REFERENCE TITLE: renewable energy credit; carryover expansion

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-first Legislature First Regular Session 2013

## HB 2301

Introduced by Representative Fann

## AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 43-1083.02 AND 43-1164.03, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO TAX CREDITS FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 43-1083.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 43-1083.02. <u>Renewable energy production tax credit: definitions</u> 5 A. A credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for the 6 production of electricity using renewable energy resources. 7 B. The taxpayer is eligible for the credit: 8 If the taxpayer holds title to a qualified energy generator that 1. 9 first produces electricity from and after December 31, 2010 and before January 1, 2021. 10 11 2. For ten consecutive calendar years beginning with the calendar year 12 in which the qualified energy generator begins producing electricity that is 13 transmitted through a transmission facility to a grid connection with a 14 public or private electric transmission or distribution utility system. That 15 same date applies with respect to that generator until the expiration of the 16 ten-year period regardless of whether the generator is sold to another 17 taxpayer or goes out of production before the expiration of the ten-year 18 period. 19 C. The credit authorized by this section is based on the electricity 20 that is generated by a qualified energy generator during a calendar year. 21 For a taxpayer that files on a fiscal year basis, the credit shall be claimed 22 on the return for the taxable year in which the calendar year ends. 23 D. Subject to subsection G of this section, the amount of the credit 24 is: 25 1. One cent per kilowatt-hour of the first two hundred thousand 26 megawatt-hours of electricity produced by a qualified energy generator in the 27 calendar year using a wind or biomass derived qualified energy resource. 28 2. The following amounts for electricity produced by a qualified 29 energy generator using a solar light derived or solar heat derived qualified 30 energy resource: 31 (a) Four cents per kilowatt-hour in the first calendar year in which 32 the qualified energy generator produces electricity. 33 (b) Four cents per kilowatt-hour in the second calendar year in which 34 the qualified energy generator produces electricity. 35 (c) Three and one-half cents per kilowatt-hour in the third calendar 36 year in which the qualified energy generator produces electricity. 37 (d) Three and one-half cents per kilowatt-hour in the fourth calendar 38 year in which the qualified energy generator produces electricity. 39 (e) Three cents per kilowatt-hour in the fifth calendar year in which 40 the qualified energy generator produces electricity. 41 (f) Three cents per kilowatt-hour in the sixth calendar year in which 42 the qualified energy generator produces electricity. 43 (g) Two cents per kilowatt-hour in the seventh calendar year in which 44 the qualified energy generator produces electricity.

1 (h) Two cents per kilowatt-hour in the eighth calendar year in which 2 the qualified energy generator produces electricity.

3 (i) One and one-half cents per kilowatt-hour in the ninth calendar 4 year in which the qualified energy generator produces electricity.

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(j) One cent per kilowatt-hour in the tenth calendar year in which the 6 qualified energy generator produces electricity.

7 E. To qualify for the purposes of this section, an energy generator 8 may be located within one mile of an existing qualified energy generator only 9 if the owner of the energy generator or the owner's corporate affiliates are not the owner of or the corporate affiliate of the owner of the existing 10 11 qualified energy generator.

12 F. To be eligible for the credit under this section, the taxpayer must 13 apply to the department, on a form prescribed by the department, for 14 certification of the credit. The department shall only accept applications 15 beginning January 2 through January 31 of the year following the calendar year for which the credit is being requested. The application shall include: 16

17 1. The name, address and social security number or federal employer 18 identification number of the applicant.

19 2. The location of the taxpayer's facility that produces electricity 20 using renewable energy resources for which the credit is claimed.

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The amount of the credit that is claimed. 3.

22 4. The date the gualified energy generator began producing 23 commercially marketable amounts of electricity.

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5. Any additional information that the department requires.

25 G. The department shall review each application under subsection F of this section and certify to the taxpayer the amount of the credit that is 26 27 authorized. The amount of the credit for any calendar year shall not exceed 28 two million dollars per facility that produces electricity using renewable 29 energy resources. Credits are allowed under this section and section 30 43-1164.03 on a first come, first served basis. The department shall not 31 authorize tax credits under this section and section 43-1164.03 that exceed 32 in the aggregate a total of twenty million dollars for any calendar year. 33 The first time that a taxpayer submits a qualified application for a 34 qualified energy generator under subsection F of this section, the 35 department shall add the taxpayer's name to a credit authorization list that 36 is maintained in the order in which qualified applications are first received 37 by the department on behalf of the qualified energy generator. A taxpayer's 38 position on the credit authorization list shall be determined in the first 39 year the taxpayer submits an application under subsection F of this section 40 for the qualified energy generator. The taxpayer's position on the credit 41 authorization list for a particular qualified energy generator shall remain 42 unchanged for the ten years that are specified in subsection B, paragraph 2 43 of this section or until a year in which the taxpayer fails to submit a 44 timely application under subsection F of this section or otherwise fails to 45 comply with this section. If a taxpayer is removed from the credit

1 authorization list for a qualified energy generator, the taxpayer may 2 establish a new position on the credit authorization list in a subsequent 3 year by filing a timely application for a qualified energy generator that 4 qualifies for the credit. If an application is received that, if authorized, 5 would require the department to exceed the twenty million dollar limit, the department shall grant the applicant only the remaining credit amount that 6 7 would not exceed the twenty million dollar limit. After the department 8 authorizes twenty million dollars in tax credits, the department shall deny 9 any subsequent applications that are received for that calendar year. The 10 department shall not authorize any additional tax credits that exceed the 11 twenty million dollar limit even if the amounts that have been certified to 12 any taxpayer were not claimed or a taxpayer otherwise fails to meet the 13 requirements to claim the additional credit.

H. Co-owners of a qualified energy generator, including partners in a partnership, members of a limited liability company and shareholders of an S corporation as defined in section 1361 of the internal revenue code, may each claim the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners of the qualified energy generator may not exceed the amount that would have been allowed for a sole owner of the generator.

I. If the allowable tax credit for a taxpayer exceeds the taxes otherwise due under this title on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the amount of the claim not used to offset taxes under this title may be carried forward for not more than five TWENTY consecutive taxable years as a credit against subsequent years' income tax liability.

J. The department shall adopt rules and publish and prescribe forms
and procedures as necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section.

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K. For the purposes of this section:

30 1. "Biomass" means organic material that is available on a renewable 31 or recurring basis, including:

32 (a) Forest-related materials, including mill residues, logging 33 residues, forest thinnings, slash, brush, low-commercial value materials or 34 undesirable species, salt cedar and other phreatophyte or woody vegetation 35 removed from river basins or watersheds and woody material harvested for the 36 purpose of forest fire fuel reduction or forest health and watershed 37 improvement.

(b) Agricultural-related materials, including orchard trees, vineyard,
grain or crop residues, including straws and stover, aquatic plants and
agricultural processed coproducts and waste products, including fats, oils,
greases, whey and lactose.

42 (c) Animal waste, including manure and slaughterhouse and other 43 processing waste.

(d) Solid woody waste materials, including landscape or right-of-way
tree trimmings, rangeland maintenance residues, waste pallets, crates and

1 manufacturing, construction and demolition wood wastes, excluding 2 pressure-treated, chemically-treated or painted wood wastes and wood 3 contaminated with plastic.

4 (e) Crops and trees planted for the purpose of being used to produce 5 energy.

6 (f) Landfill gas, wastewater treatment gas and biosolids, including 7 organic waste byproducts generated during the wastewater treatment process.

8 2. "Qualified energy generator" means a facility that has at least 9 five megawatts generating capacity, that is located on land in this state 10 owned or leased by the taxpayer, that produces electricity using a qualified 11 energy resource and that sells that electricity to an unrelated entity, 12 unless the electricity is sold to a public service corporation.

3. "Qualified energy resource" means a resource that generates
electricity through the use of only the following energy sources:

- 15 (a) Solar light.
- 16 (b) Solar heat.
- 17 (c) Wind.
  - (d) Biomass.

19 Sec. 2. Section 43-1164.03, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 20 read:

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43-1164.03. <u>Renewable energy production tax credit; definitions</u>

A. A credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for the production of electricity using renewable energy resources.

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B. The taxpayer is eligible for the credit:

I. If the taxpayer holds title to a qualified energy generator that
first produces electricity from and after December 31, 2010 and before
January 1, 2021.

28 2. For ten consecutive calendar years beginning with the calendar year 29 in which the qualified energy generator begins producing electricity that is 30 transmitted through a transmission facility to a grid connection with a 31 public or private electric transmission or distribution utility system. That 32 same date applies with respect to that generator until the expiration of the 33 ten-year period regardless of whether the generator is sold to another 34 taxpayer or goes out of production before the expiration of the ten-year 35 period.

C. The credit authorized by this section is based on the electricity that is generated by a qualified energy generator during a calendar year. For a taxpayer that files on a fiscal year basis, the credit shall be claimed on the return for the taxable year in which the calendar year ends.

40 D. Subject to subsection G of this section, the amount of the credit 41 is:

One cent per kilowatt-hour of the first two hundred thousand
megawatt-hours of electricity produced by a qualified energy generator in the
calendar year using a wind or biomass derived qualified energy resource.

2. The following amounts for electricity produced by a qualified
energy generator using a solar light derived or solar heat derived qualified
energy resource:

4 5 (a) Four cents per kilowatt-hour in the first calendar year in which the qualified energy generator produces electricity.

6 7

(b) Four cents per kilowatt-hour in the second calendar year in which the qualified energy generator produces electricity.

8 (c) Three and one-half cents per kilowatt-hour in the third calendar 9 year in which the qualified energy generator produces electricity.

(d) Three and one-half cents per kilowatt-hour in the fourth calendar
year in which the qualified energy generator produces electricity.

(e) Three cents per kilowatt-hour in the fifth calendar year in whichthe qualified energy generator produces electricity.

14 (f) Three cents per kilowatt-hour in the sixth calendar year in which 15 the qualified energy generator produces electricity.

16 (g) Two cents per kilowatt-hour in the seventh calendar year in which 17 the qualified energy generator produces electricity.

18 (h) Two cents per kilowatt-hour in the eighth calendar year in which19 the qualified energy generator produces electricity.

20 (i) One and one-half cents per kilowatt-hour in the ninth calendar 21 year in which the qualified energy generator produces electricity.

(j) One cent per kilowatt-hour in the tenth calendar year in which thequalified energy generator produces electricity.

E. To qualify for the purposes of this section, an energy generator may be located within one mile of an existing qualified energy generator only if the owner of the energy generator or the owner's corporate affiliates are not the owner of or the corporate affiliate of the owner of the existing qualified energy generator.

F. To be eligible for the credit under this section, the taxpayer must apply to the department, on a form prescribed by the department, for certification of the credit. The department shall only accept applications beginning January 2 through January 31 of the year following the calendar year for which the credit is being requested. The application shall include:

The name, address and social security number or federal employer
identification number of the applicant.

36 2. The location of the taxpayer's facility that produces electricity
37 using renewable energy resources for which the credit is claimed.

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3. The amount of the credit that is claimed.

39 4. The date the qualified energy generator began producing40 commercially marketable amounts of electricity.

41

5. Any additional information that the department requires.

G. The department shall review each application under subsection F of this section and certify to the taxpayer the amount of the credit that is authorized. The amount of the credit for any calendar year shall not exceed two million dollars per facility that produces electricity using renewable

1 energy resources. Credits are allowed under this section and section 2 43-1083.02 on a first come, first served basis. The department shall not 3 authorize tax credits under this section and section 43-1083.02 that exceed 4 in the aggregate a total of twenty million dollars for any calendar year. 5 The first time that a taxpayer submits a qualified application for a qualified energy generator under subsection F of this section, the 6 7 department shall add the taxpayer's name to a credit authorization list that 8 is maintained in the order in which qualified applications are first received 9 by the department on behalf of the qualified energy generator. A taxpayer's 10 position on the credit authorization list shall be determined in the first 11 year the taxpayer submits an application under subsection F of this section 12 for the qualified energy generator. The taxpayer's position on the credit 13 authorization list for a particular qualified energy generator shall remain 14 unchanged for the ten years that are specified in subsection B, paragraph 2 15 of this section or until a year in which the taxpayer fails to submit a 16 timely application under subsection F of this section or otherwise fails to 17 comply with this section. If a taxpayer is removed from the credit 18 authorization list for a qualified energy generator, the taxpayer may 19 establish a new position on the credit authorization list in a subsequent 20 year by filing a timely application for a qualified energy generator that 21 qualifies for the credit. If an application is received that, if authorized, 22 would require the department to exceed the twenty million dollar limit, the 23 department shall grant the applicant only the remaining credit amount that 24 would not exceed the twenty million dollar limit. After the department 25 authorizes twenty million dollars in tax credits, the department shall deny 26 any subsequent applications that are received for that calendar year. The 27 department shall not authorize any additional tax credits that exceed the 28 twenty million dollar limit even if the amounts that have been certified to 29 any taxpayer were not claimed or a taxpayer otherwise fails to meet the 30 requirements to claim the additional credit.

H. Co-owners of a qualified energy generator, including corporate partners in a partnership and members of a limited liability company, may each claim the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners of the qualified energy generator may not exceed the amount that would have been allowed for a sole owner of the generator.

I. If the allowable tax credit for a taxpayer exceeds the taxes otherwise due under this title on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the amount of the claim not used to offset taxes under this title may be carried forward for not more than five TWENTY consecutive taxable years as a credit against subsequent years' income tax liability.

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(b) Agricultural-related materials, including orchard trees, vineyard, 10 11 grain or crop residues, including straws and stover, aquatic plants and 12 agricultural processed coproducts and waste products, including fats, oils, 13 greases, whey and lactose.

14 (c) Animal waste, including manure and slaughterhouse and other 15 processing waste.

(d) Solid woody waste materials, including landscape or right-of-way 16 17 tree trimmings, rangeland maintenance residues, waste pallets, crates and 18 manufacturing, construction and demolition wood wastes, excluding 19 pressure-treated, chemically-treated or painted wood wastes and wood 20 contaminated with plastic.

21 (e) Crops and trees planted for the purpose of being used to produce 22 energy.

23 (f) Landfill gas, wastewater treatment gas and biosolids, including 24 organic waste byproducts generated during the wastewater treatment process.

25 2. "Qualified energy generator" means a facility that has at least 26 five megawatts generating capacity, that is located on land in this state 27 owned or leased by the taxpayer, that produces electricity using a qualified 28 energy resource and that sells that electricity to an unrelated entity, 29 unless the electricity is sold to a public service corporation.

30 3. "Qualified energy resource" means a resource that generates 31 electricity through the use of only the following energy sources:

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