House Engrossed

State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-eighth Legislature Second Regular Session 2008

HOUSE BILL 2705

AN ACT

AMENDING TITLE 35, CHAPTER 2, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING ARTICLE 7; PROVIDING FOR THE DELAYED REPEAL OF TITLE 35, CHAPTER 2, ARTICLE 7, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO SUDAN INVESTMENTS AND BUSINESS OPERATIONS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Title 35, chapter 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended 3 by adding article 7, to read: 4 ARTICLE 7. SUDAN INVESTMENTS AND BUSINESS OPERATIONS 5 35-391. Definitions IN THIS ARTICLE, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES: 6 7 1. "ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS" MEANS ALL BUSINESS OPERATIONS THAT ARE 8 NOT INACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS. 9 2. "BUSINESS OPERATIONS" MEANS ENGAGING IN COMMERCE IN ANY FORM IN SUDAN, INCLUDING ACQUIRING, DEVELOPING, MAINTAINING, OWNING, SELLING, 10 11 POSSESSING, LEASING OR OPERATING EQUIPMENT, FACILITIES, PERSONNEL, PRODUCTS, SERVICES, PERSONAL PROPERTY, REAL PROPERTY OR ANY OTHER APPARATUS OF BUSINESS 12 13 OR COMMERCE. 14 3. "COMPANY" MEANS ANY SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, ORGANIZATION, ASSOCIATION, 15 CORPORATION, PARTNERSHIP, JOINT VENTURE, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, LIMITED 16 LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY OR OTHER ENTITY OR BUSINESS 17 ASSOCIATION, INCLUDING ALL WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES, MAJORITY-OWNED 18 SUBSIDIARIES OR PARENT COMPANIES OR AFFILIATES OF SUCH ENTITIES OR BUSINESS ASSOCIATIONS, THAT EXISTS FOR PROFIT-MAKING PURPOSES. 19 20 4. "COMPLICIT" MEANS TAKING ACTIONS DURING ANY PRECEDING TWENTY-MONTH 21 PERIOD THAT HAVE SUPPORTED OR PROMOTED THE GENOCIDAL CAMPAIGN IN DARFUR. 22 INCLUDING PREVENTING DARFUR'S VICTIMIZED POPULATION FROM COMMUNICATING WITH 23 EACH OTHER, ENCOURAGING SUDANESE CITIZENS TO SPEAK OUT AGAINST AN 24 INTERNATIONALLY APPROVED SECURITY FORCE FOR DARFUR, ACTIVELY WORKING TO DENY, 25 COVER UP OR ALTER THE RECORD ON HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES IN DARFUR OR OTHER 26 SIMILAR ACTIONS. 27 5. "DIRECT HOLDINGS" MEANS ALL PUBLICLY TRADED EQUITY SECURITIES HELD 28 DIRECTLY BY THE PUBLIC FUND IN WHICH THE PUBLIC FUND OWNS ALL SHARES OR 29 INTERESTS. 30 6. "GOVERNMENT OF SUDAN" MEANS THE GOVERNMENT IN KHARTOUM, SUDAN, 31 WHICH IS LED BY THE NATIONAL CONGRESS PARTY, FORMERLY KNOWN AS THE NATIONAL 32 ISLAMIC FRONT, OR ANY SUCCESSOR GOVERNMENT FORMED ON OR AFTER OCTOBER 13, 33 2006, INCLUDING THE COALITION NATIONAL UNITY GOVERNMENT AGREED ON IN THE COMPREHENSIVE PEACE AGREEMENT FOR SUDAN, BUT DOES NOT INCLUDE THE REGIONAL 34 35 GOVERNMENT OF SOUTHERN SUDAN. 7. "INACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS" MEANS THE CONTINUED HOLDING OR 36 37 RENEWAL OF RIGHTS TO PROPERTY PREVIOUSLY OPERATED FOR THE PURPOSE OF 38 GENERATING REVENUES BUT NOT PRESENTLY DEPLOYED FOR THAT PURPOSE. 39 8. "INDIRECT HOLDINGS" MEANS ALL PUBLICLY TRADED EQUITY SECURITIES 40 HELD IN AN ACCOUNT OR FUND, INCLUDING A MUTUAL FUND, MANAGED BY ONE OR MORE 41 PERSONS NOT EMPLOYED BY THE PUBLIC FUND, IN WHICH THE PUBLIC FUND OWNS SHARES 42 OR INTERESTS TOGETHER WITH OTHER INVESTORS WHO ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THIS 43 ARTICLE.

9. "MARGINALIZED POPULATIONS OF SUDAN" INCLUDES THE PORTION OF THE POPULATION IN THE DARFUR REGION THAT HAS BEEN GENOCIDALLY VICTIMIZED, THE PORTION OF THE POPULATION OF SOUTHERN SUDAN VICTIMIZED BY SUDAN'S NORTH-SOUTH CIVIL WAR, THE BEJA, RASHIDIYA AND OTHER SIMILARLY UNDERSERVED GROUPS OF EASTERN SUDAN, THE NUBIAN AND OTHER SIMILARLY UNDERSERVED GROUPS IN SUDAN'S ABYEI, SOUTHERN BLUE NILE AND NUBA MOUNTAIN REGIONS AND THE AMRI, HAMADAB, MANASIR AND OTHER SIMILARLY UNDERSERVED GROUPS OF NORTHERN SUDAN.

8 10. "MILITARY EQUIPMENT" MEANS WEAPONS, ARMS, MILITARY SUPPLIES AND 9 EQUIPMENT THAT READILY MAY BE USED FOR MILITARY PURPOSES, INCLUDING RADAR 10 SYSTEMS OR MILITARY-GRADE TRANSPORT VEHICLES OR SUPPLIES OR SERVICES SOLD OR 11 PROVIDED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY TO ANY FORCE ACTIVELY PARTICIPATING IN ARMED 12 CONFLICT IN SUDAN.

11. "MINERAL EXTRACTION ACTIVITIES" INCLUDES EXPLORING, EXTRACTING,
PROCESSING, TRANSPORTING OR WHOLESALE SELLING OR TRADING OF ELEMENTAL
MINERALS OR ASSOCIATED METAL ALLOYS OR ORES, INCLUDING GOLD, COPPER,
CHROMIUM, CHROMITE, DIAMONDS, IRON, IRON ORE, SILVER, TUNGSTEN, URANIUM AND
ZINC, AND FACILITATING THOSE ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING BY PROVIDING SUPPLIES OR
SERVICES IN SUPPORT OF THOSE ACTIVITIES.

19 12. "OIL-RELATED ACTIVITIES" INCLUDES OWNING RIGHTS TO OIL BLOCKS,
 20 EXPORTING, EXTRACTING, PRODUCING, REFINING, PROCESSING, EXPLORING FOR,
 21 TRANSPORTING, SELLING OR TRADING OF OIL, CONSTRUCTING, MAINTAINING OR
 22 OPERATING A PIPELINE, REFINERY OR OTHER OIL FIELD INFRASTRUCTURE AND
 23 FACILITATING THOSE ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING BY PROVIDING SUPPLIES OR SERVICES IN
 24 SUPPORT OF THOSE ACTIVITIES, EXCEPT THAT THE RETAIL SALE OF GASOLINE AND
 25 RELATED CONSUMER PRODUCTS IS NOT AN OIL-RELATED ACTIVITY.

26 "POWER PRODUCTION ACTIVITIES" MEANS ANY BUSINESS OPERATION THAT 13. 27 INVOLVES A PROJECT COMMISSIONED BY THE NATIONAL ELECTRICITY CORPORATION OF 28 SUDAN OR OTHER SIMILAR GOVERNMENT OF SUDAN ENTITY AND WHOSE PURPOSE IS TO 29 FACILITATE POWER GENERATION AND DELIVERY, INCLUDING ESTABLISHING 30 POWER-GENERATING PLANTS OR HYDROELECTRIC DAMS, SELLING OR INSTALLING 31 COMPONENTS FOR THE PROJECT, PROVIDING SERVICE CONTRACTS RELATED TO THE 32 INSTALLATION OR MAINTENANCE OF THE PROJECT OR FACILITATING THOSE ACTIVITIES, 33 INCLUDING BY PROVIDING SUPPLIES OR SERVICES IN SUPPORT OF THOSE ACTIVITIES.

14. "PUBLIC FUND" MEANS THE ARIZONA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM ESTABLISHED
BY TITLE 38, CHAPTER 5, ARTICLE 2, THE ELECTED OFFICIALS' RETIREMENT PLAN
ESTABLISHED BY TITLE 38, CHAPTER 5, ARTICLE 3, THE PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL
RETIREMENT SYSTEM ESTABLISHED BY TITLE 38, CHAPTER 5, ARTICLE 4, THE
CORRECTIONS OFFICER RETIREMENT PLAN ESTABLISHED BY TITLE 38, CHAPTER 5,
ARTICLE 6 AND THE STATE TREASURER INVESTMENTS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION
35-314.02.

41 15. "SCRUTINIZED" MEANS ANY BUSINESS OPERATIONS THAT INVOLVE CONTRACTS
42 WITH OR PROVISION OF SUPPLIES OR SERVICES TO THE GOVERNMENT OF SUDAN,
43 COMPANIES IN WHICH THE GOVERNMENT OF SUDAN HAS ANY DIRECT OR INDIRECT EQUITY
44 SHARE, GOVERNMENT OF SUDAN-COMMISSIONED CONSORTIUMS OR PROJECTS OR COMPANIES

INVOLVED IN GOVERNMENT OF SUDAN-COMMISSIONED CONSORTIUMS OR PROJECTS AND ANY
 OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES:

3 (a) A MATERIAL PORTION OF THE COMPANY'S REVENUES OR ASSETS ARE ATTRIBUTED TO SUDAN AND INVOLVE OIL-RELATED ACTIVITIES OR MINERAL EXTRACTION 4 5 ACTIVITIES. LESS THAN SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT OF THE COMPANY'S REVENUES OR ASSETS ATTRIBUTED TO SUDAN INVOLVE CONTRACTS WITH OR PROVISION OF OIL-RELATED 6 7 OR MINERAL EXTRACTING PRODUCTS OR SERVICES TO THE REGIONAL GOVERNMENT OF 8 SOUTHERN SUDAN OR A PROJECT OR CONSORTIUM CREATED EXCLUSIVELY BY THAT 9 REGIONAL GOVERNMENT AND THE COMPANY HAS FAILED TO TAKE SUBSTANTIAL ACTION. THE PUBLIC FUND HAS SOLE DISCRETION TO DETERMINE WHAT IS A MATERIAL PORTION 10 11 OF REVENUES OR ASSETS.

12 (b) A MATERIAL PORTION OF THE COMPANY'S REVENUES OR ASSETS ARE 13 ATTRIBUTED TO SUDAN AND INVOLVE POWER PRODUCTION ACTIVITIES, LESS THAN 14 SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT OF THE COMPANY'S POWER PRODUCTION ACTIVITIES INCLUDE 15 PROJECTS WHOSE INTENT IS TO PROVIDE POWER OR ELECTRICITY TO THE MARGINALIZED 16 POPULATIONS OF SUDAN AND THE COMPANY HAS FAILED TO TAKE SUBSTANTIAL ACTION. 17 THE PUBLIC FUND HAS SOLE DISCRETION TO DETERMINE WHAT IS A MATERIAL PORTION 18 OF REVENUES OR ASSETS.

19

(c) THE COMPANY IS COMPLICIT IN THE DARFUR GENOCIDE.

20 (d) THE COMPANY SUPPLIES MILITARY EQUIPMENT IN SUDAN, UNLESS IT 21 CLEARLY SHOWS THAT THE MILITARY EQUIPMENT CANNOT BE USED TO FACILITATE 22 OFFENSIVE MILITARY ACTIONS IN SUDAN OR THE COMPANY IMPLEMENTS RIGOROUS AND 23 VERIFIABLE SAFEGUARDS TO PREVENT USE OF THAT EQUIPMENT BY FORCES ACTIVELY 24 PARTICIPATING IN ARMED CONFLICT SUCH AS THROUGH POST-SALE TRACKING OF THAT 25 EQUIPMENT BY THE COMPANY, CERTIFICATION FROM A REPUTABLE AND OBJECTIVE THIRD PARTY THAT THE EQUIPMENT IS NOT BEING USED BY A PARTY PARTICIPATING IN ARMED 26 27 CONFLICT IN SUDAN OR SALE OF THAT EQUIPMENT SOLELY TO THE REGIONAL GOVERNMENT 28 OF SOUTHERN SUDAN OR ANY INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED PEACEKEEPING FORCE OR 29 HUMANITARIAN ORGANIZATION. A SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT COMPANY THAT IS NOT 30 COMPLICIT IN THE DARFUR GENOCIDE SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED TO BE A SCRUTINIZED 31 COMPANY.

32 16. "SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT COMPANY" MEANS A COMPANY WHOSE PRIMARY PURPOSE 33 IN SUDAN IS TO PROVIDE HUMANITARIAN GOODS OR SERVICES, INCLUDING MEDICINE OR 34 MEDICAL EQUIPMENT, AGRICULTURAL SUPPLIES OR INFRASTRUCTURE, EDUCATIONAL 35 OPPORTUNITIES, JOURNALISM-RELATED ACTIVITIES, INFORMATION OR INFORMATION MATERIALS, SPIRITUAL-RELATED ACTIVITIES, SERVICES OF A PURELY CLERICAL OR 36 37 REPORTING NATURE, FOOD, CLOTHING OR GENERAL CONSUMER GOODS THAT ARE UNRELATED 38 TO OIL-RELATED ACTIVITIES, MINERAL EXTRACTION ACTIVITIES OR POWER PRODUCTION 39 ACTIVITIES.

17. "SUBSTANTIAL ACTION" MEANS ADOPTING, PUBLICIZING AND IMPLEMENTING A
FORMAL PLAN TO CEASE SCRUTINIZED BUSINESS OPERATIONS WITHIN ONE YEAR AND TO
REFRAIN FROM ANY SUCH NEW BUSINESS OPERATIONS, AND UNDERTAKING SIGNIFICANT
HUMANITARIAN EFFORTS IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION, THE
GOVERNMENT OF SUDAN, THE REGIONAL GOVERNMENT OF SOUTHERN SUDAN OR A NONPROFIT
ENTITY AND EVALUATED AND CERTIFIED BY AN INDEPENDENT THIRD PARTY TO BE

SUBSTANTIAL IN RELATIONSHIP TO THE COMPANY'S SUDAN BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND OF
 BENEFIT TO ONE OR MORE MARGINALIZED POPULATIONS OF SUDAN OR, THROUGH
 ENGAGEMENT WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF SUDAN, MATERIALLY IMPROVING CONDITIONS FOR
 THE GENOCIDALLY VICTIMIZED POPULATION IN DARFUR.

5

35-392. Identification of companies

6 A. WITHIN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS 7 ARTICLE, THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL MAKE REASONABLE EFFORTS TO IDENTIFY ALL 8 SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES IN WHICH THE PUBLIC FUND HAS DIRECT HOLDINGS. SUCH 9 EFFORTS SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

1. REVIEWING AND RELYING, AS APPROPRIATE IN THE PUBLIC FUND'S
 JUDGMENT, ON PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION REGARDING COMPANIES WITH BUSINESS
 OPERATIONS IN SUDAN, INCLUDING INFORMATION PROVIDED BY NONPROFIT
 ORGANIZATIONS, RESEARCH FIRMS, INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND GOVERNMENT
 ENTITIES.

15 2. CONTACTING ASSET MANAGERS CONTRACTED BY THE PUBLIC FUND THAT INVEST16 IN COMPANIES WITH BUSINESS OPERATIONS IN SUDAN.

17 3. CONTACTING OTHER INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS THAT HAVE DIVESTED FROM OR18 ENGAGED WITH COMPANIES THAT HAVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS IN SUDAN.

B. BEFORE THE FIRST MEETING OF THE PUBLIC FUND FOLLOWING THE ONE
HUNDRED EIGHTY-DAY PERIOD, THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL ASSEMBLE ALL IDENTIFIED
SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES INTO A SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES LIST.

C. THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL UPDATE THE SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES LIST ON AN
 ANNUAL BASIS BASED ON INFORMATION FROM THOSE ENTITIES LISTED IN SUBSECTION A.
 35-393. Required actions

25 A. THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL ADHERE TO THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES FOR 26 COMPANIES ON THE SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES LIST ON AN ANNUAL BASIS:

27 1. THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL MAKE REASONABLE EFFORTS TO DETERMINE THE
 28 COMPANIES ON THE SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES LIST IN WHICH THE PUBLIC FUND OWNS
 29 DIRECT HOLDINGS.

2. FOR EACH COMPANY IDENTIFIED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 1 WITH ONLY
 INACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS, THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL SEND A WRITTEN NOTICE
 INFORMING THE COMPANY OF THIS ARTICLE AND ENCOURAGING IT TO CONTINUE TO
 REFRAIN FROM INITIATING ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS IN SUDAN UNTIL IT IS ABLE
 TO AVOID SCRUTINIZED BUSINESS OPERATIONS. THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL CONTINUE
 SUCH CORRESPONDENCE ON AN ANNUAL BASIS.

3. FOR EACH COMPANY NEWLY IDENTIFIED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 1 WITH 36 37 ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS, THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL SEND A WRITTEN NOTICE 38 INFORMING THE COMPANY OF ITS SCRUTINIZED COMPANY STATUS AND THAT IT MAY 39 BECOME SUBJECT TO DIVESTMENT BY THE PUBLIC FUND. THE NOTICE SHALL OFFER THE 40 COMPANY THE OPPORTUNITY TO CLARIFY ITS SUDAN-RELATED ACTIVITIES AND SHALL 41 ENCOURAGE THE COMPANY, WITHIN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS, TO EITHER CEASE ITS 42 SCRUTINIZED BUSINESS OPERATIONS OR CONVERT SUCH OPERATIONS TO INACTIVE 43 BUSINESS OPERATIONS IN ORDER TO AVOID QUALIFYING FOR DIVESTMENT BY THE PUBLIC 44 FUND.

1 4. IF. WITHIN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS FOLLOWING THE PUBLIC FUND'S FIRST ENGAGEMENT WITH A COMPANY PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 3, THAT COMPANY CEASES 2 SCRUTINIZED BUSINESS OPERATIONS, THE COMPANY SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE 3 SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES LIST AND THIS SECTION SHALL CEASE TO APPLY TO IT UNLESS 4 5 IT RESUMES SCRUTINIZED BUSINESS OPERATIONS. IF, WITHIN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS AFTER THE PUBLIC FUND'S FIRST ENGAGEMENT, THE COMPANY CONVERTS ITS 6 7 SCRUTINIZED ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS TO INACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS, THE COMPANY IS SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH 2. 8

9 5. IF, AFTER ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS FOLLOWING THE PUBLIC FUND'S FIRST 10 ENGAGEMENT WITH A COMPANY PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 3, THE COMPANY CONTINUES TO 11 HAVE SCRUTINIZED ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS, AND ONLY WHILE THAT COMPANY 12 CONTINUES TO HAVE SCRUTINIZED ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS, THE PUBLIC FUND 13 SHALL SELL, REDEEM, DIVEST OR WITHDRAW ALL PUBLICLY TRADED SECURITIES OF THE 14 COMPANY ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE:

15 (a) AT LEAST FIFTY PER CENT OF ASSETS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE PUBLIC
 16 FUND'S ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT WITHIN TWELVE MONTHS AFTER THE COMPANY'S MOST
 17 RECENT APPEARANCE ON THE SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES LIST.

(b) ONE HUNDRED PER CENT OF ASSETS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE PUBLIC
 FUND'S ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT WITHIN EIGHTEEN MONTHS AFTER THE COMPANY'S
 MOST RECENT APPEARANCE ON THE SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES LIST.

(c) IF A COMPANY THAT CEASED SCRUTINIZED ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS
 FOLLOWING ENGAGEMENT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 3 RESUMES SUCH OPERATIONS,
 SUBDIVISION (a) SHALL IMMEDIATELY APPLY, AND THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL SEND A
 WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE COMPANY. THE COMPANY SHALL ALSO BE IMMEDIATELY
 REINTRODUCED ONTO THE SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES LIST.

26 6. THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL NOT ACQUIRE SECURITIES OF COMPANIES ON THE
27 SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES LIST THAT HAVE ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS, EXCEPT AS
28 PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPHS 7 AND 8.

7. A COMPANY THAT THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AFFIRMATIVELY DECLARES
TO BE EXCLUDED FROM ITS PRESENT OR ANY FUTURE FEDERAL SANCTIONS REGIME
RELATING TO SUDAN SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO DIVESTMENT OR INVESTMENT
PROHIBITION PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPHS 5 AND 6.

33 8. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW, PARAGRAPHS 5 AND 6 DO NOT APPLY TO INDIRECT HOLDINGS IN ACTIVELY OR PASSIVELY MANAGED INVESTMENT FUNDS OR DIRECT 34 35 HOLDINGS IN PASSIVELY MANAGED INVESTMENT FUNDS. THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL ANNUALLY SUBMIT LETTERS TO THE MANAGERS OF SUCH INVESTMENT FUNDS CONTAINING 36 37 COMPANIES WITH SCRUTINIZED ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS REQUESTING THAT THEY 38 CONSIDER REMOVING SUCH COMPANIES FROM THE FUND OR CREATE A SIMILAR ACTIVELY 39 OR PASSIVELY MANAGED FUND DEVOID OF SUCH COMPANIES. IF THE MANAGER CREATES A 40 SIMILAR FUND, THE USE OF WHICH WOULD NOT REQUIRE INCREASED FEES ON THE PART 41 OF THE PUBLIC FUND, THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL REPLACE ALL APPLICABLE INVESTMENTS 42 WITH INVESTMENTS IN THE SIMILAR FUND IN AN EXPEDITED TIME FRAME CONSISTENT 43 WITH PRUDENT INVESTING STANDARDS.

44 B. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, PRIVATE EQUITY FUNDS SHALL BE 45 DEEMED TO BE ACTIVELY MANAGED INVESTMENT FUNDS.

1	35-394. <u>Reporting</u>
2	A. THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL SUBMIT A PUBLICLY AVAILABLE REPORT TO THE
3	UNITED STATES ATTORNEY GENERAL, THE SENATE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, INSURANCE
4	AND RETIREMENT COMMITTEE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS
5	AND RETIREMENT COMMITTEE, OR THEIR SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, AND THE CENTRAL
6	PROCUREMENT OFFICER OF THIS STATE THAT INCLUDES THE SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES
7	LIST WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE LIST IS FIRST CREATED.
8	B. ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 31 OF EACH YEAR, THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL SUBMIT
9	A PUBLICLY AVAILABLE REPORT TO THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY GENERAL, THE SENATE
10	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, INSURANCE AND RETIREMENT COMMITTEE AND THE HOUSE OF
11	REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS AND RETIREMENT COMMITTEE, OR THEIR
12	SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, AND THE CENTRAL PROCUREMENT OFFICER OF THIS STATE THAT
13	INCLUDES ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
14	1. A SUMMARY OF CORRESPONDENCE WITH COMPANIES ENGAGED BY THE PUBLIC
15	FUND PURSUANT TO SECTION 35-393, SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPHS 2 AND 3.
16	2. ALL INVESTMENTS SOLD, REDEEMED, DIVESTED OR WITHDRAWN IN COMPLIANCE
17	WITH SECTION 35-393, PARAGRAPH 5.
18	3. ALL PROHIBITED INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 35-393, SUBSECTION A,
19	PARAGRAPH 6.
20	4. ANY PROGRESS MADE UNDER SECTION 35-393, SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 8.
21 22	5. ALL INVESTMENT COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 35-393.
22	35-395. <u>Other legal obligations; immunity</u>
23 24	A. WITH RESPECT TO ACTIONS TAKEN IN COMPLIANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE,
25	INCLUDING ALL GOOD FAITH DETERMINATIONS REGARDING COMPANIES AS REQUIRED BY
26	THIS ARTICLE, A PUBLIC FUND, ITS BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND INDIVIDUAL BOARD
27	MEMBERS, AGENTS, ATTORNEYS, TRUSTEES, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, CUSTODIANS,
28	FIDUCIARIES, RESEARCH FIRMS AND INVESTMENT MANAGERS UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE
29	PUBLIC FUND ARE EXEMPT FROM ANY CONFLICTING STATUTORY OR COMMON LAW
30	OBLIGATIONS, INCLUDING ANY SUCH OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO CHOICE OF ASSET
31	MANAGERS, INVESTMENT FUNDS OR INVESTMENTS FOR THE PUBLIC FUND'S SECURITIES
32	PORTFOLIOS.
33	B. WITH RESPECT TO ALL ACTIONS TAKEN IN GOOD FAITH COMPLIANCE WITH
34	THIS ARTICLE, A PUBLIC FUND, ITS BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND INDIVIDUAL BOARD
35	MEMBERS, AGENTS, ATTORNEYS, TRUSTEES, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, CUSTODIANS,
36	FIDUCIARIES, RESEARCH FIRMS AND INVESTMENT MANAGERS UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE
37	PUBLIC FUND ARE IMMUNE FROM ANY LIABILITY.
38	C. A PUBLIC FUND, ITS BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND INDIVIDUAL BOARD MEMBERS,
39	AGENTS, ATTORNEYS, TRUSTEES, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, CUSTODIANS, FIDUCIARIES,
40	RESEARCH FIRMS AND INVESTMENT MANAGERS UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE PUBLIC FUND
41	ARE INDEMNIFIED FROM THE STATE GENERAL FUND AND HELD HARMLESS BY THIS STATE
42	FROM ALL CLAIMS, DEMANDS, SUITS, ACTIONS, DAMAGES, JUDGMENTS, COSTS, CHARGES
43	AND EXPENSES, INCLUDING COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES, AND AGAINST ALL LIABILITY,
44	LOSSES AND DAMAGES OF ANY NATURE THAT THE PUBLIC FUND, BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND
45	INDIVIDUAL BOARD MEMBERS, AGENTS, ATTORNEYS, TRUSTEES, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES,

CUSTODIANS, FIDUCIARIES, RESEARCH FIRMS AND INVESTMENT MANAGERS UNDER
 CONTRACT WITH THE PUBLIC FUND MAY AT ANY TIME SUSTAIN BY REASON OF ANY
 DECISION TO RESTRICT, REDUCE OR ELIMINATE INVESTMENTS MADE IN GOOD FAITH
 COMPLIANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE.

- 5 6
- 35-396. <u>Reinvestment in certain companies with scrutinized</u> <u>active business operations</u>

7 NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW, THE PUBLIC FUND MAY CEASE DIVESTING FROM CERTAIN SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES PURSUANT TO SECTION 35-393, SUBSECTION A. 8 9 PARAGRAPH 5 OR REINVEST IN CERTAIN SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES FROM WHICH IT DIVESTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 35-393, SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 5 IF A 10 11 PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE SHOWS THAT THE VALUE OF THE ASSETS OF THE AFFECTED ACCOUNT OF THE PUBLIC FUND BECOMES EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN NINETY-NINE 12 13 AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT OF THE HYPOTHETICAL VALUE OF THE ASSETS OF THE AFFECTED ACCOUNT OF THE PUBLIC FUND ASSUMING NO DIVESTMENT FOR ANY COMPANY 14 15 HAD OCCURRED UNDER SECTION 35-393, SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 5. FOR ANY CESSATION OF DIVESTMENT, REINVESTMENT OR SUBSEQUENT ONGOING INVESTMENT 16 17 AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION, THE PUBLIC FUND SHALL PROVIDE A WRITTEN REPORT TO THE SENATE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, INSURANCE AND RETIREMENT COMMITTEE AND THE 18 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS AND RETIREMENT COMMITTEE, OR 19 20 THEIR SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, IN ADVANCE OF INITIAL REINVESTMENT, UPDATED 21 ANNUALLY THEREAFTER AS APPLICABLE, SETTING FORTH THE REASONS AND 22 JUSTIFICATION, SUPPORTED BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE, FOR ITS 23 DECISIONS TO CEASE DIVESTMENT, REINVEST OR REMAIN INVESTED IN COMPANIES WITH 24 SCRUTINIZED ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS. THIS SECTION HAS NO APPLICATION TO 25 REINVESTMENT IN COMPANIES ON THE GROUND THAT THEY HAVE CEASED TO HAVE 26 SCRUTINIZED ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS.

27

35-397. Prohibition on government contracts

A. THIS STATE AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS OF THIS STATE SHALL ENSURE THAT EACH CONTRACT ENTERED INTO BY THIS STATE OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THIS STATE FOR THE PROCUREMENT OF GOODS OR SERVICES INCLUDES A CLAUSE THAT REQUIRES THE CONTRACTOR TO CERTIFY TO THE CONTRACTING OFFICER THAT THE CONTRACTOR DOES NOT HAVE SCRUTINIZED BUSINESS OPERATIONS IN SUDAN.

B. IF THIS STATE OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THIS STATE DETERMINES THAT THE CONTRACTOR HAS SUBMITTED A FALSE CERTIFICATION UNDER SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION MAY IMPOSE REMEDIES AS PROVIDED BY LAW. ON THE DETERMINATION OF A FALSE CERTIFICATION UNDER SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION, THIS STATE OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THIS STATE MAY TERMINATE A COVERED CONTRACT.

C. THIS STATE OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THIS STATE SHALL NOTIFY
THE CENTRAL PROCUREMENT OFFICER OF THIS STATE OF ANY CONTRACTOR THAT HAS
SUBMITTED A FALSE CERTIFICATION UNDER SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION.

D. BASED ON INFORMATION REPORTED IN SECTION 35-394, SUBSECTION A, THE
CENTRAL PROCUREMENT OFFICER OF THIS STATE SHALL COMPILE AND MAKE AVAILABLE,
ON AN ANNUAL BASIS, A LIST OF PARTIES EXCLUDED FROM ARIZONA PROCUREMENT.

E. BASED ON INFORMATION REPORTED IN SECTION 35-394, SUBSECTION A, THE CENTRAL PROCUREMENT OFFICER OF THIS STATE MAY SUSPEND A CONTRACTOR FROM ELIGIBILITY FOR STATE OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION CONTRACTS ON THE NOTIFICATION FROM THE STATE OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF A FALSE CERTIFICATION UNDER SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION. THE SUSPENSION PERIOD SHALL NOT EXCEED THREE YEARS.

F. THIS SECTION DOES NOT LIMIT THE USE OF OTHER REMEDIES AVAILABLE TO
THIS STATE OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THIS STATE OR ANY OTHER OFFICIAL OF
THIS STATE ON THE BASIS OF A FALSE CERTIFICATION UNDER SUBSECTION A OF THIS
SECTION.

11 G. THE GOVERNOR MAY WAIVE THE REQUIREMENT OF SUBSECTION A OF THIS 12 SECTION ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS IF THE GOVERNOR DETERMINES AND CERTIFIES IN 13 WRITING TO THE CENTRAL PROCUREMENT OFFICER OF THIS STATE THAT IT IS IN THE 14 STATE'S BEST INTEREST TO DO SO.

H. WITHIN ONE YEAR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION, THE
CENTRAL PROCUREMENT OFFICER OF THIS STATE SHALL PROVIDE A WRITTEN REPORT TO
THE SENATE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, INSURANCE AND RETIREMENT COMMITTEE AND THE
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS AND RETIREMENT COMMITTEE, OR
THEIR SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, AND THE GOVERNOR ON THE ACTIONS TAKEN UNDER THIS
SECTION.

21

Sec. 2. Delayed repeal; condition; notice

A. Title 35, chapter 2, article 7, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act, is repealed on the earliest date that any of the following occurs:

The United States Congress or the President of the United States
 declares that the Darfur genocide has been halted.

27 2. The United States revokes all sanctions imposed against the 28 government of Sudan.

3. The United States Congress or the President of the United States declares that the government of Sudan has honored its commitments to abide by the United Nations security council resolution 1769 (2007), cease attacks on civilians, demobilize and demilitarize the Janjaweed and associated militias, grant free and unfettered access for deliveries of humanitarian assistance and allow for the safe and voluntary return of refugees and internally displaced persons.

4. The United States Congress or the President of the United States,
 through legislation or executive order, declares that divestment of the type
 provided for in this act interferes with conduct of United States foreign
 policy.

40

5. July 1, 2013.

41 B. The director of the Arizona state retirement system shall notify in 42 writing the director of the Arizona Legislative Council of this date. 1 2 Sec. 3. Legislative findings and declarations

The legislature finds and declares that:

3 1. On July 23, 2004, the United States Congress declared that
4 "atrocities unfolding in Darfur, Sudan are genocide".

5 2. On September 9, 2004, Secretary of State Colin L. Powell told the 6 United States senate foreign relations committee that "genocide has occurred 7 and may still be occurring in Darfur" and "the government of Sudan and 8 Janjaweed bear responsibility".

9 3. On September 21, 2004, addressing the United Nations General 10 Assembly, President George W. Bush affirmed the Secretary of State's findings 11 and stated, "at this hour, the world is witnessing terrible suffering and 12 horrible crimes in the Darfur region of Sudan, crimes my government has 13 concluded are genocide".

4. On September 26, 2006, the United States house of representatives stated that "an estimated 300,000 to 400,000 people have been killed by the government of Sudan and its Janjaweed allies since the [Darfur] crisis began in 2003, more than 2,000,000 people have been displaced from their homes, and more than 250,000 people from Darfur remain in refugee camps in Chad".

19 5. The Darfur crisis represents the first time the United States 20 government has labeled ongoing atrocities a genocide, imposing sanctions 21 against the government of Sudan since 1997.

6. Since 1993, the United States Secretary of State has determined that the government of Sudan has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism thereby restricting United States assistance, defense exports and sales and financial and other transactions with the government of Sudan.

7. According to the former chairperson of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, "the fact that a foreign company is doing material business with a country, government, or entity on [the United States Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control's] sanctions list is, in the SEC staff's view, substantially likely to be significant to a reasonable investor's decision about whether to invest in a company".

8. A 2006 United States house of representatives report states that "a company's association with sponsors of terrorism and human rights abuses, no matter how large or small, can have a materially adverse result on a public company's operations, financial condition, earnings, and stock prices, all of which can negatively affect the value of an investment".

9. On December 31, 2007, President George W. Bush signed the Sudan accountability and divestment act of 2007, effectively authorizing state and local governments to divest from companies that support the Sudanese government at the expense of marginalized populations in Sudan.

10. The current Sudan divestment movement encompasses nearly one hundred universities, cities, states and private pension plans, with companies facing widespread divestment presenting further material risk to remaining investors. 1 11. It is the desire of the Legislature, with respect to investment 2 resources in its control and to the extent reasonable, with due consideration 3 for, among other things, return on investment, on behalf of itself and its 4 investment beneficiaries not to support businesses, governments or countries 5 that support the practice of genocide.

6 12. The divestment of public funds from certain companies is a measure 7 that should be employed sparingly and judiciously, and a congressional and 8 presidential declaration of genocide satisfies this high threshold.