

REFERENCE TITLE: court-ordered treatment

State of Arizona
House of Representatives
Fiftieth Legislature
Second Regular Session
2012

HB 2532

Introduced by
Representatives Ash, Chabin, Wheeler: Farley, Hale

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 36-501, 36-526, 36-533, 36-540, 36-542, 36-543 AND 36-548,
ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

2 Section 1. Section 36-501, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
3 read:

4 36-501. Definitions

5 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

6 1. "Admitting officer" means a psychiatrist or other physician or
7 psychiatric and mental health nurse practitioner with experience in
8 performing psychiatric examinations who has been designated as an admitting
9 officer of the evaluation agency by the person in charge of the evaluation
10 agency.

11 2. "Chief medical officer" means the chief medical officer under the
12 supervision of the superintendent of the state hospital.

13 3. "Contraindicated" means that access is reasonably likely to
14 endanger the life or physical safety of the patient or another person.

15 4. "Court" means the superior court in the county in this state in
16 which the patient resides or was found before screening or emergency
17 admission under this title.

18 5. "Danger to others" means that the judgment of a person who has a
19 mental disorder is so impaired that the person is unable to understand the
20 person's need for treatment and as a result of the person's mental disorder
21 the person's continued behavior can reasonably be expected, on the basis of
22 competent medical opinion, to result in serious physical harm.

23 6. "Danger to self":

24 (a) Means behavior that, as a result of a mental disorder:

25 (i) Constitutes a danger of inflicting serious physical harm on
26 oneself, including attempted suicide or the serious threat thereof, if the
27 threat is such that, when considered in the light of its context and in light
28 of the individual's previous acts, it is substantially supportive of an
29 expectation that the threat will be carried out.

30 (ii) Without hospitalization will result in serious physical harm or
31 serious illness to the person.

32 (b) Does not include behavior that establishes only the condition of
33 gravely disabled.

34 7. "Department" means the department of health services.

35 8. "Deputy director" means the deputy director of the division of
36 behavioral health in the department of health services.

37 9. "Detention" means the taking into custody of a patient or proposed
38 patient.

39 10. "Director" means the director of the department.

40 11. "Division" means the division of behavioral health in the
41 department.

42 12. "Evaluation" means:

43 (a) A professional multidisciplinary analysis based on data describing
44 the person's identity, biography and medical, psychological and social
45 conditions carried out by a group of persons consisting of not less than the
46 following:

1 ~~(a)~~ (i) Two licensed physicians, who shall be qualified psychiatrists,
2 if possible, or at least experienced in psychiatric matters, and who shall
3 examine and report their findings independently. The person against whom a
4 petition has been filed shall be notified that the person may select one of
5 the physicians. A psychiatric resident in a training program approved by the
6 American medical association or by the American osteopathic association may
7 examine the person in place of one of the psychiatrists if the resident is
8 supervised in the examination and preparation of the affidavit and testimony
9 in court by a qualified psychiatrist appointed to assist in the resident's
10 training, and if the supervising psychiatrist is available for discussion
11 with the attorneys for all parties and for court appearance and testimony if
12 requested by the court or any of the attorneys.

13 ~~(b)~~ (ii) Two other individuals, one of whom, if available, shall be a
14 psychologist and in any event a social worker familiar with mental health and
15 human services that may be available placement alternatives appropriate for
16 treatment. An evaluation may be conducted on an inpatient basis, an
17 outpatient basis or a combination of both, and every reasonable attempt shall
18 be made to conduct the evaluation in any language preferred by the person.

19 (b) A PHYSICAL EXAMINATION THAT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE EXISTING
20 STANDARDS OF CARE AND THAT IS PERFORMED BY ONE OF THE EVALUATING PHYSICIANS
21 OR BY OR UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A PHYSICIAN WHO IS LICENSED PURSUANT TO
22 TITLE 32, CHAPTER 13 OR 17 OR A REGISTERED NURSE PRACTITIONER WHO IS LICENSED
23 PURSUANT TO TITLE 32, CHAPTER 15 IF THE RESULTS OF THAT EXAMINATION ARE
24 REVIEWED OR AUGMENTED BY ONE OF THE EVALUATING PHYSICIANS. THE EXAMINATION
25 MAY INCLUDE FIRSTHAND OBSERVATIONS OR REMOTE OBSERVATIONS BY INTERACTIVE
26 AUDIOVISUAL MEDIA.

27 13. "Evaluation agency" means a health care agency that is licensed by
28 the department and that has been approved pursuant to this title, providing
29 those services required of such agency by this chapter.

30 ~~14. "Examination" means a professional multidisciplinary exploration of~~
31 ~~the person's past psychiatric history and of the circumstances leading up to~~
32 ~~the person's presentation, a psychiatric exploration of the person's present~~
33 ~~mental condition and a complete physical examination that is conducted~~
34 ~~pursuant to section 36-533, subsection B.~~

35 ~~15.~~ 14. "Family member" means a spouse, parent, adult child, adult
36 sibling or other blood relative of a person undergoing treatment or
37 evaluation pursuant to this chapter.

38 ~~16.~~ 15. "Gravely disabled" means a condition evidenced by behavior in
39 which a person, as a result of a mental disorder, is likely to come to
40 serious physical harm or serious illness because the person is unable to
41 provide for the person's own basic physical needs.

42 ~~17.~~ 16. "Health care decision maker" has the same meaning prescribed
43 in section 12-2801.

44 ~~18.~~ 17. "Health care entity" means a health care provider, the
45 department, the Arizona health care cost containment system administration or
46 a regional behavioral health authority under contract with the department.

1 ~~19.~~ 18. "Health care provider" means a health care institution as
2 defined in section 36-401 that is licensed as a behavioral health provider
3 pursuant to department rules or a mental health provider.

4 ~~20.~~ 19. "Independent evaluator" means a licensed physician,
5 psychiatric and mental health nurse practitioner or psychologist selected by
6 the person to be evaluated or by such person's attorney.

7 ~~21.~~ 20. "Informed consent" means a voluntary decision following
8 presentation of all facts necessary to form the basis of an intelligent
9 consent by the patient or guardian with no minimizing of known dangers of any
10 procedures.

11 ~~22.~~ 21. "Least restrictive treatment alternative" means the treatment
12 plan and setting that infringe in the least possible degree with the
13 patient's right to liberty and that are consistent with providing needed
14 treatment in a safe and humane manner.

15 ~~23.~~ 22. "Licensed physician" means any medical doctor or doctor of
16 osteopathy who is either:

17 (a) Licensed in this state.

18 (b) A full-time hospital physician licensed in another state and
19 serving on the staff of a hospital operated or licensed by the United States
20 government.

21 ~~24.~~ 23. "Medical director of an evaluation agency" means a
22 psychiatrist, or other licensed physician experienced in psychiatric matters,
23 who is designated in writing by the governing body of the agency as the
24 person in charge of the medical services of the agency for the purposes of
25 this chapter and may include the chief medical officer of the state hospital.

26 ~~25.~~ 24. "Medical director of a mental health treatment agency" means a
27 psychiatrist, or other licensed physician experienced in psychiatric matters,
28 who is designated in writing by the governing body of the agency as the
29 person in charge of the medical services of the agency for the purposes of
30 this chapter and includes the chief medical officer of the state hospital.

31 ~~26.~~ 25. "Mental disorder" means a substantial disorder of the person's
32 emotional processes, thought, cognition or memory. Mental disorder is
33 distinguished from:

34 (a) Conditions that are primarily those of drug abuse, alcoholism or
35 intellectual disability, unless, in addition to one or more of these
36 conditions, the person has a mental disorder.

37 (b) The declining mental abilities that directly accompany impending
38 death.

39 (c) Character and personality disorders characterized by lifelong and
40 deeply ingrained antisocial behavior patterns, including sexual behaviors
41 that are abnormal and prohibited by statute unless the behavior results from
42 a mental disorder.

43 ~~27.~~ 26. "Mental health provider" means any physician or provider of
44 mental health or behavioral health services involved in evaluating, caring
45 for, treating or rehabilitating a patient.

1 ~~28.~~ 27. "Mental health treatment agency" means the state hospital or a
2 health care agency that is licensed by the department and that provides those
3 services that are required of the agency by this chapter.
4 ~~29.~~ 28. "Outpatient treatment" or "combined inpatient and outpatient
5 treatment" means any treatment program not requiring continuous inpatient
6 hospitalization.
7 ~~30.~~ 29. "Outpatient treatment plan" means a treatment plan that does
8 not require continuous inpatient hospitalization.
9 ~~31.~~ 30. "Patient" means any person undergoing examination, evaluation
10 or behavioral or mental health treatment under this chapter.
11 ~~32.~~ 31. "Peace officers" means sheriffs of counties, constables,
12 marshals and policemen of cities and towns.
13 ~~33.~~ 32. "Persistently or acutely disabled" means a severe mental
14 disorder that meets all the following criteria:
15 (a) If not treated has a substantial probability of causing the person
16 to suffer or continue to suffer severe and abnormal mental, emotional or
17 physical harm that significantly impairs judgment, reason, behavior or
18 capacity to recognize reality.
19 (b) Substantially impairs the person's capacity to make an informed
20 decision regarding treatment, and this impairment causes the person to be
21 incapable of understanding and expressing an understanding of the advantages
22 and disadvantages of accepting treatment and understanding and expressing an
23 understanding of the alternatives to the particular treatment offered after
24 the advantages, disadvantages and alternatives are explained to that person.
25 (c) Has a reasonable prospect of being treatable by outpatient,
26 inpatient or combined inpatient and outpatient treatment.
27 ~~34.~~ 33. "Prepetition screening" means the review of each application
28 requesting court-ordered evaluation, including an investigation of facts
29 alleged in such application, an interview with each applicant and an
30 interview, if possible, with the proposed patient. The purpose of the
31 interview with the proposed patient is to assess the problem, explain the
32 application and, when indicated, attempt to persuade the proposed patient to
33 receive, on a voluntary basis, evaluation or other services.
34 ~~35.~~ 34. "Prescribed form" means a form established by a court or the
35 rules of the division that have been approved by the director or in
36 accordance with the laws of this state.
37 ~~36.~~ 35. "Professional" means a physician who is licensed pursuant to
38 title 32, chapter 13 or 17, a psychologist who is licensed pursuant to title
39 32, chapter 19.1 or a psychiatric and mental health nurse practitioner who is
40 certified pursuant to title 32, chapter 15.
41 ~~37.~~ 36. "Proposed patient" means a person for whom an application for
42 evaluation has been made or a petition for court-ordered evaluation has been
43 filed.
44 ~~38.~~ 37. "Psychiatric and mental health nurse practitioner" means a
45 registered nurse practitioner as defined in section 32-1601 who has completed
46 an adult or family psychiatric and mental health nurse practitioner program

1 and who is certified as an adult or family psychiatric and mental health
2 nurse practitioner by the state board of nursing.

3 ~~39.~~ 38. "Psychiatrist" means a licensed physician who has completed
4 three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the
5 American medical association or the American osteopathic association.

6 ~~40.~~ 39. "Psychologist" means a person who is licensed under title 32,
7 chapter 19.1 and who is experienced in the practice of clinical psychology.

8 ~~41.~~ 40. "Records" means all communications that are recorded in any
9 form or medium and that relate to patient examination, evaluation or
10 behavioral or mental health treatment. Records include medical records that
11 are prepared by a health care provider or other providers. Records do not
12 include:

13 (a) Materials that are prepared in connection with utilization review,
14 peer review or quality assurance activities, including records that a health
15 care provider prepares pursuant to section 36-441, 36-445, 36-2402 or
16 36-2917.

17 (b) Recorded telephone and radio calls to and from a publicly operated
18 emergency dispatch office relating to requests for emergency services or
19 reports of suspected criminal activity.

20 ~~42.~~ 41. "Screening agency" means a health care agency that is licensed
21 by the department and that provides those services required of such agency by
22 this chapter.

23 ~~43.~~ 42. "Social worker" means a person who has completed two years of
24 graduate training in social work in a program approved by the council of
25 social work education and who has experience in mental health.

26 ~~44.~~ 43. "State hospital" means the Arizona state hospital.

27 ~~45.~~ 44. "Superintendent" means the superintendent of the state
28 hospital.

29 Sec. 2. Section 36-526, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

30 ~~36-526.~~ Emergency admission; examination; petition for
31 court-ordered evaluation

32 A. ~~Upon~~ **ON** presentation of the person for emergency admission, an
33 admitting officer of an evaluation agency shall perform an examination of the
34 ~~person~~ **PERSON'S PSYCHIATRIC AND PHYSICAL CONDITION** and may admit the person
35 to the agency as an emergency patient if the admitting officer finds, as a
36 result of ~~his~~ **THE** examination and investigation of the application for
37 emergency admission, that there is reasonable cause to believe that the
38 person, as a result of a mental disorder, is a danger to self or others, and
39 that during the time necessary to complete the prepetition screening
40 procedures set forth in sections 36-520 and 36-521 the person is likely
41 without immediate hospitalization to suffer serious physical harm or serious
42 illness or to inflict serious physical harm on another person. ~~In the event~~
43 **IF** a person is hospitalized pursuant to this section, the admitting officer
44 may notify a screening agency and seek its assistance or guidance in
45 developing alternatives to involuntary confinement and in counseling the
46 person and his family.

1 B. On the same or A succeeding court day, the medical director in
2 charge of the agency shall file a petition for a court-ordered evaluation,
3 unless the person has been discharged or has become a voluntary patient. The
4 petition need not comply with the provisions of this chapter requiring
5 preparation and filing of a prepetition screening report but shall meet all
6 other requirements and shall seek an appropriate order pursuant to section
7 36-529.

8 Sec. 3. Section 36-533, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
9 36-533. Petition for treatment

10 A. The petition for court-ordered treatment shall allege:

11 1. That the patient is in need of a period of treatment because the
12 patient, as a result of mental disorder, is a danger to self or to others, is
13 persistently or acutely disabled or is gravely disabled.

14 2. The treatment alternatives ~~which~~ THAT are appropriate or available.

15 3. That the patient is unwilling to accept or incapable of accepting
16 treatment voluntarily.

17 B. The petition shall be accompanied by the affidavits of the two
18 physicians who participated in the evaluation and by the affidavit of the
19 applicant for the evaluation, if any. The affidavits of the physicians shall
20 describe in detail the behavior ~~which~~ THAT indicates that the person, as a
21 result of mental disorder, is a danger to self or to others, is persistently
22 or acutely disabled or is gravely disabled and shall be based ~~upon~~ ON the
23 physician's observations of the patient and the physician's study of
24 information about the patient. A summary of the facts ~~which~~ THAT support the
25 allegations of the petition shall be included. The affidavit ~~shall~~ MAY also
26 include ~~ANY OF~~ the results of the ~~complete~~ physical examination of the
27 patient if ~~this is~~ THE PHYSICIAN WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE EVALUATION BELIEVES
28 THE RESULTS ARE relevant to the ~~evaluation~~ PATIENT'S PSYCHIATRIC CONDITION.
29 ~~The complete physical examination may be performed by the evaluating~~
30 ~~physician, by or under the supervision of a physician who is licensed~~
31 ~~pursuant to title 32, chapter 13 or 17 or by a registered nurse practitioner~~
32 ~~who is licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 15. The examination must be~~
33 ~~consistent with existing standards of care and the evaluating physician must~~
34 ~~review or augment the results of the examination. The examination may~~
35 ~~include firsthand observation or remote observation by interactive~~
36 ~~audiovisual media.~~

37 C. The petition shall request the court to issue an order requiring
38 the person to undergo a period of treatment.

39 D. In cases of grave disability the petition shall also include:

40 1. A statement that in the opinion of the petitioner the gravely
41 disabled person does or does not require guardianship or conservatorship, or
42 both, under ~~the provisions of~~ title 14 and the reasons on which the statement
43 is based.

44 2. A request that the court order an independent investigation and
45 report for the court if in the opinion of the petitioner the person does
46 require guardianship or conservatorship, or both.

1 3. A statement that in the opinion of the petitioner the gravely
2 disabled person does or does not require temporary guardianship or
3 conservatorship, or both, and the reasons on which the statement is based.

4 4. A request that the court appoint a temporary guardian or
5 conservator, or both, if in the opinion of the petitioner the person does
6 require temporary guardianship or conservatorship, or both.

7 E. A copy of the petition in cases of grave disability shall be mailed
8 to the public fiduciary in the county of the patient's residence or in which
9 the patient was found before evaluation and to any person nominated as
10 guardian or conservator.

11 F. A copy of all petitions shall be mailed to the superintendent of
12 the Arizona state hospital.

13 Sec. 4. Section 36-540, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
14 36-540. Court options

15 A. If the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the
16 proposed patient, as a result of mental disorder, is a danger to self, is a
17 danger to others, is persistently or acutely disabled or is gravely disabled
18 and in need of treatment, and is either unwilling or unable to accept
19 voluntary treatment, the court shall order the patient to undergo one of the
20 following:

21 1. Treatment in a program of outpatient treatment.

22 2. Treatment in a program consisting of combined inpatient and
23 outpatient treatment.

24 3. Inpatient treatment in a mental health treatment agency, in a
25 ~~veterans-administration~~ hospital OPERATED BY OR UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE
26 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS TO PROVIDE TREATMENT TO ELIGIBLE
27 VETERANS pursuant to article 9 of this chapter, in the state hospital or in a
28 private hospital, if the private hospital agrees, subject to the limitations
29 of section 36-541.

30 B. The court shall consider all available and appropriate alternatives
31 for the treatment and care of the patient. The court shall order the least
32 restrictive treatment alternative available.

33 C. The court may order the proposed patient to undergo outpatient or
34 combined inpatient and outpatient treatment pursuant to subsection A,
35 paragraph 1 or 2 of this section if the court:

36 1. Determines that all of the following apply:

37 (a) The patient does not require continuous inpatient hospitalization.

38 (b) The patient will be more appropriately treated in an outpatient
39 treatment program or in a combined inpatient and outpatient treatment
40 program.

41 (c) The patient will follow a prescribed outpatient treatment plan.

42 (d) The patient will not likely become dangerous or suffer more
43 serious physical harm or serious illness or further deterioration if the
44 patient follows a prescribed outpatient treatment plan.

1 2. Is presented with and approves a written treatment plan that
2 conforms with the requirements of section 36-540.01, subsection B. If the
3 treatment plan presented to the court pursuant to this subsection provides
4 for supervision of the patient under court order by a mental health agency
5 that is other than the mental health agency that petitioned or requested the
6 county attorney to petition the court for treatment pursuant to section
7 36-531, the treatment plan must be approved by the medical director of the
8 mental health agency that will supervise the treatment pursuant to subsection
9 E of this section.

10 D. An order to receive treatment pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 1
11 or 2 of this section shall not exceed three hundred sixty-five days. The
12 period of inpatient treatment under a combined treatment order pursuant to
13 subsection A, paragraph 2 of this section shall not exceed the maximum period
14 allowed for an order for inpatient treatment pursuant to subsection F of this
15 section.

16 E. If the court enters an order for treatment pursuant to subsection
17 A, paragraph 1 or 2 of this section, all of the following apply:

18 1. The court shall designate the medical director of the mental health
19 treatment agency that will supervise and administer the patient's treatment
20 program.

21 2. The medical director shall not use the services of any person,
22 agency or organization to supervise a patient's outpatient treatment program
23 unless the person, agency or organization has agreed to provide these
24 services in the individual patient's case and unless the department has
25 determined that the person, agency or organization is capable and competent
26 to do so.

27 3. The person, agency or organization assigned to supervise an
28 outpatient treatment program or the outpatient portion of a combined
29 treatment program shall be notified at least three days before a referral.
30 The medical director making the referral and the person, agency or
31 organization assigned to supervise the treatment program shall share relevant
32 information about the patient to provide continuity of treatment.

33 4. During any period of outpatient treatment under subsection A,
34 paragraph 2 of this section, if the court, on motion by the medical director
35 of the patient's outpatient mental health treatment facility, determines that
36 the patient is not complying with the terms of the order or that the
37 outpatient treatment plan is no longer appropriate and the patient needs
38 inpatient treatment, the court, without a hearing and based on the court
39 record, the patient's medical record, the affidavits and recommendations of
40 the medical director, and the advice of staff and physicians or the
41 psychiatric and mental health nurse practitioner familiar with the treatment
42 of the patient, may enter an order amending its original order. The amended
43 order may alter the outpatient treatment plan or order the patient to
44 inpatient treatment pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section.
45 The amended order shall not increase the total period of commitment
46 originally ordered by the court or, when added to the period of inpatient

1 treatment provided by the original order and any other amended orders, exceed
2 the maximum period allowed for an order for inpatient treatment pursuant to
3 subsection F of this section. If the patient refuses to comply with an
4 amended order for inpatient treatment, the court may authorize and direct a
5 peace officer, on the request of the medical director, to take the patient
6 into protective custody and transport the patient to the agency for inpatient
7 treatment. When reporting to or being returned to a treatment agency for
8 inpatient treatment pursuant to an amended order, the patient shall be
9 informed of the patient's right to judicial review and the patient's right to
10 consult with counsel pursuant to section 36-546.

11 5. During any period of outpatient treatment under subsection A,
12 paragraph 2 of this section, if the medical director of the outpatient
13 treatment facility in charge of the patient's care determines, in concert
14 with the medical director of an inpatient mental health treatment facility
15 who has agreed to accept the patient, that the patient is in need of
16 immediate acute inpatient psychiatric care because of behavior that is
17 dangerous to self or to others, the medical director of the outpatient
18 treatment facility may order a peace officer to apprehend and transport the
19 patient to the inpatient treatment facility pending a court determination on
20 an amended order under paragraph 4 of this subsection. The patient may be
21 detained and treated at the inpatient treatment facility for a period of no
22 more than forty-eight hours, exclusive of weekends and holidays, from the
23 time that the patient is taken to the inpatient treatment facility. The
24 medical director of the outpatient treatment facility shall file the motion
25 for an amended court order requesting inpatient treatment no later than the
26 next working day following the patient being taken to the inpatient treatment
27 facility. Any period of detention within the inpatient treatment facility
28 pending issuance of an amended order shall not increase the total period of
29 commitment originally ordered by the court or, when added to the period of
30 inpatient treatment provided by the original order and any other amended
31 orders, exceed the maximum period allowed for an order for inpatient
32 treatment pursuant to subsection F of this section. If a patient is ordered
33 to undergo inpatient treatment pursuant to an amended order, the medical
34 director of the outpatient treatment facility shall inform the patient of the
35 patient's right to judicial review and to consult with an attorney pursuant
36 to section 36-546.

37 F. The maximum periods of inpatient treatment that the court may
38 order, subject to the limitations of section 36-541, are as follows:

- 39 1. Ninety days for a person found to be a danger to self.
- 40 2. One hundred eighty days for a person found to be a danger to
41 others.
- 42 3. One hundred eighty days for a person found to be persistently or
43 acutely disabled.
- 44 4. Three hundred sixty-five days for a person found to be gravely
45 disabled.

1 G. If, on finding that the patient meets the criteria for
2 court-ordered treatment pursuant to subsection A of this section, the court
3 also finds that there is reasonable cause to believe that the patient is an
4 incapacitated person as defined in section 14-5101 or is a person in need of
5 protection pursuant to section 14-5401 and that the patient is or may be in
6 need of guardianship or conservatorship, or both, the court may order an
7 investigation concerning the need for a guardian or conservator, or both, and
8 may appoint a suitable person or agency to conduct the investigation. The
9 appointee may include a court appointed guardian ad litem, an investigator
10 appointed pursuant to section 14-5308 or the public fiduciary if there is no
11 person willing and qualified to act in that capacity. The court shall give
12 notice of the appointment to the appointee within three days of the
13 appointment. The appointee shall submit the report of the investigation to
14 the court within twenty-one days. The report shall include recommendations
15 as to who should be guardian or who should be conservator, or both, and a
16 report of the findings and reasons for the recommendation. If the
17 investigation and report so indicate, the court shall order the appropriate
18 person to submit a petition to become the guardian or conservator, or both,
19 of the patient.

20 H. In any proceeding for court-ordered treatment in which the petition
21 alleges that the patient is in need of a guardian or conservator and states
22 the grounds for that allegation, the court may appoint an emergency temporary
23 guardian or conservator, or both, for a specific purpose or purposes
24 identified in its order and for a specific period of time not to exceed
25 thirty days if the court finds that all of the following are true:

26 1. The patient meets the criteria for court-ordered treatment pursuant
27 to subsection A of this section.

28 2. There is reasonable cause to believe that the patient is an
29 incapacitated person as defined in section 14-5101 or is in need of
30 protection pursuant to section 14-5401, paragraph 2.

31 3. The patient does not have a guardian or conservator and the welfare
32 of the patient requires immediate action to protect the patient or the ward's
33 property.

34 4. The conditions prescribed pursuant to section 14-5310, subsection B
35 or section 14-5401.01, subsection B have been met.

36 I. The court may appoint as a temporary guardian or conservator
37 pursuant to subsection H of this section a suitable person or the public
38 fiduciary if there is no person qualified and willing to act in that
39 capacity. The court shall issue an order for an investigation as prescribed
40 pursuant to subsection G of this section and, unless the patient is
41 represented by independent counsel, the court shall appoint an attorney to
42 represent the patient in further proceedings regarding the appointment of a
43 guardian or conservator. The court shall schedule a further hearing within
44 fourteen days on the appropriate court calendar of a court that has authority
45 over guardianship or conservatorship matters pursuant to this title to
46 consider the continued need for an emergency temporary guardian or

1 conservator and the appropriateness of the temporary guardian or conservator
2 appointed, and shall order the appointed guardian or conservator to give
3 notice to persons entitled to notice pursuant to section 14-5309, subsection
4 A or section 14-5405, subsection A. The court shall authorize certified
5 letters of temporary emergency guardianship or conservatorship to be issued
6 on presentation of a copy of the court's order. If a temporary emergency
7 conservator other than the public fiduciary is appointed pursuant to this
8 subsection, the court shall order that the use of the money and property of
9 the patient by the conservator is restricted and not to be sold, used,
10 transferred or encumbered, except that the court may authorize the
11 conservator to use money or property of the patient specifically identified
12 as needed to pay an expense to provide for the care, treatment or welfare of
13 the patient pending further hearing. This subsection and subsection H of
14 this section do not:

15 1. Prevent the evaluation or treatment agency from seeking
16 guardianship and conservatorship in any other manner allowed by law at any
17 time during the period of court-ordered evaluation and treatment.

18 2. Relieve the evaluation or treatment agency from its obligations
19 concerning the suspected abuse of a vulnerable adult pursuant to title 46,
20 chapter 4.

21 J. If, on finding that a patient meets the criteria for court-ordered
22 treatment pursuant to subsection A of this section, the court also learns
23 that the patient has a guardian appointed under title 14, the court with
24 notice may impose on the existing guardian additional duties pursuant to
25 section 14-5312.01. If the court imposes additional duties on an existing
26 guardian as prescribed in this subsection, the court may determine that the
27 patient needs to continue treatment under a court order for treatment and may
28 issue the order or determine that the patient's needs can be adequately met
29 by the guardian with the additional duties pursuant to section 14-5312.01 and
30 decline to issue the court order for treatment. If at any time after the
31 issuance of a court order for treatment the court finds that the patient's
32 needs can be adequately met by the guardian with the additional duties
33 pursuant to section 14-5312.01 and that a court order for treatment is no
34 longer necessary to assure compliance with necessary treatment, the court may
35 terminate the court order for treatment. If there is a court order for
36 treatment and a guardianship with additional mental health authority pursuant
37 to section 14-5312.01 existing at the same time, the treatment and placement
38 decisions made by the treatment agency assigned by the court to supervise and
39 administer the patient's treatment program pursuant to the court order for
40 treatment are controlling unless the court orders otherwise.

41 K. The court shall file a report as part of the court record on its
42 findings of alternatives for treatment.

43 L. Treatment shall not include psychosurgery, lobotomy or any other
44 brain surgery without specific informed consent of the patient or the
45 patient's legal guardian and an order of the superior court in the county in

1 which the treatment is proposed, approving with specificity the use of the
2 treatment.

3 M. The medical director or any person, agency or organization used by
4 the medical director to supervise the terms of an outpatient treatment plan
5 shall not be held civilly liable for any acts committed by a patient while on
6 outpatient treatment if the medical director, person, agency or organization
7 has in good faith followed the requirements of this section.

8 N. A peace officer who in good faith apprehends and transports a
9 patient to an inpatient treatment facility on the order of the medical
10 director of the outpatient treatment facility pursuant to subsection E,
11 paragraph 5 of this section is not subject to civil liability.

12 O. If a person has been found, as a result of a mental disorder, to
13 constitute a danger to self or others or to be persistently or acutely
14 disabled or gravely disabled and the court enters an order for treatment
15 pursuant to subsection A of this section, the court shall grant access to the
16 person's name, date of birth, social security number and date of commitment
17 to the department of public safety to comply with the requirements of title
18 13, chapter 31 and title 32, chapter 26.

19 Sec. 5. Section 36-542, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20 36-542. Discharge of patient at expiration of period ordered by
21 court; change to voluntary status; relief from civil
22 liability

23 A. A patient ordered by a court to undergo treatment ~~as a danger to~~
24 ~~others, a danger to self or persistently or acutely disabled~~ PURSUANT TO THIS
25 ARTICLE shall be discharged from treatment at the expiration of the period of
26 treatment ordered unless one of the following occurs:

27 1. The person accepts voluntary treatment at the mental health
28 treatment agency.

29 2. ~~Prior to~~ BEFORE the discharge date, a new petition OR AN
30 APPLICATION FOR CONTINUED TREATMENT is filed in the county in which the
31 patient is being treated. The proceedings shall then be governed by this
32 article. ~~The costs of the proceedings shall be a charge against the county~~
33 ~~in which the patient resided or was found prior to hospitalization.~~

34 B. If a patient to be discharged is under guardianship, the medical
35 director of the mental health treatment agency shall notify the guardian ten
36 days ~~prior to~~ BEFORE discharge.

37 C. The medical director ~~shall~~ IS not ~~be held~~ civilly liable for any
38 acts committed by a discharged patient if the medical director has in good
39 faith followed the requirements of this article.

40 Sec. 6. Section 36-543, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

41 36-543. Release from treatment of gravely disabled patient or
42 persistently or acutely disabled patient; annual
43 review; court order for continued treatment

44 A. A patient found to be gravely disabled or persistently or acutely
45 disabled and ordered to undergo treatment may be released from inpatient
46 treatment when, in the opinion of the medical director of the mental health

1 treatment agency, the level of care offered by the agency is no longer
 2 required. The patient may agree to continue treatment voluntarily. If the
 3 patient is to be released, the medical director shall arrange for an
 4 appropriate alternative placement.

5 B. If a patient to be released FROM INPATIENT TREATMENT is under
 6 guardianship ~~as a gravely disabled person or as a persistently or acutely~~
 7 ~~disabled person~~, the medical director of the mental health treatment agency
 8 shall notify the guardian and any relevant regional behavioral health
 9 authority ten days before the intended release date that the ward no longer
 10 requires the level of care offered by the agency. The guardian and, if
 11 relevant, the regional behavioral health authority shall arrange alternative
 12 placement with the advice and recommendations of the medical director of the
 13 mental health treatment agency.

14 C. The medical director of the mental health treatment agency is not
 15 civilly liable for any acts committed by the released patient if the medical
 16 director has in good faith complied with the requirements of this article.

17 D. WITHIN NINETY DAYS BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF A COURT ORDER FOR
 18 TREATMENT, THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR OF THE MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT AGENCY SHALL
 19 CONDUCT AN ANNUAL REVIEW OF a patient who has been found to be gravely
 20 disabled OR PERSISTENTLY OR ACUTELY DISABLED and is undergoing court-ordered
 21 treatment ~~shall have an annual review~~ to determine whether the continuation
 22 of court-ordered treatment is appropriate and to assess the needs of the
 23 patient for guardianship or conservatorship, or both. THE ANNUAL REVIEW
 24 SHALL CONSIST OF THE MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT AND CLINICAL RECORDS CONTAINED
 25 IN THE PATIENT'S TREATMENT FILE. THE MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT AGENCY SHALL
 26 KEEP A RECORD OF THE ANNUAL REVIEW. IF THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR BELIEVES THAT A
 27 CONTINUATION OF COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT IS APPROPRIATE, the medical director
 28 of the mental health treatment agency shall appoint one or more ~~examiners~~
 29 ~~qualified PSYCHIATRISTS~~ to carry out ~~the review, at least one of whom shall~~
 30 ~~be a psychiatrist licensed to practice in this state, and may at the~~
 31 ~~discretion of the medical director appoint one or more additional examiners~~ A
 32 PSYCHIATRIC EXAMINATION OF THE PATIENT. IN ANY PROCEEDING CONDUCTED PURSUANT
 33 TO THIS SECTION, A PATIENT HAS THE RIGHT TO HAVE AN ANALYSIS OF THE PATIENT'S
 34 MENTAL CONDITION BY AN INDEPENDENT EVALUATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-538.

35 ~~E. A patient who has been found to be persistently or acutely disabled~~
 36 ~~and who is undergoing court-ordered treatment shall have an annual review to~~
 37 ~~determine whether the continuation of court-ordered treatment is appropriate~~
 38 ~~if the medical director of the mental health treatment agency determines that~~
 39 ~~the patient has been substantially noncompliant with treatment during the~~
 40 ~~period of the court order. The medical director of the mental health~~
 41 ~~treatment agency shall appoint one or more examiners qualified to carry out~~
 42 ~~the review, at least one of whom shall be a psychiatrist licensed to practice~~
 43 ~~in this state.~~

44 F. E. Each examiner participating in the ~~annual review of a gravely~~
 45 ~~disabled person or a persistently or acutely disabled person~~ PSYCHIATRIC

1 EXAMINATION OF THE PATIENT shall submit a report to the medical director of
2 the mental health treatment agency ~~which~~ THAT includes the following:

3 1. The examiner's opinions as to whether the patient continues to be
4 gravely disabled or persistently or acutely disabled AS THE RESULT OF A
5 MENTAL DISORDER and in need of CONTINUED COURT-ORDERED treatment. IN
6 EVALUATING THE PATIENT'S NEED FOR CONTINUED COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT, THE
7 EXAMINER MUST CONSIDER, ALONG WITH ALL OTHER EVIDENCE, THE PATIENT'S HISTORY
8 BEFORE AND DURING THE CURRENT PERIOD OF COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT, THE
9 PATIENT'S COMPLIANCE WITH RECOMMENDED TREATMENT AND ANY OTHER EVIDENCE
10 RELEVANT TO THE PATIENT'S ABILITY AND WILLINGNESS TO FOLLOW RECOMMENDED
11 TREATMENT WITH OR WITHOUT A COURT ORDER.

12 2. A statement as to whether suitable alternatives to court-ordered
13 treatment are available.

14 3. A statement as to whether voluntary treatment would be appropriate.

15 4. A review of the patient's status as to guardianship or
16 conservatorship, or both, the adequacy of existing protections of the patient
17 and the continued need for guardianship or conservatorship, or both. If the
18 examiner concludes that the patient's needs in these areas are not being
19 adequately met, the examiner's report shall recommend that the court order an
20 investigation into the patient's needs.

21 5. IF THE PATIENT HAS AN EXISTING GUARDIAN WHO DOES NOT HAVE THE
22 MENTAL HEALTH POWERS AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SECTION 14-5312.01, A
23 RECOMMENDATION AS TO WHETHER THE ADDITIONAL MENTAL HEALTH POWERS AUTHORIZED
24 BY SECTION 14-5312.01 SHOULD BE IMPOSED ON THE EXISTING GUARDIAN AND WHETHER
25 THE PATIENT'S NEEDS CAN BE ADEQUATELY ADDRESSED BY A GUARDIAN WITH MENTAL
26 HEALTH POWERS WITHOUT THE NEED FOR A COURT ORDER FOR TREATMENT OR WHETHER THE
27 COURT ORDER FOR TREATMENT SHOULD CONTINUE REGARDLESS OF THE ADDITIONAL MENTAL
28 HEALTH POWERS IMPOSED ON THE GUARDIAN.

29 6. THE RESULTS OF ANY PHYSICAL EXAMINATION CONDUCTED DURING THE PERIOD
30 OF COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT IF THE EXAMINER FINDS THE RESULTS TO BE RELEVANT
31 TO THE PSYCHIATRIC CONDITION OF THE PATIENT.

32 ~~G. The medical director of the mental health treatment agency shall
33 forward the results of the annual review of a gravely disabled person or a
34 persistently or acutely disabled person to the court including the medical
35 director's recommendation based on the review which may be release of the
36 patient without delay, release with delay or no release. If the patient does
37 not have a guardian, the court, on receipt of the medical director's report,
38 shall appoint an attorney to represent the patient. An attorney appointed
39 under this subsection, within three days after appointment, to the extent
40 possible, shall fulfill the duties imposed by section 36-537 and review the
41 medical director's report and the patient's medical records, interview the
42 physician who prepared the report and, if appropriate, request a hearing. At
43 all proceedings conducted pursuant to this section, a patient has the right
44 to have an analysis of the patient's mental condition by an independent
45 evaluator pursuant to section 36-538. If the patient is under guardianship
46 pursuant to section 14-5312.01, a copy of the report shall be mailed to the~~

1 ~~patient's guardian. If the medical director's recommendation is no release~~
2 ~~or release with delay, the court may accept the report and recommendation of~~
3 ~~the medical director or order a hearing. The hearing shall be held within~~
4 ~~three weeks of the request. At the hearing the court may order the patient~~
5 ~~released or may order that treatment be continued. The court may also order~~
6 ~~an investigation into the need for guardianship or conservatorship, or both.~~

7 F. AFTER CONDUCTING THE ANNUAL REVIEW AS PRESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION,
8 IF THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR BELIEVES THAT CONTINUED COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT IS
9 NECESSARY OR APPROPRIATE, NOT LATER THAN THIRTY DAYS BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF
10 THE COURT ORDER FOR TREATMENT, THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR SHALL FILE WITH THE COURT
11 AN APPLICATION FOR CONTINUED COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT ALLEGING THE BASIS FOR
12 THE APPLICATION AND SHALL FILE SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH THE APPLICATION ANY
13 PSYCHIATRIC EXAMINATION CONDUCTED AS PART OF THE ANNUAL REVIEW. IF THE
14 PATIENT IS UNDER GUARDIANSHIP, THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR SHALL MAIL A COPY OF THE
15 APPLICATION TO THE PATIENT'S GUARDIAN.

16 G. IF AN APPLICATION FOR CONTINUED COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT IS FILED,
17 ALL OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:

18 1. IF THE PATIENT DOES NOT HAVE AN ATTORNEY, THE COURT SHALL APPOINT
19 AN ATTORNEY TO REPRESENT THE PATIENT.

20 2. WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER APPOINTMENT, AN ATTORNEY APPOINTED PURSUANT
21 TO THIS SUBSECTION, TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE, SHALL FULFILL THE DUTIES IMPOSED
22 PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-537, REVIEW THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND THE
23 PATIENT'S MEDICAL RECORDS, INTERVIEW ANY PHYSICIAN WHO PREPARED A REPORT ON
24 THE ANNUAL REVIEW AND FILE A RESPONSE REQUESTING A HEARING OR SUBMITTING THE
25 MATTER TO THE COURT FOR A RULING BASED ON THE RECORD WITHOUT A HEARING.

26 3. IF A HEARING IS NOT REQUESTED, THE COURT SHALL RULE ON THE
27 APPLICATION OR SET THE MATTER FOR HEARING. IF A HEARING IS REQUESTED, THE
28 HEARING SHALL BE HELD WITHIN THREE WEEKS AFTER THE REQUEST FOR HEARING IS
29 FILED. THE HEARING MAY BE CONTINUED FOR GOOD CAUSE ON MOTION OF A PARTY OR
30 ON THE COURT'S OWN MOTION, AND THE EXPIRATION OF THE CURRENT COURT ORDER FOR
31 TREATMENT MAY BE EXTENDED UNTIL A RULING BY THE COURT ON AN APPLICATION FILED
32 PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION.

33 4. THE PATIENT'S ATTORNEY MUST BE PRESENT AT ALL HEARINGS AND MAY
34 SUBPOENA AND CROSS-EXAMINE WITNESSES AND PRESENT EVIDENCE. THE PATIENT HAS
35 THE RIGHT TO ATTEND ALL HEARINGS, BUT MAY CHOOSE NOT TO ATTEND A HEARING.
36 THE PATIENT'S ATTORNEY MAY WAIVE THE PATIENT'S PRESENCE AFTER SPEAKING WITH
37 THE PATIENT AND CONFIRMING THAT THE PATIENT UNDERSTANDS THE RIGHT TO BE
38 PRESENT AND DOES NOT DESIRE TO ATTEND. IF THE PATIENT IS UNABLE TO BE
39 PRESENT AT THE HEARING FOR MEDICAL OR PSYCHIATRIC REASONS AND THE HEARING
40 CANNOT BE CONDUCTED WHERE THE PATIENT IS BEING TREATED OR CONFINED, OR THE
41 PATIENT CANNOT APPEAR BY ANOTHER REASONABLY FEASIBLE MEANS, THE COURT SHALL
42 REQUIRE CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE THAT THE PATIENT IS UNABLE TO BE
43 PRESENT AT THE HEARING AND ON SUCH A FINDING MAY PROCEED WITH THE HEARING IN
44 THE PATIENT'S ABSENCE.

1 5. THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED BY THE PETITIONER SHALL INCLUDE THE
2 TESTIMONY OF TWO OR MORE WITNESSES ACQUAINTED WITH THE PATIENT DURING THE
3 PERIOD OF COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT, WHICH MAY BE SATISFIED BY A STATEMENT
4 AGREED ON BY THE PARTIES, AND THE TESTIMONY OF ANY PHYSICIAN WHO PERFORMED AN
5 ANNUAL REVIEW OF THE PATIENT, WHICH MAY BE SATISFIED BY STIPULATING TO THE
6 ADMISSION OF THE EXAMINING PHYSICIANS' WRITTEN REPORT PREPARED PURSUANT
7 SUBSECTION E OF THIS SECTION.

8 6. AT A HEARING HELD PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION, THE COURT, WITH
9 NOTICE, MAY IMPOSE ON AN EXISTING GUARDIAN ADDITIONAL POWERS PURSUANT TO
10 SECTION 14-5312.01. IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THE PATIENT'S NEEDS CAN BE
11 ADEQUATELY MET BY AN EXISTING GUARDIAN WITH THE ADDITIONAL POWERS PURSUANT TO
12 SECTION 14-5312.01 AND THAT A COURT ORDER FOR TREATMENT IS NOT NECESSARY TO
13 ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH NECESSARY TREATMENT, THE COURT MAY TERMINATE THE COURT
14 ORDER FOR TREATMENT OR DECLINE TO ISSUE AN ORDER CONTINUING COURT-ORDERED
15 TREATMENT. THE COURT MAY ALSO ORDER AN INVESTIGATION INTO THE NEED FOR
16 GUARDIANSHIP OR CONSERVATORSHIP, OR BOTH, AND MAY APPOINT A SUITABLE PERSON
17 OR AGENCY TO CONDUCT THE INVESTIGATION. THE APPOINTEE MAY INCLUDE A
18 COURT-APPOINTED GUARDIAN AD LITEM, A COURT-APPOINTED INVESTIGATOR PURSUANT TO
19 SECTION 14-5308 OR THE PUBLIC FIDUCIARY IF THERE IS NO PERSON WILLING AND
20 QUALIFIED TO ACT IN THAT CAPACITY. THE COURT SHALL GIVE NOTICE OF THE
21 APPOINTMENT TO THE APPOINTEE WITHIN THREE DAYS AFTER THE APPOINTMENT. THE
22 APPOINTEE SHALL SUBMIT THE REPORT OF THE INVESTIGATION TO THE COURT WITHIN
23 TWENTY-ONE DAYS. THE REPORT SHALL INCLUDE RECOMMENDATIONS AS TO WHO SHOULD
24 BE GUARDIAN OR CONSERVATOR, OR BOTH, AND THE FINDINGS AND REASONS FOR THE
25 RECOMMENDATION. IF THE INVESTIGATION AND REPORT SO INDICATE, THE COURT MAY
26 AUTHORIZE AN APPROPRIATE PERSON TO FILE A PETITION FOR APPOINTMENT OF A
27 GUARDIAN OR CONSERVATOR FOR THE PATIENT.

28 H. If a hearing is held pursuant to subsection G of this section, the
29 party seeking the renewal of the court order must prove all of the following
30 by clear and convincing evidence:

31 1. The patient CONTINUES TO HAVE A MENTAL DISORDER AND, AS A RESULT OF
32 THAT DISORDER, is ~~one of the following:~~ EITHER PERSISTENTLY OR ACUTELY
33 DISABLED OR IS GRAVELY DISABLED.

34 ~~(a) A danger to self.~~

35 ~~(b) A danger to others.~~

36 ~~(c) Persistently or acutely disabled.~~

37 ~~(d) Gravely disabled.~~

38 2. The patient is in need of CONTINUED COURT-ORDERED treatment.

39 3. The patient is either unwilling or unable to accept treatment
40 voluntarily.

41 I. AFTER A HEARING HELD PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION G OF THIS SECTION, THE
42 COURT MAY ORDER THE PATIENT TO BE RELEASED FROM COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT OR TO
43 UNDERGO CONTINUED COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED THE TIME
44 PERIODS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 36-540, SUBSECTION D.

45 ~~I.~~ J. The deputy director shall create and operate a program to
46 ~~assure~~ ENSURE that the examination and review of gravely disabled persons or

1 persistently or acutely disabled persons ~~who have been substantially~~
2 ~~noncompliant while~~ under court order are carried out in an effective and
3 timely manner. The deputy director, with the approval of the director, shall
4 adopt rules needed to operate this program.

5 Sec. 7. Section 36-548, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
6 36-548. Court-ordered treatment by the United States department
7 of veterans affairs or other agency of the United
8 States

9 A. Whenever, in any proceeding under the laws of this state for the
10 court-ordered treatment of a person alleged to be, as a result of a mental
11 disorder, a danger to self or to others, **PERSISTENTLY OR ACUTELY DISABLED** or
12 gravely disabled, ~~it is determined after such adjudication of the status of~~
13 such person as may be required by law that hospitalization in a mental health
14 treatment agency is necessary for treatment, and it appears that the person
15 is eligible for care or treatment by the ~~veterans administration~~ **UNITED**
16 **STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS** or other agency of the United States,
17 the court, ~~upon~~ **ON** receipt of a certificate from the ~~veterans administration~~
18 **UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS** or other agency showing that
19 facilities are available and that the person is eligible for care or
20 treatment, may order the person to undergo treatment by the ~~veterans~~
21 ~~administration~~ **UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS** or other agency
22 of the United States. A person hospitalized in a ~~veterans administration~~
23 **UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS** facility or institution operated
24 by another agency of the United States in accordance with the court's order
25 for treatment shall be subject to the rules and regulations of the ~~veterans~~
26 ~~administration~~ **UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS** or other agency
27 whether the facility is located within or without the state. The chief
28 officer of the ~~veterans administration~~ **UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS**
29 **AFFAIRS** facility or other institution by another agency of the United States
30 in which the person is hospitalized shall with respect to the person be
31 vested with the same powers as the medical director of a mental health
32 treatment agency with respect to the continuation of hospitalization or
33 release. Jurisdiction is retained by the court ~~which~~ **THAT** ordered the
34 treatment of the patient or other superior court of the state at any time to
35 inquire into the mental condition of the person and to determine the
36 necessity for continuance of ~~his~~ **THE PERSON'S** hospitalization.

37 B. The judgment or order of commitment by a court of competent
38 jurisdiction of another state or of the District of Columbia, ~~committing a~~
39 person to the ~~veterans administration~~ **UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS**
40 **AFFAIRS** or other agency of the United States for care or treatment, ~~shall~~
41 have the same force and effect as to the committed person while in this state
42 as in the jurisdiction where the court ~~which~~ **THAT** entered the judgment or
43 made the order is located, and the courts of the committing state, ~~or of the~~
44 District of Columbia, ~~shall be deemed to have retained jurisdiction of the~~
45 person so committed for the purpose of inquiring into the mental condition of
46 the person, and of determining the necessity for continuance of ~~his~~ **THE**

1 PERSON'S hospitalization as provided by subsection A OF THIS SECTION with
2 respect to persons ordered to undergo treatment by the courts of this
3 state. Consent is given to the application of the law of the committing
4 state or District of Columbia with respect to the authority of the chief
5 officer of any facility of the ~~veterans-administration~~ UNITED STATES
6 DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS or any institution operated in this state by
7 any other agency of the United States to retain custody, OF or transfer,
8 parole, or discharge the committed person.

9 C. ~~Upon~~ ON receipt of a certificate of the ~~veterans-administration~~
10 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS or other agency of the United
11 States that facilities are available for the care or treatment of any person
12 ~~heretofore~~ ordered to undergo treatment in a mental health treatment agency
13 and that the person is eligible for care or treatment, the medical director
14 of the mental health treatment agency may cause the transfer of the person to
15 a ~~veterans-administration~~ UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
16 facility or institution operated by another agency of the United States for
17 care or treatment. ~~Upon~~ ON effecting any such transfer, the superior court
18 ~~which~~ THAT ordered treatment for the patient shall be notified ~~thereof~~ by the
19 transferring agency. ~~No~~ A person shall NOT be transferred to a ~~veterans~~
20 ~~administration~~ UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS facility or
21 institution operated by another agency of the United States if ~~he~~ THE PERSON
22 is confined pursuant to an order of a superior court under rules of criminal
23 procedure, unless ~~prior to~~ BEFORE THAT transfer the superior court enters an
24 order for the transfer.

25 D. A person transferred as provided in this section is deemed to have
26 been ordered to undergo treatment by the ~~veterans-administration~~ UNITED
27 STATES DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS or other agency of the United States
28 pursuant to the original court order for treatment. ~~No~~ A person ordered to
29 undergo treatment by the ~~veterans-administration~~ UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF
30 VETERANS AFFAIRS or transferred to the ~~veterans-administration~~ UNITED STATES
31 DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS as provided in this section shall NOT be
32 removed from the state for evaluation or treatment without specific informed
33 consent of the patient or ~~his~~ THE PERSON'S legal guardian.