Senate Engrossed House Bill

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fiftieth Legislature First Regular Session 2011

CHAPTER 84

HOUSE BILL 2103

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 36-136, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 36-136, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 36-136. Powers and duties of director: compensation of 5 personnel The director shall: 6 Α. 7 1. Be the executive officer of the department of health services and 8 the state registrar of vital statistics but shall not receive compensation 9 for services as registrar. 2. Perform all duties necessary to carry out the functions and 10 11 responsibilities of the department. 3. Prescribe the organization of the department. The director shall 12 13 appoint or remove personnel as necessary for the efficient work of the 14 department and shall prescribe the duties of all personnel. The director may 15 abolish any office or position in the department that the director believes 16 is unnecessary. 17 4. Administer and enforce the laws relating to health and sanitation 18 and the rules of the department. 19 5. Provide for the examination of any premises if the director has 20 reasonable cause to believe that on the premises there exists a violation of 21 any health law or rule of the state. 22 6. Exercise general supervision over all matters relating to 23 sanitation and health throughout the state. When in the opinion of the 24 director it is necessary or advisable, a sanitary survey of the whole or of 25 any part of the state shall be made. The director may enter, examine and 26 survey any source and means of water supply, sewage disposal plant, sewerage 27 system, prison, public or private place of detention, asylum, hospital, 28 school, public building, private institution, factory, workshop, tenement, 29 public washroom, public restroom, public toilet and toilet facility, public 30 eating room and restaurant, dairy, milk plant or food manufacturing or 31 processing plant, and any premises in which the director has reason to 32 believe there exists a violation of any health law or rule of the state that 33 the director has the duty to administer. 34 7. Prepare sanitary and public health rules. 35 8. Perform other duties prescribed by law. B. If the director has reasonable cause to believe that there exists a 36 37 violation of any health law or rule of the state, the director may inspect 38 any person or property in transportation through the state, and any car, 39 boat, train, trailer, airplane or other vehicle in which that person or 40 property is transported, and may enforce detention or disinfection as 41 reasonably necessary for the public health if there exists a violation of any 42 health law or rule. 43 C. The director may deputize, in writing, any qualified officer or 44 employee in the department to do or perform on the director's behalf any act 45 the director is by law empowered to do or charged with the responsibility of 46 doing.

D. The director may delegate to a local health department, county environmental department or public health services district any functions, powers or duties that the director believes can be competently, efficiently and properly performed by the local health department, county environmental department or public health services district if:

6 1. The director or superintendent of the local health agency, 7 environmental agency or public health services district is willing to accept 8 the delegation and agrees to perform or exercise the functions, powers and 9 duties conferred in accordance with the standards of performance established 10 by the director.

11 2. Monies appropriated or otherwise made available to the department 12 for distribution to or division among counties or public health services 13 districts for local health work may be allocated or reallocated in a manner 14 designed to assure the accomplishment of recognized local public health 15 activities and delegated functions, powers and duties in accordance with 16 applicable standards of performance. Whenever in the director's opinion 17 there is cause, the director may terminate all or a part of any delegation 18 and may reallocate all or a part of any funds that may have been conditioned 19 on the further performance of the functions, powers or duties conferred.

20 E. The compensation of all personnel shall be as determined pursuant 21 to section 38-611.

F. The director may make and amend rules necessary for the proper administration and enforcement of the laws relating to the public health.

G. Notwithstanding subsection H, paragraph 1 of this section, the director may define and prescribe emergency measures for detecting, reporting, preventing and controlling communicable or infectious diseases or conditions if the director has reasonable cause to believe that a serious threat to public health and welfare exists. Emergency measures are effective for no longer than eighteen months.

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H. The director, by rule, shall:

31 1. Define and prescribe reasonably necessary measures for detecting, 32 reporting, preventing and controlling communicable and preventable diseases. 33 The rules shall declare certain diseases reportable. The rules shall 34 prescribe measures, including isolation or quarantine, reasonably required to 35 prevent the occurrence of, or to seek early detection and alleviation of, disability, insofar as possible, from communicable or preventable diseases. 36 37 The rules shall include reasonably necessary measures to control animal 38 diseases transmittable to humans.

2. Define and prescribe reasonably necessary measures, in addition to those prescribed by law, regarding the preparation, embalming, cremation, interment, disinterment and transportation of dead human bodies and the conduct of funerals, relating to and restricted to communicable diseases and regarding the removal, transportation, cremation, interment or disinterment of any dead human body.

45 3. Define and prescribe reasonably necessary procedures not 46 inconsistent with law in regard to the use and accessibility of vital 1 records, delayed birth registration and the completion, change and amendment 2 of vital records.

3 Except as relating to the beneficial use of wildlife meat by public 4. 4 institutions and charitable organizations pursuant to title 17, prescribe 5 reasonably necessary measures to assure that all food or drink, including 6 meat and meat products and milk and milk products sold at the retail level, 7 provided for human consumption is free from unwholesome, poisonous or other 8 foreign substances and filth, insects or disease-causing organisms. The 9 rules shall prescribe reasonably necessary measures governing the production, processing, labeling, storing, handling, serving and transportation of these 10 11 products. The rules shall prescribe minimum standards for the sanitary facilities and conditions that shall be maintained in any warehouse, 12 13 restaurant or other premises, except a meat packing plant, slaughterhouse, 14 wholesale meat processing plant, dairy product manufacturing plant or trade 15 product manufacturing plant. The rules shall prescribe minimum standards for 16 any truck or other vehicle in which food or drink is produced, processed, 17 stored, handled, served or transported. The rules shall provide for the 18 inspection and licensing of premises and vehicles so used, and for abatement 19 as public nuisances of any premises or vehicles that do not comply with the 20 rules and minimum standards. The rules shall provide an exemption relating 21 to food and OR drink that is:

22 (a) Served at a noncommercial social event that takes place at a23 workplace, such as a potluck.

24 (b) Prepared at a cooking school that is conducted in an 25 owner-occupied home.

26 (c) Not potentially hazardous and prepared in a kitchen of a private 27 home for occasional sale or distribution for noncommercial purposes.

(d) Prepared or served at an employee-conducted function that lasts
 less than four hours and is not regularly scheduled, such as an employee
 recognition, an employee fund-raising or an employee social event.

31 (e) Offered at a child care facility and limited to commercially 32 prepackaged food that is not potentially hazardous and whole fruits and 33 vegetables that are washed and cut on site for immediate consumption.

(f) Offered at locations that sell only commercially prepackaged food and OR drink that is not potentially hazardous and that is displayed in an area of less than ten lineal LINEAR feet.

37 (g) BAKED AND CONFECTIONARY GOODS THAT ARE NOT POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS 38 AND THAT ARE PREPARED IN A KITCHEN OF A PRIVATE HOME FOR COMMERCIAL PURPOSES 39 IF PACKAGED WITH A LABEL THAT CLEARLY STATES THE ADDRESS OF THE MAKER, 40 INCLUDES CONTACT INFORMATION FOR THE MAKER, LISTS ALL THE INGREDIENTS IN THE 41 PRODUCT AND DISCLOSES THAT THE PRODUCT WAS PREPARED IN A HOME. THE LABEL 42 MUST BE GIVEN TO THE FINAL CONSUMER OF THE PRODUCT. IF THE PRODUCT WAS MADE 43 IN A FACILITY FOR DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED INDIVIDUALS, THE LABEL MUST ALSO 44 DISCLOSE THAT FACT. THE PERSON PREPARING THE FOOD OR SUPERVISING THE FOOD 45 PREPARATION MUST OBTAIN A FOOD HANDLER'S CARD OR CERTIFICATE IF ONE IS ISSUED BY THE LOCAL COUNTY AND MUST REGISTER WITH AN ONLINE REGISTRY ESTABLISHED BY 46

THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 13 OF THIS SUBSECTION. FOR THE PURPOSES
OF THIS SUBDIVISION, "POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS" MEANS BAKED AND CONFECTIONARY
GOODS THAT MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE FOOD CODE PUBLISHED BY THE UNITED
STATES FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AS MODIFIED AND INCORPORATED BY
REFERENCE BY THE DEPARTMENT BY RULE.

5. Prescribe reasonably necessary measures to assure that all meat and meat products for human consumption handled at the retail level are delivered in a manner and from sources approved by the Arizona department of agriculture and are free from unwholesome, poisonous or other foreign substances and filth, insects or disease-causing organisms. The rules shall prescribe standards for sanitary facilities to be used in identity, storage, handling and sale of all meat and meat products sold at the retail level.

13 6. Prescribe reasonably necessary measures regarding production, processing, labeling, handling, serving and transportation of bottled water 14 15 to assure that all bottled drinking water distributed for human consumption is free from unwholesome, poisonous, deleterious or other foreign substances 16 17 and filth or disease-causing organisms. The rules shall prescribe minimum 18 standards for the sanitary facilities and conditions that shall be maintained 19 at any source of water, bottling plant and truck or vehicle in which bottled 20 water is produced, processed, stored or transported and shall provide for 21 inspection and certification of bottled drinking water sources, plants, processes and transportation and for abatement as a public nuisance of any 22 23 water supply, label, premises, equipment, process or vehicle that does not 24 comply with the minimum standards. The rules shall prescribe minimum 25 standards for bacteriological, physical and chemical quality for bottled 26 water and for the submission of samples at intervals prescribed in the 27 standards.

28 7. Define and prescribe reasonably necessary measures governing ice 29 production, handling, storing and distribution to assure that all ice sold or 30 distributed for human consumption or for the preservation or storage of food 31 for human consumption is free from unwholesome, poisonous, deleterious or 32 other foreign substances and filth or disease-causing organisms. The rules 33 shall prescribe minimum standards for the sanitary facilities and conditions 34 and the quality of ice that shall be maintained at any ice plant, storage and 35 truck or vehicle in which ice is produced, stored, handled or transported and 36 shall provide for inspection and licensing of the premises and vehicles, and 37 for abatement as public nuisances of ice, premises, equipment, processes or 38 vehicles that do not comply with the minimum standards.

39 Define and prescribe reasonably necessary measures concerning 8. 40 sewage and excreta disposal, garbage and trash collection, storage and 41 disposal, and water supply for recreational and summer camps, campgrounds, 42 motels, tourist courts, trailer coach parks and hotels. The rules shall 43 prescribe minimum standards for preparation of food in community kitchens, 44 adequacy of excreta disposal, garbage and trash collection, storage and 45 disposal and water supply for recreational and summer camps, campgrounds, 46 motels, tourist courts, trailer coach parks and hotels and shall provide for

1 inspection of these premises and for abatement as public nuisances of any 2 premises or facilities that do not comply with the rules.

9. Define and prescribe reasonably necessary measures concerning the sewage and excreta disposal, garbage and trash collection, storage and disposal, water supply and food preparation of all public schools. The rules shall prescribe minimum standards for sanitary conditions that shall be maintained in any public school and shall provide for inspection of these premises and facilities and for abatement as public nuisances of any premises that do not comply with the minimum standards.

10 10. Prescribe reasonably necessary measures to prevent pollution of 11 water used in public or semipublic swimming pools and bathing places and to prevent deleterious health conditions at these places. The rules shall 12 13 prescribe minimum standards for sanitary conditions that shall be maintained 14 at any public or semipublic swimming pool or bathing place and shall provide 15 for inspection of these premises and for abatement as public nuisances of any 16 premises and facilities that do not comply with the minimum standards. The 17 rules shall be developed in cooperation with the director of the department 18 of environmental quality and shall be consistent with the rules adopted by 19 the director of the department of environmental quality pursuant to 20 section 49-104, subsection B, paragraph 12.

11. Prescribe reasonably necessary measures to keep confidential information relating to diagnostic findings and treatment of patients, as well as information relating to contacts, suspects and associates of communicable disease patients. In no event shall confidential information be made available for political or commercial purposes.

26 12. Prescribe reasonably necessary measures regarding human 27 immunodeficiency virus testing as a means to control the transmission of that 28 virus, including the designation of anonymous test sites as dictated by 29 current epidemiologic and scientific evidence.

30 13. ESTABLISH AN ONLINE REGISTRY OF FOOD PREPARERS THAT ARE AUTHORIZED
 31 TO PREPARE FOOD FOR COMMERCIAL PURPOSES PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 4 OF THIS
 32 SUBSECTION.

I. The rules adopted under the authority conferred by this section shall be observed throughout the state and shall be enforced by each local board of health or public health services district, but this section does not limit the right of any local board of health or county board of supervisors to adopt ordinances and rules as authorized by law within its jurisdiction, provided that the ordinances and rules do not conflict with state law and are equal to or more restrictive than the rules of the director.

J. The powers and duties prescribed by this section do not apply in instances in which regulatory powers and duties relating to public health are vested by the legislature in any other state board, commission, agency or instrumentality, except that with regard to the regulation of meat and meat products, the department of health services and the Arizona department of agriculture within the area delegated to each shall adopt rules that are not in conflict. 23

1 K. The director, in establishing fees authorized by this section, 2 shall comply with title 41, chapter 6. The department shall not set a fee at 3 more than the department's cost of providing the service for which the fee is 4 charged. State agencies are exempt from all fees imposed pursuant to this 5 section.

6 L. After consultation with the state superintendent of public 7 instruction, the director shall prescribe the criteria the department shall 8 use in deciding whether or not to notify a local school district that a pupil 9 in the district has tested positive for the human immunodeficiency virus 10 antibody. The director shall prescribe the procedure by which the department 11 shall notify a school district if, pursuant to these criteria, the department 12 determines that notification is warranted in a particular situation. This 13 procedure shall include a requirement that before notification the department 14 shall determine to its satisfaction that the district has an appropriate 15 policy relating to nondiscrimination of the infected pupil and 16 confidentiality of test results and that proper educational counseling has 17 been or will be provided to staff and pupils.

M. Until the department adopts exemptions by rule as required by subsection H, paragraph 4, subdivision (b) of this section, a kitchen in a private home that is used as a cooking school and that prepares and offers food to students is exempt from the rules prescribed in subsection H of this section if all of the following are true:

1. Only one cooking school meal per day is prepared and served.

24 2. The meal is served to not more than fifteen cooking school 25 students.

3. The students are informed by a statement contained in a published advertisement, mailed brochure and placard posted at the cooking school's registration that the food is prepared in a kitchen that is not regulated and inspected by the department or by a local health authority.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR APRIL 13, 2011.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE APRIL 13, 2011.