

PROPOSED AMENDMENT
SENATE AMENDMENTS TO H.B. 2036
(Reference to House engrossed bill)

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert:

2 "Section 1. Section 36-449.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
3 read:

4 36-449.01. Definitions

5 In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

6 1. "Abortion" means the use of any means with the intent to terminate
7 a woman's pregnancy for reasons other than to increase the probability of a
8 live birth, to preserve the life or health of the child after a live birth,
9 to terminate an ectopic pregnancy or to remove a dead fetus. Abortion does
10 not include birth control devices or oral contraceptives.

11 2. "Abortion clinic" means a facility, other than a hospital, in which
12 five or more first trimester abortions in any month or any second or third
13 trimester abortions are performed.

14 3. "Director" means the director of the department of health services.

15 4. "MEDICATION ABORTION" MEANS THE USE OF ANY MEDICATION, DRUG OR
16 OTHER SUBSTANCE THAT IS INTENDED TO CAUSE OR INDUCE AN ABORTION.

17 ~~4.~~ 5. "Perform" includes the initial administration of any
18 medication, drug or other substance intended to cause or induce an abortion.

19 6. "SURGICAL ABORTION" HAS THE SAME MEANING PRESCRIBED IN SECTION
20 36-2151.

21 ~~5.~~ 7. "Viable fetus" has the same meaning prescribed in section
22 36-2301.01.

23 Sec. 2. Section 36-449.03, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
24 read:

25 36-449.03. Abortion clinics; rules; civil penalties

26 A. The director shall adopt rules for an abortion clinic's physical
27 facilities. At a minimum these rules shall prescribe standards for:

28 1. Adequate private space that is specifically designated for
29 interviewing, counseling and medical evaluations.

30 2. Dressing rooms for staff and patients.

31 3. Appropriate lavatory areas.

32 4. Areas for preprocedure hand washing.

33 5. Private procedure rooms.

- 1 6. Adequate lighting and ventilation for abortion procedures.
- 2 7. Surgical or gynecologic examination tables and other fixed
3 equipment.
- 4 8. Postprocedure recovery rooms that are supervised, staffed and
5 equipped to meet the patients' needs.
- 6 9. Emergency exits to accommodate a stretcher or gurney.
- 7 10. Areas for cleaning and sterilizing instruments.
- 8 11. Adequate areas for the secure storage of medical records and
9 necessary equipment and supplies.
- 10 12. The display in the abortion clinic, in a place that is conspicuous
11 to all patients, of the clinic's current license issued by the department.
- 12 B. The director shall adopt rules to prescribe abortion clinic
13 supplies and equipment standards, including supplies and equipment that are
14 required to be immediately available for use or in an emergency. At a
15 minimum these rules shall:
 - 16 1. Prescribe required equipment and supplies, including medications,
17 required for the conduct, in an appropriate fashion, of any abortion
18 procedure that the medical staff of the clinic anticipates performing and for
19 monitoring the progress of each patient throughout the procedure and recovery
20 period.
 - 21 2. Require that the number or amount of equipment and supplies at the
22 clinic is adequate at all times to assure sufficient quantities of clean and
23 sterilized durable equipment and supplies to meet the needs of each patient.
 - 24 3. Prescribe required equipment, supplies and medications that shall
25 be available and ready for immediate use in an emergency and requirements for
26 written protocols and procedures to be followed by staff in an emergency,
27 such as the loss of electrical power.
 - 28 4. Prescribe required equipment and supplies for required laboratory
29 tests and requirements for protocols to calibrate and maintain laboratory
30 equipment at the abortion clinic or operated by clinic staff.
 - 31 5. Require ultrasound equipment ~~in those facilities that provide~~
32 ~~abortions after twelve weeks' gestation.~~
 - 33 6. Require that all equipment is safe for the patient and the staff,
34 meets applicable federal standards and is checked annually to ensure safety
35 and appropriate calibration.
- 36 C. The director shall adopt rules relating to abortion clinic
37 personnel. At a minimum these rules shall require that:

1 1. The abortion clinic designate a medical director of the abortion
2 clinic who is licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 13, 17 or 29.

3 2. Physicians performing ~~surgery~~ ABORTIONS are licensed pursuant to
4 title 32, chapter 13 or 17, demonstrate competence in the procedure involved
5 and are acceptable to the medical director of the abortion clinic.

6 3. A physician ~~with admitting privileges at an accredited hospital in~~
7 ~~this state~~ is available: ~~—~~

8 (a) FOR A SURGICAL ABORTION WHO HAS ADMITTING PRIVILEGES AT A HEALTH
9 CARE INSTITUTION THAT IS CLASSIFIED BY THE DIRECTOR AS A HOSPITAL PURSUANT TO
10 SECTION 36-405, SUBSECTION B AND THAT IS WITHIN THIRTY MILES OF THE ABORTION
11 CLINIC.

12 (b) FOR A MEDICATION ABORTION WHO HAS ADMITTING PRIVILEGES AT A HEALTH
13 CARE INSTITUTION THAT IS CLASSIFIED BY THE DIRECTOR AS A HOSPITAL PURSUANT TO
14 SECTION 36-405, SUBSECTION B.

15 4. If a physician is not present, a registered nurse, nurse
16 practitioner, licensed practical nurse or ~~physician's~~ PHYSICIAN assistant is
17 present and remains at the clinic when abortions are performed to provide
18 postoperative monitoring and care, OR MONITORING AND CARE AFTER INDUCING A
19 MEDICATION ABORTION, until each patient who had an abortion that day is
20 discharged.

21 5. Surgical assistants receive training in counseling, patient
22 advocacy and the specific responsibilities of the services the surgical
23 assistants provide.

24 6. Volunteers receive training in the specific responsibilities of the
25 services the volunteers provide, including counseling and patient advocacy as
26 provided in the rules adopted by the director for different types of
27 volunteers based on their responsibilities.

28 D. The director shall adopt rules relating to the medical screening
29 and evaluation of each abortion clinic patient. At a minimum these rules
30 shall require:

31 1. A medical history, including the following:

32 (a) Reported allergies to medications, antiseptic solutions or latex.

33 (b) Obstetric and gynecologic history.

34 (c) Past surgeries.

35 2. A physical examination, including a bimanual examination estimating
36 uterine size and palpation of the adnexa.

37 3. The appropriate laboratory tests, including:

1 (a) ~~For an abortion in which an ultrasound examination is not~~
2 ~~performed before the abortion procedure,~~ Urine or blood tests for pregnancy
3 performed before the abortion procedure.

4 (b) A test for anemia.

5 (c) Rh typing, unless reliable written documentation of blood type is
6 available.

7 (d) Other tests as indicated from the physical examination.

8 4. An ultrasound evaluation for all patients ~~who elect to have an~~
9 ~~abortion after twelve weeks' gestation.~~ The rules shall require that if a
10 person who is not a physician performs an ultrasound examination, that person
11 shall have documented evidence that the person completed a course in the
12 operation of ultrasound equipment as prescribed in rule. The physician or
13 other health care professional shall review, at the request of the patient,
14 the ultrasound evaluation results with the patient before the abortion
15 procedure is performed, including the probable gestational age of the fetus.

16 5. That the physician is responsible for estimating the gestational
17 age of the fetus based on the ultrasound examination and obstetric standards
18 in keeping with established standards of care regarding the estimation of
19 fetal age as defined in rule and shall write the estimate in the patient's
20 medical history. The physician shall keep original prints of each ultrasound
21 examination of a patient in the patient's medical history file.

22 E. The director shall adopt rules relating to the abortion procedure.
23 At a minimum these rules shall require:

24 1. That medical personnel is available to all patients throughout the
25 abortion procedure.

26 2. Standards for the safe conduct of abortion procedures that conform
27 to obstetric standards in keeping with established standards of care
28 regarding the estimation of fetal age as defined in rule.

29 3. Appropriate use of local anesthesia, analgesia and sedation if
30 ordered by the physician.

31 4. The use of appropriate precautions, such as the establishment of
32 intravenous access at least for patients undergoing second or third trimester
33 abortions.

34 5. The use of appropriate monitoring of the vital signs and other
35 defined signs and markers of the patient's status throughout the abortion
36 procedure and during the recovery period until the patient's condition is
37 deemed to be stable in the recovery room.

1 6. THAT ANY MEDICATION, DRUG OR OTHER SUBSTANCE USED TO INDUCE AN
2 ABORTION IS ADMINISTERED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROTOCOL THAT IS AUTHORIZED
3 BY THE UNITED STATES FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION AND THAT IS OUTLINED IN THE
4 FINAL PRINTING LABELING INSTRUCTIONS FOR THAT MEDICATION, DRUG OR SUBSTANCE.

5 F. The director shall adopt rules that prescribe minimum recovery room
6 standards. At a minimum these rules shall require that:

7 1. FOR A SURGICAL ABORTION, immediate postprocedure care, OR CARE
8 PROVIDED AFTER INDUCING A MEDICATION ABORTION, consists of observation in a
9 supervised recovery room for as long as the patient's condition warrants.

10 2. The clinic arrange hospitalization if any complication beyond the
11 management capability of the staff occurs or is suspected.

12 3. A licensed health professional who is trained in the management of
13 the recovery area and is capable of providing basic cardiopulmonary
14 resuscitation and related emergency procedures remains on the premises of the
15 abortion clinic until all patients are discharged.

16 4. FOR A SURGICAL ABORTION, a physician with admitting privileges at
17 ~~an accredited hospital in this state~~ A HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION THAT IS
18 CLASSIFIED BY THE DIRECTOR AS A HOSPITAL PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-405,
19 SUBSECTION B AND THAT IS WITHIN THIRTY MILES OF THE ABORTION CLINIC remains
20 on the premises of the abortion clinic until all patients are stable and are
21 ready to leave the recovery room and to facilitate the transfer of emergency
22 cases if hospitalization of the patient or viable fetus is necessary. A
23 physician shall sign the discharge order and be readily accessible and
24 available until the last patient is discharged.

25 5. A physician discusses Rh0(d) immune globulin with each patient for
26 whom it is indicated and assures it is offered to the patient in the
27 immediate postoperative period or that it will be available to her within
28 seventy-two hours after completion of the abortion procedure. If the patient
29 refuses, a refusal form approved by the department shall be signed by the
30 patient and a witness and included in the medical record.

31 6. Written instructions with regard to postabortion coitus, signs of
32 possible problems and general aftercare are given to each patient. Each
33 patient shall have specific instructions regarding access to medical care for
34 complications, including a telephone number to call for medical emergencies.

35 7. There is a specified minimum length of time that a patient remains
36 in the recovery room by type of abortion procedure and duration of gestation.

1 8. The physician assures that a licensed health professional from the
2 abortion clinic makes a good faith effort to contact the patient by
3 telephone, with the patient's consent, within twenty-four hours after ~~surgery~~
4 **A SURGICAL ABORTION** to assess the patient's recovery.

5 9. Equipment and services are located in the recovery room to provide
6 appropriate emergency resuscitative and life support procedures pending the
7 transfer of the patient or viable fetus to the hospital.

8 G. The director shall adopt rules that prescribe standards for
9 follow-up visits. At a minimum these rules shall require that:

10 1. **FOR A SURGICAL ABORTION**, a postabortion medical visit is offered
11 and, if requested, scheduled for three weeks after the abortion, including a
12 medical examination and a review of the results of all laboratory tests. **FOR**
13 **A MEDICATION ABORTION, THE RULES SHALL REQUIRE THAT A POSTABORTION MEDICAL**
14 **VISIT IS SCHEDULED BETWEEN ONE WEEK AND THREE WEEKS AFTER THE INITIAL DOSE OF**
15 **A MEDICATION ABORTION TO CONFIRM THE PREGNANCY IS COMPLETELY TERMINATED AND**
16 **TO ASSESS THE DEGREE OF BLEEDING.**

17 2. A urine pregnancy test is obtained at the time of the follow-up
18 visit to rule out continuing pregnancy. If a continuing pregnancy is
19 suspected, the patient shall be evaluated and a physician who performs
20 abortions shall be consulted.

21 H. The director shall adopt rules to prescribe minimum abortion clinic
22 incident reporting. At a minimum these rules shall require that:

23 1. The abortion clinic records each incident resulting in a patient's
24 or viable fetus' serious injury occurring at an abortion clinic and shall
25 report them in writing to the department within ten days after the incident.
26 For the purposes of this paragraph, "serious injury" means an injury that
27 occurs at an abortion clinic and that creates a serious risk of substantial
28 impairment of a major body organ **AND INCLUDES ANY INJURY OR CONDITION THAT**
29 **REQUIRES AMBULANCE TRANSPORTATION OF THE PATIENT.**

30 2. If a patient's death occurs, other than a fetal death properly
31 reported pursuant to law, the abortion clinic reports it to the department
32 not later than the next department work day.

33 3. Incident reports are filed with the department and appropriate
34 professional regulatory boards.

35 **I. THE DIRECTOR SHALL ADOPT RULES RELATING TO ENFORCEMENT OF THIS**
36 **ARTICLE. AT A MINIMUM, THESE RULES SHALL REQUIRE THAT:**

37 **1. FOR AN ABORTION CLINIC THAT IS NOT IN SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE WITH**
38 **THIS ARTICLE AND THE RULES ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE OR THAT IS IN**

1 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE BUT REFUSES TO CARRY OUT A PLAN OF CORRECTION
2 ACCEPTABLE TO THE DEPARTMENT OF ANY DEFICIENCIES THAT ARE LISTED ON THE
3 DEPARTMENT'S STATE OF DEFICIENCY, THE DEPARTMENT MAY DO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:

- 4 (a) ASSESS A CIVIL PENALTY PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-431.01.
- 5 (b) IMPOSE AN INTERMEDIATE SANCTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-427.
- 6 (c) SUSPEND OR REVOKE A LICENSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-427.
- 7 (d) DENY A LICENSE.
- 8 (e) BRING AN ACTION FOR AN INJUNCTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-430.

9 2. IN DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATE ENFORCEMENT ACTION, THE DEPARTMENT
10 CONSIDERS THE THREAT OF THE HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE OF THE ABORTION
11 CLINIC'S PATIENTS OR THE GENERAL PUBLIC, INCLUDING:

- 12 (a) WHETHER THE ABORTION CLINIC HAS REPEATED VIOLATIONS OF STATUTES OR
13 RULES.
- 14 (b) WHETHER THE ABORTION CLINIC HAS ENGAGED IN A PATTERN OF
15 NONCOMPLIANCE.
- 16 (c) THE TYPE, SEVERITY AND NUMBER OF VIOLATIONS.

17 ~~J.~~ J. The department shall not release personally identifiable
18 patient or physician information.

19 ~~K.~~ K. The rules adopted by the director pursuant to this section do
20 not limit the ability of a physician or other health professional to advise a
21 patient on any health issue.

22 Sec. 3. Section 36-2151, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
23 36-2151. Definitions

24 In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

25 1. "Abortion" means the use of any means to terminate the clinically
26 diagnosable pregnancy of a woman with knowledge that the termination by those
27 means will cause, with reasonable likelihood, the death of the unborn child.
28 Abortion does not include birth control devices, oral contraceptives used to
29 inhibit or prevent ovulation, conception or the implantation of a fertilized
30 ovum in the uterus or the use of any means to ~~increase the probability of a~~
31 ~~live birth~~ SAVE THE LIFE OR PRESERVE THE HEALTH OF THE UNBORN CHILD, to
32 preserve the life or health of the child after a live birth, to terminate an
33 ectopic pregnancy or to remove a dead fetus.

34 2. "Auscultation" means the act of listening for sounds made by
35 internal organs of the unborn child, specifically for a heartbeat, using an
36 ultrasound transducer and fetal heart rate monitor.

37 3. "Conception" means the fusion of a human spermatozoon with a human
38 ovum.

1 4. "Gestational age" means the age of the unborn child as calculated
2 from the first day of the last menstrual period of the pregnant woman.

3 5. "Health professional" has the same meaning prescribed in section
4 32-3201.

5 6. "Medical emergency" means a condition that, on the basis of the
6 physician's good faith clinical judgment, so complicates the medical
7 condition of a pregnant woman as to necessitate the immediate abortion of her
8 pregnancy to avert her death or for which a delay will create serious risk of
9 substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function.

10 7. "MEDICATION ABORTION" MEANS THE USE OF ANY MEDICATION, DRUG OR
11 OTHER SUBSTANCE THAT IS INTENDED TO CAUSE OR INDUCE AN ABORTION.

12 ~~7.~~ 8. "Physician" means a person who is licensed pursuant to title
13 32, chapter 13 or 17.

14 ~~8.~~ 9. "Pregnant" or "pregnancy" means a female reproductive condition
15 of having a developing unborn child in the body and that begins with
16 conception.

17 ~~9.~~ 10. "Probable gestational age" means the gestational age of the
18 unborn child at the time the abortion is planned to be performed and as
19 determined with reasonable probability by the attending physician.

20 ~~10.~~ 11. "Surgical abortion" means the use of a surgical instrument or
21 a machine to terminate the clinically diagnosable pregnancy of a woman with
22 knowledge that the termination by those means will cause, with reasonable
23 likelihood, the death of the unborn child. Surgical abortion does not
24 include the use of any means to increase the probability of a live birth, to
25 preserve the life or health of the child after a live birth, to terminate an
26 ectopic pregnancy or to remove a dead fetus. Surgical abortion does not
27 include patient care incidental to the procedure.

28 ~~11.~~ 12. "Ultrasound" means the use of ultrasonic waves for diagnostic
29 or therapeutic purposes to monitor a developing unborn child.

30 ~~12.~~ 13. "Unborn child" means the offspring of human beings from
31 conception until birth.

32 Sec. 4. Section 36-2152, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

33 36-2152. Parental consent; exception; hearings; time limits;
34 violation; classification; civil relief; statute of
35 limitations

36 A. In addition to the OTHER requirements of ~~section 36-2153~~ THIS
37 CHAPTER, a person shall not knowingly perform an abortion on a pregnant
38 unemancipated minor unless the attending physician has secured the written

1 and notarized consent from one of the minor's parents or the minor's guardian
2 or conservator or unless a judge of the superior court authorizes the
3 physician to perform the abortion pursuant to subsection B of this section.
4 Notwithstanding section 41-319, the notarized statement of parental consent
5 and the description of the document or notarial act recorded in the notary
6 journal are confidential and are not public records.

7 B. A judge of the superior court, on petition or motion, and after an
8 appropriate hearing, shall authorize a physician to perform the abortion if
9 the judge determines that the pregnant minor is mature and capable of giving
10 informed consent to the proposed abortion. If the judge determines that the
11 pregnant minor is not mature or if the pregnant minor does not claim to be
12 mature, the judge shall determine whether the performance of an abortion on
13 her without the consent from one of her parents or her guardian or
14 conservator would be in her best interests and shall authorize a physician to
15 perform the abortion without consent if the judge concludes that the pregnant
16 minor's best interests would be served.

17 C. If the pregnant minor claims to be mature at a proceeding held
18 pursuant to subsection B of this section, the minor must prove by clear and
19 convincing evidence that she is sufficiently mature and capable of giving
20 informed consent without consulting her parent or legal guardian based on her
21 experience level, perspective and judgment. In assessing the pregnant
22 minor's experience level, the court may consider, among other relevant
23 factors, the minor's age and experiences working outside the home, living
24 away from home, traveling on her own, handling personal finances and making
25 other significant decisions. In assessing the pregnant minor's perspective,
26 the court may consider, among other relevant factors, what steps the minor
27 took to explore her options and the extent to which she considered and
28 weighed the potential consequences of each option. In assessing the pregnant
29 minor's judgment, the court may consider, among other relevant factors, the
30 minor's conduct since learning of her pregnancy and her intellectual ability
31 to understand her options and to make an informed decision.

32 D. The pregnant minor may participate in the court proceedings on her
33 own behalf. The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for her. The court
34 shall advise her that she has the right to court appointed counsel and, on
35 her request, shall provide her with counsel unless she appears through
36 private counsel or she knowingly and intelligently waives her right to
37 counsel.

1 E. Proceedings in the court under this section are confidential and
2 have precedence over other pending matters. Members of the public shall not
3 inspect, obtain copies of or otherwise have access to records of court
4 proceedings under this section unless authorized by law. A judge who
5 conducts proceedings under this section shall make in writing specific
6 factual findings and legal conclusions supporting the decision and shall
7 order a confidential record of the evidence to be maintained, including the
8 judge's own findings and conclusions. The minor may file the petition using
9 a fictitious name. For purposes of this subsection, public does not include
10 judges, clerks, administrators, professionals or other persons employed by or
11 working under the supervision of the court or employees of other public
12 agencies who are authorized by state or federal rule or law to inspect and
13 copy closed court records.

14 F. The court shall hold the hearing and shall issue a ruling within
15 forty-eight hours, excluding weekends and holidays, after the petition is
16 filed. If the court fails to issue a ruling within this time period, the
17 petition is deemed to have been granted and the consent requirement is
18 waived.

19 G. An expedited confidential appeal is available to a pregnant minor
20 for whom the court denies an order authorizing an abortion without parental
21 consent. The appellate court shall hold the hearing and issue a ruling
22 within forty-eight hours, excluding weekends and holidays, after the petition
23 for appellate review is filed. Filing fees are not required of the pregnant
24 minor at either the trial or the appellate level.

25 H. Parental consent or judicial authorization is not required under
26 this section if either:

27 1. The pregnant minor certifies to the attending physician that the
28 pregnancy resulted from sexual conduct with a minor by the minor's parent,
29 stepparent, uncle, grandparent, sibling, adoptive parent, legal guardian or
30 foster parent or by a person who lives in the same household with the minor
31 and the minor's mother. The physician performing the abortion shall report
32 the sexual conduct with a minor to the proper law enforcement officials
33 pursuant to section 13-3620 and shall preserve and forward a sample of the
34 fetal tissue to these officials for use in a criminal investigation.

35 2. The attending physician certifies in the pregnant minor's medical
36 record that, on the basis of the physician's good faith clinical judgment,
37 the pregnant minor has a condition that so complicates her medical condition
38 as to necessitate the immediate abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death

1 or for which a delay will create serious risk of substantial and irreversible
2 impairment of major bodily function.

3 I. A person who performs an abortion in violation of this section is
4 guilty of a class 1 misdemeanor. A person is not subject to any liability
5 under this section if the person establishes by written evidence that the
6 person relied on evidence sufficient to convince a careful and prudent person
7 that the representations of the pregnant minor regarding information
8 necessary to comply with this section are true.

9 J. In addition to other remedies available under the common or
10 statutory law of this state, one or both of the minor's parents or the
11 minor's guardian may bring a civil action in the superior court in the county
12 in which the parents or the guardian resides to obtain appropriate relief for
13 a violation of this section, unless the pregnancy resulted from the criminal
14 conduct of the parent or guardian. The civil action may be based on a claim
15 that failure to obtain consent was a result of simple negligence, gross
16 negligence, wantonness, wilfulness, intention or any other legal standard of
17 care. THE CIVIL ACTION MAY BE BROUGHT AGAINST THE PERSON WHO PERFORMS THE
18 ABORTION IN VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION AND ANY PERSON WHO CAUSES, AIDS OR
19 ASSISTS A MINOR TO OBTAIN AN ABORTION WITHOUT MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF
20 THIS SECTION. Relief pursuant to this subsection includes the following:

21 1. Money damages for all psychological, emotional and physical
22 injuries that result from the violation of this section.

23 2. Statutory damages in an amount equal to five thousand dollars or
24 three times the cost of the abortion, whichever is greater.

25 3. Reasonable attorney fees and costs.

26 K. A civil action brought pursuant to this section must be initiated
27 within six years after the violation occurred.

28 L. THE CONSENT REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION MUST BE OBTAINED ON A FORM
29 PRESCRIBED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES. AT A MINIMUM, THE FORM
30 MUST:

31 1. LIST THE POSSIBLE MEDICAL RISKS THAT MAY OCCUR WITH ANY SURGICAL,
32 MEDICAL OR DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE, INCLUDING THE POTENTIAL FOR INFECTION, BLOOD
33 CLOTS, HEMORRHAGE, ALLERGIC REACTIONS AND DEATH.

34 2. LIST THE POSSIBLE MEDICAL RISKS THAT MAY OCCUR WITH A SURGICAL
35 ABORTION, INCLUDING HEMORRHAGE, UTERINE PERFORATION, STERILITY, INJURY TO THE
36 BOWEL OR BLADDER, A POSSIBLE HYSTERECTOMY AS A RESULT OF A COMPLICATION
37 INJURY DURING THE PROCEDURE AND FAILURE TO REMOVE ALL PRODUCTS OF CONCEPTION
38 THAT MAY RESULT IN AN ADDITIONAL PROCEDURE.

1 3. LIST THE POSSIBLE MEDICAL RISKS THAT MAY OCCUR WITH A MEDICATION
2 ABORTION, INCLUDING HEMORRHAGE, INFECTION, FAILURE TO REMOVE ALL PRODUCTS OF
3 CONCEPTION THAT MAY RESULT IN AN ADDITIONAL PROCEDURE, STERILITY AND THE
4 POSSIBLE CONTINUATION OF THE PREGNANCY.

5 4. REQUIRE THE PATIENT'S AND THE PARENT'S INITIALS ON EACH PAGE OF THE
6 FORM AND A FULL SIGNATURE ON THE FINAL PAGE OF THE FORM.

7 5. INCLUDE A SPACE FOR THE NOTARY'S SIGNATURE AND SEAL ON THE FINAL
8 PAGE OF THE FORM.

9 M. THE PHYSICIAN MUST MAINTAIN THE FORM IN THE PATIENT'S RECORDS FOR
10 SEVEN YEARS AFTER THE DATE OF THE PROCEDURE OR FIVE YEARS AFTER THE DATE OF
11 THE MINOR'S MATURITY, WHICHEVER IS LONGER.

12 Sec. 5. Section 36-2153, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

13 36-2153. Informed consent; requirements; information; website;
14 signs; violation; civil relief; statute of
15 limitations

16 A. An abortion shall not be performed or induced without the voluntary
17 and informed consent of the woman on whom the abortion is to be performed or
18 induced. Except in the case of a medical emergency **AND IN ADDITION TO THE**
19 **OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF THIS CHAPTER**, consent to an abortion is voluntary and
20 informed only if all of the following are true:

21 1. At least twenty-four hours before the abortion, the physician who
22 is to perform the abortion or the referring physician has informed the woman,
23 orally and in person, of:

24 (a) The name of the physician who will perform the abortion.

25 (b) The nature of the proposed procedure or treatment.

26 (c) The immediate and long-term medical risks associated with the
27 procedure that a reasonable patient would consider material to the decision
28 of whether or not to undergo the abortion.

29 (d) Alternatives to the procedure or treatment that a reasonable
30 patient would consider material to the decision of whether or not to undergo
31 the abortion.

32 (e) The probable gestational age of the unborn child at the time the
33 abortion is to be performed.

34 (f) The probable anatomical and physiological characteristics of the
35 unborn child at the time the abortion is to be performed.

36 (g) The medical risks associated with carrying the child to term.

37 2. At least twenty-four hours before the abortion, the physician who
38 is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a qualified physician,

1 physician assistant, nurse, psychologist or licensed behavioral health
2 professional to whom the responsibility has been delegated by either
3 physician has informed the woman, orally and in person, that:

4 (a) Medical assistance benefits may be available for prenatal care,
5 childbirth and neonatal care.

6 (b) The father of the unborn child is liable to assist in the support
7 of the child, even if he has offered to pay for the abortion. In the case of
8 rape or incest, this information may be omitted.

9 (c) Public and private agencies and services are available to assist
10 the woman during her pregnancy and after the birth of her child if she
11 chooses not to have an abortion, whether she chooses to keep the child or
12 place the child for adoption.

13 (d) It is unlawful for any person to coerce a woman to undergo an
14 abortion.

15 (e) The woman is free to withhold or withdraw her consent to the
16 abortion at any time without affecting her right to future care or treatment
17 and without the loss of any state or federally funded benefits to which she
18 might otherwise be entitled.

19 (f) THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES MAINTAINS A WEBSITE THAT
20 DESCRIBES THE UNBORN CHILD AND LISTS THE AGENCIES THAT OFFER ALTERNATIVES TO
21 ABORTION.

22 (g) THE WOMAN HAS A RIGHT TO REVIEW THE WEBSITE AND THAT A PRINTED
23 COPY OF THE MATERIALS ON THE WEBSITE WILL BE PROVIDED TO HER FREE OF CHARGE
24 IF SHE CHOOSES TO REVIEW THESE MATERIALS.

25 3. The information in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection is
26 provided to the woman individually and in a private room to protect her
27 privacy and to ensure that the information focuses on her individual
28 circumstances and that she has adequate opportunity to ask questions.

29 4. The woman certifies in writing before the abortion that the
30 information required to be provided pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2 of this
31 subsection has been provided.

32 B. If a medical emergency compels the performance of an abortion, the
33 physician shall inform the woman, before the abortion if possible, of the
34 medical indications supporting the physician's judgment that an abortion is
35 necessary to avert the woman's death or to avert substantial and irreversible
36 impairment of a major bodily function.

37 C. THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES SHALL ESTABLISH A WEBSITE WITHIN
38 NINETY DAYS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS AMENDMENT TO THIS SECTION AND

1 SHALL ANNUALLY UPDATE THE WEBSITE. THE WEBSITE MUST INCLUDE A LINK TO A
2 PRINTABLE VERSION OF ALL MATERIALS LISTED ON THE WEBSITE. THE MATERIALS MUST
3 BE WRITTEN IN AN EASILY UNDERSTOOD MANNER AND PRINTED IN A TYPEFACE THAT IS
4 LARGE ENOUGH TO BE CLEARLY LEGIBLE. THE WEBSITE MUST INCLUDE ALL OF THE
5 FOLLOWING MATERIALS:

6 1. INFORMATION THAT IS ORGANIZED GEOGRAPHICALLY BY LOCATION AND THAT
7 IS DESIGNED TO INFORM THE WOMAN ABOUT PUBLIC AND PRIVATE AGENCIES AND
8 SERVICES THAT ARE AVAILABLE TO ASSIST A WOMAN THROUGH PREGNANCY, AT
9 CHILDBIRTH AND WHILE HER CHILD IS DEPENDENT, INCLUDING ADOPTION AGENCIES.
10 THE MATERIALS SHALL INCLUDE A COMPREHENSIVE LIST OF THE AGENCIES, A
11 DESCRIPTION OF THE SERVICES THEY OFFER AND THE MANNER IN WHICH THESE AGENCIES
12 MAY BE CONTACTED, INCLUDING THE AGENCIES' TELEPHONE NUMBERS AND WEBSITE
13 ADDRESSES.

14 2. INFORMATION ON THE AVAILABILITY OF MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BENEFITS FOR
15 PRENATAL CARE, CHILDBIRTH AND NEONATAL CARE.

16 3. A STATEMENT THAT IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON TO COERCE A WOMAN TO
17 UNDERGO AN ABORTION.

18 4. A STATEMENT THAT ANY PHYSICIAN WHO PERFORMS AN ABORTION ON A WOMAN
19 WITHOUT OBTAINING THE WOMAN'S VOLUNTARY AND INFORMED CONSENT OR WITHOUT
20 ACCORDING HER A PRIVATE MEDICAL CONSULTATION MAY BE LIABLE TO THE WOMAN FOR
21 DAMAGES IN A CIVIL ACTION.

22 5. A STATEMENT THAT THE FATHER OF A CHILD IS LIABLE TO ASSIST IN THE
23 SUPPORT OF THAT CHILD, EVEN IF THE FATHER HAS OFFERED TO PAY FOR AN ABORTION,
24 AND THAT THE LAW ALLOWS ADOPTIVE PARENTS TO PAY COSTS OF PRENATAL CARE,
25 CHILDBIRTH AND NEONATAL CARE.

26 6. INFORMATION THAT IS DESIGNED TO INFORM THE WOMAN OF THE PROBABLE
27 ANATOMICAL AND PHYSIOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE UNBORN CHILD AT TWO-WEEK
28 GESTATIONAL INCREMENTS FROM FERTILIZATION TO FULL TERM, INCLUDING PICTURES OR
29 DRAWINGS REPRESENTING THE DEVELOPMENT OF UNBORN CHILDREN AT TWO-WEEK
30 GESTATIONAL INCREMENTS AND ANY RELEVANT INFORMATION ON THE POSSIBILITY OF THE
31 UNBORN CHILD'S SURVIVAL. THE PICTURES OR DRAWINGS MUST CONTAIN THE
32 DIMENSIONS OF THE UNBORN CHILD AND MUST BE REALISTIC AND APPROPRIATE FOR EACH
33 STAGE OF PREGNANCY. THE INFORMATION PROVIDED PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH MUST
34 BE OBJECTIVE, NONJUDGMENTAL AND DESIGNED TO CONVEY ONLY ACCURATE SCIENTIFIC
35 INFORMATION ABOUT THE UNBORN CHILD AT THE VARIOUS GESTATIONAL AGES.

36 7. OBJECTIVE INFORMATION THAT DESCRIBES THE METHODS OF ABORTION
37 PROCEDURES COMMONLY EMPLOYED, THE MEDICAL RISKS COMMONLY ASSOCIATED WITH EACH

1 PROCEDURE, THE POSSIBLE DETRIMENTAL PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS OF ABORTION AND THE
2 MEDICAL RISKS COMMONLY ASSOCIATED WITH CARRYING A CHILD TO TERM.

3 ~~E.~~ D. An individual who is not a physician shall not perform a
4 surgical abortion.

5 ~~D.~~ E. A person shall not write or communicate a prescription for a
6 drug or drugs to induce an abortion or require or obtain payment for a
7 service provided to a patient who has inquired about an abortion or scheduled
8 an abortion until the expiration of the twenty-four hour reflection period
9 required by subsection A OF THIS SECTION.

10 ~~E.~~ F. A person shall not intimidate or coerce in any way any person
11 to obtain an abortion. A parent, A guardian or any other person shall not
12 coerce a minor to obtain an abortion. If a minor is denied financial support
13 by the minor's parents, guardians or custodian due to the minor's refusal to
14 have an abortion performed, the minor is deemed emancipated for the purposes
15 of eligibility for public assistance benefits, except that the emancipated
16 minor may not use these benefits to obtain an abortion.

17 G. AN ABORTION CLINIC AS DEFINED IN SECTION 36-449.01 SHALL
18 CONSPICUOUSLY POST SIGNS THAT ARE VISIBLE TO ALL WHO ENTER THE ABORTION
19 CLINIC, THAT ARE CLEARLY READABLE AND THAT STATE IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY
20 PERSON TO FORCE A WOMAN TO HAVE AN ABORTION AND A WOMAN WHO IS BEING FORCED
21 TO HAVE AN ABORTION HAS THE RIGHT TO CONTACT ANY LOCAL OR STATE LAW
22 ENFORCEMENT OR SOCIAL SERVICE AGENCY TO RECEIVE PROTECTION FROM ANY ACTUAL OR
23 THREATENED PHYSICAL, EMOTIONAL OR PSYCHOLOGICAL ABUSE. THE SIGNS SHALL BE
24 POSTED IN THE WAITING ROOM, CONSULTATION ROOMS AND PROCEDURE ROOMS.

25 H. A PERSON SHALL NOT REQUIRE A WOMAN TO OBTAIN AN ABORTION AS A
26 PROVISION IN CONTRACT OR AS A CONDITION OF EMPLOYMENT.

27 ~~F.~~ I. A physician who knowingly violates this section commits an act
28 of unprofessional conduct and is subject to license suspension or revocation
29 pursuant to title 32, chapter 13 or 17.

30 ~~G.~~ J. In addition to other remedies available under the common or
31 statutory law of this state, any of the following may file a civil action to
32 obtain appropriate relief for a violation of this section:

33 1. A woman on whom an abortion has been performed without her informed
34 consent as required by this section.

35 2. The father of the unborn child if married to the mother at the time
36 she received the abortion, unless the pregnancy resulted from the plaintiff's
37 criminal conduct.

1 3. The maternal grandparents of the unborn child if the mother was not
2 at least eighteen years of age at the time of the abortion, unless the
3 pregnancy resulted from the plaintiff's criminal conduct.

4 ~~H.~~ K. A civil action filed pursuant to subsection ~~G~~ J OF THIS
5 SECTION shall be brought in the superior court in the county in which the
6 woman on whom the abortion was performed resides and may be based on a claim
7 that failure to obtain informed consent was a result of simple negligence,
8 gross negligence, wantonness, wilfulness, intention or any other legal
9 standard of care. Relief pursuant to subsection ~~G~~ J OF THIS SECTION
10 includes the following:

11 1. Money damages for all psychological, emotional and physical
12 injuries resulting from the violation of this section.

13 2. Statutory damages in an amount equal to five thousand dollars or
14 three times the cost of the abortion, whichever is greater.

15 3. Reasonable attorney fees and costs.

16 ~~I.~~ L. A civil action brought pursuant to this section must be
17 initiated within six years after the violation occurred.

18 Sec. 6. Section 36-2156, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

19 36-2156. Informed consent; ultrasound required; violation;
20 civil relief; statute of limitations

21 A. An abortion shall not be performed or induced without the voluntary
22 and informed consent of the woman on whom the abortion is to be performed or
23 induced. Except in the case of a medical emergency and in addition to the
24 OTHER requirements of ~~section 36-2153~~ THIS CHAPTER, consent to an abortion is
25 voluntary and informed only if both of the following are true:

26 1. At least ~~one-hour~~ TWENTY-FOUR HOURS before the woman having any
27 part of an abortion performed or induced, and before the administration of
28 any anesthesia or medication in preparation for the abortion on the woman,
29 the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a
30 qualified person working in conjunction with either physician shall:

31 (a) Perform fetal ultrasound imaging and auscultation of fetal heart
32 tone services on the woman undergoing the abortion.

33 (b) Offer to provide the woman with an opportunity to view the active
34 ultrasound image of the unborn child and hear the heartbeat of the unborn
35 child if the heartbeat is audible. The active ultrasound image must be of a
36 quality consistent with standard medical practice in the community, contain
37 the dimensions of the unborn child and accurately portray the presence of
38 external members and internal organs, if present or viewable, of the unborn

1 child. The auscultation of fetal heart tone must be of a quality consistent
2 with standard medical practice in the community.

3 (c) Offer to provide the woman with a simultaneous explanation of what
4 the ultrasound is depicting, including the presence and location of the
5 unborn child within the uterus, the number of unborn children depicted, the
6 dimensions of the unborn child and the presence of any external members and
7 internal organs, if present or viewable.

8 (d) Offer to provide the patient with a physical picture of the
9 ultrasound image of the unborn child.

10 2. The woman certifies in writing before the abortion that she has
11 been given the opportunity to view the active ultrasound image and hear the
12 heartbeat of the unborn child if the heartbeat is audible and that she opted
13 to view or not view the active ultrasound image and hear or not hear the
14 heartbeat of the unborn child.

15 B. A physician who knowingly violates this section commits an act of
16 unprofessional conduct and is subject to license suspension or revocation
17 pursuant to title 32, chapter 13 or 17.

18 C. In addition to other remedies available under the common or
19 statutory law of this state, any of the following may file a civil action to
20 obtain appropriate relief for a violation of this section:

21 1. A woman on whom an abortion has been performed without her informed
22 consent as required by this section.

23 2. The father of the unborn child if married to the mother at the time
24 she received the abortion, unless the pregnancy resulted from the plaintiff's
25 criminal conduct.

26 3. The maternal grandparents of the unborn child if the mother was not
27 at least eighteen years of age at the time of the abortion, unless the
28 pregnancy resulted from the plaintiff's criminal conduct.

29 D. A civil action filed pursuant to subsection C of this section shall
30 be brought in the superior court in the county in which the woman on whom the
31 abortion was performed resides and may be based on a claim that failure to
32 obtain informed consent was a result of simple negligence, gross negligence,
33 wantonness, wilfulness, intention or any other legal standard of care.
34 Relief pursuant to subsection C of this section includes any of the
35 following:

36 1. Money damages for all psychological, emotional and physical
37 injuries resulting from the violation of this section.

1 NONLETHAL FETAL CONDITION AND CONTACT INFORMATION FOR ADOPTION AGENCIES
2 WILLING TO PLACE NEWBORNS WITH THE NONLETHAL FETAL CONDITION WITH FAMILIES
3 WILLING TO ADOPT.

4 (c) THAT THE WOMAN HAS A RIGHT TO REVIEW THE WEBSITE AND THAT A
5 PRINTED COPY OF THE MATERIALS ON THE WEBSITE WILL BE PROVIDED TO HER FREE OF
6 CHARGE IF SHE CHOOSES TO REVIEW THESE MATERIALS.

7 3. THE WOMAN CERTIFIES IN WRITING BEFORE THE ABORTION THAT THE
8 INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE PROVIDED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION HAS BEEN
9 PROVIDED.

10 B. THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES SHALL ESTABLISH A WEBSITE WITHIN
11 NINETY DAYS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION AND SHALL ANNUALLY
12 UPDATE THE WEBSITE. THE WEBSITE SHALL INCLUDE THE INFORMATION PRESCRIBED IN
13 SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 1, SUBDIVISION (b) AND PARAGRAPH 2, SUBDIVISION (b)
14 OF THIS SECTION.

15 C. A PHYSICIAN WHO KNOWINGLY VIOLATES THIS SECTION COMMITS AN ACT OF
16 UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT AND IS SUBJECT TO LICENSE SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION
17 PURSUANT TO TITLE 32, CHAPTER 13 OR 17.

18 D. IN ADDITION TO OTHER REMEDIES AVAILABLE UNDER THE COMMON OR
19 STATUTORY LAW OF THIS STATE, ANY OF THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS MAY FILE A
20 CIVIL ACTION TO OBTAIN APPROPRIATE RELIEF FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION:

21 1. A WOMAN ON WHOM AN ABORTION HAS BEEN PERFORMED WITHOUT HER INFORMED
22 CONSENT AS REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION.

23 2. THE FATHER OF THE UNBORN CHILD IF THE FATHER IS MARRIED TO THE
24 MOTHER AT THE TIME SHE RECEIVED THE ABORTION, UNLESS THE PREGNANCY RESULTED
25 FROM THE FATHER'S CRIMINAL CONDUCT.

26 3. THE MATERNAL GRANDPARENTS OF THE UNBORN CHILD IF THE MOTHER WAS NOT
27 AT LEAST EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE AT THE TIME OF THE ABORTION, UNLESS THE
28 PREGNANCY RESULTED FROM EITHER OF THE MATERNAL GRANDPARENT'S CRIMINAL
29 CONDUCT.

30 E. A CIVIL ACTION FILED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION SHALL
31 BE BROUGHT IN THE SUPERIOR COURT IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE WOMAN ON WHOM THE
32 ABORTION WAS PERFORMED RESIDES AND MAY BE BASED ON A CLAIM THAT FAILURE TO
33 OBTAIN INFORMED CONSENT WAS A RESULT OF SIMPLE NEGLIGENCE, GROSS NEGLIGENCE,
34 WANTONNESS, WILFULNESS, INTENTION OR ANY OTHER LEGAL STANDARD OF CARE.
35 RELIEF PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING:

36 1. MONEY DAMAGES FOR ALL PSYCHOLOGICAL, EMOTIONAL AND PHYSICAL
37 INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION.

1 C. A PERSON WHO KNOWINGLY VIOLATES THIS SECTION COMMITS A CLASS 1
2 MISDEMEANOR.

3 D. A PHYSICIAN WHO KNOWINGLY VIOLATES THIS SECTION COMMITS AN ACT OF
4 UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT AND IS SUBJECT TO LICENSE SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION
5 PURSUANT TO TITLE 32, CHAPTER 13 OR 17.

6 E. IN ADDITION TO OTHER REMEDIES AVAILABLE UNDER THE COMMON OR
7 STATUTORY LAW OF THIS STATE, ANY OF THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS MAY FILE A
8 CIVIL ACTION TO OBTAIN APPROPRIATE RELIEF FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION:

9 1. A WOMAN ON WHOM AN ABORTION HAS BEEN PERFORMED IN VIOLATION OF THIS
10 SECTION.

11 2. THE FATHER OF THE UNBORN CHILD IF THE FATHER IS MARRIED TO THE
12 MOTHER AT THE TIME SHE RECEIVED THE ABORTION, UNLESS THE PREGNANCY RESULTED
13 FROM THE FATHER'S CRIMINAL CONDUCT.

14 3. THE MATERNAL GRANDPARENTS OF THE UNBORN CHILD IF THE MOTHER WAS NOT
15 AT LEAST EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE AT THE TIME OF THE ABORTION, UNLESS THE
16 PREGNANCY RESULTED FROM EITHER OF THE MATERNAL GRANDPARENT'S CRIMINAL
17 CONDUCT.

18 F. A CIVIL ACTION FILED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION E OF THIS SECTION SHALL
19 BE BROUGHT IN THE SUPERIOR COURT IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE WOMAN ON WHOM THE
20 ABORTION WAS PERFORMED RESIDES. RELIEF PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION INCLUDES
21 THE FOLLOWING:

22 1. MONEY DAMAGES FOR ALL PSYCHOLOGICAL, EMOTIONAL AND PHYSICAL
23 INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION.

24 2. STATUTORY DAMAGES IN AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR
25 THREE TIMES THE COST OF THE ABORTION, WHICHEVER IS GREATER.

26 3. REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS.

27 G. A CIVIL ACTION BROUGHT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST BE INITIATED
28 WITHIN SIX YEARS AFTER THE VIOLATION OCCURRED.

29 H. A WOMAN ON WHOM AN ABORTION IS PERFORMED OR INDUCED IN VIOLATION OF
30 THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE PROSECUTED UNDER THIS SECTION OR FOR CONSPIRACY TO
31 COMMIT A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION.

32 Sec. 8. Section 36-2163, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

33 36-2163. Reports; confidentiality; annual statistical report;
34 violations; classification; unprofessional conduct

35 A. A report required by this article shall not contain the name of the
36 woman, common identifiers such as the woman's social security number, driver
37 license number or insurance carrier identification numbers or any other
38 information or identifiers that would make it possible to identify in any

1 manner or under any circumstances an individual who has obtained or seeks to
2 obtain an abortion.

3 B. The department of health services shall collect all abortion
4 reports and complication reports and prepare a comprehensive annual
5 statistical report based on the data gathered in the reports. The
6 statistical report shall not lead to the disclosure of the identity of any
7 person filing a report or about whom a report is filed. The department shall
8 make the statistical report available on its website and for public
9 inspection and copying.

10 C. The report prepared by the department pursuant to subsection B of
11 this section shall include statistics from the administrative office of the
12 courts containing the following information:

13 1. The number of petitions filed pursuant to section 36-2152,
14 subsection B.

15 2. Of the petitions filed pursuant to section 36-2152, subsection B,
16 the number in which the judge appointed a guardian ad litem or
17 court-appointed counsel for the minor pursuant to section 36-2152,
18 subsection D.

19 3. Of the petitions filed pursuant to section 36-2152, subsection B,
20 the number in which the judge issued an order authorizing an abortion without
21 parental consent.

22 4. Of the petitions filed pursuant to section 36-2152, subsection B,
23 the number in which the judge issued an order denying the petition.

24 5. Of the petitions denied, the number appealed to the court of
25 appeals.

26 6. The number of those appeals that resulted in the denials being
27 affirmed.

28 7. The number of those appeals that resulted in the denial being
29 reversed.

30 D. Except for a statistical report as provided in subsection B of this
31 section, a report filed pursuant to this article is not a public record and
32 is not available for public inspection, except that disclosure may be made to
33 law enforcement officials on an order of a court after application showing
34 good cause. The court may condition disclosure of the information on any
35 appropriate safeguards it may impose.

36 E. Original copies of all reports filed pursuant to sections 36-2161
37 and 36-2162 shall be available to the Arizona medical board and the Arizona
38 board of osteopathic examiners in medicine and surgery for use in the

1 performance of their official duties. The Arizona medical board and the
2 Arizona board of osteopathic examiners in medicine and surgery shall maintain
3 the confidentiality of any reports obtained pursuant to this subsection.

4 F. An employee, agent or contractor of the department who wilfully
5 discloses any information obtained from reports filed pursuant to this
6 article, other than disclosure authorized under subsections B, D and E of
7 this section or as otherwise authorized by law, is guilty of a class 3
8 misdemeanor.

9 G. A person who is required by this article to file a report, keep any
10 records or supply any information and who wilfully fails to file that report,
11 keep records or supply information as required by law is guilty of
12 unprofessional conduct and is subject to discipline, including license
13 suspension or revocation.

14 H. A person who wilfully delivers or discloses to the department any
15 report, record or information known by that person to be false commits a
16 class 1 misdemeanor.

17 I. In addition to the penalties prescribed by subsections F, G and H
18 of this section, an organization or facility that wilfully violates the
19 reporting requirements of this article is subject to discipline by the
20 department including the ~~same~~ civil penalties ~~as~~ prescribed in section ~~36-126~~
21 ~~36-431.01. IF AN ORGANIZATION OR FACILITY THAT IS LICENSED PURSUANT TO~~
22 ~~CHAPTER 4, ARTICLE 10 OF THIS TITLE WILFULLY VIOLATES THE REPORTING~~
23 ~~REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ARTICLE, THE DEPARTMENT MAY ASSESS A CIVIL PENALTY~~
24 ~~PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-431.01, IMPOSE AN INTERMEDIATE SANCTION PURSUANT TO~~
25 ~~SECTION 36-427, SUSPEND OR REVOKE A LICENSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-427, DENY~~
26 ~~A LICENSE OR BRING AN ACTION FOR AN INJUNCTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-430.~~

27 Sec. 9. Findings and purposes

28 A. The legislature finds that:

29 1. Abortion can cause serious both short-term and long-term physical
30 and psychological complications for women, including but not limited to
31 uterine perforation, uterine scarring, cervical perforation or other injury,
32 infection, bleeding, hemorrhage, blood clots, failure to actually terminate
33 the pregnancy, incomplete abortion (retained tissue), pelvic inflammatory
34 disease, endometritis, missed ectopic pregnancy, cardiac arrest, respiratory
35 arrest, renal failure, metabolic disorder, shock, embolism, coma, placenta
36 previa in subsequent pregnancies, preterm delivery in subsequent pregnancies,
37 free fluid in the abdomen, organ damage, adverse reactions to anesthesia and
38 other drugs, psychological or emotional complications such as depression,

1 anxiety or sleeping disorders and death. See, e.g., Planned Parenthood,
2 *In-Clinic Abortion Procedures (2011)*, P.K. Coleman, *Abortion and Mental*
3 *Health: Quantitative Synthesis and Analysis of Research Published 1995-2009*,
4 *Brit. J. of Psychiatry* 199:180-86 (2011); P. Shah et al., *Induced termination*
5 *of pregnancy and low birth weight and preterm birth: a systematic review and*
6 *meta-analysis*, *B.J.O.G.* 116(11):1425 (2009); H.M. Swingle et al., *Abortion*
7 *and the Risk of Subsequent Preterm Birth: A Systematic Review and*
8 *Meta-Analysis*, *J. Reprod. Med.* 54:95 (2009); R.H. van Oppenraaij et al.,
9 *Predicting adverse obstetric outcome after early pregnancy events and*
10 *complications: a review*, *Human Reprod. Update Advance Access* 1:1 (Mar. 7,
11 2009); R.E. Behrman, *Preterm Birth: Causes, Consequences, and Prevention* 519
12 (2006); J.M. Thorp et al., *Long-Term Physical and Psychological Health*
13 *Consequences of Induced Abortion: Review of the Evidence*, *Obstet. & Gynecol.*
14 *Survey* 58[1]:67, 75 (2003) J.M. Barrett, *Induced Abortion: A Risk Factor for*
15 *Placenta Previa*, *Am. J. Obstet. & Gynecol.* 141:7 (1981).

16 2. Abortion has a higher medical risk when the procedure is performed
17 later in pregnancy. Compared to an abortion at eight weeks of gestation or
18 earlier, the relative risk increases exponentially at higher gestations.
19 L. Bartlett et al., *Risk factors for legal induced abortion-related mortality*
20 *in the United States*, *Obstetrics & Gynecology* 103(4):729-737 (2004).

21 3. The incidence of major complications is highest after twenty weeks
22 of gestation. J. Pregler & A. DeCherney, *Women's Health: Principles and*
23 *Clinical Practice* 232 (2002).

24 4. The risk of death associated with abortion increases with the
25 length of pregnancy, from one death for every one million abortions at or
26 before eight weeks gestation to one per 29,000 abortions at sixteen to twenty
27 weeks and one per 11,000 abortions at twenty-one or more weeks. L. Bartlett
28 et al., *Risk factors for legal induced abortion-related mortality in the*
29 *United States*, *Obstetrics & Gynecology* 103(4):729-737 (2004). After the
30 first trimester, the risk of hemorrhage from an abortion, in particular, is
31 greater, and the resultant complications may require a hysterectomy, other
32 reparative surgery or a blood transfusion.

33 5. The State of Arizona has a legitimate concern for the public's
34 health and safety. *Williamson v. Lee Optical*, 348 U.S. 483, 486 (1985);
35 *Cohen v. State*, 121 Ariz. 6, 10, 588 P.2d 299, 303 (1978).

36 6. The State of Arizona "has legitimate interests from the outset of
37 pregnancy in protecting the health of women." *Planned Parenthood of*
38 *Southeastern Pennsylvania v. Casey*, 505 U.S. 833, 847 (1992); *Planned*

1 *Parenthood Arizona, Inc. v. American Ass'n of Pro-Life Obstetricians &*
2 *Gynecologists*, 257 P.3d 181, 194 (Ariz. App. Div. 1, 2011). More
3 specifically, Arizona "has a legitimate concern with the health of women who
4 undergo abortions." *Akron v. Akron Ctr. for Reproductive Health, Inc.*, 462
5 U.S. 416, 428-29 (1983).

6 7. There is substantial and well-documented medical evidence that an
7 unborn child by at least twenty weeks of gestation has the capacity to feel
8 pain during an abortion. K. Anand, Pain and its effects in the human neonate
9 and fetus, *New England Journal of Medicine*, 317:1321-29 (1987).

10 8. The United States Food and Drug Administration approved the drug
11 mifepristone, a first-generation (selective) progesterone receptor modulator
12 ([S]PRM), as an abortion-inducing drug with a specific gestation, dosage and
13 administration protocol.

14 9. As approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, and
15 as outlined in the drug label, an abortion by mifepristone consists of three
16 200 mg tablets of mifepristone taken orally, followed by two 200 mcg tablets
17 of misoprostol taken orally, through forty-nine days LMP (a gestational
18 measurement using the first day of the woman's "last menstrual period" as a
19 marker). The patient is to return for a follow-up visit in order to confirm
20 that a complete termination of pregnancy has occurred. *Mifeprex Prescribing*
21 *Information*, Danco Laboratories (July 2005), available at
22 http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2005/020687s0131b1.pdf;
23 *Mifeprex Medication Guide*, Danco Laboratories (June 8, 2011), available at
24 www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2011/020687s0141b1.pdf.

25 10. The aforementioned treatment requires three office visits by the
26 patient, and the dosages may only be administered in a clinic, medical office
27 or hospital and under supervision of a physician.

28 11. Court testimony demonstrates that some abortion providers fail to
29 follow the mifepristone protocol as tested and approved by the United States
30 Food and Drug Administration, and as outlined in the drug label. See, e.g.,
31 *Planned Parenthood v. Goddard*, CV2009-029110, Declaration of Beth Otterstein
32 at 3 (Sept. 10, 2009); *Planned Parenthood v. Horne*, CV2010-030230,
33 Declaration of Paul D. Blumenthal, M.D., M.P.H. (June 29, 2011); and *Planned*
34 *Parenthood Cincinnati Region v. Taft*, 459 F. Supp. 2d 626, 630 n. 7 (S.D. Oh.
35 2006).

36 12. The use of mifepristone presents significant medical risks to
37 women, including but not limited to *C. sordellii* bacterial infection, septic
38 shock, toxic shock syndrome, adult respiratory distress syndrome from sepsis,

1 Escheria coli sepsis, group B Streptococcus septicemia, disseminated
2 intravascular coagulopathy (DIC) with hepatic and renal failure, severe pelvic
3 infection and massive hemorrhage.

4 13. Abortion-inducing drugs are associated with an increased risk of
5 complications relative to surgical abortion. The risk of complications
6 increases with increasing gestational age, and, in the instance of
7 mifepristone, with failure to complete the two-step dosage process.

8 14. Medical studies have indicated that 1 to 2 out of every 1,000
9 women who undergo mifepristone abortions will require emergency blood
10 transfusion for massive hemorrhage. By April 30, 2011, the United States
11 Food and Drug Administration reported that at least 339 women required blood
12 transfusions for massive bleeding after mifepristone abortions. A total of
13 612 United States women have been hospitalized due to complications, and
14 fourteen women in the United States have died following administration of
15 mifepristone. The majority of reported deaths in the United States were from
16 fatal infection. Mifepristone U.S. Postmarketing Adverse Events Summary
17 through 04/30/2011, United States Food and Drug Administration, available at
18 [www.fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/DrugSafety/PostmarketDrugSafetyInformationfor](http://www.fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/DrugSafety/PostmarketDrugSafetyInformationforPatientsandProviders/UCM263353.pdf)
19 [PatientsandProviders/UCM263353.pdf](http://www.fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/DrugSafety/PostmarketDrugSafetyInformationforPatientsandProviders/UCM263353.pdf). This infection is atypical to the usual
20 presentation of sepsis and may occur without the typical signs of infection,
21 such as fever and tenderness. This atypical presentation requires that
22 mifepristone be dispensed only in a closely supervised clinical setting under
23 the direction of a licensed physician who has the direct ability to counsel
24 the patient regarding the risks, and also to examine the patient prior to and
25 after administration of mifepristone.

26 15. The absence of proper follow-up care after mifepristone
27 abortions has resulted in at least 58 women having undetected
28 ectopic pregnancies, including two deaths from ectopic rupture.
29 Mifepristone U.S. Postmarketing Adverse Events Summary through 04/30/2011,
30 United States Food and Drug Administration, available at
31 [www.fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/DrugSafety/PostmarketDrugSafetyInformationfor](http://www.fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/DrugSafety/PostmarketDrugSafetyInformationforPatientsandProviders/UCM263353.pdf)
32 [PatientsandProviders/UCM263353.pdf](http://www.fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/DrugSafety/PostmarketDrugSafetyInformationforPatientsandProviders/UCM263353.pdf).

33 B. For these reasons, the legislature's purposes in promulgating this
34 act include to:

35 1. Prohibit abortions at or after twenty weeks of gestation, except in
36 cases of a medical emergency, based on the documented risks to women's health
37 and the strong medical evidence that unborn children feel pain during an
38 abortion at that gestational age.

1 2. Protect women from the dangerous and potentially deadly off-label
2 use of abortion-inducing drugs, such as, for example, mifepristone.

3 3. Ensure that physicians abide by the protocol tested and approved by
4 the United States Food and Drug Administration for such abortion-inducing
5 drugs, as outlined in the drug labels.

6 Sec. 10. Exemption from rule making

7 For the purposes of this act, the department of health services is
8 exempt from the rule making requirements of title 41, chapter 6, Arizona
9 Revised Statutes, for two years after the effective date of this act.

10 Sec. 11. Construction

11 This act does not establish or recognize a right to an abortion and
12 does not make lawful an abortion that is currently unlawful.

13 Sec. 12. Severability

14 If a provision of this act or its application to any person or
15 circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions
16 or applications of the act that can be given effect without the invalid
17 provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are
18 severable."

19 Amend title to conform

STEVE YARBROUGH

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