious metal, including gold,
silver, platinum, rhodium and palladium, that has been smelted or refined so
that its value depends on its contents and not on its form.

28 22. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel that are subject to a tax imposed 29 under title 28, chapter 16, article 1, sales of use fuel to a holder of a 30 valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 28-5739, sales of 31 aviation fuel that are subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344 and 32 sales of jet fuel that are subject to the tax imposed under article 8 of this 33 chapter.

23. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property under the personal property rental classification if such property is to be leased or rented by such person.

Tangible personal property sold in interstate or foreign commerce
 if prohibited from being so taxed by the Constitution of the United States or
 the constitution of this state.

40 41 25. Tangible personal property sold to:

(a) A qualifying hospital as defined in section 42-5001.

42 (b) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section
43 42-5001 if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely
44 to provide health and medical related educational and charitable services.

45 (c) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 46 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for blind, visually impaired and multihandicapped children from the time of birth to age twenty-one.

4 (d) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 5 42-5001.

6 (e) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under 7 section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves 8 meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.

9 (f) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a 10 nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3)11 of the internal revenue code and that provides residential apartment housing 12 for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that 13 qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible personal property is 14 used by the organization solely to provide residential apartment housing for 15 low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies 16 for a federal housing subsidy.

17 26. Magazines or other periodicals or other publications by this state18 to encourage tourist travel.

19 27. Tangible personal property sold to a person that is subject to tax 20 under this article by reason of being engaged in business classified under 21 the prime contracting classification under section 42-5075, or to a 22 subcontractor working under the control of a prime contractor that is subject 23 to tax under article 1 of this chapter, if the property so sold is any of the 24 following:

(a) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any real property,
 structure, project, development or improvement as part of the business.

(b) Used in environmental response or remediation activities under
 section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

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28. The sale of a motor vehicle to:

(a) A nonresident of this state if the purchaser's state of residence
does not allow a corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by
article 1 of this chapter and if the nonresident has secured a special ninety
day nonresident registration permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections
28-2154 and 28-2154.01.

35 (b) An enrolled member of an Indian tribe who resides on the Indian 36 reservation established for that tribe.

29. Tangible personal property purchased in this state by a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such property exclusively in programs for mentally or physically handicapped persons if the programs are exclusively for training, job placement, rehabilitation or testing.

30. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization
that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6)
of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major
league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association

and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

3 31. Sales of commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code 4 section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in or 5 from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future delivery 6 subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the United States 7 commodity futures trading commission.

8 32. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization 9 that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 10 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the internal revenue code if the organization 11 sponsors or operates a rodeo featuring primarily farm and ranch animals and 12 no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any 13 private shareholder or individual.

33. Sales of seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, cuttings and other propagative material to persons who use those items to commercially produce agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops in this state.

18 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are only 19 useful to assist a person who is physically disabled as defined in section 20 46-191, has a developmental disability as defined in section 36-551 or has a 21 head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be more independent and 22 functional.

23 35. Sales of tangible personal property that is shipped or delivered 24 directly to a destination outside the United States for use in that foreign 25 country.

26 36. Sales of natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a 27 motor vehicle.

28 37. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer felts,
 29 sold to a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper
 30 manufacturing.

31 38. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and electricity 32 sold to a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or 33 processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and directly used or consumed in 34 the generation or provision of on-site power or energy solely for 35 environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing or 36 environmental protection. This paragraph shall apply for twenty full 37 consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper 38 manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an environmental 39 technology manufacturer, producer or processor who does not manufacture 40 paper, the time period shall begin with the date the first manufacturing, 41 processing or production equipment is placed in service.

39. Sales of liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in manufacturing, processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, printing, if using or consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an integrated system of chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the product 1 is produced for the purpose of causing or permitting a chemical or physical 2 change to occur in the materials as part of the production process. This 3 paragraph does not include chemicals that are used or consumed in activities 4 such as packaging, storage or transportation but does not affect any 5 deduction for such chemicals that is otherwise provided by this section. For the purposes of this paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing 6 7 operation and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and 8 bookbinding.

9 40. Through December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions, conducted by a personal property liquidator. From and after 10 11 December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions shall be taxable under this section provided that nothing in this subsection shall be 12 13 construed to authorize the taxation of casual activities or transactions 14 under this chapter. For the purposes of this paragraph:

15 (a) "Personal property liquidation transaction" means a sale of 16 personal property made by a personal property liquidator acting solely on 17 behalf of the owner of the personal property sold at the dwelling of the 18 owner or on the death of any owner, on behalf of the surviving spouse, if 19 any, any devisee or heir or the personal representative of the estate of the 20 deceased, if one has been appointed.

(b) "Personal property liquidator" means a person who is retained to
 conduct a sale in a personal property liquidation transaction.

41. Sales of food, drink and condiment for consumption within the premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.

42. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property.

43. Livestock and poultry feed, salts, vitamins and other additives for livestock or poultry consumption that are sold to persons who are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or who are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

44. Sales of implants used as growth promotants and injectable medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 8 of this subsection, for livestock or poultry owned by or in possession of persons who are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or who are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

42 45. Sales of motor vehicles at auction to nonresidents of this state 43 for use outside this state if the vehicles are shipped or delivered out of 44 this state, regardless of where title to the motor vehicles passes or its 45 free on board point. 46. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in business and subject to tax under the transient lodging classification if the tangible personal property is a personal hygiene item or articles used by human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages, that are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.

7 47. Sales of alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, to a used 8 oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used oil fuel 9 under section 49-426 or 49-480.

48. Sales of materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded
libraries including school district libraries, charter school libraries,
community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state,
county or municipal libraries for use by the public as follows:

14

(a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.

15 (b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994. 16 49. Tangible personal property sold to a commercial airline and 17 consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for serving 18 the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without additional 19 charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the purposes of this 20 paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a federal certificate 21 of public convenience and necessity or foreign air carrier permit for air transportation to transport persons, property or United States mail in 22 23 intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

50. Sales of alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was manufactured as a diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on alternative fuel and equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel fuel motor vehicle to convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215.

51. Sales of any spirituous, vinous or malt liquor by a person that is
licensed in this state as a wholesaler by the department of liquor licenses
and control pursuant to title 4, chapter 2, article 1.

Sales of tangible personal property to be incorporated or installed
 as part of environmental response or remediation activities under section
 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

53. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

40 54. Through August 31, 2014, sales of Arizona centennial medallions by 41 the historical advisory commission.

42 55. Application services that are designed to assess or test student 43 learning or to promote curriculum design or enhancement purchased by or for 44 any school district, charter school, community college or state university. 45 For the purposes of this paragraph: 1 (a) "Application services" means software applications provided 2 remotely using hypertext transfer protocol or another network protocol.

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(b) "Curriculum design or enhancement" means planning, implementing or reporting on courses of study, lessons, assignments or other learning activities.

56. Sales of motor vehicle fuel and use fuel to a qualified business
under section 41-1516 for off-road use in harvesting, processing or
transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as
defined in section 41-1516.

57. Sales of repair parts installed in equipment used directly by a qualified business under section 41-1516 in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.

58. Sales or other transfers of renewable energy credits or any other unit created to track energy derived from renewable energy resources. For the purposes of this paragraph, "renewable energy credit" means a unit created administratively by the corporation commission or governing body of a public power utility to track kilowatt hours of electricity derived from a renewable energy resource or the kilowatt hour equivalent of conventional energy resources displaced by distributed renewable energy resources.

21 59. COMPUTER DATA CENTER EQUIPMENT PURCHASED BY THE OWNER, OPERATOR OR 22 QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT OF THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER OR AN AUTHORIZED 23 AGENT OF THE OWNER, OPERATOR OR QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT DURING THE 24 QUALIFICATION PERIOD FOR USE IN A COMPUTER DATA CENTER THAT IS CERTIFIED BY 25 THE ARIZONA COMMERCE AUTHORITY UNDER SECTION 41-1519. TO QUALIFY FOR THIS 26 DEDUCTION, AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE, THE OWNER, OPERATOR OR QUALIFIED 27 COLOCATION TENANT MUST PRESENT TO THE RETAILER ITS CERTIFICATE THAT IS ISSUED 28 PURSUANT TO SECTION 41-1519 AND THAT ESTABLISHES ITS QUALIFICATION FOR THE 29 DEDUCTION. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "COMPUTER DATA CENTER", "COMPUTER DATA CENTER EQUIPMENT", "QUALIFICATION PERIOD" AND "QUALIFIED 30 31 COLOCATION TENANT" HAVE THE SAME MEANINGS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 41-1519.

B. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by subsection A of this section, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of the following categories of tangible personal property shall be deducted from the tax base:

1. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining or metallurgical operations. The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job printing", "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer to and include those operations commonly understood within their ordinary meaning. "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching, milling, precipitating, smelting and refining.

A 2. Mining machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of
extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including
equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling,
loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining"

includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and minerals.

3 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business 4 classified under the telecommunications classification and consisting of 5 central office switching equipment, switchboards, private branch exchange 6 equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment including optical 7 fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media which are components of 8 carrier systems.

9 4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in 10 producing or transmitting electrical power, but not including distribution. 11 Transformers and control equipment used at transmission substation sites 12 constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting electrical power.

5. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.

6. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.

Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other
 accessories and related equipment sold to:

(a) A person holding a federal certificate of public convenience and
necessity, a supplemental air carrier certificate under federal aviation
regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121) or a foreign air
carrier permit for air transportation for use as or in conjunction with or
becoming a part of aircraft to be used to transport persons, property or
United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

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(b) Any foreign government.

(c) Persons who are not residents of this state and who will not use such property in this state other than in removing such property from this state. This subdivision also applies to corporations that are not incorporated in this state, regardless of maintaining a place of business in this state, if the principal corporate office is located outside this state and the property will not be used in this state other than in removing the property from this state.

8. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

40 9. Railroad rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipment41 used directly to transport persons or property.

42 10. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or 43 used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for 44 commercial purposes.

45 11. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles which are used directly
46 to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a governmentally

adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program and which are sold to bus companies holding a federal certificate of convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to provide urban mass transportation.

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12. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.

New machinery and equipment consisting of tractors, tractor-drawn implements, self-powered implements, machinery and equipment necessary for extracting milk, and machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and livestock, and drip irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 6 of this subsection and that are used for commercial production of agricultural, horticultural, viticultural and floricultural crops and products in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph:

14 (a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery and equipment that 15 have never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals which do 16 not total two years or more.

17 (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that 18 are electric-powered.

19 14. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For the 20 purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and 21 applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing, developing 22 or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including research and 23 development of computer software that is embedded in or an integral part of 24 the prototype or new product or that is required for machinery or equipment 25 otherwise exempt under this section to function effectively. Research and 26 development do not include manufacturing quality control, routine consumer 27 product testing, market research, sales promotion, sales service, research in 28 social sciences or psychology, computer software research that is not 29 included in the definition of research and development, or other 30 nontechnological activities or technical services.

31 15. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the following 32 to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, control or 33 transmit telecommunications information:

34 (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission
 35 service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.

36 (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both of 37 the following conditions are met:

(i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes,
 transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or on
 behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data
 transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations
 part 25.

(ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes,
transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data
transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the facility
to or on behalf of those services.

For the purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service first transmits information to its customers.

6 16. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, 7 fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 14 of this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this paragraph, 8 9 "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an environment where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and contamination are 10 11 precisely controlled within specified parameters, without regard to whether 12 the property is actually contained within that environment or whether any of 13 the property is affixed to or incorporated into real property. Clean room:

14 (a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable 15 partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to reduce 16 contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, chemical purity 17 or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances, as well as the 18 production machinery and equipment operating in conjunction with the clean 19 room environment.

20 (b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable 21 component of the building that houses the clean room environment.

17. Machinery and equipment used directly in the feeding of poultry, the environmental control of housing for poultry, the movement of eggs within a production and packaging facility or the sorting or cooling of eggs. This exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.

26 Machinery or equipment, including related structural components, 18. 27 that is employed in connection with manufacturing, processing, fabricating, 28 job printing, refining, mining, natural gas pipelines, metallurgical 29 operations, telecommunications, producing or transmitting electricity or 30 research and development and that is used directly to meet or exceed rules or 31 regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United 32 States environmental protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory 33 commission, the Arizona department of environmental quality or a political 34 subdivision of this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water 35 or air pollution.

19. Machinery and equipment that are sold to a person engaged in the commercial production of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this state and that are used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or reduce air, water or land pollution.

41 20. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to 42 originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television 43 signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the 44 telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United States 45 Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order issued April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This paragraph does
 not exempt any of the following:

3 (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or 4 equipment described in this paragraph.

5 (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or equipment 6 for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under this paragraph.

7 (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television station
8 has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 2009,
9 whichever occurs first.

10 21. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 2004 11 through June 30, 2024 by a qualified business under section 41-1516 for 12 harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from qualifying 13 projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for this deduction, the 14 qualified business at the time of purchase must present its certification 15 approved by the department.

16 C. The deductions provided by subsection B of this section do not 17 include sales of:

18 1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, 19 expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible 20 personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of the 21 cost or useful life of that property.

22 23 2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.

3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.

4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing
activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in
subsection B, paragraph 16 15 of this section.

5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 11 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles.

Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of whatever
 kind or character not specifically included as exempt.

33

7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.

34 D. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by 35 subsection A of this section, there shall be deducted from the tax base the 36 gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of machinery, 37 equipment, materials and other tangible personal property used directly and 38 predominantly to construct а qualified environmental technology 39 manufacturing, producing or processing facility as described in section 40 41-1514.02. This subsection applies for ten full consecutive calendar or 41 fiscal years after the start of initial construction.

42 E. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income 43 from retail sales of heavy trucks and trailers does not include any amount 44 attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States Code section 45 4051. F. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income from the sale of use fuel, as defined in section 28-5601, does not include any amount attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States Code section 4091.

6. If a person is engaged in an occupation or business to which subsection A of this section applies, the person's books shall be kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and the gross income from sales of services, and if not so kept the tax shall be imposed on the total of the person's gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and gross income from services.

H. If a person is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at both wholesale and retail, the tax under this section applies only to the gross proceeds of the sales made other than at wholesale if the person's books are kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of each class, and if the books are not so kept, the tax under this section applies to the gross proceeds of every sale so made.

17 I. A person who engages in manufacturing, baling, crating, boxing, 18 barreling, canning, bottling, sacking, preserving, processing or otherwise 19 preparing for sale or commercial use any livestock, agricultural or 20 horticultural product or any other product, article, substance or commodity 21 and who sells the product of such business at retail in this state is deemed, 22 as to such sales, to be engaged in business classified under the retail 23 classification. This subsection does not apply to businesses classified 24 under the:

25

1. Transporting classification.

26 2. Utilities classification.

27 3. Telecommunications classification.

28 4. Pipeline classification.

29 5. Private car line classification.

30 6. Publication classification.

31 7. Job printing classification.

32 8. Prime contracting classification.

33 9. Owner builder sales classification.

34

10. Restaurant classification.

J. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the
 following shall be deducted from the tax base for the retail classification:
 Sales made directly to the United States government or its

38 departments or agencies by a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.

39 2. Sales made directly to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or
40 repairer if such sales are of any ingredient or component part of products
41 sold directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies
42 by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.

3. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is used in performing a contract between the United States government and a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a manufacturer, 1 modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to the government 2 under the terms of the contract or subcontract.

4. Sales of overhead materials or other tangible personal property to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the property by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer will be exempt under paragraph 3 of this subsection.

8 K. There shall be deducted from the tax base fifty per cent of the 9 gross proceeds or gross income from any sale of tangible personal property 10 made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies, 11 which is not deducted under subsection J of this section.

L. The department shall require every person claiming a deduction provided by subsection J or K of this section to file on forms prescribed by the department at such times as the department directs a sworn statement disclosing the name of the purchaser and the exact amount of sales on which the exclusion or deduction is claimed.

M. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross incomedoes not include:

19 1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle 20 if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.

21

2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.

N. There shall be deducted from the tax base the amount received from sales of solar energy devices. The retailer shall register with the department as a solar energy retailer. By registering, the retailer acknowledges that it will make its books and records relating to sales of solar energy devices available to the department for examination.

0. In computing the tax base in the case of the sale or transfer of wireless telecommunications equipment as an inducement to a customer to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064, gross proceeds of sales or gross income does not include any sales commissions or other compensation received by the retailer as a result of the customer entering into or continuing a contract for the telecommunications services.

P. For the purposes of this section, a sale of wireless telecommunications equipment to a person who holds the equipment for sale or transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064 is considered to be a sale for resale in the regular course of business.

Q. Retail sales of prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for telecommunications services, including sales of reauthorization of a prepaid card or authorization number, are subject to tax under this section. 1 R. For the purposes of this section, the diversion of gas from a 2 pipeline by a person engaged in the business of:

2

 Operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment to pressurize the pipeline, is not a sale of the gas to the operator of the pipeline.

4 5

6 2. Converting natural gas into liquefied natural gas, for the sole 7 purpose of fueling compressor equipment used in the conversion process, is 8 not a sale of gas to the operator of the compressor equipment.

9 S. If a seller is entitled to a deduction pursuant to subsection B, 10 paragraph 15, subdivision (b) of this section, the department may require the 11 purchaser to establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 15, 12 subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied. If the purchaser cannot 13 establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 15, subdivision 14 (b) of this section have been satisfied, the purchaser is liable in an amount 15 equal to any tax, penalty and interest which the seller would have been 16 required to pay under article 1 of this chapter if the seller had not made a 17 deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 15, subdivision (b) of this 18 section. Payment of the amount under this subsection exempts the purchaser 19 from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter and 20 related to the tangible personal property purchased. The amount shall be 21 treated as transaction privilege tax to the purchaser and as tax revenues 22 collected from the seller to designate the distribution base pursuant to 23 section 42-5029.

T. For the purposes of section 42-5032.01, the department shall separately account for revenues collected under the retail classification from businesses selling tangible personal property at retail:

On the premises of a multipurpose facility that is owned, leased or
 operated by the tourism and sports authority pursuant to title 5, chapter 8.

2. At professional football contests that are held in a stadium
30 located on the campus of an institution under the jurisdiction of the Arizona
31 board of regents.

32 U. In computing the tax base for the sale of a motor vehicle to a 33 nonresident of this state, if the purchaser's state of residence allows a 34 corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this 35 chapter and the rate of the tax in the purchaser's state of residence is 36 lower than the rate prescribed in article 1 of this chapter or if the 37 purchaser's state of residence does not impose an excise tax, and the 38 nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration permit 39 for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01, there shall 40 be deducted from the tax base a portion of the gross proceeds or gross income 41 from the sale so that the amount of transaction privilege tax that is paid in 42 this state is equal to the excise tax that is imposed by the purchaser's 43 state of residence on the nonexempt sale or use of the motor vehicle.

- V. For the purposes of this section:
- 44 45

"Aircraft" includes:

1 (a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal 2 aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator 3 under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.

4

(b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or attached 5 as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property. 6

7 2. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft 8 accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically 9 contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.

3. "Selling at retail" means a sale for any purpose other than for 10 11 resale in the regular course of business in the form of tangible personal property, but transfer of possession, lease and rental as used in the 12 13 definition of sale mean only such transactions as are found on investigation 14 to be in lieu of sales as defined without the words lease or rental.

15

Ψ. For the purposes of subsection J of this section:

16 "Assembler" means a person who unites or combines products, wares 1. 17 or articles of manufacture so as to produce a change in form or substance 18 without changing or altering the component parts.

19 2. "Manufacturer" means a person who is principally engaged in the 20 fabrication, production or manufacture of products, wares or articles for use 21 from raw or prepared materials, imparting to those materials new forms, qualities, properties and combinations. 22

23 3. "Modifier" means a person who reworks, changes or adds to products, 24 wares or articles of manufacture.

25 4. "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from that would otherwise be 26 27 included in the retail classification, and that are used or consumed in the 28 performance of a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead 29 expense account and allocated to various contracts based on generally 30 accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract 31 accounting standards.

32 5. "Repairer" means a person who restores or renews products, wares or 33 articles of manufacture.

"Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any 34 6. 35 person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing of supplies or services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to the performance of one 36 37 or more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's 38 obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken or 39 assumed and that includes provisions causing title to overhead materials or 40 other tangible personal property used in the performance of the subcontract 41 to pass to the government or that includes provisions incorporating such 42 title passing clauses in a government contract into the subcontract.

43 Sec. 6. Section 42-5075, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 44 42-5075. Prime contracting classification; exemptions; 45 definitions

- 27 -

A. The prime contracting classification is comprised of the business of prime contracting and dealership of manufactured buildings. Sales for resale to another dealership of manufactured buildings are not subject to tax. Sales for resale do not include sales to a lessor of manufactured buildings. The sale of a used manufactured building is not taxable under this chapter. The proceeds from alteration and repairs to a used manufactured building are taxable under this section.

8 B. The tax base for the prime contracting classification is sixty-five 9 per cent of the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the 10 business. The following amounts shall be deducted from the gross proceeds of 11 sales or gross income before computing the tax base:

The sales price of land, which shall not exceed the fair market
 value.

14 2. Sales and installation of groundwater measuring devices required 15 under section 45-604 and groundwater monitoring wells required by law, 16 including monitoring wells installed for acquiring information for a permit 17 required by law.

3. The sales price of furniture, furnishings, fixtures, appliances and attachments that are not incorporated as component parts of or attached to a manufactured building or the setup site. The sale of such items may be subject to the taxes imposed by article 1 of this chapter separately and distinctly from the sale of the manufactured building.

23 4. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from a 24 contract entered into for the construction, alteration, repair, addition, 25 subtraction, improvement, movement, wrecking or demolition of any building, road, railroad, excavation, manufactured building or other 26 highway. 27 structure, project, development or improvement located in a military reuse 28 zone for providing aviation or aerospace services or for a manufacturer, 29 assembler or fabricator of aviation or aerospace products within an active 30 military reuse zone after the zone is initially established or renewed under 31 section 41-1531. To be eligible to qualify for this deduction, before 32 beginning work under the contract, the prime contractor must have applied for 33 a letter of gualification from the department of revenue.

34 5. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract 35 to construct a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or 36 processing facility, as described in section 41-1514.02, and from subsequent 37 construction and installation contracts that begin within ten years after the 38 start of initial construction. To qualify for this deduction, before 39 beginning work under the contract, the prime contractor must obtain a letter 40 of qualification from the department of revenue. This paragraph shall apply 41 for ten full consecutive calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial 42 construction.

6. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income from a contract to provide for one or more of the following actions, or a contract for site preparation, constructing, furnishing or installing machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property, including structures necessary to protect exempt incorporated materials or installed machinery or equipment, and tangible personal property incorporated into the project, to perform one or more of the following actions in response to a release or suspected release of a hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant from a facility to the environment, unless the release was authorized by a permit issued by a governmental authority:

7 (a) Actions to monitor, assess and evaluate such a release or a 8 suspected release.

9 (b) Excavation, removal and transportation of contaminated soil and 10 its treatment or disposal.

11 (c) Treatment of contaminated soil by vapor extraction, chemical or 12 physical stabilization, soil washing or biological treatment to reduce the 13 concentration, toxicity or mobility of a contaminant.

14 (d) Pumping and treatment or in situ treatment of contaminated 15 groundwater or surface water to reduce the concentration or toxicity of a 16 contaminant.

17 (e) The installation of structures, such as cutoff walls or caps, to 18 contain contaminants present in groundwater or soil and prevent them from 19 reaching a location where they could threaten human health or welfare or the 20 environment.

This paragraph does not include asbestos removal or the construction or use of ancillary structures such as maintenance sheds, offices or storage facilities for unattached equipment, pollution control equipment, facilities or other control items required or to be used by a person to prevent or control contamination before it reaches the environment.

26 7. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income that is derived from a 27 contract entered into for the installation, assembly, repair or maintenance 28 of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property that is deducted 29 from the tax base of the retail classification pursuant to section 42-5061, 30 subsection B, or that is exempt from use tax pursuant to section 42-5159, 31 subsection B, and that does not become a permanent attachment to a building, 32 highway, road, railroad, excavation or manufactured building or other 33 structure, project, development or improvement. If the ownership of the 34 realty is separate from the ownership of the machinery, equipment or tangible 35 personal property, the determination as to permanent attachment shall be made as if the ownership were the same. The deduction provided in this paragraph 36 37 does not include gross proceeds of sales or gross income from that portion of 38 any contracting activity that consists of the development of, or modification 39 to, real property in order to facilitate the installation, assembly, repair, 40 maintenance or removal of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal 41 property that is deducted from the tax base of the retail classification 42 pursuant to section 42-5061, subsection B or that is exempt from use tax 43 pursuant to section 42-5159, subsection B. For the purposes of this 44 paragraph, "permanent attachment" means at least one of the following:

45

(a) To be incorporated into real property.

1 (b) To become so affixed to real property that it becomes a part of 2 the real property.

3

(c) To be so attached to real property that removal would cause substantial damage to the real property from which it is removed.

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8. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income attributable to the
purchase of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property that is
exempt from or deductible from transaction privilege and use tax under:
(a) Section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 25, or 29 OR 59.

8 9

(b) Section 42-5061, subsection B.

10 (c) Section 42-5159, subsection A, paragraph 13, subdivision (a), (b), 11 (c), (d), (e), (f), (i), (j) or (l) OR PARAGRAPH 54.

(d) Section 42-5159, subsection B.

9. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from a contract for the construction of an environmentally controlled facility for the raising of poultry for the production of eggs and the sorting, cooling and packaging of eggs.

17 10. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income that is derived from a 18 contract entered into with a person who is engaged in the commercial 19 production of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, 20 viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this state for the 21 construction, alteration, repair, improvement, movement, wrecking or 22 demolition or addition to or subtraction from any building, highway, road, 23 excavation, manufactured building or other structure, project, development or 24 improvement used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or 25 reduce air, water or land pollution.

11. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income that is derived from the installation, assembly, repair or maintenance of clean rooms that are deducted from the tax base of the retail classification pursuant to section 42-5061, subsection B, paragraph 16.

12. For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract entered into for the construction of a residential apartment housing facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy for low income persons over sixty-two years of age and that is owned by a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

13. For taxable periods beginning from and after December 31, 1996 and ending before January 1, 2017, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract to provide and install a solar energy device. The contractor shall register with the department as a solar energy contractor. By registering, the contractor acknowledges that it will make its books and records relating to sales of solar energy devices available to the department for examination.

14. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract
entered into for the construction of a launch site, as defined in 14 Code of
Federal Regulations section 401.5.

1 15. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract 2 entered into for the construction of a domestic violence shelter that is 3 owned and operated by a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified 4 under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

5 16. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from contracts 6 to perform postconstruction treatment of real property for termite and 7 general pest control, including wood destroying organisms.

8 17. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from contracts 9 entered into before July 1, 2006 for constructing a state university research 10 infrastructure project if the project has been reviewed by the joint 11 committee on capital review before the university enters into the 12 construction contract for the project. For the purposes of this paragraph, 13 "research infrastructure" has the same meaning prescribed in section 15-1670.

14 18. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from a 15 contract for the construction of any building, or other structure, project, 16 development or improvement owned by a qualified business under section 17 41-1516 for harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from 18 qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516 if actual construction 19 begins before January 1, 2024. To qualify for this deduction, the prime 20 contractor must obtain a letter of qualification from the Arizona commerce 21 authority before beginning work under the contract.

19. Any amount of the gross proceeds of sales or gross income attributable to development fees that are incurred in relation to a contract for construction, development or improvement of real property and that are paid by a prime contractor or subcontractor. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) The attributable amount shall not exceed the value of thedevelopment fees actually imposed.

(b) The attributable amount is equal to the total amount of development fees paid by the prime contractor or subcontractor, and the total development fees credited in exchange for the construction of, contribution to or dedication of real property for providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services necessary to the development. The real property must be the subject of the development fees.

35 (c) "Development fees" means fees imposed to offset capital costs of 36 providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services to a 37 development and authorized pursuant to section 9-463.05, section 11-1102 or 38 title 48 regardless of the jurisdiction to which the fees are paid.

C. Entitlement to the deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 7
 of this section is subject to the following provisions:

41 1. A prime contractor may establish entitlement to the deduction by 42 both:

(a) Marking the invoice for the transaction to indicate that the gross
proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the transaction was deducted
from the base.

1 (b) Obtaining a certificate executed by the purchaser indicating the 2 name and address of the purchaser, the precise nature of the business of the 3 purchaser, the purpose for which the purchase was made, the necessary facts to establish the deductibility of the property under section 42-5061, 4 5 subsection B, and a certification that the person executing the certificate is authorized to do so on behalf of the purchaser. The certificate may be 6 7 disregarded if the prime contractor has reason to believe that the 8 information contained in the certificate is not accurate or complete.

9 2. A person who does not comply with paragraph 1 of this subsection 10 may establish entitlement to the deduction by presenting facts necessary to 11 support the entitlement, but the burden of proof is on that person.

3. The department may prescribe a form for the certificate described in paragraph 1, subdivision (b) of this subsection. The department may also adopt rules that describe the transactions with respect to which a person is not entitled to rely solely on the information contained in the certificate provided in paragraph 1, subdivision (b) of this subsection but must instead obtain such additional information as required in order to be entitled to the deduction.

19 4. If a prime contractor is entitled to a deduction by complying with 20 paragraph 1 of this subsection, the department may require the purchaser who 21 caused the execution of the certificate to establish the accuracy and 22 completeness of the information required to be contained in the certificate 23 that would entitle the prime contractor to the deduction. If the purchaser 24 cannot establish the accuracy and completeness of the information, the 25 purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest that 26 the prime contractor would have been required to pay under article 1 of this 27 chapter if the prime contractor had not complied with paragraph 1 of this 28 subsection. Payment of the amount under this paragraph exempts the purchaser 29 from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter. The 30 amount shall be treated as a transaction privilege tax to the purchaser and 31 as tax revenues collected from the prime contractor in order to designate the 32 distribution base for purposes of section 42-5029.

33 D. Subcontractors or others who perform services in respect to any 34 improvement, building, highway, road, railroad, excavation, manufactured 35 building or other structure, project, development or improvement are not 36 subject to tax if they can demonstrate that the job was within the control of 37 a prime contractor or contractors or a dealership of manufactured buildings 38 and that the prime contractor or dealership is liable for the tax on the 39 gross income, gross proceeds of sales or gross receipts attributable to the 40 job and from which the subcontractors or others were paid.

E. Amounts received by a contractor for a project are excluded from the contractor's gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the business if the person who hired the contractor executes and provides a certificate to the contractor stating that the person providing the certificate is a prime contractor and is liable for the tax under article 1 of this chapter. The department shall prescribe the form of the certificate. If the contractor has reason to believe that the information contained on the certificate is erroneous or incomplete, the department may disregard the certificate. If the person who provides the certificate is not liable for the tax as a prime contractor, that person is nevertheless deemed to be the prime contractor in lieu of the contractor and is subject to the tax under this section on the gross receipts or gross proceeds received by the contractor.

8 F. Every person engaging or continuing in this state in the business 9 of prime contracting or dealership of manufactured buildings shall present to 10 the purchaser of such prime contracting or manufactured building a written 11 receipt of the gross income or gross proceeds of sales from such activity and 12 shall separately state the taxes to be paid pursuant to this section.

G. For the purposes of section 42-5032.01, the department shall separately account for revenues collected under the prime contracting classification from any prime contractor engaged in the preparation or construction of a multipurpose facility, and related infrastructure, that is owned, operated or leased by the tourism and sports authority pursuant to title 5, chapter 8.

H. For the purposes of section 42-5032.02, from and after September 30, 2013, the department shall separately account for revenues reported and collected under the prime contracting classification from any prime contractor engaged in the construction of any buildings and associated improvements that are for the benefit of a manufacturing facility. For the purposes of this subsection, "associated improvements" and "manufacturing facility" have the same meanings prescribed in section 42-5032.02.

26 I. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract 27 for lawn maintenance services are not subject to tax under this section if 28 the contract does not include landscaping activities. Lawn maintenance 29 service is a service pursuant to section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 1, 30 and includes lawn mowing and edging, weeding, repairing sprinkler heads or 31 drip irrigation heads, seasonal replacement of flowers, refreshing gravel, 32 lawn de-thatching, seeding winter lawns, leaf and debris collection and 33 removal, tree or shrub pruning or clipping, garden and gravel raking and 34 applying pesticides, as defined in section 3-361, and fertilizer materials, 35 as defined in section 3-262.

J. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from landscaping activities are subject to tax under this section. Landscaping includes installing lawns, grading or leveling ground, installing gravel or boulders, planting trees and other plants, felling trees, removing or mulching tree stumps, removing other imbedded plants, building or modifying irrigation berms, repairing sprinkler or watering systems, installing railroad ties and installing underground sprinkler or watering systems.

K. The portion of gross proceeds of sales or gross income attributable
to the actual direct costs of providing architectural or engineering services
that are incorporated in a contract is not subject to tax under this section.
For the purposes of this subsection, "direct costs" means the portion of the

1 actual costs that are directly expended in providing architectural or 2 engineering services.

L. Operating a landfill or a solid waste disposal facility is not subject to taxation under this section, including filling, compacting and creating vehicle access to and from cell sites within the landfill. Constructing roads to a landfill or solid waste disposal facility and constructing cells within a landfill or solid waste disposal facility may be deemed prime contracting under this section.

9

M. The following apply to manufactured buildings:

10 1. For sales in this state where the dealership of manufactured 11 buildings contracts to deliver the building to a setup site or to perform the 12 setup in this state, the taxable situs is the setup site.

13 2. For sales in this state where the dealership of manufactured 14 buildings does not contract to deliver the building to a setup site or does 15 not perform the setup, the taxable situs is the location of the dealership 16 where the building is delivered to the buyer.

17 3. For sales in this state where the dealership of manufactured 18 buildings contracts to deliver the building to a setup site that is outside 19 this state, the situs is outside this state and the transaction is excluded 20 from tax.

21 N. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income attributable to a 22 separate, written design phase services contract or professional services 23 contract, executed before modification begins, is not subject to tax under 24 this section, regardless of whether the services are provided sequential to 25 or concurrent with prime contracting activities that are subject to tax under 26 this section. This subsection does not include the gross proceeds of sales 27 or gross income attributable to construction phase services. For the 28 purposes of this subsection:

"Construction phase services" means services for the execution and
 completion of any modification, including the following:

(a) Administration or supervision of any modification performed on the
 project, including team management and coordination, scheduling, cost
 controls, submittal process management, field management, safety program,
 close-out process and warranty period services.

(b) Administration or supervision of any modification performed
 pursuant to a punch list. For the purposes of this subdivision, "punch list"
 means minor items of modification work performed after substantial completion
 and before final completion of the project.

(c) Administration or supervision of any modification performed pursuant to change orders. For the purposes of this subdivision, "change order" means a written instrument issued after execution of a contract for modification work, providing for all of the following:

43 (i) The scope of a change in the modification work, contract for 44 modification work or other contract documents.

(ii) The amount of an adjustment, if any, to the guaranteed maximumprice as set in the contract for modification work. For the purposes of this

1 item, "guaranteed maximum price" means the amount guaranteed to be the 2 maximum amount due to a prime contractor for the performance of all 3 modification work for the project.

4 (iii) The extent of an adjustment, if any, to the contract time of 5 performance set forth in the contract.

6 (d) Administration or supervision of any modification performed 7 pursuant to change directives. For the purposes of this subdivision, "change 8 directive" means a written order directing a change in modification work 9 before agreement on an adjustment of the guaranteed maximum price or contract 10 time.

11 (e) Inspection to determine the dates of substantial completion or 12 final completion.

(f) Preparation of any manuals, warranties, as-built drawings, spares or other items the prime contractor must furnish pursuant to the contract for modification work. For the purposes of this subdivision, "as-built drawing" means a drawing that indicates field changes made to adapt to field conditions, field changes resulting from change orders or buried and concealed installation of piping, conduit and utility services.

19 (g) Preparation of status reports after modification work has begun 20 detailing the progress of work performed, including preparation of any of the 21 following:

22

(i) Master schedule updates.

23 24 (ii) Modification work cash flow projection updates.(iii) Site reports made on a periodic basis.

(iv) Identification of discrepancies, conflicts or ambiguities in
 modification work documents that require resolution.

(v) Identification of any health and safety issues that have arisen in
 connection with the modification work.

(h) Preparation of daily logs of modification work, including
 documentation of personnel, weather conditions and on-site occurrences.

(i) Preparation of any submittals or shop drawings used by the prime
 contractor to illustrate details of the modification work performed.

(j) Administration or supervision of any other activities for which a
 prime contractor receives a certificate for payment or certificate for final
 payment based on the progress of modification work performed on the project.

2. "Design phase services" means services for developing and
 completing a design for a project that are not construction phase services,
 including the following:

39 (a) Evaluating surveys, reports, test results or any other information
 40 on-site conditions for the project, including physical characteristics, legal
 41 limitations and utility locations for the site.

42 (b) Evaluating any criteria or programming objectives for the project
43 to ascertain requirements for the project, such as physical requirements
44 affecting cost or projected utilization of the project.

45 (c) Preparing drawings and specifications for architectural program 46 documents, schematic design documents, design development documents, 1 modification work documents or documents that identify the scope of or 2 materials for the project.

3 (d) Preparing an initial schedule for the project, excluding the 4 preparation of updates to the master schedule after modification work has 5 begun.

6 (e) Preparing preliminary estimates of costs of modification work 7 before completion of the final design of the project, including an estimate 8 or schedule of values for any of the following:

9 (i) Labor, materials, machinery and equipment, tools, water, heat, 10 utilities, transportation and other facilities and services used in the 11 execution and completion of modification work, regardless of whether they are 12 whether they are incorporated temporary or permanent or in the 13 modifications.

14 (ii) The cost of labor and materials to be furnished by the owner of 15 the real property.

16 (iii) The cost of any equipment of the owner of the real property to 17 be assigned by the owner to the prime contractor.

(iv) The cost of any labor for installation of equipment separately
 provided by the owner of the real property that has been designed, specified,
 selected or specifically provided for in any design document for the project.

21 (v) Any fee paid by the owner of the real property to the prime 22 contractor pursuant to the contract for modification work.

23 24 (vi) Any bond and insurance premiums.

(vii) Any applicable taxes.

(viii) Any contingency fees for the prime contractor that may be used
before final completion of the project.

(f) Reviewing and evaluating cost estimates and project documents to prepare recommendations on site use, site improvements, selection of materials, building systems and equipment, modification feasibility, availability of materials and labor, local modification activity as related to schedules and time requirements for modification work.

32 (g) Preparing the plan and procedures for selection of subcontractors,
 33 including any prequalification of subcontractor candidates.

34 3. "Professional services" means architect services, assayer services, 35 engineer services, geologist services, land surveying services or landscape 36 architect services that are within the scope of those services as provided in 37 title 32, chapter 1 and for which gross proceeds of sales or gross income has 38 not otherwise been deducted under subsection K of this section.

39 0. Notwithstanding subsection P, paragraph 8 of this section, a person 40 owning real property who enters into a contract for sale of the real 41 property, who is responsible to the new owner of the property for 42 modifications made to the property in the period subsequent to the transfer 43 of title and who receives a consideration for the modifications is considered 44 a prime contractor solely for purposes of taxing the gross proceeds of sale 45 or gross income received for the modifications made subsequent to the 46 transfer of title. The original owner's gross proceeds of sale or gross

income received for the modifications shall be determined according to the following methodology:

3 1. If any part of the contract for sale of the property specifies 4 amounts to be paid to the original owner for the modifications to be made in 5 the period subsequent to the transfer of title, the amounts are included in the original owner's gross proceeds of sale or gross income under this 6 7 section. Proceeds from the sale of the property that are received after 8 transfer of title and that are unrelated to the modifications made subsequent 9 to the transfer of title are not considered gross proceeds of sale or gross income from the modifications. 10

11 2. If the original owner enters into an agreement separate from the 12 contract for sale of the real property providing for amounts to be paid to 13 the original owner for the modifications to be made in the period subsequent 14 to the transfer of title to the property, the amounts are included in the 15 original owner's gross proceeds of sale or gross income received for the 16 modifications made subsequent to the transfer of title.

17 3. If the original owner is responsible to the new owner for 18 modifications made to the property in the period subsequent to the transfer 19 of title and derives any gross proceeds of sale or gross income from the 20 project subsequent to the transfer of title other than a delayed disbursement 21 from escrow unrelated to the modifications, it is presumed that the amounts 22 are received for the modifications made subsequent to the transfer of title 23 unless the contrary is established by the owner through its books, records 24 and papers kept in the regular course of business.

4. The tax base of the original owner is computed in the same manneras a prime contractor under this section.

27

P. For the purposes of this section:

28

1. "Contracting" means engaging in business as a contractor.

29 "Contractor" is synonymous with the term "builder" and means any 2. 30 person or organization that undertakes to or offers to undertake to, or 31 purports to have the capacity to undertake to, or submits a bid to, or does 32 personally or by or through others, modify any building, highway, road, 33 railroad, excavation, manufactured building or other structure, project, 34 development or improvement, or to do any part of such a project, including 35 the erection of scaffolding or other structure or works in connection with such a project, and includes subcontractors and specialty contractors. For 36 37 all purposes of taxation or deduction, this definition shall govern without 38 regard to whether or not such contractor is acting in fulfillment of a 39 contract.

40

3. "Dealership of manufactured buildings" means a dealer who either:

41 (a) Is licensed pursuant to title 41, chapter 16 and who sells42 manufactured buildings to the final consumer.

(b) Supervises, performs or coordinates the excavation and completion
of site improvements, setup or moving of a manufactured building including
the contracting, if any, with any subcontractor or specialty contractor for
the completion of the contract.

1 4. "Manufactured building" means a manufactured home, mobile home or 2 factory-built building, as defined in section 41-2142.

"Modification" means construction, alteration, repair, addition, 5. subtraction, improvement, movement, wreckage or demolition.

4 5

3

6. "Modify" means to construct, alter, repair, add to, subtract from, 6 improve, move, wreck or demolish.

7 7. "Prime contracting" means engaging in business as a prime 8 contractor.

9 8. "Prime contractor" means a contractor who supervises, performs or coordinates the modification of any building, highway, road, railroad, 10 11 excavation, manufactured building or other structure, project, development or improvement including the contracting, if any, with any subcontractors or 12 13 specialty contractors and who is responsible for the completion of the 14 Except as provided in subsections E and O of this section, a contract. 15 person who owns real property, who engages one or more contractors to modify 16 that real property and who does not itself modify that real property is not a 17 prime contractor within the meaning of this paragraph regardless of the 18 existence of a contract for sale or the subsequent sale of that real 19 property.

20 "Sale of a used manufactured building" does not include a lease of 9. 21 a used manufactured building.

22

23

Sec. 7. Section 42-5159, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-5159. Exemptions

24 A. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the storage, use 25 or consumption in this state of the following described tangible personal 26 property:

27 1. Tangible personal property sold in this state, the gross receipts 28 from the sale of which are included in the measure of the tax imposed by 29 articles 1 and 2 of this chapter.

30 2. Tangible personal property the sale or use of which has already 31 been subjected to an excise tax at a rate equal to or exceeding the tax 32 imposed by this article under the laws of another state of the United States. 33 If the excise tax imposed by the other state is at a rate less than the tax 34 imposed by this article, the tax imposed by this article is reduced by the 35 amount of the tax already imposed by the other state.

36 3. Tangible personal property, the storage, use or consumption of 37 which the constitution or laws of the United States prohibit this state from 38 taxing or to the extent that the rate or imposition of tax is 39 unconstitutional under the laws of the United States.

40 4. Tangible personal property which directly enters into and becomes 41 an ingredient or component part of any manufactured, fabricated or processed 42 article, substance or commodity for sale in the regular course of business.

43 5. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel, the sales, distribution or use of 44 which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under title 28, chapter 16, 45 article 1, use fuel which is sold to or used by a person holding a valid 46 single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 28-5739, aviation fuel,

1 the sales, distribution or use of which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344, and jet fuel, the sales, distribution or use 2 3 of which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under article 8 of this 4 chapter.

5 6. Tangible personal property brought into this state by an individual 6 who was a nonresident at the time the property was purchased for storage, use 7 or consumption by the individual if the first actual use or consumption of 8 the property was outside this state, unless the property is used in 9 conducting a business in this state.

7. Purchases of implants used as growth promotants and injectable 10 11 medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 16 of this subsection, for livestock and poultry owned by, or in possession of, persons who are engaged 12 13 in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products, or who are 14 engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the purposes of 15 this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

8. Livestock, poultry, supplies, feed, salts, vitamins and other 16 17 additives for use or consumption in the businesses of farming, ranching and 18 feeding livestock or poultry, not including fertilizers, herbicides and 19 insecticides. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes 20 ratites.

21 9. Seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, cuttings and other propagative 22 material for use in commercially producing agricultural, horticultural, 23 viticultural or floricultural crops in this state.

24 10. Tangible personal property not exceeding two hundred dollars in any 25 one month purchased by an individual at retail outside the continental limits 26 of the United States for the individual's own personal use and enjoyment.

27 11. Advertising supplements which are intended for sale with newspapers 28 published in this state and which have already been subjected to an excise 29 tax under the laws of another state in the United States which equals or 30 exceeds the tax imposed by this article.

31 12. Materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded libraries 32 including school district libraries, charter school libraries, community 33 college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, county or 34 municipal libraries for use by the public as follows:

35

(a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.

36

(b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.

37

13. Tangible personal property purchased by:

38 (a) A hospital organized and operated exclusively for charitable 39 purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any 40 private shareholder or individual.

41 (b) A hospital operated by this state or a political subdivision of 42 this state.

43 (c) A licensed nursing care institution or a licensed residential care 44 institution or a residential care facility operated in conjunction with a 45 licensed nursing care institution or a licensed kidney dialysis center, which 1 provides medical services, nursing services or health related services and is 2 not used or held for profit.

3 (d) A qualifying health care organization, as defined in section 4 42-5001, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely 5 to provide health and medical related educational and charitable services.

6 (e) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 7 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, 8 therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for blind, 9 visually impaired and multihandicapped children from the time of birth to age 10 twenty-one.

(f) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such property exclusively in programs for mentally or physically handicapped persons if the programs are exclusively for training, job placement, rehabilitation or testing.

16 (g) A person that is subject to tax under article 1 of this chapter by 17 reason of being engaged in business classified under the prime contracting 18 classification under section 42-5075, or a subcontractor working under the 19 control of a prime contractor, if the tangible personal property is any of 20 the following:

(i) Incorporated or fabricated by the contractor into a structure,
 project, development or improvement in fulfillment of a contract.

(ii) Used in environmental response or remediation activities under
 section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

25 (h) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under 26 section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code if the property is purchased 27 from the parent or an affiliate organization that is located outside this 28 state.

29 (i) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 30 42-5001.

(j) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.

34 (k) A person engaged in business under the transient lodging 35 classification if the property is a personal hygiene item or articles used by 36 human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages, which 37 are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be consumed by the 38 transient during the transient's occupancy.

39 (1) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a 40 nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) 41 of the internal revenue code and that provides residential apartment housing 42 for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that 43 qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible personal property is 44 used by the organization solely to provide residential apartment housing for 45 low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies 46 for a federal housing subsidy.

1 14. Commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code section 2, 2 that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in or from which 3 the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future delivery subject to the 4 rules of a commodity market regulated by the United States commodity futures 5 trading commission.

6

15. Tangible personal property sold by:

7 (a) Any nonprofit organization organized and operated exclusively for 8 charitable purposes and recognized by the United States internal revenue 9 service under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

10 (b) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under 11 section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the 12 organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national 13 touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's 14 net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

15 (c) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under 16 section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the 17 internal revenue code if the organization sponsors or operates a rodeo 18 featuring primarily farm and ranch animals and no part of the organization's 19 net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

20 16. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, 21 regulator and tank, on the prescription of a member of the medical, dental or 22 veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.

23 17. Prosthetic appliances, as defined in section 23-501, prescribed or 24 recommended by a person who is licensed, registered or otherwise 25 professionally credentialed as physician, dentist, а podiatrist, chiropractor, naturopath, homeopath, nurse or optometrist. 26

18. Prescription eyeglasses and contact lenses.

27 28

19. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.

29

20. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.

21. Durable medical equipment which has a centers for medicare and medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, chapter 7, 13, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in the home.

36 22. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3 of 37 this chapter and section 42-5074.

38 23. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture food 39 stamp coupons issued under the food stamp act of 1977 (P.L. 95-113; 91 Stat. 40 958) or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act 41 (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; 42 United States Code 42 section 1786).

43 24. Food and drink provided without monetary charge by a taxpayer which
44 is subject to section 42-5074 to its employees for their own consumption on
45 the premises during the employees' hours of employment.

1 25. Tangible personal property that is used or consumed in a business 2 subject to section 42-5074 for human food, drink or condiment, whether 3 simple, mixed or compounded.

4 26. Food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible personal property 5 that are acquired for use by or provided to a school district or charter 6 school if they are to be either served or prepared and served to persons for 7 consumption on the premises of a public school in the school district or on 8 the premises of the charter school during school hours.

9 27. Lottery tickets or shares purchased pursuant to title 5, chapter 10 5.1, article 1.

12 28. Textbooks, sold by a bookstore, that are required by any state 12 university or community college.

13 29. Magazines, other periodicals or other publications produced by this14 state to encourage tourist travel.

30. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer felts,
 purchased by a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper
 manufacturing.

18 31. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and electricity 19 purchased by a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or 20 processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and directly used or consumed in 21 the generation or provision of on-site power or energy solely for 22 environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing or 23 environmental protection. This paragraph shall apply for twenty full 24 consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper 25 manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an environmental 26 technology manufacturer, producer or processor who does not manufacture 27 paper, the time period shall begin with the date the first manufacturing, 28 processing or production equipment is placed in service.

29 32. Motor vehicles that are removed from inventory by a motor vehicle 30 dealer as defined in section 28-4301 and that are provided to:

(a) Charitable or educational institutions that are exempt from
 taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

33

(b) Public educational institutions.

34 (c) State universities or affiliated organizations of a state 35 university if no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the 36 benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

37 33. Natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor38 vehicle.

39 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are only 40 useful to assist a person who is physically disabled as defined in section 41 46-191, has a developmental disability as defined in section 36-551 or has a 42 head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be more independent and 43 functional.

44 35. Liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in manufacturing, 45 processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research 46 and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, printing, if using or

1 consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an integrated system of 2 chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the product 3 is produced for the purpose of causing or permitting a chemical or physical 4 change to occur in the materials as part of the production process. This 5 paragraph does not include chemicals that are used or consumed in activities 6 such as packaging, storage or transportation but does not affect any 7 exemption for such chemicals that is otherwise provided by this section. For 8 the purposes of this paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing 9 operation and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and 10 bookbinding.

11 36. Food, drink and condiment purchased for consumption within the 12 premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of 13 the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the 14 department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.

15 37. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible 16 personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a motor 17 carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 18 and who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property.

19 38. Tangible personal property which is or directly enters into and 20 becomes an ingredient or component part of cards used as prescription plan 21 identification cards.

39. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is used in performing a contract between the United States government and a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from which would otherwise be included in the retail classification, and which are used or consumed in the performance of a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense account and allocated to various contracts based upon generally accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting standards.

(b) "Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any 36 37 person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing of supplies or 38 services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to the performance of one 39 or more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's 40 obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken or 41 assumed, and that includes provisions causing title to overhead materials or 42 other tangible personal property used in the performance of the subcontract 43 to pass to the government or that includes provisions incorporating such 44 title passing clauses in a government contract into the subcontract.

45 40. Through December 31, 1994, tangible personal property sold pursuant 46 to a personal property liquidation transaction, as defined in section 1 42-5061. From and after December 31, 1994, tangible personal property sold pursuant to a personal property liquidation transaction, as defined in section 42-5061, if the gross proceeds of the sales were included in the measure of the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter or if the personal property liquidation was a casual activity or transaction.

6 41. Wireless telecommunications equipment that is held for sale or 7 transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a contract 8 for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064.

9 42. Alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, purchased by a used 10 oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used oil fuel 11 under section 49-426 or 49-480.

12 43. Tangible personal property purchased by a commercial airline and 13 consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for serving 14 the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without additional 15 charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the purposes of this 16 paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a federal certificate 17 of public convenience and necessity or foreign air carrier permit for air 18 transportation to transport persons, property or United States mail in 19 intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

44. Alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was manufactured as a diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on alternative fuel and equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel fuel motor vehicle to convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215.

45. Gas diverted from a pipeline, by a person engaged in the businessof:

(a) Operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, and used or
 consumed for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment that
 pressurizes the pipeline.

30 (b) Converting natural gas into liquefied natural gas, and used or 31 consumed for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment used in the 32 conversion process.

46. Tangible personal property that is excluded, exempt or deductible
 from transaction privilege tax pursuant to section 42-5063.

47. Tangible personal property purchased to be incorporated or
 installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities under
 section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

48. Tangible personal property sold by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

43 49. Prepared food, drink or condiment donated by a restaurant as 44 classified in section 42-5074, subsection A to a nonprofit charitable 45 organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal 1 revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on a 2 continuing basis at no cost.

50. Application services that are designed to assess or test student learning or to promote curriculum design or enhancement purchased by or for any school district, charter school, community college or state university. For the purposes of this paragraph:

7 (a) "Application services" means software applications provided 8 remotely using hypertext transfer protocol or another network protocol.

9 (b) "Curriculum design or enhancement" means planning, implementing or 10 reporting on courses of study, lessons, assignments or other learning 11 activities.

12 51. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel to a qualified business under 13 section 41-1516 for off-road use in harvesting, processing or transporting 14 qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in 15 section 41-1516.

16 52. Repair parts installed in equipment used directly by a qualified 17 business under section 41-1516 in harvesting, processing or transporting 18 qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in 19 section 41-1516.

53. Renewable energy credits or any other unit created to track energy derived from renewable energy resources. For the purposes of this paragraph, "renewable energy credit" means a unit created administratively by the corporation commission or governing body of a public power entity to track kilowatt hours of electricity derived from a renewable energy resource or the kilowatt hour equivalent of conventional energy resources displaced by distributed renewable energy resources.

27 54. COMPUTER DATA CENTER EQUIPMENT PURCHASED BY THE OWNER, OPERATOR OR 28 QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT OF THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER OR AN AUTHORIZED 29 AGENT OF THE OWNER, OPERATOR OR QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT DURING THE 30 QUALIFICATION PERIOD FOR USE IN A COMPUTER DATA CENTER THAT IS CERTIFIED BY 31 THE ARIZONA COMMERCE AUTHORITY UNDER SECTION 41-1519. TO QUALIFY FOR THIS 32 DEDUCTION, AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE, THE OWNER, OPERATOR OR QUALIFIED 33 COLOCATION TENANT MUST PRESENT TO THE RETAILER ITS CERTIFICATE THAT IS ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 41-1519 AND THAT ESTABLISHES ITS QUALIFICATION FOR THE 34 35 DEDUCTION. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "COMPUTER DATA CENTER", "COMPUTER DATA CENTER EQUIPMENT", "QUALIFICATION PERIOD" AND "QUALIFIED 36 37 COLOCATION TENANT" HAVE THE SAME MEANINGS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 41-1519.

B. In addition to the exemptions allowed by subsection A of this
 section, the following categories of tangible personal property are also
 exempt:

Machinery, or equipment, used directly in manufacturing,
 processing, fabricating, job printing, refining or metallurgical operations.
 The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job printing",
 "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer to and include
 those operations commonly understood within their ordinary meaning.

1 "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching, milling, precipitating, 2 smelting and refining.

2. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and minerals.

9 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business 10 classified under the telecommunications classification under section 42-5064 11 and consisting of central office switching equipment, switchboards, private 12 branch exchange equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment 13 including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media which are 14 components of carrier systems.

Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in
 producing or transmitting electrical power, but not including distribution.
 Transformers and control equipment used at transmission substation sites
 constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting electrical power.

19 5. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or 20 to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or 21 ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.

6. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.

Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other
 accessories and related equipment sold to:

(a) A person holding a federal certificate of public convenience and
necessity, a supplemental air carrier certificate under federal aviation
regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121) or a foreign air
carrier permit for air transportation for use as or in conjunction with or
becoming a part of aircraft to be used to transport persons, property or
United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

(b) Any foreign government, or sold to persons who are not residents
 of this state and who will not use such property in this state other than in
 removing such property from this state.

8. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

9. Rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipment used
directly to transport persons or property.

43 10. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or 44 used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for 45 commercial purposes. 1 11. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles which are used directly 2 to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a governmentally 3 adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program and which are sold 4 to bus companies holding a federal certificate of convenience and necessity 5 or operated by any city, town or other governmental entity or by any person 6 contracting with such governmental entity as part of a governmentally adopted 7 and controlled program to provide urban mass transportation.

8

12. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.

9 13. New machinery and equipment consisting of tractors, tractor-drawn 10 implements, self-powered implements, machinery and equipment necessary for 11 extracting milk, and machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and 12 livestock, and drip irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 6 of 13 this subsection and that are used for commercial production of agricultural, 14 horticultural, viticultural and floricultural crops and products in this 15 state. For the purposes of this paragraph:

16 (a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery or equipment which 17 has never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals which do 18 not total two years or more.

19 (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that 20 are electric-powered.

21 14. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For the 22 purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and 23 applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing, developing 24 or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including research and 25 development of computer software that is embedded in or an integral part of 26 the prototype or new product or that is required for machinery or equipment 27 otherwise exempt under this section to function effectively. Research and 28 development do not include manufacturing quality control, routine consumer 29 product testing, market research, sales promotion, sales service, research in 30 social sciences or psychology, computer software research that is not 31 included in the definition of research and development, or other 32 nontechnological activities or technical services.

33 15. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the following 34 to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, control or 35 transmit telecommunications information:

36 (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission
 37 service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.

38 (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both of 39 the following conditions are met:

40 (i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, 41 transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or on 42 behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data 43 transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations 44 part 25.

45 (ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes,
 46 transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data

1 transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the facility 2 to or on behalf of those services.

For the purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service first transmits information to its customers.

8 16. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, 9 fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 14 of this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this paragraph, 10 11 "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an environment 12 where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and contamination are 13 precisely controlled within specified parameters, without regard to whether 14 the property is actually contained within that environment or whether any of 15 the property is affixed to or incorporated into real property. Clean room:

16 (a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable 17 partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to reduce 18 contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, chemical purity 19 or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances, as well as the 20 production machinery and equipment operating in conjunction with the clean 21 room environment.

(b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovablecomponent of the building that houses the clean room environment.

17. Machinery and equipment that are used directly in the feeding of poultry, the environmental control of housing for poultry, the movement of eggs within a production and packaging facility or the sorting or cooling of eggs. This exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.

28 18. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components, 29 that is employed in connection with manufacturing, processing, fabricating, 30 job printing, refining, mining, natural gas pipelines, metallurgical 31 operations, telecommunications, producing or transmitting electricity or 32 research and development and that is used directly to meet or exceed rules or 33 regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United 34 States environmental protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory 35 commission, the Arizona department of environmental quality or a political 36 subdivision of this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water 37 or air pollution.

38 19. Machinery and equipment that are used in the commercial production 39 of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, viticultural 40 or floricultural crops or products in this state and that are used directly 41 and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or reduce air, water or land 42 pollution.

43 20. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to 44 originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television 45 signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the 46 telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United States Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order issued
 April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This paragraph does
 not exempt any of the following:

4 (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or 5 equipment described in this paragraph.

6 (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or equipment 7 for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under this paragraph.

8 (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television station 9 has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 2009, 10 whichever occurs first.

11 21. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 2004 12 through June 30, 2024 by a qualified business under section 41-1516 for 13 harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from qualifying 14 projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for this exemption, the 15 qualified business must obtain and present its certification from the Arizona 16 commerce authority at the time of purchase.

17 C. The exemptions provided by subsection B of this section do not 18 include:

19 1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, 20 expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible 21 personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of the 22 cost or useful life of that property.

23 24 2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.

3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.

4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing
activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in
subsection B, paragraph 16 15 of this section.

5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 11 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles.

32 6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of whatever
 33 kind or character not specifically included as exempt.

34

7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.

35 D. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase price of 36 electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:

Revenues received from sales of ancillary services, electric
 distribution services, electric generation services, electric transmission
 services and other services related to providing electricity to a retail
 electric customer who is located outside this state for use outside this
 state if the electricity is delivered to a point of sale outside this state.

42 2. Revenues received from providing electricity, including ancillary 43 services, electric distribution services, electric generation services, 44 electric transmission services and other services related to providing 45 electricity with respect to which the transaction privilege tax imposed under 46 section 42-5063 has been paid. E. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the purchase of solar energy devices from a retailer that is registered with the department as a solar energy retailer or a solar energy contractor.

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F. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase price of electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:

Fees charged by a municipally owned utility to persons constructing
 residential, commercial or industrial developments or connecting residential,
 commercial or industrial developments to a municipal utility system or
 systems if the fees are segregated and used only for capital expansion,
 system enlargement or debt service of the utility system or systems.

11 2. Reimbursement or contribution compensation to any person or persons 12 owning a utility system for property and equipment installed to provide 13 utility access to, on or across the land of an actual utility consumer if the 14 property and equipment become the property of the utility. This deduction 15 shall not exceed the value of such property and equipment.

16 17 G. For the purposes of subsection B of this section:

"Aircraft" includes:

(a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal
 aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator
 under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.

21 (b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or attached 22 as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a 23 certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

24 2. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft 25 accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically 26 contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.

H. For the purposes of subsection D of this section, "ancillary
services", "electric distribution service", "electric generation service",
"electric transmission service" and "other services" have the same meanings
prescribed in section 42-5063.

31 32 Sec. 8. Section 42-6004, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-6004. Exemption from municipal tax

A. A city, town or special taxing district shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use or other similar tax on:

1. Exhibition events in this state sponsored, conducted or operated by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

2. Interstate telecommunications services, which include that portion
of telecommunications services, such as subscriber line service, allocable by
federal law to interstate telecommunications service.

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3. Sales of warranty or service contracts.

1 4. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use 2 outside this state if the vendor ships or delivers the motor vehicle to a 3 destination outside this state.

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5. Interest on finance contracts.

6. Dealer documentation fees on the sales of motor vehicles.

Sales of food or other items purchased with United States 6 7. 7 department of agriculture food stamp coupons issued under the food stamp act 8 of 1977 (P.L. 95-113; 91 Stat. 958) or food instruments issued under section 9 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; 42 United States Code section 1786) but may impose such a tax 10 11 on other sales of food. If a city, town or special taxing district exempts 12 sales of food from its tax or imposes a different transaction privilege rate 13 on the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from sales of food and nonfood 14 items, it shall use the definition of food prescribed by rule adopted by the 15 department pursuant to section 42-5106.

8. Sales of internet access services to the person's subscribers and
customers. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Internet" means the computer and telecommunications facilities
 that comprise the interconnected worldwide network of networks that employ
 the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or
 successor protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio.

(b) "Internet access" means a service that enables users to access
 content, information, electronic mail or other services over the internet.
 Internet access does not include telecommunication services provided by a
 common carrier.

9. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income retained by the Arizona exposition and state fair board from ride ticket sales at the annual Arizona state fair.

10. Through August 31, 2014, sales of Arizona centennial medallions by
 the historical advisory commission.

31 11. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 32 commercial lease in which a reciprocal insurer or a corporation leases real 33 property to an affiliated corporation. For the purposes of this paragraph:

34 (a) "Affiliated corporation" means a corporation that meets one of the35 following conditions:

36 (i) The corporation owns or controls at least eighty per cent of the 37 lessor.

38 (ii) The corporation is at least eighty per cent owned or controlled 39 by the lessor.

40 (iii) The corporation is at least eighty per cent owned or controlled 41 by a corporation that also owns or controls at least eighty per cent of the 42 lessor.

43 (iv) The corporation is at least eighty per cent owned or controlled 44 by a corporation that is at least eighty per cent owned or controlled by a 45 reciprocal insurer. 1 (b) For the purposes of subdivision (a) of this paragraph, ownership 2 and control are determined by reference to the voting shares of a 3 corporation.

4 (c) "Reciprocal insurer" has the same meaning prescribed in section 5 20-762.

6 12. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 7 commercial lease in which a corporation leases real property to a corporation 8 of which at least eighty per cent of the voting shares of each corporation 9 are owned by the same shareholders.

13. COMPUTER DATA CENTER EQUIPMENT PURCHASED BY THE OWNER, OPERATOR OR 10 11 QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT OF THE COMPUTER DATA CENTER OR AN AUTHORIZED AGENT OF THE OWNER, OPERATOR OR QUALIFIED COLOCATION TENANT DURING THE 12 13 QUALIFICATION PERIOD FOR USE IN A COMPUTER DATA CENTER THAT IS CERTIFIED BY THE ARIZONA COMMERCE AUTHORITY UNDER SECTION 41-1519. TO QUALIFY FOR THIS 14 15 DEDUCTION, AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE, THE OWNER, OPERATOR OR QUALIFIED 16 COLOCATION TENANT MUST PRESENT TO THE RETAILER ITS CERTIFICATE THAT IS ISSUED 17 PURSUANT TO SECTION 41-1519 AND THAT ESTABLISHES ITS QUALIFICATION FOR THE FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "COMPUTER DATA CENTER", 18 DEDUCTION. "COMPUTER DATA CENTER EQUIPMENT", "QUALIFICATION PERIOD" AND "QUALIFIED 19 20 COLOCATION TENANT" HAVE THE SAME MEANINGS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 41-1519.

B. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor vehicle.

25 C. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a 26 transaction privilege, sales, gross receipts, use, franchise or other similar 27 tax or fee, however denominated, on gross proceeds of sales or gross income 28 derived from any of the following:

A motor carrier's use on the public highways in this state if the
 motor carrier is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16,
 article 4.

32 2. Leasing, renting or licensing a motor vehicle subject to and upon
33 which the fee has been paid under title 28, chapter 16, article 4.

34 3. The sale of a motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts 35 and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle to a 36 motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, 37 article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing, renting or licensing 38 such property.

4. Incarcerating or detaining in a privately operated prison, jail or
detention facility prisoners who are under the jurisdiction of the United
States, this state or any other state or a political subdivision of this
state or of any other state.

43 5. Transporting for hire persons, freight or property by light motor 44 vehicles subject to a fee under title 28, chapter 15, article 4.

45 6. Any amount attributable to development fees that are incurred in 46 relation to the construction, development or improvement of real property and paid by the taxpayer as defined in the model city tax code or by a contractor providing services to the taxpayer. For the purposes of this paragraph:

3 (a) The attributable amount shall not exceed the value of the 4 development fees actually imposed.

5 (b) The attributable amount is equal to the total amount of 6 development fees paid by the taxpayer or by a contractor providing services 7 to the taxpayer and the total development fees credited in exchange for the 8 construction of, contribution to or dedication of real property for providing 9 public infrastructure, public safety or other public services necessary to 10 the development. The real property must be the subject of the development 11 fees.

12 (c) "Development fees" means fees imposed to offset capital costs of 13 providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services to a 14 development and authorized pursuant to section 9-463.05, section 11-1102 or 15 title 48 regardless of the jurisdiction to which the fees are paid.

D. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, in excess of one-tenth of one per cent of the value of the entire product mined, smelted, extracted, refined, produced or prepared for sale, profit or commercial use, on persons engaged in the business of mineral processing, except to the extent that the tax is computed on the gross proceeds or gross income from sales at retail.

E. In computing the tax base, any city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not include in the gross proceeds of sales or gross income:

1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.

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2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.

F. A city or town shall not levy a use tax on the storage, use or consumption of tangible personal property in the city or town by a school district or charter school.

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Sec. 9. Section 43-1088, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 43-1088. <u>Credit for contribution to qualifying charitable</u>

<u>organizations; definitions</u>

A. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION, a credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for voluntary cash contributions by the taxpayer or on the taxpayer's behalf pursuant to section 43-401, subsection G during the taxable year to a qualifying charitable organization not to exceed:

40 1. Two hundred dollars in any taxable year for a single individual or 41 a head of household.

42 2. Four hundred dollars in any taxable year for a married couple43 filing a joint return.

B. IF THE VOLUNTARY CASH CONTRIBUTION BY THE TAXPAYER OR ON THE
TAXPAYER'S BEHALF PURSUANT TO SECTION 43-401, SUBSECTION G IS TO A QUALIFYING
FOSTER CARE CHARITABLE ORGANIZATION, THE CREDIT SHALL NOT EXCEED:

1 FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR FOR A SINGLE INDIVIDUAL OR 2 A HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD.

3 2. EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN. 4

5

 B_{-} C. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of 6 7 the tax credit that would have been allowed for a joint return.

8 C_{\cdot} D. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes otherwise due 9 under this title on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the taxpayer may carry forward the amount of the claim not used 10 11 to offset the taxes under this title for not more than five consecutive 12 taxable years' income tax liability.

13

D. E. The credit allowed by this section:

14 1. Is allowed only if the taxpayer itemizes deductions pursuant to 15 section 43-1042 for the taxable year.

16 2. Is in lieu of a deduction pursuant to section 170 of the internal 17 revenue code and taken for state tax purposes.

18 E_{τ} F. Taxpayers taking a credit authorized by this section shall 19 provide the name of the qualifying charitable organization and the amount of 20 the contribution to the department of revenue on forms provided by the 21 department.

22 F_{-} G. A qualifying charitable organization shall provide the 23 department of revenue with a written certification that it meets all criteria 24 to be considered a qualifying charitable organization. The organization 25 shall also notify the department of any changes that may affect the 26 qualifications under this section.

27 G_{\cdot} H. The charitable organization's written certification must be 28 signed by an officer of the organization under penalty of perjury. The 29 written certification must include the following:

30 1. Verification of the organization's status under section 501(c)(3)31 of the internal revenue code or verification that the organization is a 32 designated community action agency that receives community services block 33 grant program monies pursuant to 42 United States Code section 9901.

34 2. Financial data indicating the organization's budget for the 35 organization's prior operating year and the amount of that budget spent on 36 services to residents of this state who either:

(a) Receive temporary assistance for needy families benefits.

37 38 39

(b) Are low income residents of this state.

(c) Are chronically ill or physically disabled children.

40 3. A statement that the organization plans to continue spending at 41 least fifty per cent of its budget on services to residents of this state who 42 receive temporary assistance for needy families benefits, who are low income 43 residents of this state or who are chronically ill or physically disabled 44 children.

4. A statement that the organization does not provide, pay for or
 provide coverage of abortions and does not financially support any other
 entity that provides, pays for or provides coverage of abortions.

H. I. The department shall review each written certification and determine whether the organization meets all the criteria to be considered a qualifying charitable organization and notify the organization of its determination. The department may also periodically request recertification from the organization. The department shall compile and make available to the public a list of the qualifying charitable organizations.

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I. For the purposes of this section:

1. "Chronically ill or physically disabled children" has the same 12 meaning prescribed in section 36-260.

2. "Low income residents" means persons whose household income is less
 than one hundred fifty per cent of the federal poverty level.

15 3. "Qualifying charitable organization" means charitable а 16 organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under section 17 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code or is a designated community action agency that receives community services block grant program monies pursuant 18 19 to 42 United States Code section 9901. The organization must spend at least 20 fifty per cent of its budget on services to residents of this state who 21 receive temporary assistance for needy families benefits or low income 22 residents of this state and their households or to chronically ill or 23 physically disabled children who are residents of this state. Taxpayers 24 choosing to make donations through an umbrella charitable organization that 25 collects donations on behalf of member charities shall designate that the 26 donation be directed to a member charitable organization that would qualify 27 under this section on a stand-alone basis. Qualifying charitable 28 organization does not include any entity that provides, pays for or provides 29 coverage of abortions or that financially supports any other entity that 30 provides, pays for or provides coverage of abortions.

4. "QUALIFYING FOSTER CARE CHARITABLE ORGANIZATION" MEANS A QUALIFYING CHARITABLE ORGANIZATION THAT EACH OPERATING YEAR PROVIDES SERVICES TO AT LEAST TWO HUNDRED FOSTER CHILDREN IN THIS STATE AND SPENDS AT LEAST FIFTY PER CENT OF ITS BUDGET ON SERVICES TO FOSTER CHILDREN IN THIS STATE. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "FOSTER CHILDREN" HAS THE SAME MEANING PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 8-501.

4. 5. "Services" means cash assistance, medical care, child care,
 food, clothing, shelter, job placement and job training services or any other
 assistance that is reasonably necessary to meet immediate basic needs and
 that is provided and used in this state.

41 42 Sec. 10. <u>Racing and boxing fees; increases; rule making</u> <u>exemption</u>

A. The Arizona department of racing is exempt from the rule making
requirements of title 41, chapter 6, Arizona Revised Statutes, for the
purpose of increasing fees pursuant to sections 5-104 and 5-230, Arizona
Revised Statutes, until July 1, 2014.

B. It is the intent of the legislature that the revenue generated by the fees collected pursuant to sections 5-104 and 5-230, Arizona Revised Statutes, not exceed \$2,600,000 in fiscal year 2013-2014.

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Sec. 11. Fees for providing services: increases: intent: exemption from rule making

6 A. Notwithstanding any other law, the director of each of the 7 following agencies may increase fees in fiscal year 2013-2014 for services 8 provided in fiscal year 2013-2014:

- 9 10
- 1. Office of pest management.

2. Radiation regulatory agency.

11 B. It is the intent of the legislature that the revenue generated by 12 the fees collected pursuant to subsection A of this section not exceed the 13 amounts listed below:

14

Office of pest management
 Radiation regulatory agency

\$525,000. \$561,000.

2. Radiation regulatory agency \$561,000.
 C. Monies received from any fees pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 1
 of this section shall be deposited in the pest management fund established by
 section 32-2305, Arizona Revised Statutes.

D. Monies received from any fees pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 2 of this section shall be deposited in the radiation regulatory fee fund established by section 30-658, Arizona Revised Statutes.

E. The agencies prescribed in subsection A of this section are exempt from the rule making requirements of title 41, chapter 6, Arizona Revised Statutes, for the purpose of establishing fees pursuant to this section until July 1, 2014.

26

Sec. 12. Agricultural fees: intent: rule making exemption

A. Notwithstanding any other law, the director of the Arizona department of agriculture, with the assistance of the agriculture advisory council, may continue existing fees from fiscal year 2012-2013 in fiscal year 2013-2014 for services provided in fiscal years 2013-2014.

B. It is the intent of the legislature that the additional revenue generated by the fees established as prescribed in subsection A of this section not exceed \$218,000 to the state general fund, \$113,000 to the pesticide trust fund and \$26,000 to the dangerous plants, pests and diseases trust fund in fiscal year 2013-2014.

36 C. The Arizona department of agriculture is exempt from the rule 37 making requirements of title 41, chapter 6, Arizona Revised Statutes, for the 38 purpose of establishing fees pursuant to this section until July 1, 2014. 39 Sec. 13. <u>Department of insurance; fee and assessment adjustment</u>

39 40

suspension

Notwithstanding section 20-167, subsection F, Arizona Revised Statutes, and section 20-466, subsection J, Arizona Revised Statutes, the director of insurance shall not revise fees or assessments in fiscal year 2013-2014 for the purpose of meeting the requirement to recover at least ninety-five per cent but not more than one hundred ten per cent of the department of insurance's appropriated budget.

1	Sec. 14. County fiscal obligations: report
2	A. Notwithstanding any other law, for fiscal year 2013–2014, a county
3	with a population of less than 200,000 persons according to the 2010 United
4	States decennial census may meet any county fiscal obligation from any source
5	of county revenue designated by the county, including funds of any countywide
6	special taxing jurisdiction in which the board of supervisors serves as the
7	board of directors.
8	B. On or before October 1, 2013, all counties with a population of
9	less than 200,000 persons according to the 2010 United States decennial
10	census shall report to the director of the joint legislative budget committee
11	whether the county used a revenue source to meet a county fiscal obligation
12	pursuant to subsection A of this section and, if so, the specific source and
13	amount of revenues that the county intends to use in fiscal year 2013-2014.
14	Sec. 15. Exemption from rule making
15	For the purposes of implementing section 41–1519, Arizona Revised
16	Statutes, as added by this act, the Arizona commerce authority and the
17	department of revenue are exempt from the rule making requirements of title
18	41, chapter 6, Arizona Revised Statutes, for one year after the effective
19	date of this act.
20	Sec. 16. <u>Department receivership revolving fund; use; intent</u>
21	A. Notwithstanding section 6–135.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, in
22	fiscal year 2013–2014, the superintendent of the department of financial
23	institutions may use monies in the department receivership revolving fund
24	established by section 6–135.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, for expenditures
25	on an electronic licensing system.
26	B. It is the intent of the legislature that expenditures in fiscal
27	year 2013-2014 on an electronic licensing system as prescribed in subsection
28	A of this section not exceed \$850,000.
29	Sec. 17. <u>Appropriation: budget stabilization fund; arts fund;</u>
30	state parks revenue fund: fiscal year 2013-2014
31	Notwithstanding section 35-144, Arizona Revised Statutes, \$1,000,000 in
32	fiscal year 2013-2014 from interest income earned on the budget stabilization
33 34	fund established by section 35-144, Arizona Revised Statutes, is appropriated for deposit in each of the following funds:
34 35	1. The arts fund established by section 41-983, Arizona Revised
36	Statutes.
37	2. The state parks revenue fund established by section 41-511.21,
38	Arizona Revised Statutes.
39	Sec. 18. <u>Appropriation; Arizona state parks board; fiscal year</u>
40	<u>2013-2014</u>
41	In addition to any other monies appropriated to the Arizona state parks
42	board in fiscal year 2013-2014, the sum of \$1,000,000 is appropriated from
43	the state parks revenue fund established by section 41-511.21, Arizona
44	Revised Statutes, to the Arizona state parks board for capital improvements,
45	subject to review by the joint committee on capital review pursuant to
46	section 41-511.21, subsection B, paragraph 2, Arizona Revised Statutes.
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Sec. 19. <u>Retroactivity</u>
 Section 43-1088, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act,
 applies retroactively to taxable years beginning from and after December 31,
 2012.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR JUNE 17, 2013.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE JUNE 17, 2013.